

Public Notice is hereby given of a Regular Council Meeting for Public Hearings being held on:

Tuesday, September 2, 2014 - 7 p.m.

Council Chambers, 1st Floor Richmond City Hall 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

CALL TO ORDER

APPOINTMENT OF ACTING CORPORATE OFFICER

That Hanieh Berg be appointed as Acting Corporate Officer as provided under Section 148 of the Community Charter for the purposes of this meeting.

OPENING STATEMENT

Page

1. RICHMOND ZONING BYLAW 8500, AMENDMENT BYLAW 9146 (RZ 13-644887)

(File Ref. No. 12-8060-20-009146; RZ 13-644887) (REDMS No. 4227183 v.2)

PH-5

See Page PH-5 for full report

Location: 8600 and 8620 No. 2 Road

Applicant: Balandra Development Inc.

Purpose: To rezone the subject property from "Single Detached (RS1/E)" to "Low Density Townhouses (RTL4)", to permit development of nine (9) townhouse units.

First Reading: July 14, 2014

Order of Business:

1. Presentation from the applicant.

Page

PH-40

2. Acknowledgement of written submissions received by the City Clerk since first reading.

PH-39 (a) Walter Xinlong Song, 8628 No. 2 Road (Dated August 24, 2014)

(b) Walter Xinlong Song, 8628 No. 2 Road (Dated August 26, 2014)

3. Submissions from the floor.

Council Consideration:

1. Action on second and third readings of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9146.

2. RICHMOND OFFICIAL COMMUNITY PLAN BYLAW 9000, AMENDMENT BYLAW 9147

(File Ref. No. 12-8060-20-009147) (REDMS No. 4259204 v.5)

PH-41

See Page **PH-41** for full report

Location:	City-Wide
Applicant:	City of Richmond
Purpose:	To amend the Official Community Plan by including policies on requiring townhouses to meet specific energy efficiency measures (EnerGuide 82 and solar hot water-ready), or alternatively, to connect to a renewable energy system.
First Reading:	July 14, 2014

Order of Business:

- 1. Presentation from the applicant.
- 2. Acknowledgement of written submissions received by the City Clerk since first reading.
- 3. Submissions from the floor.

Council Consideration:

- 1. Action on second and third readings of Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000, Amendment Bylaw 9147.
- 2. Adoption of Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000, Amendment Bylaw 9147.

Page

3. RICHMOND ZONING BYLAW 8500, AMENDMENT BYLAW 9159 (RZ 13-649641)

(File Ref. No. 12-8060-20-009159; RZ 13-649641) (REDMS No. 4126857 v.7)

PH-50

See Page **PH-50** for full report

Location: Applicant:	9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road Polygon Development 296 Ltd.
Purpose:	To create a new Site Specific Zone - "Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" for the intent of accommodating town house developments with a density bonus for a monetary contribution to the City's capital Affordable Housing Reserve Fund, and;
	To rezone the subject property from "Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1)" and "Single Detached (RS1/F)" to "Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)", to permit development of approximately 64 three-storey townhomes.

First Reading: July 28, 2014

Order of Business:

- 1. Presentation from the applicant.
- 2. Acknowledgement of written submissions received by the City Clerk since first reading.
- 3. Submissions from the floor.

Council Consideration:

1. Action on second and third readings of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9159.

4. RICHMOND OFFICIAL COMMUNITY PLAN BYLAW 7100, AMENDMENT BYLAW 9164 AND RICHMOND ZONING BYLAW 8500, AMENDMENT BYLAW 9163 (RZ 14-656219)

(File Ref. No. 12-8060-20-009163/009164; RZ 14-656219) (REDMS No. 4287209 v.2)

PH-198

See Page PH-198 for full report

Location: 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road

Applicant: S-8135 Holdings Ltd.

Page

Purpose of Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 7100, Amendment Bylaw 9164:

To amend the West Cambie Area Plan, Schedule 2.11A, to accommodate townhouses with live/work dwelling units on the subject site, by:

- i) amending the land use designation on the Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map from "Mixed Use" to "Residential Mixed Use" for the subject properties; and
- ii) incorporating related text and map changes to Section 8.2 of Schedule 2.11A.

Purpose of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9163:

To create the "Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" zone; and to rezone the subject property from "Single-Detached (RS1/F)" to "Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)", to permit development of 49 town house units with 9 live/work dwellings.

First Reading: July 28, 2014

Order of Business:

- 1. Presentation from the applicant.
- 2. Acknowledgement of written submissions received by the City Clerk since first reading.
- 3. Submissions from the floor.

Council Consideration:

- 1. Action on second and third readings of Official Community Plan Bylaw 7100, Amendment Bylaw 9164.
- 2. Action on second and third readings of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9163.

ADJOURNMENT



To:Planning CommitteeFrom:Wayne Craig
Director of Development

 Date:
 June 27, 2014

 File:
 RZ 13-644887

Re: Application by Balandra Development Inc. for Rezoning at 8600 and 8620 No. 2 Road from Single Detached (RS1/E) to Low Density Townhouses (RTL4)

Staff Recommendation

That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9146, for the rezoning of 8600 and 8620 No. 2 Road from "Single Detached (RS1/E)" to "Low Density Townhouses (RTL4)", be introduced and given first reading.

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ROUTED TO:	CONCURRENCE	CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER
Affordable Housing	E	he Ever

Staff Report

Origin

Balandra Development Inc. has applied to the City of Richmond for permission to rezone 8600 and 8620 No. 2 Road (Attachment 1) from "Single Detached (RS1/E)" zone to "Low Density Townhouses (RTL4)" zone in order to permit the development of nine (9) townhouse units.

Project Description

The two (2) properties, with a total combined frontage of 43.29 m, are proposed to be consolidated into one (1) development parcel containing a total of nine (9) townhouse units. The proposed density is 0.6 FAR. The layout of the townhouse units is oriented around one driveway providing access to the site from No. 2 Road and a north-south drive aisle providing access to the unit garages. The amenity area is situated in a central open courtyard at the rear of the site. A total of four (4) brownstone-style buildings are proposed: a triplex and a duplex with two (2) levels of habitable space plus inhabitable dormers in the roof structures, fronting No. 2 Road; and two (2) $2\frac{1}{2}$ -storey duplexes along the rear yard interface with single-family housing to the east. While the proposed rear yard setback complies with the Townhouse Development Requirements under the Arterial Road Policy and exceeds the RTL4 zoning bylaw requirements, a front yard setback variance is being requested. A preliminary site plan, building elevations, and landscape plan are contained in Attachment 2.

Findings of Fact

A Development Application Data Sheet providing details about the development proposal is attached (Attachment 3).

Surrounding Development

To the North:	Single-family homes on large lots zoned "Single Detached (RS1/E)" and under Land Use Contract (LUC141); and then two (2) newer homes on compact lots with lane access, zoned "Compact Single Detached (RC1)", at the corner of Danube Road and No. 2 Road.
To the South:	Single-family homes on large lots zoned "Single Detached (RS1/E)"; and then a 10 unit two-storey townhouse development on a lot zoned "Low Density Townhouses (RTL1)" at the corner of Francis Road and No. 2 Road.
To the East:	Single-family homes on smaller lots under Land Use Contract (LUC141), fronting Delaware Road.
To the West:	Across No. 2 Road, a mix of single-family homes on larger and smaller lots zoned "Single Detached (RS1/E)" and a duplex on a lot zoned "Two-Unit Dwellings (RD2)" with accesses to No. 2 Road as well as newly developed dwellings with lane accesses on lots zoned "Coach Houses (RCH)".

Related Policies & Studies

Arterial Road Policy

The Arterial Road Policy in the 2041 OCP, Bylaw 9000, directs appropriate townhouse development onto certain arterial roads outside the City Centre. The subject site is identified for "Arterial Road Town House Development" on the Arterial Road Development Map and meets most of the Townhouse Development Requirements under the Arterial Road Policy. However, the subject site has a lot frontage of 43.29 m which does not meet the minimum frontage requirement of 50 m for townhouse development on major arterial road such as No. 2 Road.

The applicant has been advised of the Townhouse Development Requirements and has been requested to acquire adjacent properties along No. 2 Road to create a larger land assembly that meets the guidelines related to minimum frontage. The applicant advised staff in writing that they have made attempts to acquire adjacent properties but the neighbouring property owners are not interested in selling their properties. This issue will be further discussed under the "Analysis" section below.

Floodplain Management Implementation Strategy

The applicant is required to comply with the requirement of Richmond Flood Plain Designation and Protection Bylaw 8204. In accordance with the Flood Management Strategy, a Flood Indemnity Restrictive Covenant specifying the minimum flood construction level of 2.9 m GSC, or at least 0.3 m above the highest elevation of the crown of any road that is adjacent to the parcel is required prior to rezoning bylaw adoption.

Affordable Housing Strategy

The applicant proposes to make a cash contribution to the affordable housing reserve fund in accordance to the City's Affordable Housing Strategy. As the proposal is for townhouses, the applicant will make a cash contribution of \$2.00 per buildable square foot as per the Strategy; for a contribution of \$25,608.60.

Public Art

The applicant has agreed to provide a voluntary contribution in the amount of \$0.77 per square foot of developable area for the development to the City's Public Art fund. The amount of the contribution would be \$9,859.31.

Public Input

The applicant has forwarded confirmation that a development sign has been posted on the site. Due to the mid-block location and the non-conforming site frontage, the applicant has met with adjacent property owners to seek input on the project. The applicant approached owners of 12 properties located adjacent to and across the street (No. 2 Road) from the development site. They have successfully met with the owners of two (2) of the properties and presented them with the proposed architectural renderings. Owners at 8611 Delaware Road received the information but did not provide any comments. Owners of 8651 Delaware Road voiced their concerns to the proposal and have subsequently submitted a letter to the City (Attachment 4) opposing the proposed rezoning application. No respond was received from the owners of the other 10 properties.

A list of concerns raised by the neighbouring residents is provided below, along with developer's responses in *italics*:

1. Loss of privacy and sunlight.

The second floor of the rear units will be set back 6.0 m from the rear (east) property line; which is similar to the setback required from single-family homes. No window facing the rear yard will be proposed on the top floor of the rear units.

A shadow study (Attachment 5) demonstrates that the proposed buildings will not cast any shadow over on the neighbouring back yards to the east.

2. Non compliance with zoning requirements.

This is referring to the proposed front yard setback variance from 6.0 m to 5.4 m. The Arterial Road Guidelines for Townhouses in the OCP support reduced front yard setback where a larger rear yard setback is deemed necessary, provided that there is an appropriate interface with neighbouring properties. The proposed rear yard setbacks at 4.5 m to ground floor and 6.0 m to the second floor exceed the zoning requirement of 3.0 m under the "Low Density Townhouses (RTL4)" zone.

3. The project is far too big for the lots.

The project density at 0.60 FAR is on the low end of the expected density range for townhouse developments under the Arterial Road Policy in the OCP.

4. Prefer to see duplex units at same height as the surrounding houses.

Duplex units are proposed along the rear yard interface with single-family housing. The maximum building height of single family dwelling is 9.0 m. The proposed building height of the duplex unit along the rear property line is 10.65 m. Staff will work with the developer to develop options in order to bring the overall building height down, during the Development Permit process.

5. Prefer to see a cedar hedge along the common property line.

The developer has agreed to provide a minimum 2.75 m (9 ft.) tall hedge to address overlook concerns and provide screening.

Staff Comments

Tree Retention and Replacement

A Tree Survey and a Certified Arborist's Report were submitted in support of the application. The City's Tree Preservation Coordinator has reviewed the Arborist Report and has provided the following comments:

• 15 trees are identified on-site and all of these trees are low value fruit trees (i.e., Fig, Apple, Pear and Plum trees). Nine (9) of these trees are suitable for retention but are in conflict with the building envelope; five (5) of these trees are unsuitable for retention due to structural defects.

• One multi-branching fig tree was recommended for retention in the Arborist report; however, a site assessment noted there will be a required 1m (minimum) raising of existing grades around the tree to meet the Flood Protection bylaw requirements. Due to the low value nature of this tree and impact of raising the site grade, it is recommended that this tree be removed and replaced at 2:1 ratio.

A Tree Management Plan can be found in Attachment 6.

Tree Replacement

Based on the 2:1 tree replacement ratio goal stated in the Official Community Plan (OCP), 32 replacement trees are required for the removal of 16 trees. According to the Preliminary Landscape Plan (Attachment 2), the developer is proposing to plant 23 new trees on-site; size and species of replacement trees and overall landscape design will be reviewed in detail at the Development Permit stage. The applicant has agreed to provide a voluntary contribution of \$4,500 to the City's Tree Compensation Fund in lieu of planting the remaining nine (9) replacement trees should they not be accommodated on the site.

Tree Protection

Two (2) cedar hedge rows located along the east and south property line are identified for retention. Tree protection fencing is required to be installed as per the Arborist Report recommendations prior to any construction activities (including demolition) occurring on-site. In addition, proof that the owner has entered into a contract with a Certified Arborist to monitor all works to be done near or within the tree protection zone will be required prior to final adoption of the rezoning bylaw.

In order to ensure that the hedge rows along the east and south property line will not be damaged during construction, a Tree Survival Security will be required as part of the Landscape Letter of Credit at Development Permit stage to ensure that these hedges will be protected. No Landscape Letter of Credit will be returned until the post-construction assessment report, prepared by the Arborist, confirming the protected hedge rows survived the construction, is reviewed by staff.

Should the applicant wish to begin site preparation work after third reading of the rezoning bylaw, but prior to final adoption of the rezoning bylaw and issuance of the Development Permit, the applicant will be required to obtain a Tree Permit, install tree protection around trees/hedge rows to be retained, and submit a landscape security in the amount of \$16,000 to ensure the replacement planting will be provided.

Site Servicing and Frontage Improvements

No capacity analysis and service upgrades are required. Prior to final rezoning bylaw adoption, the developer is required to:

- Consolidate the two (2) lots into one (1) development parcel;
- Replace the existing Sanitary SRW along the east property line (due to sub-standard dimensions and configurations) with a new 3.0 m wide SRW along the entire east property line of the development site; and

• Grant a 0.17 m Public Rights-of-Passage (PROP) Statutory Right-of-Way (SRW) along the entire frontage on No. 2 Road for frontage improvement works (i.e., a 1.5 m sidewalk and 1.5 m boulevard).

Prior to issuance of a Building Permit, the developer is required to:

- Enter into the City's standard Servicing Agreement for the design and construction of frontage improvements and service connections (see Attachment 7 for details); and
- Pay DCC's (City & GVS&DD), School Site Acquisition Charge, Address Assignment Fee, and servicing costs.

Vehicle Access

One (1) driveway from No. 2 Road is proposed. The long-term objective is for the driveway access established on No. 2 Road to be utilized by adjacent properties to the north and south if they apply to redevelop. A Public Right-of-Passage (PROP) Statutory Right-of-Way (SRW) over the entire area of the proposed driveway and the internal manoeuvring aisle will be secured as a condition of rezoning.

Indoor Amenity Space

The applicant is proposing a contribution in-lieu of on-site indoor amenity space in the amount of \$9,000 as per the Official Community Plan (OCP) and Council Policy.

Outdoor Amenity Space

Outdoor amenity space will be provided on-site. Based on the preliminary design, the size of the proposed outdoor amenity space complies with the Official Community Plan (OCP) requirements of 6 m² per unit. Staff will work with the applicant at the Development Permit stage to ensure the configuration and design of the outdoor amenity space meets the Development Permit Guidelines in the OCP.

Sustainability Features

The applicant has committed to achieving an EnerGuide rating of 82 and providing pre-ducting for solar hot water for the proposed development. City staff in the Sustainability Division has identified that the commitment to achieve an EnerGuide rating of 82 for the proposed development yields the following approximate per unit estimates of annual energy and greenhouse gas (GHG) savings (based on median amounts and averaged electric and natural gas units):

- Annual energy savings: 8.6 GJ (2,400 kWh) or 15% of annual energy costs; and
- Annual GHG savings: 0.20 tonnes of CO2 emissions.

The details of construction requirements needed to achieve the rating will be resolved as part of the Development Permit Application review process.

Analysis

Official Community Plan (OCP) Compliance

The proposed development is generally consistent with the Neighbourhood Residential land use designation in the 2041 OCP and satisfies the OCP location criteria and development requirements for arterial road townhouse developments. The frontage of the development site is 43.29 m, which does not comply with the minimum frontage requirement of 50.0 m on a major arterial road. In support to the application, the applicant has developed a concept plan showing how the rest of the block could be redeveloped (on file).

Staff support the proposed development based on the following:

- The subject site is specifically identified for townhouse development in the Official Community Plan (OCP).
- The subject proposal is not the first townhouse development on the block as townhouses already exist at the corner of No. 2 Road and Francis Road.
- The adjacent property owners are not interested in redeveloping their properties at this time.
- The subject proposal will not restrict future development of lands to the north or south of the subject site.
- A Public Rights of Passage (PROP) Statutory Right of Way (SRW) on the subject site will be secured to provide vehicle access to future developments to the north and south along No. 2 Road.
- The project density at 0.60 FAR is within the density range for townhouse developments under the Arterial Road Policy in the OCP.
- The streetscape and rhythm created by the proposal (i.e., duplex and triplex along No. 2 Road) respect existing developments along both sides of No. 2 Road.

Requested Variances

The proposed development is generally in compliance with the Low Density Townhouses (RTL4) zone. Based on the review of the current site plan for the project, the following variances are being requested:

- 1. Reduce the minimum lot width on major arterial road from 50.0 m to 43.29 m. *Staff support the proposed variances based on the discussion above in the OCP Compliance section.*
- 2. Reduce the front yard setback from 6.0 m to 5.4 m.

The Arterial Road Guidelines for Townhouses in the OCP support reduced front yard setback where a larger rear yard setback is deemed necessary, provided that there is an appropriate interface with neighbouring properties. The proposed rear yard setbacks at 4.5 m to ground floor and 6.0 m to the second floor exceed the zoning requirement of 3.0 m under the "Low Density Townhouses (RTL4)" zone. This variance will be reviewed in the context of the required PROP SRW along the No. 2 Road frontage, at the Development Permit stage.

3. Replace seven (7) standard residential parking stalls with small car stalls, one (1) in each of the side-by-side double car garages.

Current Zoning Bylaw only allows small car parking stalls when more than 31 parking stalls are proposed on site. Transportation staff support the proposed variances to allow one (1) small car stall in each of the side-by-side double car garages.

The variances above will be reviewed in the context of the overall detailed design of the project, including architectural form, site design and landscaping at the Development Permit stage.

Design Review and Future Development Permit Considerations

A Development Permit will be required to ensure that the proposed development is sensitively integrated with adjacent developments. The rezoning conditions will not be considered satisfied until a Development Permit application is processed to a satisfactory level. In association with the Development Permit, the following issues are to be further examined in relation to the site:

- Compliance with Development Permit Guidelines for multiple-family projects contained in Section 14 of the 2041 Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000.
- Building form and architectural character:
 - Refine the proposed brownstone style row house character; while staff appreciate new design languages being introduced to Richmond, how the proposed design complements the existing surrounding developments and how the design complies with the Development Permit Design Guidelines in the OCP should be clearly identified.
 - While the proposed street fronting buildings are 2-storey plus dormers with no habitable space, in the roof structures, the buildings appear to be 3-storeys in height. Massing and articulation should be further developed to reduce the apparent building height at the edges of the site adjacent to existing single-family developments.
 - Revisit the design and apparent height of the duplex buildings along the rear property line. The massing of these duplex buildings should complement the adjacent small single family homes. While the proposed 3rd floor is contained within the main roof slope, the proposed building height is taller than the typical height of similar buildings in other arterial road townhouse developments; impact created by the extra half storey will be further examined.
- Installation of suitable hedging material along the east property line in order to provide a minimum 2.75 m (9 ft.) tall vertical screening to address overlook concerns.
- Site grading requirements to ensure the survival of protected trees.
- Landscaping design and enhancement of the outdoor amenity area.
- Opportunities to maximize permeable surface areas and better articulate hard surface treatment.

Additional issues may be identified as part of the Development Permit application review process.

Financial Impact or Economic Impact

None.

Conclusion

The proposed nine (9) unit townhouse development is consistent with the Official Community Plan (OCP) regarding developments within the Arterial Road Policy area. Further review of the project design is required to ensure a high quality project and design consistency with the existing neighbourhood context, and this will be completed as part of the Development Permit application review process. The list of rezoning considerations is included as Attachment 7, which has been agreed to by the applicants (signed concurrence on file). On this basis, staff recommend support of the application.

It is recommended that Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9146 be introduced and given first reading.

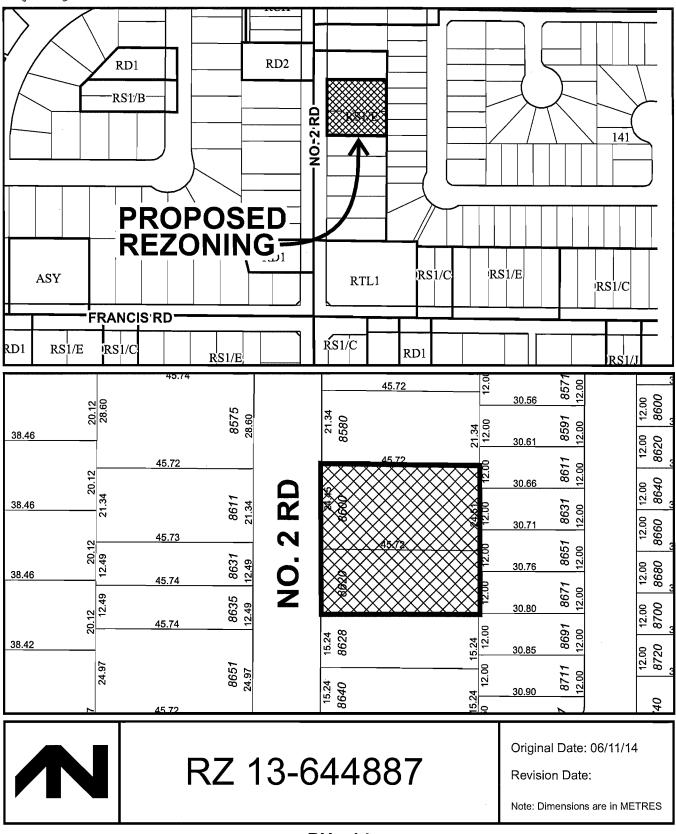
Edwin Lee Planning Technician-Design

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Attachment 1: Location Map Attachment 2: Conceptual Development Plans Attachment 3: Development Application Data Sheet Attachment 4: Letter Received Attachment 5: Shadow Study Attachment 6: Tree Management Plan Attachment 7: Rezoning Considerations

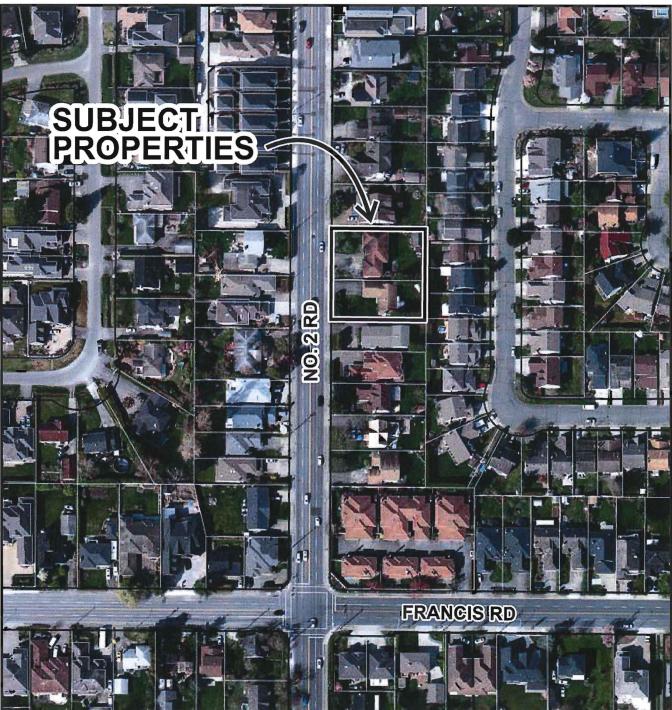


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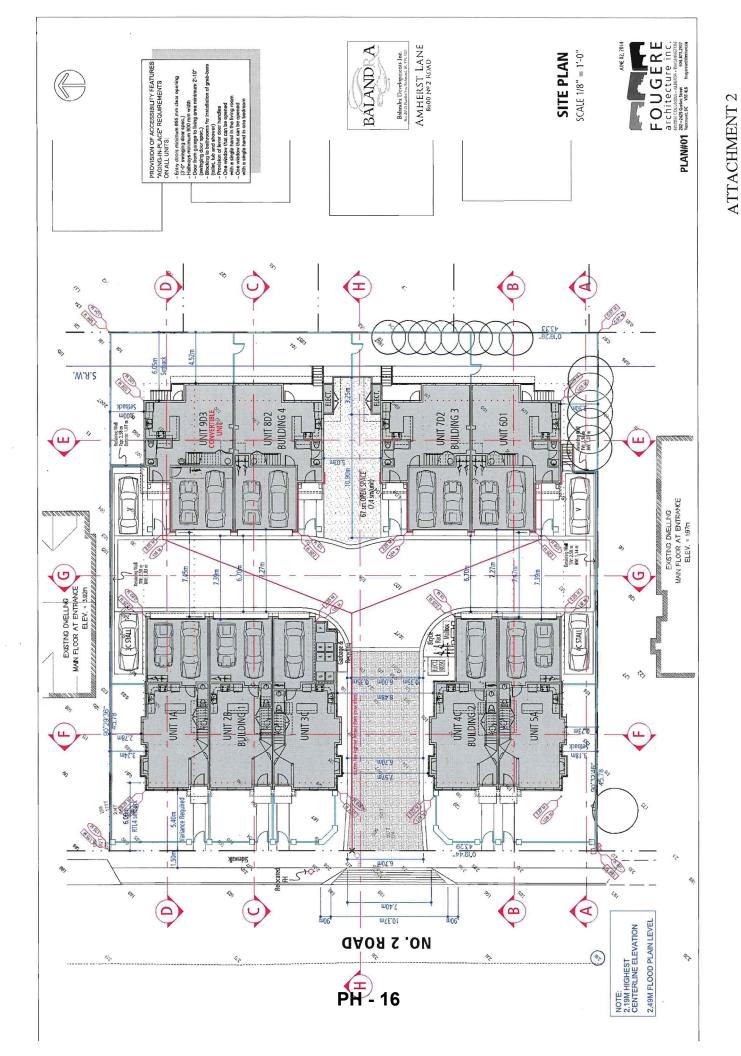


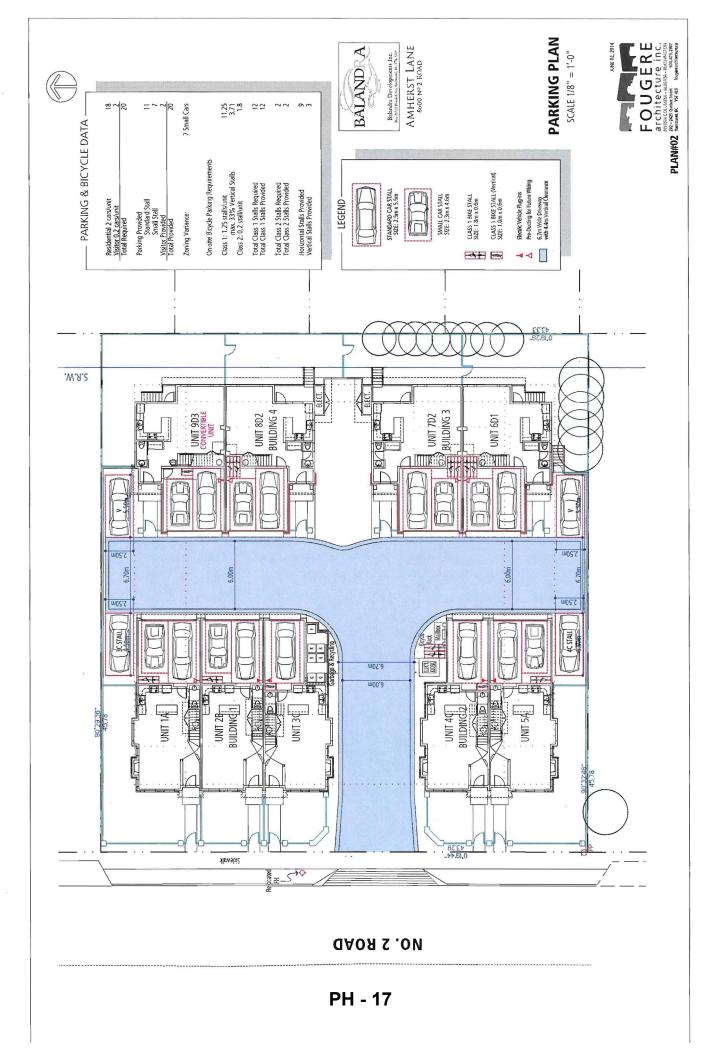
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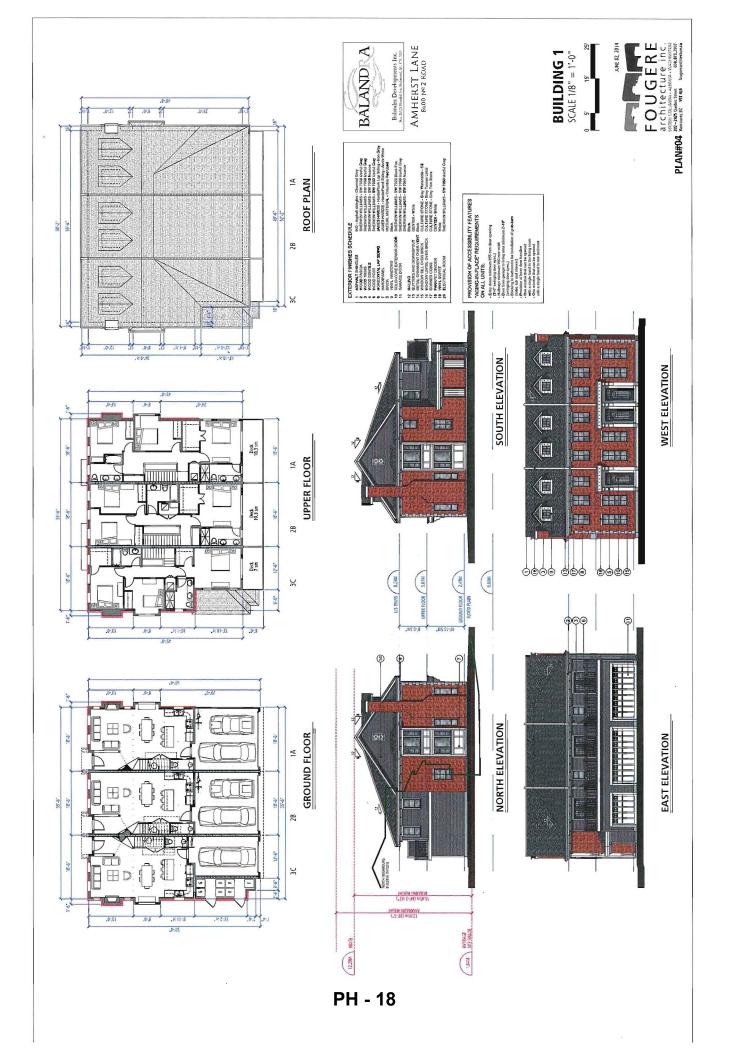
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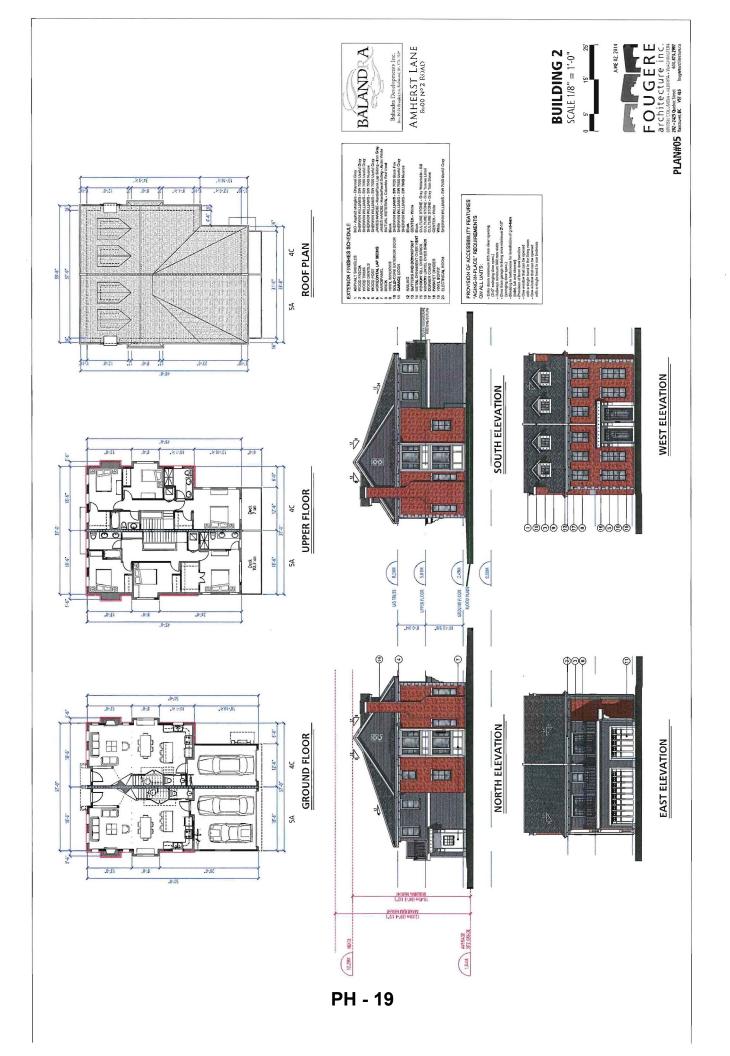
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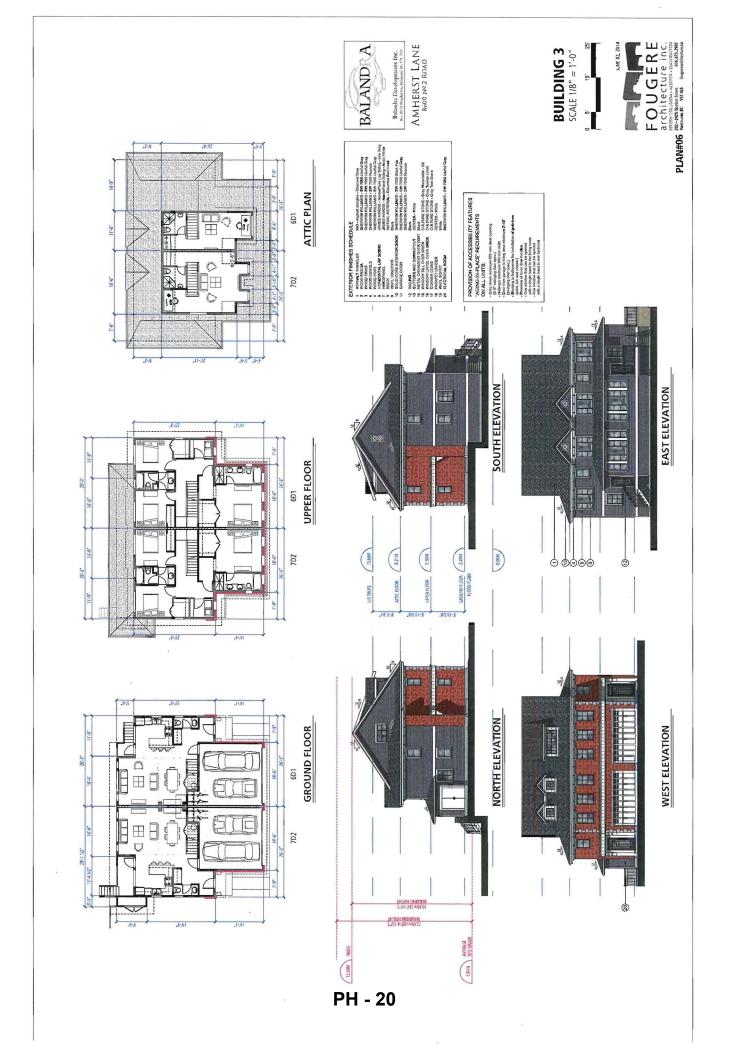
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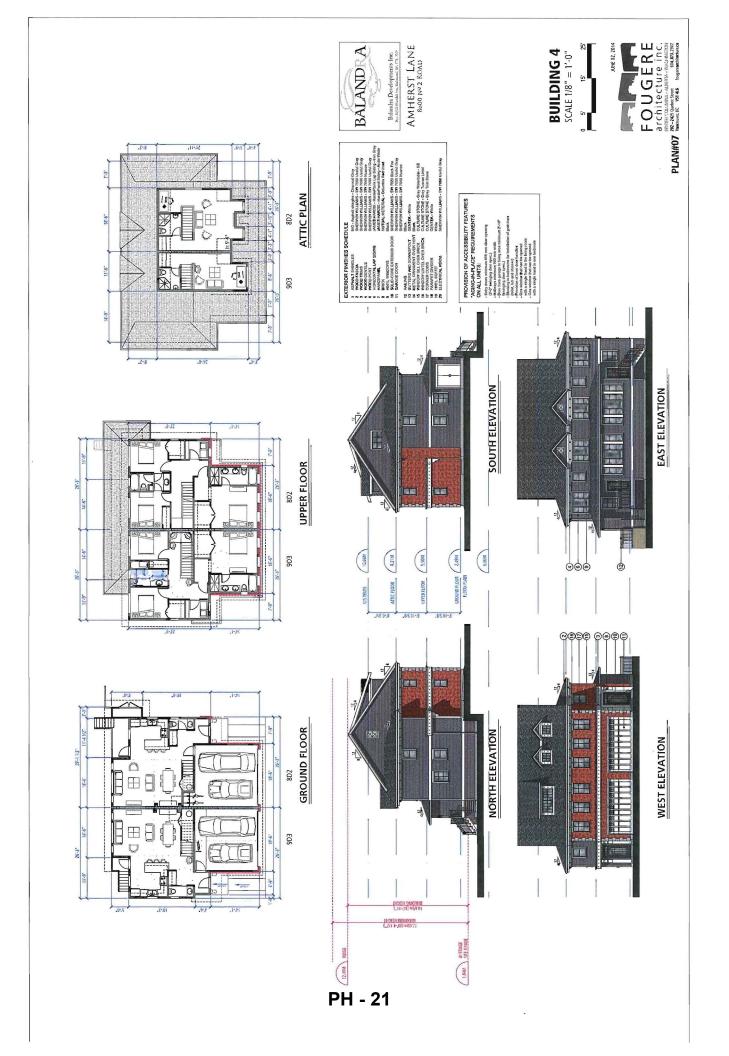


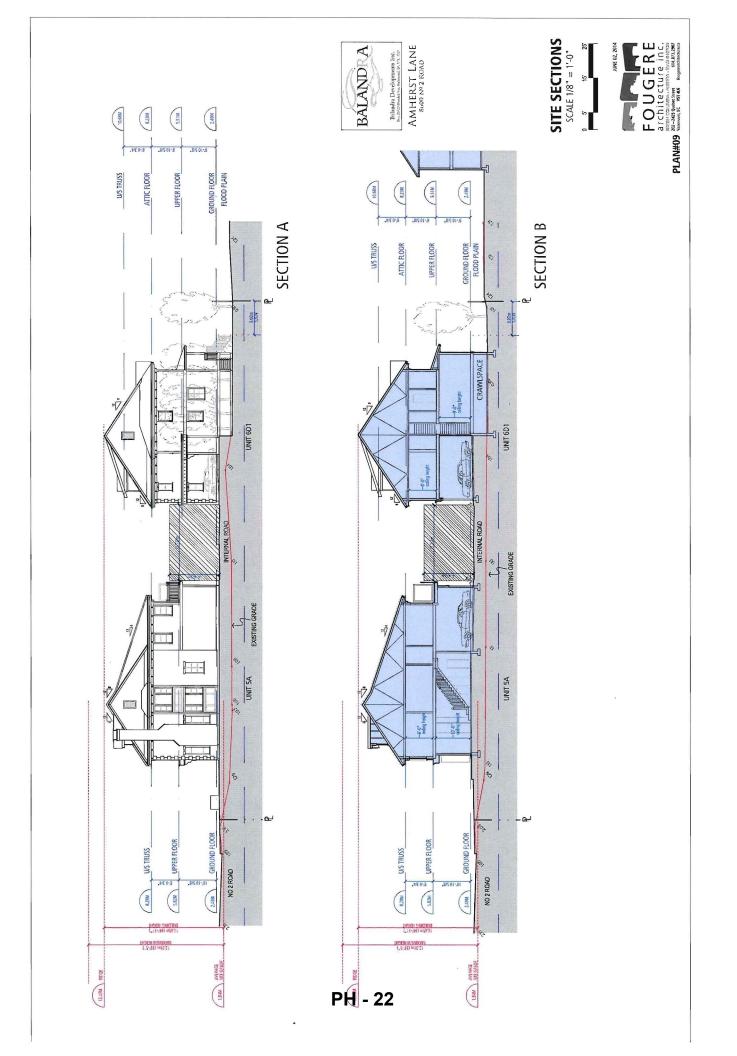




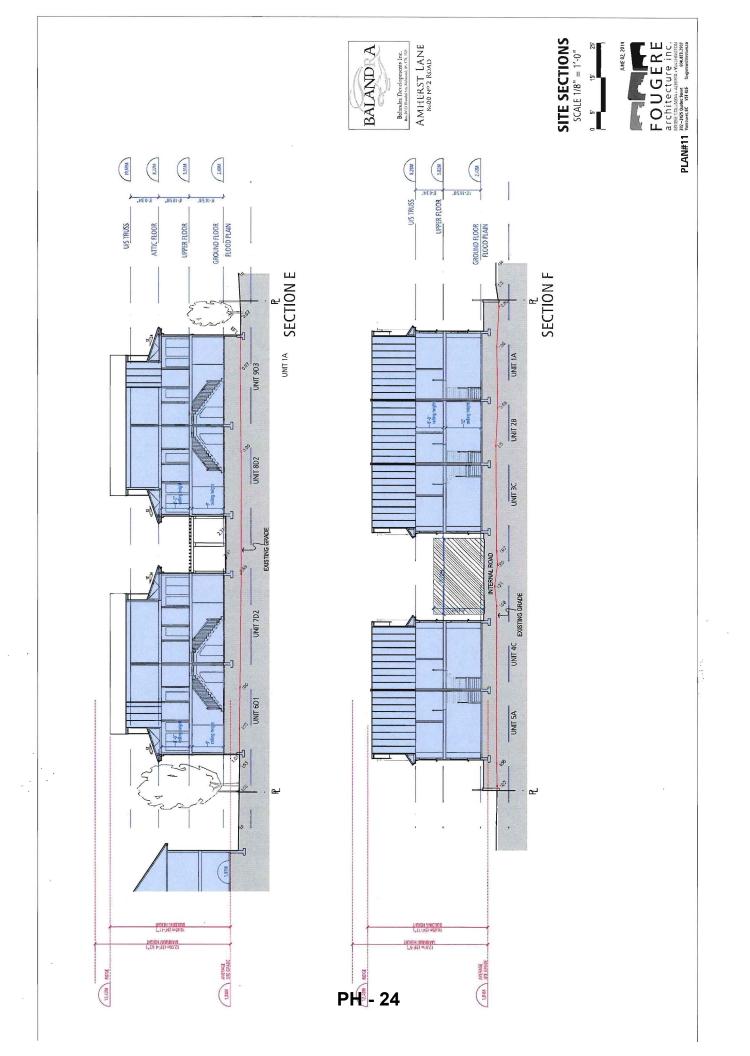


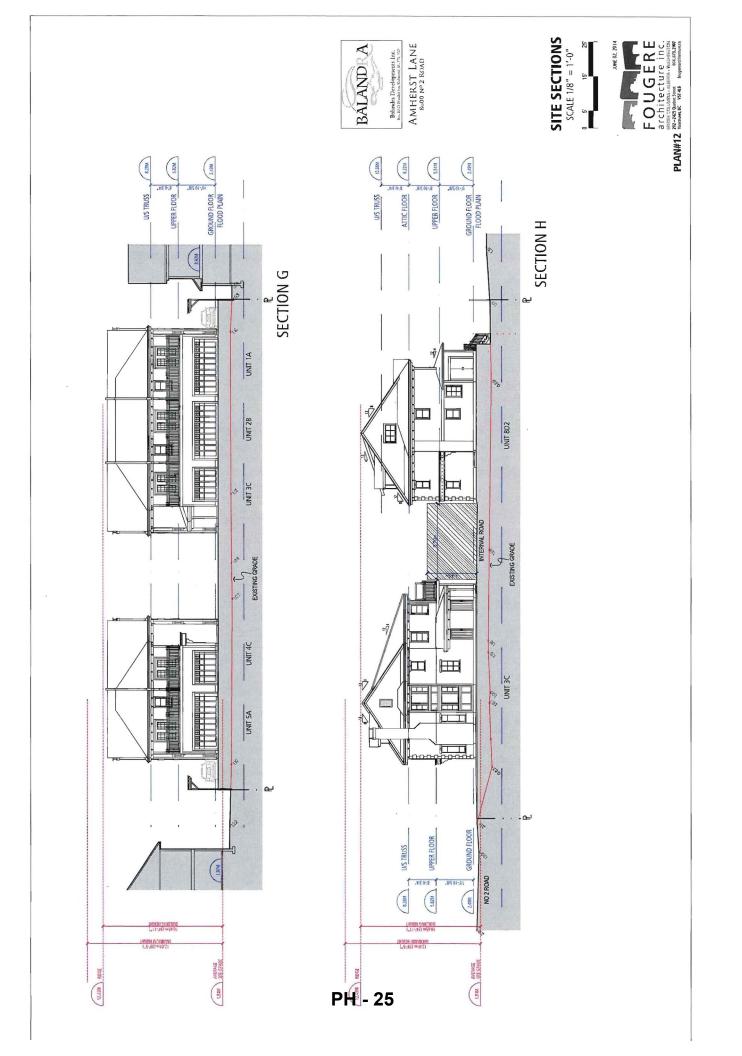




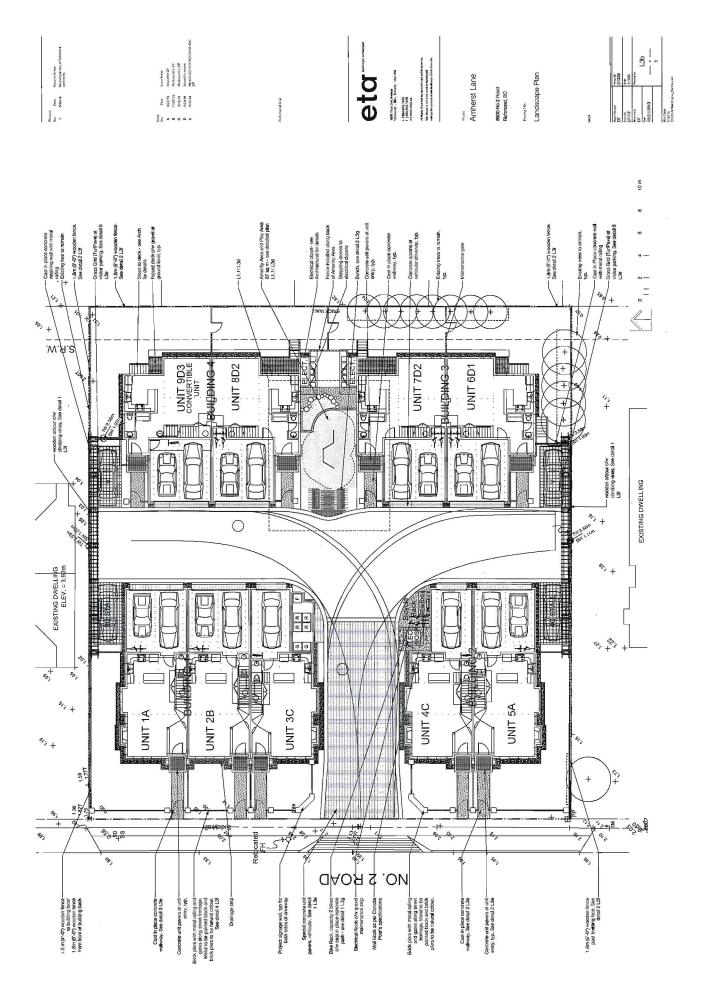




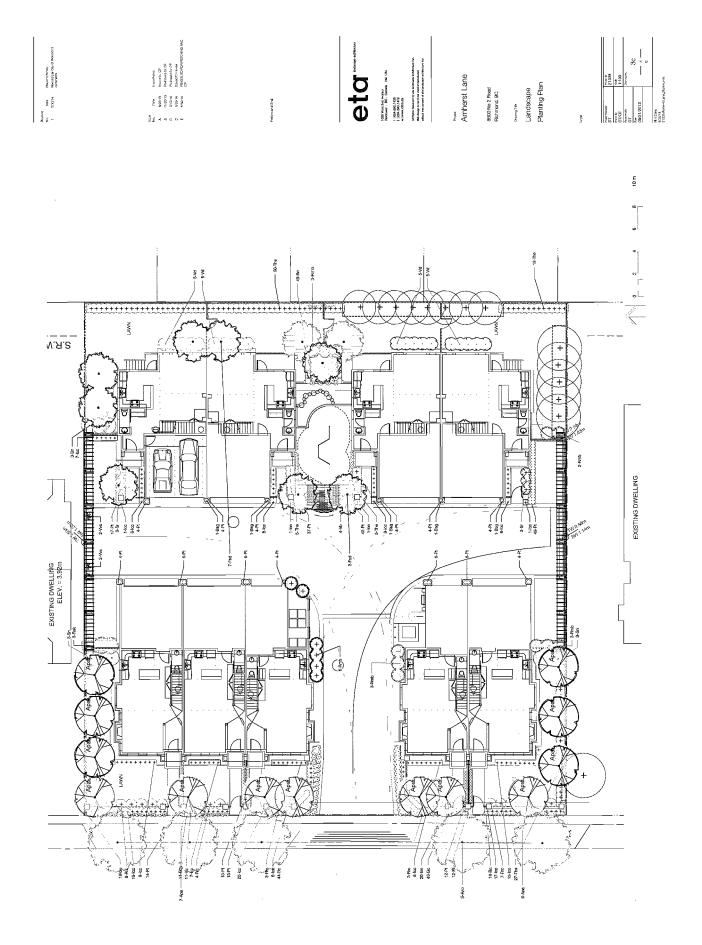




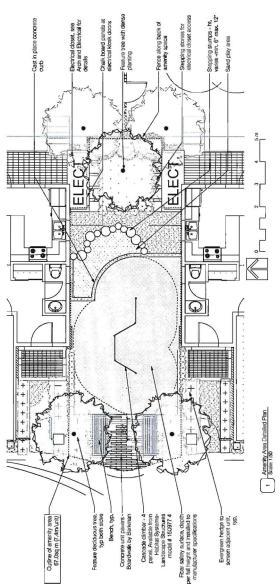




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SHRJB9 Bc	8	Beroanig condicta Bressingham White	Heartest Bergenig	0.4	0,406 #1 cont.	fully bushy plants' heavy
00	174	Blox create compacts	Jacanese Holly porwood	0	0.41 #5 cont.	TURN AUGUN AREHIS
	259	Pachysandra terminalia	Japanese spurge	9	0.25	hull/ bushy plants
Age and	05	Phododendron "Anali Kruschko" Diroctorianteen "mission halls"	Phododendron (pink)		1057 #7 cont.	fully Dustry plants
Bro	8	Posa Roval City	Roval City Rose		0.91 #2 cont.	full, bushy plants
	с т <i>и</i>	Sambucus nigra Saccocca nuscifolia	European Elder Frenzent Sarcococca	9.5	0.76/#5 cont. 0.762/#3 cont.	Mult' bushy plants
Ē	8	Taxus x media "HJM. Eddie"	Eddie vew	10	0,457 1,6m' B&B	fully bushy plents
	4 X	Viburnum burkwoodil Viburnum davidil	Korean Spice Bush	ãc	.057 1m high B&B	fully bushy plants
E.	40	Vals vinitera atropurpurea	Burble Leaf Grape	60	0.914 #2 cont/ staked	fully bushy plants
LAWN						
EALLA	NDSCAP	INSPURSATI SANCISCIANT (SENCIOLES, 2. ISVETING: CE INSPECTOR STRATING'S SANCISCINET CE OT MACHINO OT SANCISCINET LE STOR	MACS CURRENT ED. FOR LEVEL 2	2 'GROOMED' L	ANDSCAPE TREATMENT	
HE EVENT	CEADIS	N THE EVENT OF A DISORPENCY BETWEEN THE PLANT UST AND THE FLANTING PLAN. THE PLANTING PLAN TAKES PRECEDENCE.	D THE PLANTING PLAN, THE PLAN	MING PLAN TA	ES PRECEDENCE.	

SITE FURNISHINGS						
DESCRIPTION	SIZE	MODEL	MANUFACTI FIER	нкиниент	COLOUR	È
H M M	4"-0"	1988	Victor Stanley		Black	+
BIKE RACK		DIVID	LANDSCAPE FORMS		BLACK	Н
MATERIALS						+
DESCRIPTION	SIZE	MODEL	MANUFACTURER	HIGHLIGHT	COLOUR	μ
						-
VEHICULAR PAVERS	80mm depth	Standard	ABBOTSFORD CONCRETE			_
PERMEABLE PAVERS	80mm depth	Standard	AQUAPAVE			
PEDESTRIAN C.U.P.	60mm depth	BOARDWALK	BARKMAN HARDSCAPES		Copper Canyon	
PEDESTRIAN PAVERS AT AMENITY AREA		BOARDWALK	BARKMAN HARDSCAPES		Copper Canyon	
WOODEN DECK - RESIDENTIAL						_
ENGINEERED WOOD PROTECTIVE SURFACE			SOFFALL OR APPROVED EQUAL			_
						-
BIT IN WOODEN FENCE						
AT IN METAN FENCE						+

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Rear Neel Renation Copie Copie commants

Alexandre NN Dave 1 Scott

Arrenity Area Detailed Plan Plant List abd Materials Schedule eta Amherst Lane 21208 21208 As noted A Profit Report by an industry and and be propin a real type and a spectrum which the stream of an and any optimal VERO West 2nd Averua Vancover , 80 , Canada VSJ 1144 B600 No 2 Road Richmond, BC 0241.084.000 | 1 0241.084.000 | 1 0241.084.000 | 1 play

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Development Application Data Sheet

Development Applications Division

RZ 13-644887

Address: 8600 and 8620 No. 2 Road

Applicant: Balandra Development Inc.

Planning Area(s): Blundell

	Existing	Proposed
Owner:	Balandra Development Inc.	To be determined
Site Size (m ²):	1,980.0 m ²	No Change
Land Uses:	Single-Family Residential	Multiple-Family Residential
OCP Designation:	Neighbourhood Residential	No Change
Area Plan Designation:	N/A	No Change
702 Policy Designation:	N/A	No Change
Zoning:	Single Detached (RS1/E)	Low Density Townhouses (RTL4)
Number of Units:	2	9
Other Designations:	Arterial Road Policy – Townhouse Development	No Change

On Future Subdivided Lots	Bylaw Requirement	Proposed	Variance
Floor Area Ratio:	Max. 0.60	0.60 Max.	none permitted
Lot Coverage – Building:	Max. 40%	40% Max.	none
Lot Coverage – Non-porous Surfaces:	Max. 65%	65% Max.	none
Lot Coverage – Landscaping:	Min. 25%	25% Min.	none
Setback – Front Yard (m):	Min. 6.0 m	5.4 m	Variance Requested
Setback – North Side Yard (m):	Min. 3.0 m	3.0 m Min.	none
Setback – South Side Yard (m):	Min. 3.0 m	3.0 m Min.	none
Setback – Rear Yard (m):	Min. 3.0 m	Ground Floor 4.5 m Min. Second Floor 6.0 m Min.	none
Height (m):	Max. 12.0 m (3 storeys)	12.0 m (3 storeys) Max.	none
Lot Width:	Min. 50.0 m	43.29 m	Variance Requested
Off-street Parking Spaces – Regular (R) / Visitor (V):	2 (R) and 0.2 (V) per unit	2 (R) and 0.2 (V) per unit	none
Off-street Parking Spaces – Total:	20	20	none

Attachment 3

-

On Future Subdivided Lots	Bylaw Requirement	Proposed	Variance
Tandem Parking Spaces:	Max. 50% of proposed residential spaces in enclosed garages (16 x Max. 50% = 8)	0	none
Small Car Parking Spaces	None when fewer than 31 spaces are provided on site	7	Variance Requested
Handicap Parking Spaces:	None when fewer than 3 visitor parking spaces are required	0	none
Amenity Space – Indoor:	Min. 70 m² or Cash-in-lieu	Cash-in-lieu	none
Amenity Space – Outdoor:	Min. 6 m² x 9 units = 54 m²	67 m²	none

Other: ______Tree replacement compensation required for removal of bylaw-sized trees.

Lee, Edwin

To: Subject: DevApps RE: RZ 13-311554 Ballandra Development Inc.

From: <u>baaske@shaw.ca</u> [mailto:baaske@shaw.ca] Sent: Sunday, 01 December 2013 21:41 To: DevApps Cc: Larry Biggar Subject: RZ 13-311554 Ballandra Development Inc

Attention: Edwin Lee City of Richmond - Planner

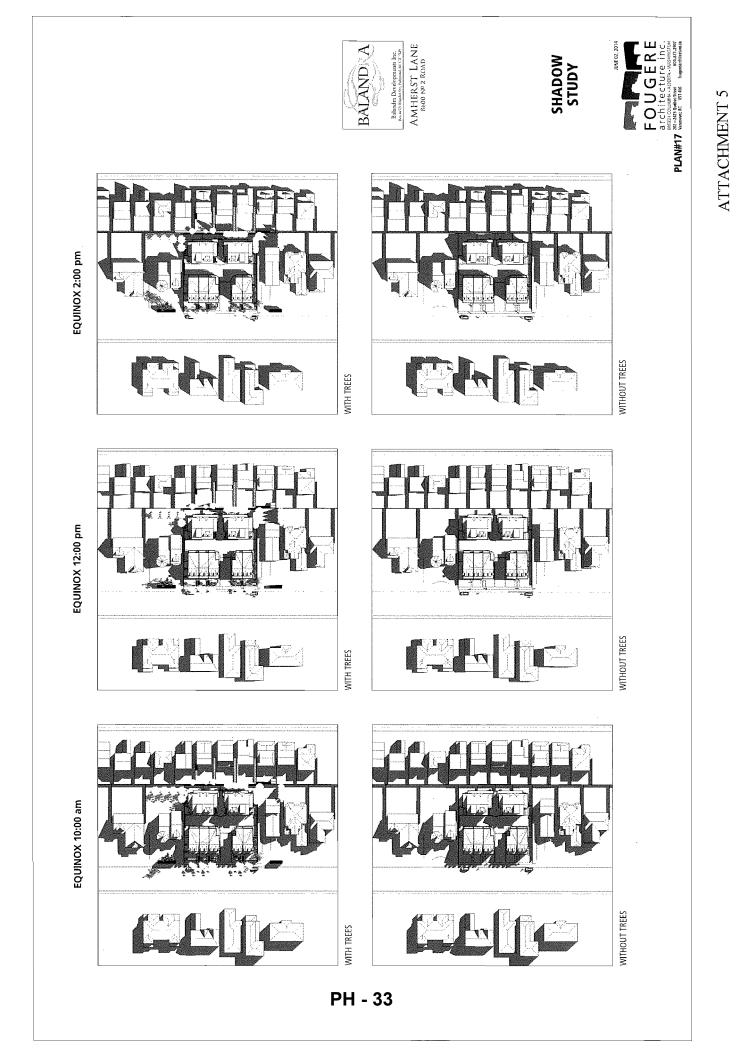
Dear Sir:

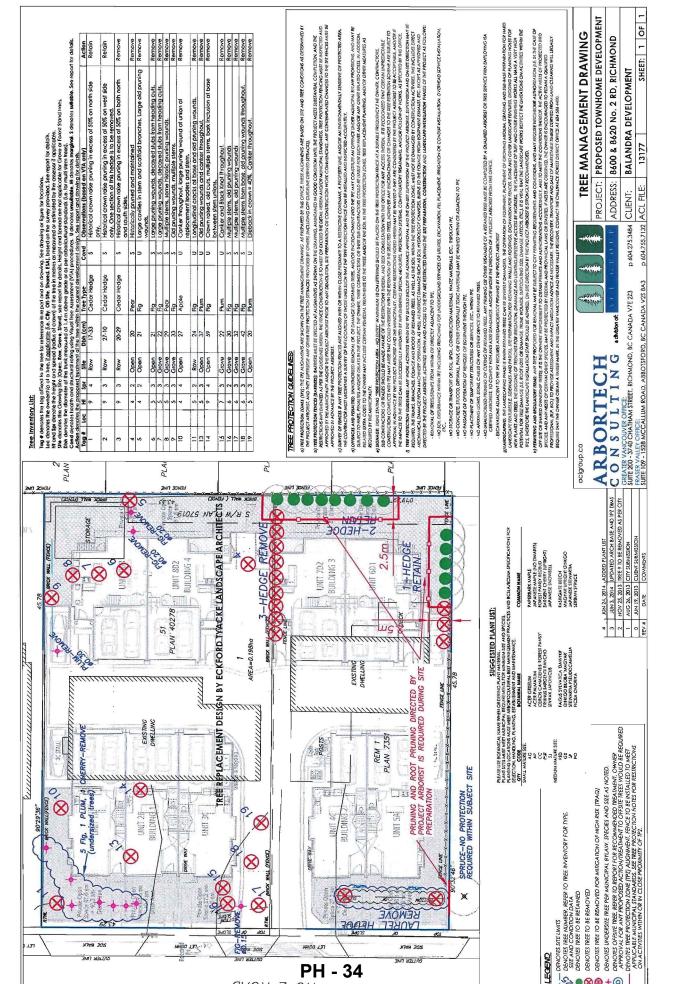
Further to our telephone conversation regarding the development proposed at 8600 and 8620 No 2 Road, as I explained our property is on the East side almost dead center between these two lots. Currently the two house on those lots are located more on the front of their properties leaving huge back yards which attached to my tiny back yard making our home and outdoor living space very private and quite a desirable location for anyone wanting a smaller lot. With the proposed development all this will change, we will entirely lose our privacy and any sunlight that we now enjoy will be replaced with 9 homes, 9 families, and 9 plus vehicles just outside our yard. This is entirely not desirable for us and for the future will in fact narrow our potential buyer base.

After attending a meeting with the Developer and Larry Beggar from RE/Max and listening to what they had to say my husband took a day off work to attend City Hall to look at the actual plans and read a letter written by the City dated Oct 29, 2013. This letter to our astonishment indicates the proposed site does not meet many of the Cities zoning requirements. The required zoning is in place to protect all parties and as a property owner we insist that this proposal for 9 townhouses be rejected, the project is far too big for the lots. I understand you can not stop new development however this is a bit overkill for the space. Would a nice area with two duplex's, the same height as the surrounding houses and a nice cedar hedge all around not be a better option for the buyers of the new townhouses as well as the families already in the area.

We would like to enjoy our home of 30 years for a few years more, please don't allow this unnecessarily large complex force us out before we are ready.

Thank you, Peggy and Fred Baaske 8651 Delaware Road Richmond BC V7C AX





2 ROAD

ON

ATTACHMENT 6

S- 080+0



Rezoning Considerations

Development Applications Division 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Address: 8600 and 8620 No. 2 Road

File No.: RZ 13-644887

Prior to final adoption of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9146, the developer is required to complete the following:

- 1. Consolidation of all the lots into one development parcel (which will require the demolition of the existing dwellings).
- 2. Registration of a statutory public-rights-of-passage right-of-way, and/or other legal agreements or measures, as determined to the satisfaction of the Director of Development, over the full width and extent of the internal drive-aisle in favour of future residential developments to the north and south. Language should be included in the SRW document that the City will not be responsible for maintenance or liability within this SRW.
- 3. Discharge existing Sanitary SRW (Registration Number RD92605, Plan Number 57019) along the east property line of the development site.
- 4. The granting of a 3.0 m wide statutory Sanitary right-of-way along the east property line.
- 5. The granting of a 0.17 m wide Public Rights-of-Passage (PROP) Statutory Right-of-Way (SRW) along the entire frontage on No. 2 Road for frontage improvement works.
- 6. Registration of a flood indemnity covenant on title.
- 7. Registration of a restrictive covenant and/or alternative legal agreement(s), to the satisfaction of the City, securing the owner's commitment to have the proposed development achieving Energuide 82 requirements and pre-ducted for solar hot water. This covenant and/or legal agreement(s) will include, at minimum, that no building permit will be issued for a building on the subject site unless the building is designed to achieve Energuide 82 requirements and pre-ducted for solar hot water; and that the owner has provided a professional report by a Certified Energy Advisor (CEA), to the satisfactory to the Director of Development.
- 8. City acceptance of the developer's offer to voluntarily contribute \$4,500 to the City's Tree Compensation Fund for the planting of nine (9) replacement trees within the City. If additional replacement trees (over and beyond the 23 replacement trees as proposed at the Rezoning stage) could be accommodated on-site (as determined at Development Permit stage), the above cash-in-lieu contribution would be reduced in the rate of \$500 per additional replacement trees to be planted on site.

Should the applicant wish to begin site preparation work after third reading of the rezoning bylaw, but prior to final adoption of the rezoning bylaw and issuance of the Development Permit, the applicant will be required to obtain a Tree Permit and submit landscaping security (i.e. \$16,000 in total) to ensure the replacement planting will be provided.

- 9. City acceptance of the developer's offer to voluntarily contribute \$2.00 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$25,608.60) to the City's affordable housing fund.
- 10. City acceptance of the developer's offer to voluntarily contribute \$0.77 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$9,859.31) to the City's Public Art fund.
- 11. Contribution of \$1,000 per dwelling unit (e.g. \$9,000) in-lieu of on-site indoor amenity space.
- 12. Submission of a Contract entered into between the applicant and a Certified Arborist for supervision of any on-site works conducted within the tree protection zone of the hedges to be retained. The Contract should include the scope of work to be undertaken, including: the proposed number of site monitoring inspections, and a provision for the Arborist to submit a post-construction assessment report to the City for review.
- 13. Installation of appropriate tree protection fencing around all hedges to be retained as part of the development prior to any construction activities, including building demolition, occurring on-site.
- 14. The submission and processing of a Development Permit* completed to a level deemed acceptable by the Director of Development.
 PH 35

Initial:

Prior to a Development Permit* being forwarded to the Development Permit Panel for consideration, the developer is required to:

1. Include notations on the Development Permit Plans that all residential units will be designed to meet Energuide 82 requirements and be pre-ducted for solar hot water with design specifications to be included on the building permit plans.

Prior to a Development Permit^{*} issuance, the developer is required to complete the following:

- 1. Submission of a Landscaping Security to the City of Richmond based on 100% of the cost estimates provided by the landscape architect.
- 2. Submission of a Tree Survival Security to the City as part of the Landscape Letter of Credit to ensure that the hedge rows identified for retention will be protected. No Landscape Letter of Credit will be returned until the post-construction assessment report confirming the protected trees survived the construction, prepared by the Arborist, is reviewed by staff.

Prior to Building Permit Issuance, the developer must complete the following requirements:

- Enter into a Servicing Agreement* for the design and construction of a new 1.5 m concrete sidewalk at the west property line of the site, and a 1.5 m grass and treed boulevard along the entire frontage of the site. The Design to include Water, Storm & Sanitary service connections; works included but not limited to the following: Water:
 - Submit fire flow calculations signed and sealed by a professional engineer based on F.U.S or ISO to confirm that there is adequate available flow.
 - Existing fire hydrant may need to be relocated at the developer's cost to accommodate frontage improvements.

Storm:

- One of the existing tie-in points at the box culvert is to be utilized for the service connection; all others are to be abandoned and/or removed at the developer's cost.
- There is a shared connection with 8628 No. 2 Road; the developer is required to confirm if 8628 No. 2 Road is utilizing this connection. If yes, then the developer is required to provide separate IC & connection and undertake all necessary alterations at 8628 No. 2 Road.

Additional Requirement:

- Private utility companies will require rights-of-ways to accommodate their equipment (kiosks, vista, transformers, etc.); the developer is required contact the private utility companies to learn of their requirements.
- 2. Submission of DCC's (City & GVS&DD), School site acquisition charges, Address Assignment Fee, and servicing charges, etc.
- 3. Incorporation of all accessibility and sustainability features in Building Permit (BP) plans as determined via the Rezoning and/or Development Permit processes.
- 4. Submission of a Construction Parking and Traffic Management Plan to the Transportation Division. Management Plan shall include location for parking for services, deliveries, workers, loading, application for any lane closures, and proper construction traffic controls as per Traffic Control Manual for works on Roadways (by Ministry of Transportation) and MMCD Traffic Regulation Section 01570.
- 5. Obtain a Building Permit (BP) for any construction hoarding. If construction hoarding is required to temporarily occupy a public street, the air space above a public street, or any part thereof, additional City approvals and associated fees may be required as part of the Building Permit. For additional information, contact the Building Approvals Division at 604-276-4285.

PH - 36

Note:

* This requires a separate application.

Initial:

• Where the Director of Development deems appropriate, the preceding agreements are to be drawn not only as personal covenants of the property owner but also as covenants pursuant to Section 219 of the Land Title Act.

All agreements to be registered in the Land Title Office shall have priority over all such liens, charges and encumbrances as is considered advisable by the Director of Development. All agreements to be registered in the Land Title Office shall, unless the Director of Development determines otherwise, be fully registered in the Land Title Office prior to enactment of the appropriate bylaw.

The preceding agreements shall provide security to the City including indemnities, warranties, equitable/rent charges, letters of credit and withholding permits, as deemed necessary or advisable by the Director of Development. All agreements shall be in a form and content satisfactory to the Director of Development.

- Additional legal agreements, as determined via the subject development's Servicing Agreement(s) and/or Development Permit(s), and/or Building Permit(s) to the satisfaction of the Director of Engineering may be required including, but not limited to, site investigation, testing, monitoring, site preparation, de-watering, drilling, underpinning, anchoring, shoring, piling, pre-loading, ground densification or other activities that may result in settlement, displacement, subsidence, damage or nuisance to City and private utility infrastructure.
- Applicants for all City Permits are required to comply at all times with the conditions of the Provincial *Wildlife Act* and Federal *Migratory Birds Convention Act*, which contain prohibitions on the removal or disturbance of both birds and their nests. Issuance of Municipal permits does not give an individual authority to contravene these legislations. The City of Richmond recommends that where significant trees or vegetation exists on site, the services of a Qualified Environmental Professional (QEP) be secured to perform a survey and ensure that development activities are in compliance with all relevant legislation.

Signed

Date

Bylaw 9146



Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9146 (RZ 13-644887) 8600 and 8620 No. 2 Road

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. The Zoning Map of the City of Richmond, which accompanies and forms part of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, is amended by repealing the existing zoning designation of the following area and by designating it "LOW DENSITY TOWNHOUSES (RTL4)".

P.I.D. 005-024-145 Lot 51 Section 19 Block 4 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 40278

and

P.I.D. 001-312-944

Lot 1 Except: Firstly: Part Subdivided by Plan 48746 and Secondly: Part Subdivided by Plan 54335; Section 19 Block 4 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 7351

2. This Bylaw may be cited as "Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9146".

FIRST READING	JUL 1 4 2014	CITY OF RICHMOND
A PUBLIC HEARING WAS HELD ON		APPROVED by
SECOND READING		APPROVED by Director
THIRD READING		W
OTHER CONDITIONS SATISFIED		
ADOPTED		

MAYOR

CORPORATE OFFICER

8	To Public Hearing Date: <u>SCDI. 2.2014</u> tem #_1
	10. 13/14/10 9146 102 13-144887

MayorandCouncillors

From:WebgraphicsSent:Sunday, 24 August 2014 11:56To:MayorandCouncillorsSubject:Send a Submission Online (response #799)

Categories:

12-8060-20-9146 - RZ 13-644887 - 8600 & 8620 No 2 Road - Balandra Development Inc

Send a Submission Online (response #799)

Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx
Submission Time/Date:	8/24/2014 11:55:48 AM

Survey Response

Your Name	Walter Xinlong Song
Your Address	8628 No.2 Road,Richmond,BC,V7C 3M5
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	Bylaw 8500,Amendment9146(RZ 13-644887)
Comments	We object to rezoning 9 townhouse because: A. No.2 road is disaster emegence route,Too many people will block this route. B.2 Single houses become 9 townhouses make this zone too clowded. C.There are many towhouse & apartment aroud there,also a huge existed apartment zone need rebuilding.



To Public Hearing	
Date: <u>CPD1.2.2014</u>	
Item # 1	
Re: 6/4AW 9146	
1213-644887	
	and the second second

Lee, Edwin

From: Sent: To: Subject: Attachments: Dr.Song [xinlongsong@hotmail.com] Tuesday, 26 August 2014 11:33 Lee, Edwin Object to rezoning by law 8500,Amendment Scanned at 2014-8-26 11-22.jpg; Scanned at 2014-8-26 11-10.jpg

Sir.

 This is Walter Xinlong Song, the owner of 8628 No.2 Road; I really object to Rezoning

 Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9146(RZ 13-644887). Because:

 A, the front size only 43.1 m, but usually need 50 m.

 B, I really want sell my property to them but no answer!! guess someone use tricks!Last 6

 month a lot strangge things happened in rezoning property(8620 No.2 Road), Police came

 many times!

 C.2 Single houses rezoning 9 Townhouses too crownded .

_ Scincely

Walter 心龍





Re:	A Proposed Official Community Plan Amendmer Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy	nt To Ind	crease Townhouse
From:	Wayne Craig Director, Development	File:	12-8060-20-009147
То:	Planning Committee	Date:	June 17, 2014

Staff Recommendation

- 1. That Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000, Amendment Bylaw 9147, to add land use policies in Official Community Plan (OCP) Chapter 12.4.2, to establish energy efficiency policies for townhouse developments in the City, be introduced and given first reading.
- 2. That Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000, Amendment Bylaw 9147, having been considered with:
 - the City's Financial Plan and Capital Program; and
 - the Greater Vancouver Regional District Solid Waste and Liquid Waste Management Plans;

is hereby found to be consistent with said programs and plans, in accordance with Section 882(3) (a) of the Local Government Act.

3. That Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000, Amendment Bylaw 9147, having been considered in accordance with OCP Bylaw Preparation Consultation Policy 5043, is hereby deemed not to require further consultation.

Wayne Craig, Director, Development (604-247-4625)

WC:pr

REPORT CONCURRENCE				
ROUTED TO:	CONCURRENCE	CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER		
Building Approvals	ত	he trees		
REVIEWED BY STAFF REPORT / Agenda Review Subcommittee	Initials:	APPROVED BY CAO		

Staff Report

Origin

The purpose of this report is to provide information on alternative energy options for townhouse projects in response to direction from the Planning Committee on March 4, 2014. The recommendation is to adopt a Townhouse Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy policy to apply to in-stream and future townhouse rezonings. This policy would be in effect, until a revised energy efficiency policy, which considers all residential buildings of less than five-storeys, is approved. This broader policy will be brought forward in 2015, by Sustainability and District Energy staff with assistance from Development Applications, Building Approvals and Policy Planning, following a review of the pending BC Building Code (BCBC) amendment that is expected in December 2014.

Increased energy efficiency is supported by Council's adopted policies and plans. The 2041 Official Community Plan (2041 OCP) defines a community-wide energy reduction target of 10% below 2007 levels by 2020, as well as Greenhouse Gas (GHG) reduction targets of 33% below 2007 levels by 2020 and 80% below 2007 levels by 2050, subject to senior government action. The City adopted a Community Energy and Emissions Plan in early 2014, which includes:

Action 4: Promote energy efficiency in all rezonings.

Improving energy efficiency also supports Council's commitments under the BC Climate Action Charter signed in 2008 and it is in line with the following 2011-2014 Council Term Goal #8 (Sustainability):

- 8.1: Continued implementation and significant progress towards achieving the City's Sustainability Framework, and associated targets; and
- 8.4: Review opportunities for increasing requirements for sustainable development for all new developments including consideration of increasing requirements for sustainable roof treatments and energy security

Background

Improving the minimum energy performance of new buildings reduces community-wide energy use, related GHG emissions and household energy spending. The incremental cost is reduced, if new homes are designed and constructed for energy efficiency, and improvements can result in energy cost savings to the owner that exceed the initial investment in a short timeframe. The recognition by lenders and other financial institutions of this value is reflected in the availability of reduced mortgage loan insurance premiums for energy efficient homes.

The City has established policies to achieve greater energy performance in new developments including requiring a LEED Silver equivalency for City Centre rezonings and connections to City district energy utilities for larger multi-family residential and mixed use buildings. The City does not currently have similar energy efficiency policies that apply to townhomes. Changes in the market, technologies, incentives and the pending updated BC Building Code create new opportunities to improve energy efficiency in more buildings types, including townhomes.

Analysis

Townhousing in Richmond

Richmond is a leading municipality in Metro Vancouver for new townhouse development. It delivers many of the features of single detached housing, along with the benefits of higher density forms. Townhousing is already a relatively energy efficient form of housing, as their construction details are similar to single detached houses (e.g., insulated wood frame, low window-wall ratios), and they have smaller unit sizes than single detached houses and shared walls with adjoining units. BC Hydro estimates that a single detached house in the Lower Mainland is expected to use over 50% more energy than a townhouse.

Recent Richmond townhouse developments range from 3 to 141 units and one-third have ten units or less. Going forward, to have this type of townhouse development be more efficient, an effective policy would achieve the following: for developers it would provide flexibility, enable them to obtain the advice of energy professionals, maximize access to incentives and minimize incremental capital costs; for residents it would reduce operating costs; and for the City, it would be administrable within existing City Permitting and Inspection resources, and result in measurable progress towards achieving Richmond's energy and GHG reduction goals.

While townhouse construction results in higher energy efficiency, rezoning single-family lots for multi-unit townhouse development increases total energy consumption. This suggests that, to achieve its energy and GHG reduction targets, the City needs take more action.

Policy Approaches

Staff considered three approaches for measuring townhouse energy performance: "Prescriptive", "Performance" and "On-Site Renewables". Table 1 provides an overview of each approach and includes the stakeholder impact and incremental capital cost of different approaches. Staff recommend a policy which utilizes all three approaches, and emphasizes the Natural Resources Canada EnerGuide Rating System (ERS) energy performance requirements (an accepted industry). The proposed policy also includes a requirement for new townhouses to have solar hot water-ready fixtures. Discussion about the Natural Resources Canada EnerGuide Rating System (ERS) and the proposed policy follows.

EnerGuide Rating System (ERS)

The Natural Resources Canada (NRCan) ERS is referenced by the National Building Code, BC Building Code, CMHC and some local government policies. This national initiative is designed to have developers work with professional energy advisors to identify effective and appropriate townhouse efficiency upgrades prior to construction. Predicted energy use modeled from building siting and specifications determines the ERS rating.

	Table 1: Stakeholder Impacts and Incremental Capital Cost of Different Approaches				
	Item	Prescriptive Approach	Performance Approach EnerGuide Rating System	On-site Renewables	
Description List of above code requirements for mechanical equipment Advis Report most		Require Certified Energy Advisor (CEA) Evaluation Report demonstrating that the most marginal unit is designed to minimum ERS standard	List of accepted mechanical equipment and minimum thresholds for on-site renewable energy generation		
cts	Applicant	 Maximum certainty No required support Limited design flexibility May be eligible for incentives Limited building design impact Not generally visible 	 CEA guidance and support Maximum flexibility May be eligible for incentives Limited building design impact Not generally visible 	 Potential uncertainty if performance required No required support Limited design flexibility Limited current incentives May impact building design May be visible with potential marketing benefit 	
Stakeholder Impacts	Resident	Not eligible for rebates	 Eligible for rebate No unfamiliar mechanical equipment 	 Not eligible for rebates Most cost effective response is typically an air- source heat pump which may have impacts at townhouse densities 	
	City	 Staff maintains policy to reflect building practice, codes and technologies May increase permitting and inspection resources required The City has limited authority in some instances 	 Natural Resources Canada maintains standard and certifies CEAs Project review completed by applicant's CEA 	 Staff maintains policy to reflect building practice, codes and technologies May promote local renewable industries May increase permitting and inspection resources 	
0.000	remental pital Cost	 Medium: Highly variable costs depending on prescriptive measures Estimated at \$5,000 to reduce energy 15% 	Low: Estimated \$2,200 (reducing to \$1,000 under the 2014 code) to reduce energy 15%	 High: \$4,000 to \$20,000 per unit to reduce energy 15%-35% Costs are declining and efficiencies increasing for some technologies 	

Referencing EnerGuide takes advantage of the established Certified Energy Advisor (CEA) profession and gives builders the flexibility to respond to changes in the industry. Connecting developers with CEAs enables developers to determine cost-effective energy efficiency strategies and up-to-date information on available rebates and incentives. Energuide is familiar to industry, identifies conservation opportunities that are cost-effective and limits resource requirements for municipal enforcement.

EnerGuide includes a testing component to certify the final buildings. The City's proposed approach does not include a requirement for EnerGuide certification, but the applicant will be encouraged to certify their projects, since developers are eligible for a BC Hydro rebate and buyers' are eligible for a CMHC mortgage insurance premium rebate if the purchased unit is certified.

ERS 82 is the recommended minimum rating, which represents an increase in energy efficiency beyond current requirements for townhouses built to BC Building Code requirements (Figure 1).

This rating allows townhouse projects to rely primarily on improved airtightness and insulation, with improved mechanical equipment such as a heat recovery ventilator.

- 6 -

This standard is intended to serve as an interim step, to allow the building industry time to adapt to both the proposed policy and the upcoming Code change. The estimated median incremental capital cost per unit is \$2,200 reducing to around \$1,000 with the 2014 code. CEA fees for townhouse projects are estimated to be \$350 per unit tested. Annual energy savings are approximately 8.6 GJ per unit or 15%.

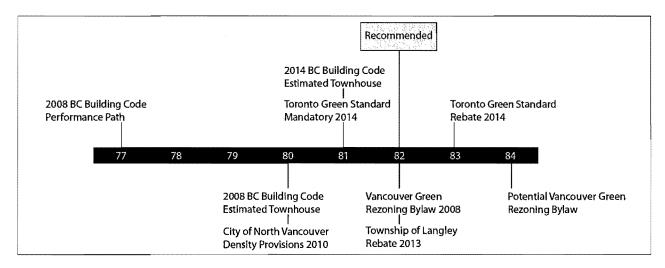


Figure 1. EnerGuide ratings applicable to townhouse projects

Recommended Policy

The recommended policy would:

- require new townhouses:
 - to be designed to score 82 or higher on the EnerGuide Rating System (ERS). To achieve this target, developers would be required to retain a certified energy advisor (CEA) to complete an Evaluation Report for improved energy performance on the most marginal (i.e., greatest design heat loss) units, which would confirm that the Building Permit specifications for the all units will achieve or exceed an ERS score of 82. The developer would be required to register a covenant on title that all the units are built and maintained to the ERS 82, or a higher standard; and
 - to be solar hot water-ready; or
- alternatively, new townhouses would be exempt from the above requirement, if they are connected to a district energy utility, or include the installation of industry proven renewable energy systems (e.g., geoexchange, solar water heating, photovoltaic energy) which provide the majority (at least 51%) of heating, cooling and/or electrical energy load requirements.

The proposed policy would apply to all new townhouse rezoning proposals regardless of the number of units. If this approach is applied to in-stream projects, the following total savings would be expected:¹

Estimated Cost Savings	Comment
 \$225,400 \$362,900 \$158,700 131 tonnes 	 Total utility rebates that would be available to developers Total potential mortgage insurance rebate to buyers Total annual energy savings for owners Total estimated annual CO2e reduction of community-wide GHG emissions, equivalent to removing 41 cars from the road

Proposed 2041 Official Community Plan Text Amendment

The proposed Townhouse Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy OCP amendment provides clarity and transparency to all applicants. The recommendation is that the OCP amendment be applied to those rezoning applications under staff review, or received after the adoption of the proposed OCP amendment. All in-stream townhouse projects that have not been granted 3rd reading for rezoning have already began committing to these rezoning considerations. The existing 2041 OCP guidelines inform applicants of the City's current energy conservation expectations, but these will be significantly clarified by the proposed amendment.

Each rezoning application would be considered on its own merit and all utility incentives would continue to be available to developers who meet higher energy standards (e.g., BC Hydro incentives). New townhouse applicants who also seek to amend the 2041 OCP land use designation may be expected to exceed these minimum expectations.

Consultation

On May 28, 2014, staff discussed the proposed townhouse energy efficiency changes with the Urban Development Institute (UDI) and Richmond Small Home Builders Group. The Small Home Builders Group indicated acceptance of the proposed approach, noting that the incremental capital costs presented in this report are aligned with their own findings. Both groups raised concerns over the total costs of development, including both development cost charges and community amenity contributions, and the impact that these may have on housing costs and affordability. One developer also responded, indicating support for energy efficiency initiatives, but preferred different approaches to address incremental capital cost. The correspondence supports the City's recommended approach to "rough-in" versus to "require" the installation of renewables to accommodate future technological and energy pricing shifts. The recommended approach is generally preferred by stakeholders when compared to a more prescriptive approach.

In accordance with OCP Bylaw Preparation Consultation Policy 5043, staff recommend that no additional stakeholder consultation is required and the proposed OCP Amendment Bylaw 9147 can be discussed at the Public Hearing.

¹ Calculations derived from median values modeled for electric and gas conditioned units from BC Hydro and FortisBC consultant studies. Rebates assume ERS 82 certification and Energy Star appliance installation. Mortgage insurance amount is based on Richmond townhouse sale prices, median down payment and industry estimates of insurance use.

Policy Monitoring and Review

Should this policy be endorsed by Council, staff will monitor its implementation. Townhouse applicants will be required to submit reports from a CEA facilitating the review process. Staff will consider how and where energy efficiency requirements can be adjusted, or made more rigorous in accordance with the pending December 2014 BCBC amendment. At this point, it is staff's expectation that a broader residential energy efficiency policy could be prepared for all Part 9 residential buildings city-wide (Table 2) in 2015. This broader policy has the potential to better address energy efficiency requirements for single detached houses, as well as low-rise buildings and may involve bylaw amendments, establishing Development Permit areas and feebate programs. The policy would be prepared in consultation with UDI and the Small Builders Group.

Table 2: Richmond Energy Efficiency Policies and Regulations

Land Use	Rezoning	Development Permit	Building Permit
Single detached	To be considered after the policy monitoring and review stage, as discussed above in this report.		
Townhousing	Proposed Bylaw 9147 (This Report)		
Low-rise housing (outside West Cambie and City Centre)		Guideline	
Low-rise housing (City Centre)		14.2.10	
High-rise housing (City Centre)	LEED equivalency		ASHRAE / NECB compliance in development

Financial Impact

None at this time.

Conclusion

Richmond has demonstrated leadership in increasing building energy efficiency and reducing related GHG emissions. The 2041 Official Community Plan and Community Energy and Emissions Plan together are a strong framework to pursue the City's community-wide targets. While Richmond is already a leader in townhouse development, further action is needed to achieve improved energy efficiency. The proposed interim policy provides new townhouse developers with flexible ways to identify and implement more cost effective and energy efficient townhouses at the construction stage. This approach is aimed at providing future townhouse owners with lower energy costs.

Peter Russell, BA Sc, MSc, MCIP, RPP, Senior Manager, Sustainability & District Energy (604-276-4130)

Terry Crowe, MCIP, RPP Manager, Policy Planning Division, (604-276-4139)

PR:cas



Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000 Amendment Bylaw 9147 (Townhouse Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy)

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000 is amended by adding the following text after Chapter 12.4 Energy, Objective 2:

Objective 3: To improve townhouse energy efficiency and renewable energy systems.

Policies:

- a) new townhouses are required;
 - to be designed to score 82 or higher on the EnerGuide Rating System (ERS). To achieve this target, developers are to retain a certified energy advisor (CEA) to complete an Evaluation Report, for improved energy performance on the most marginal (i.e., greatest design heat loss) units, which confirms that the Building Permit specifications for the all units achieve or exceed an ERS score of 82. The developer used to required to required to require that the target heat are building.
 - developer would be required to register a covenant on title that all the units are built and will be maintained to the ERS 82, or a higher standard; and
 - to be solar hot water-ready; or
- b) alternatively, new townhouses will be exempt from a) above, if they connect to a district energy utility, or install industry proven renewable energy systems (e.g., geoexchange, solar water heating, photovoltaic energy) which provide the majority (at least 51%) of heating, cooling and/or electrical energy load requirements.
- 2. This Bylaw may be cited as "Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 9000, Amendment Bylaw 9147".

FIRST READING	JUL 1 4 2014	CITY OF RICHMOND
PUBLIC HEARING	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	APPROVED for content by originating dept
SECOND READING		APPROVED
THIRD READING		for legality by Solicitor
ADOPTED		a

MAYOR

CORPORATE OFFICER



Re:	Application by Polygon Development 296 Ltd. for	or Rezor	ning at 9700 and
From:	Wayne Craig Director of Development	File:	RZ 13-649641
То:	Planning Committee	Date:	June 26, 2014

Re: Application by Polygon Development 296 Ltd. for Rezoning at 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road from "Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1)" and "Single Detached (RS1/F)" to "Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)"

Staff Recommendation

- 1. That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw No. 9159:
 - a) to create "Town Housing (ZT71) Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)"; and
 - b) to rezone 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road from "Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1)" and "Single Detached (RS1/F)" to "Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)";

be introduced and given first reading; and

2. That the affordable housing contribution for the rezoning of 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road (RZ 13-649641) be allocated entirely (100%) to the capital Affordable Housing Reserve Fund established by Reserve Fund Establishment Bylaw No. 7812.

Waine

Wayne Craig Director of Development

WC:dcb

REPORT CONCURRENCE				
ROUTED TO:		CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER		
Affordable Housing Law		pe todo		

Staff Report

Origin

Polygon Jayden Mews Homes Ltd., (formerly, Polygon Development 296 Ltd.) ("Polygon") has applied to Rezone 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road from "Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1)" and "Single Detached (RS1/F)" to a Site Specific Zone, "Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)", in order to develop approximately 64 three-storey townhomes on the assembled site. A location map is provided in Attachment 1.

Project Overview

The proposed development site is located in the Alexandra Neighbourhood on a consolidation of two large lots between Alexandra Road and Alderbridge Way in an area that was re-designated for residential use by Council in 2012.

Constrained by an irregular shaped lot, the developer proposes 13 buildings fronting onto an internal drive aisle accessing Alexandra Road. The proposed site layout includes a 213.9 m^2 (2,302 ft²) two-storey amenity building with an adjacent children's play area and a meandering landscaped path which will incorporate original, visible artworks that will also function as habitat for barn owls. The site plan also shows a common green space for outdoor recreation and informal gathering and a landscaped outdoor seating area around an existing large conifer tree to be retained on site.

As proposed, individual townhouse units will range in size from 126.2 m² (1,358.5 ft²) to 152.0 m^2 (1,636.3 ft²) and approximately 40% of the townhouses will have direct walkway connections to the meandering landscaped pathway that runs through the site.

An emergency vehicle access to Alderbridge Way will be incorporated into the site plan off one of the two drive aisle ends adjacent to Alderbridge Way. The final location and configuration will be determined during the Development Permit review.

A 337.9 m^2 (3,637 ft²) land dedication will be required along Alderbridge Way to accommodate the installation of a new public sidewalk and a treed boulevard that will ultimately run between Garden City Road and No. 4 Road along Alderbridge Way.

Frontage improvements are also proposed along Alexandra Road including raising the Alexandra Road surface, the installation of concrete sidewalks, and provision for parking and new light standards along the south side of Alexandra Road. In addition, upgrading and/or replacement of existing sanitary lines, storm lines, watermain lines, additional fire hydrants and the undergrounding of hydro lines, will be required as part of development's off-site works and addressed through a separate Servicing Agreement.

Findings of Fact

The proposed development site is approximately 1.215 ha (3.00 ac. before land dedications) in size. The developer has submitted an application to demolish the residential buildings on the two lots and the lots have extensive tree and understorey vegetation coverage especially in the southern two-thirds of the site.

Both properties are currently owned by Polygon Development 296 Ltd.

A covenant is currently registered on title over 9700 Alexandra Road restricting use of the property to a two-family dwelling. The removal of this covenant is necessary in order to permit townhouses on the lot and is included in the Rezoning considerations.

The developer's conceptual development plans are provided in Attachment 2 and a Development Application Data Sheet is provided in Attachment 3.

Surrounding Development

- To the North: At 9566 Tomicki Avenue, is an existing 26 building three-storey townhouse development containing (known as Wishing Tree) 141 units [zoned "Town Housing (ZT67) Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" (DP 08-432203)].
- To the East: Six large residential lots (9800 and 9820 Alexandra Road and 4711–4771 No. 4 Road) all zoned "Single Detached (RS1/F)". The West Cambie Area Plan identifies the area containing these Single Detached lots as "Residential Area 2" permitting two- and three-storey Townhomes. Redevelopment of these lots in the future is likely.
- To the South: Alderbridge Way and the Garden City lands (5555 No. 4 Road) to the south of that. The 55 ha (136.5 ac.) Garden City lands are zoned "Agriculture (AG1)".
- To the West: Five large residential lots (9580–9680 Alexandra Road) currently zoned "Single Detached (RS1/F)" and/or "Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1)". All five lots are included in a Rezoning application (RZ 13-649999) by Am-Pri Developments (2012) Ltd. which proposes to develop approximately 96 three-storey townhouse units on the consolidated property.

Further west, between May Drive and Garden City Road is the proposed First Richmond North Shopping Centre (Smart Centres) (RZ 10-528877 – pending final).

Related Policies & Studies

Official Community Plan – West Cambie Area Plan

On October 15, 2012, Council adopted an Official Community Plan (OCP) amendment to re-designate 9540–9820 Alexandra Road and 4711–4771 No. 4 Road from "Public and Open Space Use" and "Park" to "Neighbourhood Residential" with the exception of a greenway strip over 9540 Alexandra Road and portions of 9560–9600 Alexandra Road (see Attachment 4). An amendment to the West Cambie Area Plan was also adopted to re-designate the same properties from "Park" to "Townhouses". Although the "Park" designations were removed from the West Cambie Area Plan, the ESA designations w**phin_tig_f**ormer park were retained with the intent

that these areas would be reassessed for possible retention on a case-by-case basis as a requirement of any redevelopment proposals involving these properties.

Current Use and Density

The Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map (Attachment 4) within the West Cambie Area Plan identifies the subject properties as being within "Residential Area 2" which supports two and three-story townhouses at a base Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.65 with density bonusing to 0.75 FAR for affordable housing. The developer is proposing a project density of 0.72 FAR with an affordable housing contribution (see the "Affordable Housing Policy" section below for further discussion), consistent with the Area Plan.

Affordable Housing and the West Cambie-Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines Policy 5044 The development site is located within the West Cambie Planning Area and is subject to the "West Cambie-Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines Policy 5044". This Policy establishes guidelines for voluntary developer contributions toward affordable housing, community and engineering planning costs, child care and City beautification for new developments in the Alexandra area.

As outlined in the report from the General Manager, Community Services dated May 20, 2014, Polygon (the Developer) has requested that this development be considered as a special development circumstance "donor site" for which the developer proposes to make a \$678,107.00 voluntary contribution to the City's Affordable Housing Reserve (capital fund) in lieu of building affordable housing units on site. Staff recommends that the entire contribution amount be placed into the Reserve's capital fund per the report from the General Manager, Community Services.

The proposed contribution amount is based on the Affordable Housing Value Transfer (AHVT) rate of $160/\text{ft}^2$ (established in a report from the General Manager, Community Services dated May 30, 2012) applied to one-third of the density bonus from 0.65 base FAR to 0.75 FAR (although Polygon has opted for a lower density of 0.72 FAR). Specifically, the affordable housing contribution is derived from:

- A net site area of 11,812.16 m² (127,145 ft²);
- One-third of the Affordable Housing density 0.1 FAR bonus per the West Cambie Area Plan;
- An AHVT rate of $160/\text{ft}^2$;
- The AHVT rate assumes wood construction and the affordable housing floor area not being retained on site; and
- Formula: $(127,145 \text{ ft}^2 \times 0.1 \text{ FAR bonus}) / 3) \times (\$160/\text{ft}^2) = \$678,107.00.$

The Affordable Housing contribution for the subject site would be secured prior to adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw. The proposed "Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" Zoning for the site incorporates both the density bonus and the affordable housing contribution amount.

The Developer will also be required to make additional contributions pursuant to the West Cambie-Alexandra Interim Amenity Policy 5044. Preliminary estimates of these contributions are:

- Community and engineering planning costs at \$0.07/ft² (estimated at \$6,230.11);
- Child care at $0.60/\text{ft}^2$ (estimated at 53,400.90); and
- City beautification at \$0.60/ft² (estimated at \$53,400.90).

These contributions will be finalized through the Development Permit review and collected at the prior to final adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw. The actual City beautification contribution may be reduced from the $0.60/\text{ft}^2$ rate established by Policy 5044 by the equivalent value of frontage improvements identified and bonded for through the Servicing Agreement. The offsite works which may qualify for this reduction include works along a portion of the north side of Alexandra Road (i.e. conversion of the existing ditch to a swale, sidewalk installation, resetting of existing pedestrian bridges to address grade changes, etc).

Environmentally Sensitive Area Designations

Richmond's ESA designations were most recently updated as part of the 2041 Official Community Plan (OCP) (Bylaw 9000) review using 2012 aerial photogrammetry, GIS mapping and limited ground truthing. Staff notes that a detailed on-site assessment was not undertaken for the subject properties during the 2012 ESA Management Strategy update and OCP review.

The designated ESAs in the Alexandra Neighbourhood are classified in the City's ESA inventory as "Upland Forest" areas. Upland Forests are typically treed areas (woody vegetation > 5 m (16.4 ft.) tall not including forested wetlands (swamps and bog forests) or forested riparian zones, adjacent to streams, rivers, and other watercourses.

Depending upon the type of development or activity proposed and the degree of anticipated impact upon the designated ESA, environmental assessment requirements vary from "no review" being required to a "detailed inventory and assessment" being required by qualified environmental professionals (QEPs). The intent of an environmental assessment is to verify the nature, extent and quality of any valued environmental features present and to provide recommendations for their preservation where possible, impact mitigation and/or compensation measures where impacts are determined to be unavoidable. A detailed review and assessment of the ESA is discussed later in this report.

Flood Construction Elevation and Road Elevation Requirements

The West Cambie Area Plan establishes a minimum Flood Construction Level within the Alexandra Neighbourhood of 2.6 m GSC and a minimum elevation of 2.0 m GSC for all new roads within the neighbourhood. The development proposes to meet these requirements by raising the grade for most of the lot and raising the elevation of the north frontage road (i.e. a portion of Alexandra Road) by approximately 0.6 m to bring it up to the required 2.0 m elevation. Registration of a Flood Covenant with a minimum Flood Construction Level of 2.6 m GSC is included in the Rezoning considerations.

Aircraft Noise Policy

The subject property is located within "Area 2" of the Aircraft Noise Sensitive Development (ANSD) Policy Areas. All aircraft noise sensitive land uses except new single family may be considered within Area 2. The proposed townhouse development conforms to this policy. The Rezoning Adoption requirements include reperture of restrictive covenants, submission of an

acoustic report, incorporation of noise mitigation in construction such as mechanical ventilation and central air conditioning.

District Energy Utility and Sustainability Features

The development site is not within the area where connection to the West Cambie District Energy Utility (DEU) is required.

The Developer is exploring a range of sustainability features to incorporate into the development. To time of writing, the Developer is proposing to incorporate the following sustainability features into the buildings:

- Achieving Ener-Guide ratings of at least 82 for all the homes;
- Pre-ducting for solar hot water heating;
- Double glazed Low-E glazing on all windows;
- Energy Star appliances;
- Low VOC paints in all homes;
- Dual flush toilets and low flow faucets;
- Drywall with recycled gypsum and paper content; and
- Recycling bin storage in all kitchens.

The Rezoning considerations include requirements for achieving an Ener-Guide rating of 82 or better and pre-ducting for solar hot water heating, and entering into a legal agreement to secure this.

Additional sustainability initiatives for this development will be further reviewed and confirmed as part of the Development Permit design review submission.

Public Art

The applicant has submitted a Public Art Plan checklist and is working with the Public Art Planner to address the City's Public Art Program Policy 8703. The developer's preliminary concept is to work with a wildlife biologist and an artist to develop a public art project that will also provide a Barn owl roost (e.g. nesting box) on the development site.

A voluntary contribution of \$70,162.85 to the City's public art fund is included in the rezoning considerations.

Consultation

Impacts to an Existing Ditch Along Alexandra Road

The City's requirement for raising the full width of Alexandra Road to 2.0 m GSC will result in changes being made to an existing open ditch that lies adjacent to the Wishing Tree Strata complex (9566 Tomicki Avenue), converting it to a swale. The Wishing Tree Strata Council has advised, through Polygon, that they accept the changes to the pedestrian bridge elevations provided that there is no reduction in function or accessibility, to which Polygon has agreed.

The Wishing Tree Strata has also requested that the City investigate the possibility of installing traffic calming measures on Alexandra Road to address "cut-through" traffic caused by the proposed new retail centre on Alexandra Road (Smart Centres) and that street parking be reintroduced on No. 4 Road adjacent to Wishing Tree as a means to slow down traffic speed.

PH - 55

Staff investigations into traffic calming measures on Alexandra Road to address "cut-through" traffic as a result of the proposed new retail centre were undertaken and reported to Planning Committee (report dated September 7, 2012, from the General Manager, Planning & Development re: West Cambie Natural Park Re-designation). Specific measures recommended through that report will be incorporated with development in the area. Notably:

- A right-in-right-out diverter will be constructed as part of Polygon's development (Jaden Mews) on the east leg of Alexandra at May Drive; and
- A future traffic-calming measure on No. 4 Road at Alexandra Road will be implemented when the parcels fronting No.4 Road, between Alexandra Road and Alderbridge Way, redevelop.

Transportation Staff have also reviewed the possibility of on-street parking on No. 4 Road but found that it would not be feasible due to existing road configuration.

Public Input

To the time of writing, one letter has been received regarding the proposed Rezoning. The owner of 9800 Alexandra Road has written to the City (Attachment 8) with concerns about the impact on his property and its future redevelopment potential. In response to concerns about future redevelopment potential of 9800 Alexandra Road, staff note that this site must be developed with the adjacent lot to the immediate east and also include other lots fronting No. 4 Road. Redevelopment would generally consist of townhouses similar to existing townhouse projects along the west side of No. 4 Road north of Odlin Road.

He has also requested that a connection be installed to the sanitary line that would have to be built by Polygon that would allow his property to connect up to as his property is currently on a septic field system and he has concerns about the affect the neighbouring development will have on it. While no commitments have been made to this point, Engineering staff will review this when the detailed Servicing Agreement plans are submitted to the City.

Staff also responded to approximately four telephone enquiries from residents in the area on the status of both the Polygon application and the Am-Pri application for the adjacent lots (9580 to 9680 Alexandra Road).

Staff Comments

Environmentally Sensitive Area and Tree Retention

Approximately 77% of the net development site is designated in the Official Community Plan as an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA). Detailed assessments of the environmental features and the condition of the trees on site were undertaken by Keystone Environmental Ltd. (Biologist report dated April 17, 2014 and summary of findings report dated June 3, 2014 – see Attachment 5) and Pacific Sun Tree Services (Arborist report dated June 6, 2014 – see Attachment 6).

Biologist Review

The Biologist's report and supplemental document:

- Provides comment on the extent of the City's ESA designation on the site;
- Assesses the subject site for its Valupd Ecosystem Components (VECs);

- Identifies the presence or likelihood of any federally or provincial species at risk;
- Provides a rating of the value of the existing habitat;
- Provides recommendations for mitigation and enhancement; and
- Includes a habitat balance sheet assessment of the pre and post development conditions.

Based on their review the Biologists prepared a Habitat Survey Map (shown on the next page) that identifies three distinct areas on the site:

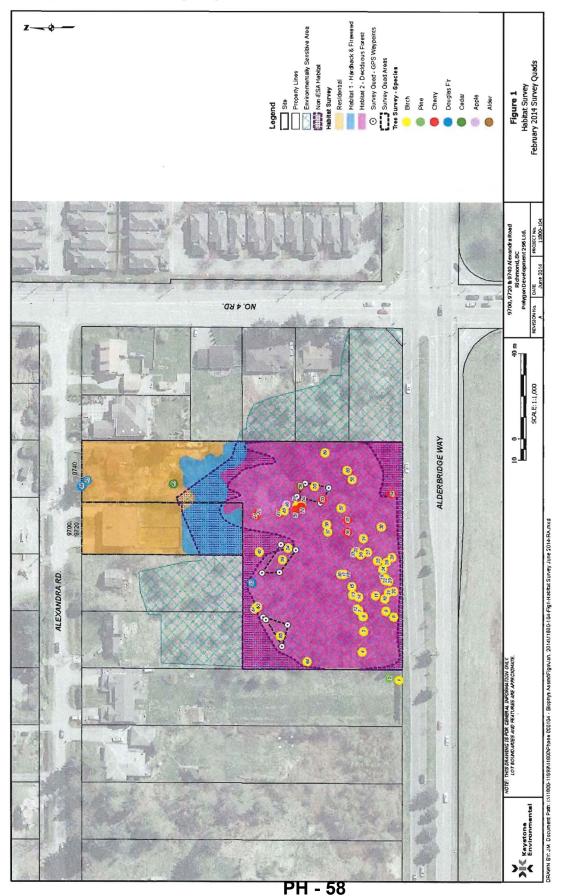
- "Residential" (located in the northern portion of the site),
- "Habitat 1 Hardhack & Fireweed-Blackberry Open Habitat"; and
- "Habitat 2 Deciduous Dominated Mixed Community" (located primarily in the southern portion of the site).

The Biologists note that the "Residential" area, the "Habitat 1" area and approximately 1,318.1 m² of the "Habitat 2" area are "*not meeting the criteria for Upland Forest within the ESA definition*". The assessment indicates that the habitat value provided by these areas so low that the Biologists have recommended these areas (totalling 2,149 m²) be removed from the City's ESA.

The Biologists further comment that "the remaining 6,935 m^2 area in "Habitat 2" is considered low value habitat due to a high density of invasive Himalayan blackberries and die-back of paper birch (possibly due to birch borer infestation)." While the Biologists have not explicitly recommended complete removal of the balance of the Habitat 2 area from the City's ESA their supplemental assessment is that, from a habitat value perspective, full compensation for impacts arising from the development of the site is achieved by replacement planting at a ratio of 1 to 0.25 (i.e. 1 m² of replacement planting is worth 4 m² of existing habitat).

The "Habitat Survey Map" on the next page shows the extent of the City's existing ESA designation over the subject site, the reductions to the ESA proposed by the Biologist's site assessment and the extent of the three identified category areas. The map also shows the locations and species of 65 of the site's 87 reported bylaw sized trees. (Tree counts on this map were based on field studies conducted July 29, 2013. Additional field studies were conducted on May 12 and 15, 2014 with the results provided in Attachment 5.)

Biologist's Habitat Survey Map



The table below summarizes the Biologist's assessment of the habitat values present in Habitat areas 1 and 2.

Habitat Category Areas	Fish and Fish Habitat	Vegetation Diversity and Health	Wildlife Habitat Connectivity	Invasive Species Presence	Overall Rank
Habitat 1	N/A	Low	Low	High	Low
Habitat 2	N/A	Low	Low	High	Low

The impact of the invasive and diseased vegetation on the site's habitat is apparent in that the Biologist's assessment indicates that the development's proposed landscaping and enhancement plans indicating $1,750 \text{ m}^2$ will still result in a net benefit of habitat for wildlife.

Arborist Review

An Arborist's report has been prepared for the site (Attachment 6). The report identifies 87 bylaw sized trees on the property. These are almost entirely deciduous species with the majority of these being Birch trees. Other tree species found on the site include: Cherry, Douglas fir, Apple, Alder, Cedar, Hemlock, English Oak, Crab Apple, Shore Pine and Sycamore Maple.

The Arborist indicates that approximately 86% (i.e. 75) of the bylaw sized trees on site should be removed primarily due to deteriorating conditions, structural defects or impacts, by Bronze Birch Borer beetles.

Five are being considered for retention, while the remaining seven are being removed due to construction grade changes or site layout conflicts. Most of the development site is proposed to be raised to meet the 2.6m GSC Flood Construction Elevation requirements.

One of the five on-site trees proposed for retention one is a 30 cm dbh Douglas-fir located in the interior of the site. It's retention as a central feature for the proposed development. A second prominent tree proposed for retention is a larger Birch tree located along Alderbridge Way near the site's proposed green space area. The Arborist's report includes tree protection fencing zones around each of the trees proposed for retention.

The Tree Summary Table below shows the total number of bylaw sized trees on site and the number proposed for removal and retention. The tree retention and replacement plans will be refined through the Development Permit review.

Tree Summary Table

Total bylaw sized trees on site (over 8 " (200 mm) in diameter)	87	100%
Trees in suitable condition over 8 " (200 mm) in diameter	12	14%
Trees in unsuitable condition for retention over 8" (200 mm) in diameter	75	86%
Bylaw sized trees proposed for removal (87 including bylaw sized trees)	82	94%
Trees proposed for retention on-site	5	
Trees to be replaced per OCP at 2 for 1	164	

Proposed Landscaping Plan and Objectives

The preliminary landscape plan prepared for the site is intended to improve habitat for wildlife.

The strips along the eastern and western boundaries will be approximately 3 m wide with the western property boundary strip being designed to combine with a similar vegetation strip proposed on the adjacent property through its redevelopment (RZ 13-649999). This will result in a 6 m wide vegetation corridor between the projects creating songbird habitat and facilitating movement of small birds and mammals.

Along the new southern property boundary (post land dedication) two vegetated buffer strips are proposed that will merge into a central green space. The two vegetation strips will also be enhanced through plant species selections designed to create a year round visual screen between this development and the Garden City lands to the south.

The table below summarizes the proposed vegetation strips for the development site. To the extent possible, breaks in these vegetation strips will be kept to a minimum.

West property boundary	6 m wide when combined with buffer strip on the adjacent development property (AmPri Development 9580-9680 Alexandra Road)
South property boundary	2.7 m to 6 m wide strip of native trees and shrubs except for the area adjacent to the interior green space – species selections to minimize agricultural issues for the Garden City Lands to the south. Taller trees and shrubs used.
East property boundary	3 m wide strip of native trees and shrubs that would be intended to combine with a landscaped buffer established on adjacent lands when they redevelop.

Proposed Vegetation Strips

The Development Permit considerations will include a requirement for a long-term maintenance plan to ensure that invasive plant species are managed within the vegetation strips. The Biologist's assessment, recommendations and species selections will be reviewed in greater detail through the forth coming Development Permit application. Particular attention will be paid to species selections along Alderbridge Way across from the agricultural lands. Staff will also work with the applicant to refine the assessment, reduce the net loss of habitat area on site and determine compensation if required through the Development Permit.

Analysis

Land Use and Zoning

The proposed Zoning Bylaw amendment will create a new "Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" zone for this development site. The new zone is based on an existing site specific zone "Town Housing (ZT67)" used at the Wishing Tree townhouse development north of Alexandra Road but is customized to address issues specific to this site. The new zone provides for the following elements:

- A minimum rear yard setback of 4 m to accommodate a dense "year round" natural vegetation strip adjacent to Alderbridge Way;
- A maximum base density of 0.65 FAR
- An increase in the maximum density to 0.72 FAR if the owner has paid or secured a monetary contribution of \$678,107.00 to the City's capital Affordable Housing Reserve Fund;
- A maximum building height of 12.2 m; and
- A minimum front yard setback along Alexandra Road of 3.0 m for the accessory amenity building and 4.0 m for all other buildings.

Affordable Housing Contribution

Polygon has requested a density in excess of the 0.65 FAR base and has offered to provide a voluntary contribution to the City's capital Affordable Housing Reserve Fund and proposed that this site be a potential "donor site" for the Kiwanis special development circumstance project. Their voluntary contribution of \$678,107.00 is based on one-third of the increased density of 0.1 FAR as permitted by the West Cambie Area Plan land use map even though Polygon has opted instead for a lower density of 0.72 FAR. Staff supports this voluntary contribution as it fully addresses the density bonusing provisions for affordable housing outlined in the West Cambie Area Plan. Subject to Council's approval, Polygon proposes to develop affordable housing units at its Alexandra East development at a comparable value of the cash contribution from the Jayden Mews project.

ESA Response – Preliminary Overview

The Biologist's review indicates that the future landscape planting will provide improved habitat value for the site by removing the extensive areas of invasive species and providing targeted enhancements create songbird habitat, and will provide north-south movement corridors.

Both the Arborist's and the Biologists' reports indicate the quality of the on-site trees is low. The initial proposal suggests that five bylaw sized trees are to be retained and 126 replacement trees will be provided through the development plan. The developer has committed to complying with the OCP 2 to1 replacement ratio through the forth coming Development Permit via a combination of tree planting and monetary compensation as necessary.

The Developer has been advised that clearing of the primary vegetation stands on the site will not be permitted until the Development Permit has been issued unless safety issues are evident. Additionally, retention of trees within land dedication areas will also need to be reviewed by Parks Arboriculture staff. The Rezoning Considerations include a requirement for submission of a pre-clearing bird nest survey summary of findings and recommendations prior to site clearing activities.

Alderbridge Way Median Enhancement

Additional infill tree planting will be installed along the centre median for the portion of Alderbridge Way fronting the subject site. The applicant will work with Parks staff on an appropriate planting plan for the median via a Servicing Agreement.

Engineering and Transportation Requirements

No significant concerns have been identified through the technical review related to the subject development proposal. As there are several developments occurring or proposed to occur within the vicinity of Alexandra Road some of the off-site works may be advanced by others. Engineering staff will determine how the frontage works along Alexandra Road will occur based on the sequence of Servicing Agreement submissions received and discussions with the individual developers.

Highlights of the off-site engineering requirements include:

- Construction of a 200 mm diameter gravity sanitary sewer along Alexandra Road from the east property line of the development site to future May Drive;
- Construction of a 375 mm diameter sanitary sewer along the future May Drive from Alexandra Road connecting to the existing system on Tomicki Avenue;
- If adequate water flow is not available, then upgrades beyond the development site frontage may be required, e.g. constructing a 200 mm diameter watermain along the future May Drive from Alexandra Road to Tomicki Avenue or from Alexandra Road to Alderbridge Way;
- Replacement of existing watermain from the west property line of the development site to No 4 Road;
- Installation of additional fire hydrants;
- Upgrading of the existing storm sewer line along the property frontage; and
- Undergrounding of existing private utility lines along Alexandra Road.

Key elements of the transportation related off-site requirements include:

- Design and construction of the Alexandra Road frontage including curbing, an 8.5 m wide travel road surface, treed boulevards and sidewalks;
- Design and construction of a 1.5 m wide treed boulevard and 3.3 m wide shared cyclist/pedestrian path along Alderbridge Way;
- Land dedication along Alderbridge Way for the sidewalk and treed boulevard;
- No vehicle access other than emergency access to Alderbridge Way;
- Parking at a ratio of 1.7 spaces for each dwelling unit (1.5 residents, 0.2 visitors);
- A minimum 20% of the parking stalls with a 120 volt receptacle for electric vehicles;
- An addition 25% of the parking stalls be pre-ducted for future wiring for the future installation of electric vehicle charging equipment;
- Provide SU-9 vehicle turning templates;
- Bicycle parking: 1.25 Class 1 space per 62 lling, 0.2 Class 2 spaces per dwelling; and

• On-site drive aisles should be no less than 6.0 m wide.

Staff will ensure that the engineering and transportation related requirements are addressed in the forthcoming Development Permit and Servicing Agreements. Both the Development Permit and the Servicing Agreement(s) are included the Rezoning considerations.

Rezoning Considerations

Detailed Rezoning considerations are provided in Attachment 7.

Development Permit Issues

Issues that will be addressed through the forthcoming Development Permit include:

- Confirmation of the site plan in relation to the Zoning Schedule (ZT71), detailing building massing and design, provision of parking, loading, pedestrian access, amenity areas, surface permeability, incorporation of play areas, etc.;
- Details on the existing vegetation, ESA mitigation, compensation and long-term maintenance plan preparation and protection;
- Addressing drainage concerns in the corridor between this site and the site to the west;
- Registration of any legal agreements related to the protection and maintenance of the ESA vegetation areas;
- Confirmation of the Public Art response;
- Resolving on-site garbage collection and ensuring appropriate vehicle movement;
- Incorporation of appropriate Aircraft Noise Mitigation measures in the building plans;
- A variance will be required to accommodate the number of tandem stalls proposed;
- Addressing accessibility features within the units; and
- Greater definition of the sustainability measures that will be built into the units.

Financial Impact or Economic Impact

None.

Conclusion

The proposed development provides for ground oriented town housing consistent with the West Cambie Area Plan and the Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map. Detailed Biologist and Arborist assessments of the existing vegetation on the subject site have revealed the limitations of the habitat currently found at that location and have been used to prepare appropriate plans for vegetation replacement and enhancement aimed at creating a higher quality of habitat on site.

Based on the information submitted, Staff recommend that:

- a) Bylaw 9159 to create "Town Housing (ZT71) Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" Zoning and to rezone the subject properties to "Town Housing (ZT71) Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" be introduced and given first reading; and
- b) The affordable housing contribution for the rezoning of 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road be allocated entirely (100%) to the capital Affordable Housing Reserve Fund.

David Brownlee Planner 2

Attachment 1: Location Map

Attachment 2: Conceptual Development Plans

Attachment 3: Development Application Data Sheet

Attachment 4: Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map

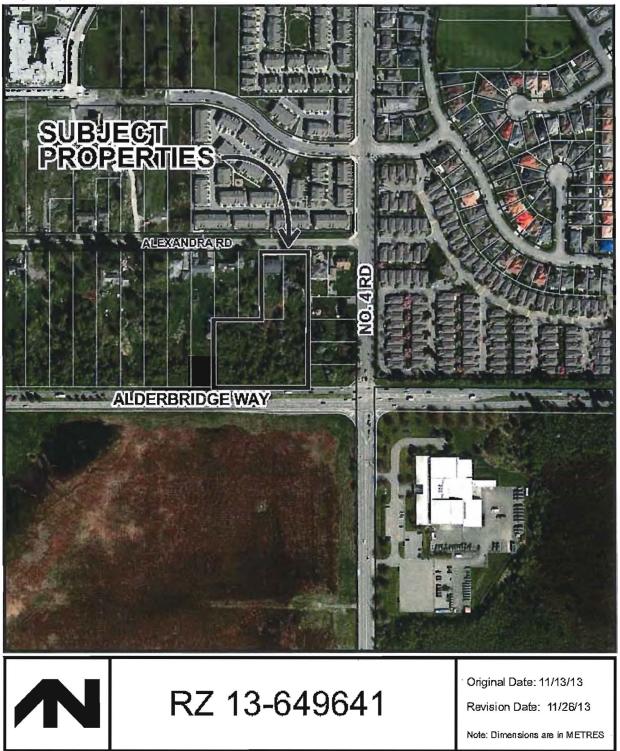
Attachment 5: Biologist's Report – Keystone Environmental dated April 17, 2014, and supplemental findings summary report dated June 3, 2014

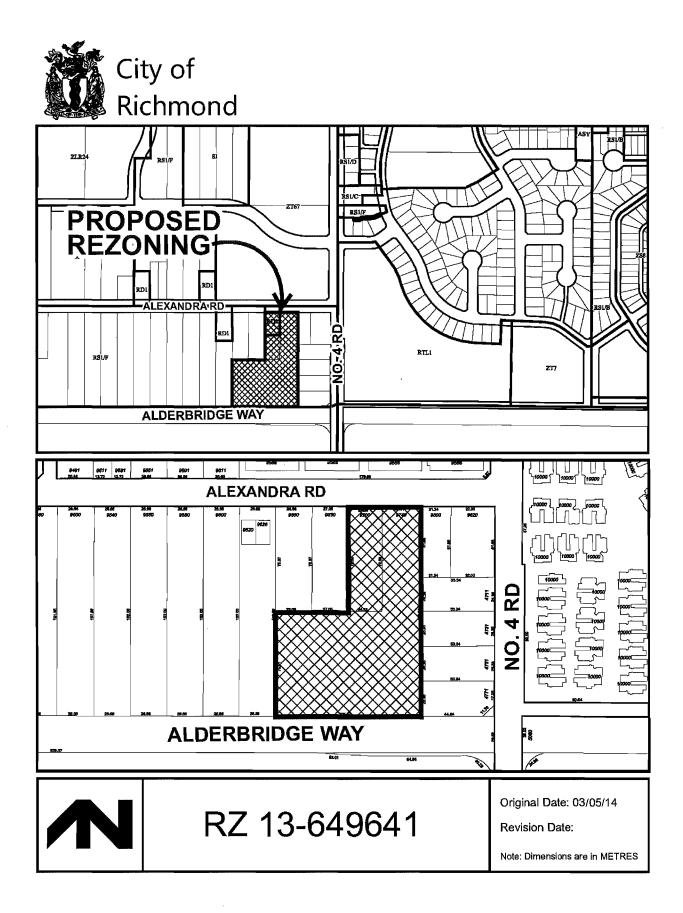
Attachment 6: Arborist's Report - Pacific Sun Tree Services dated June 6, 2014

Attachment 7: Rezoning Considerations Concurrence

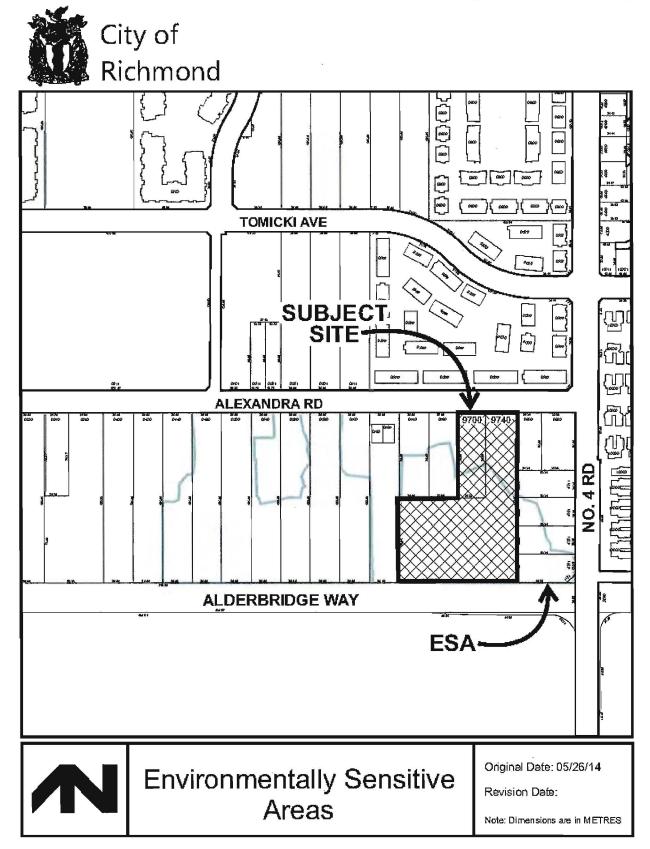
Attachment 8: Letter from the owner of 9800 Alexandra Road

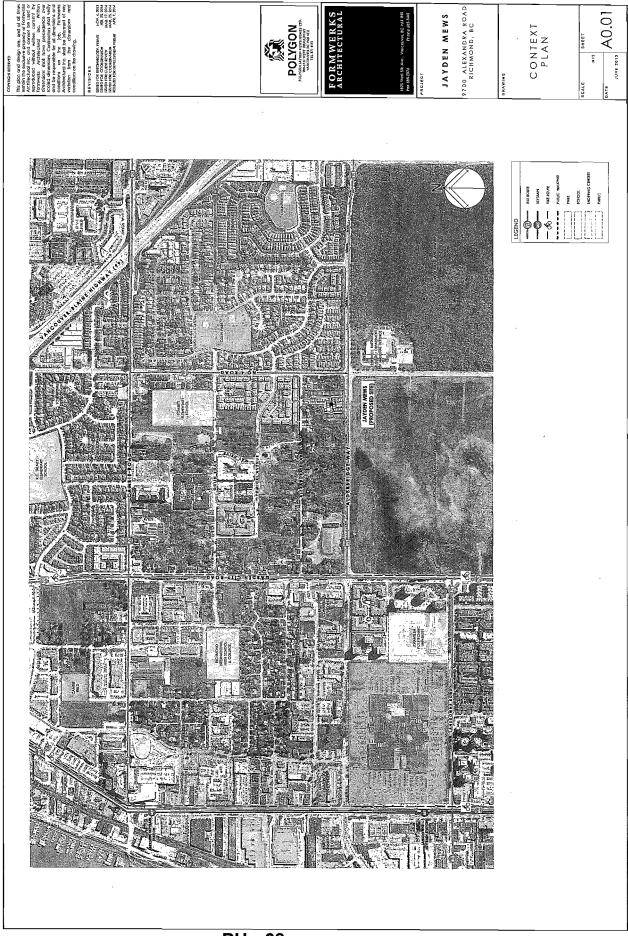






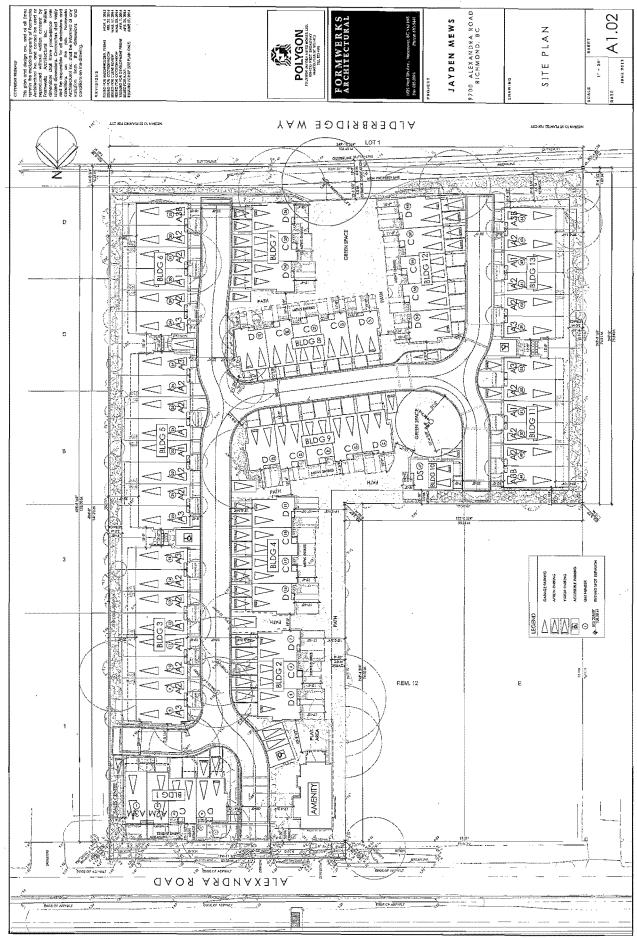
Location Map with Environmentally Sensitive Area Overlay





ATTACHMENT 2

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PH - 70

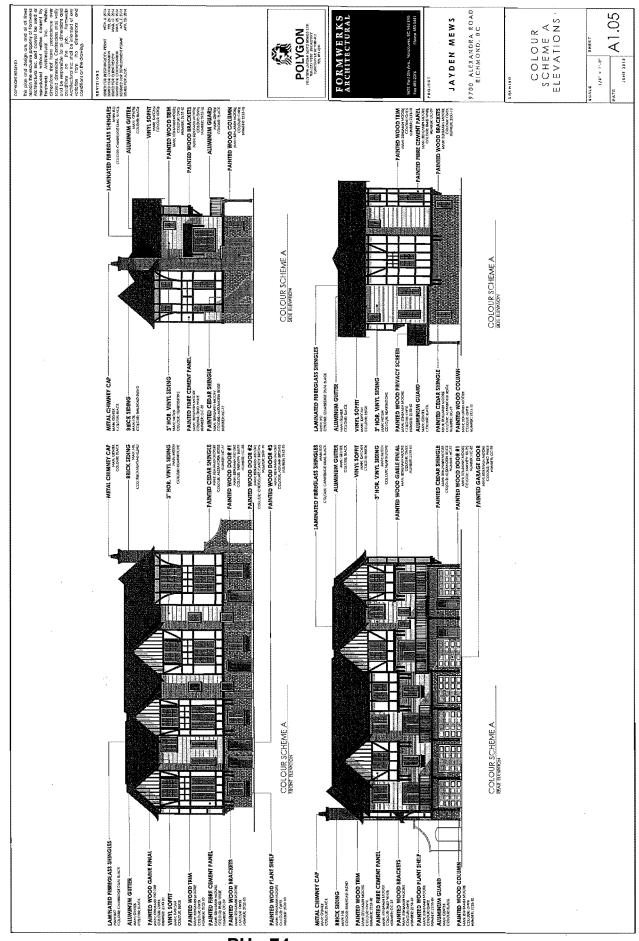


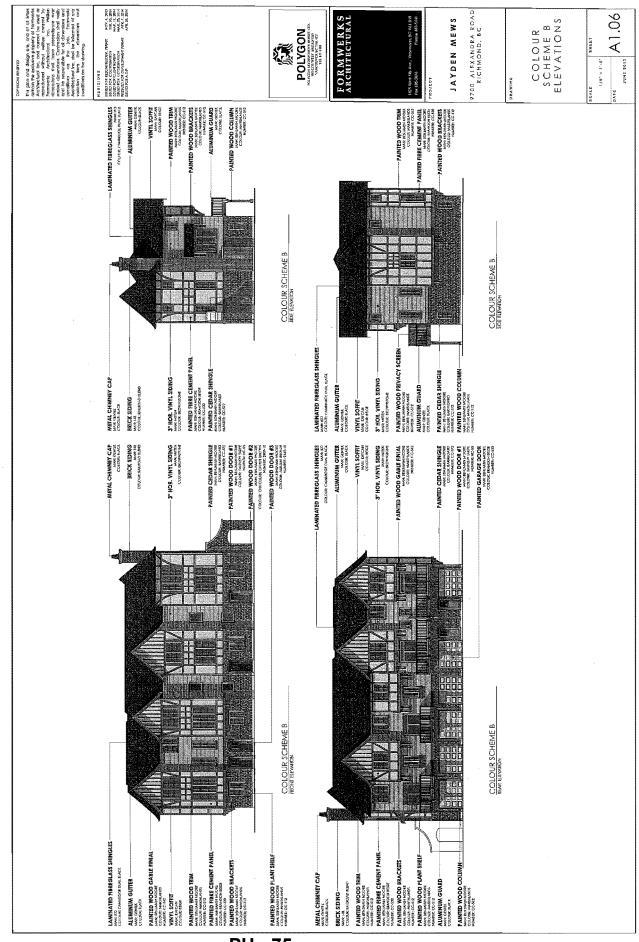
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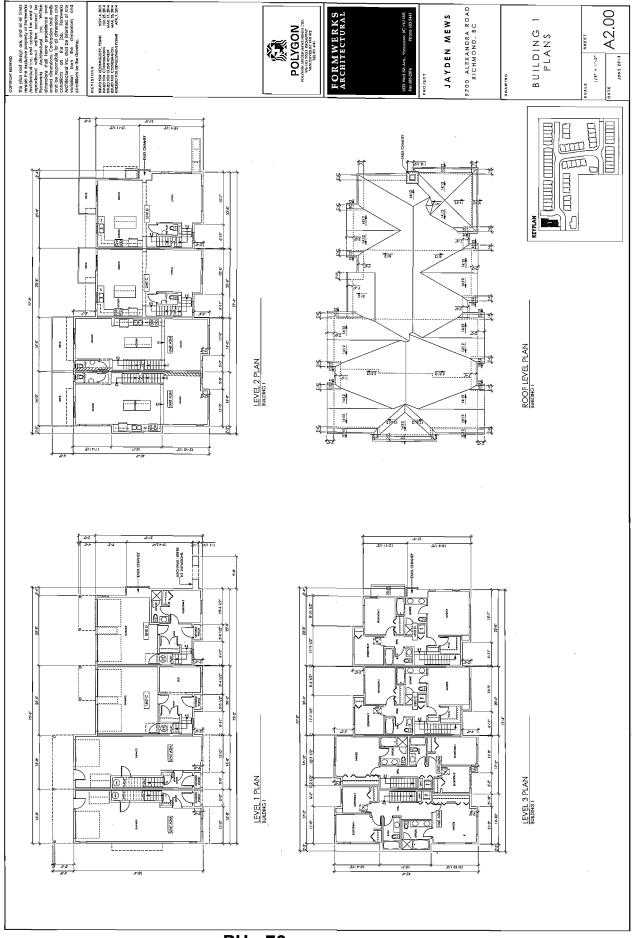


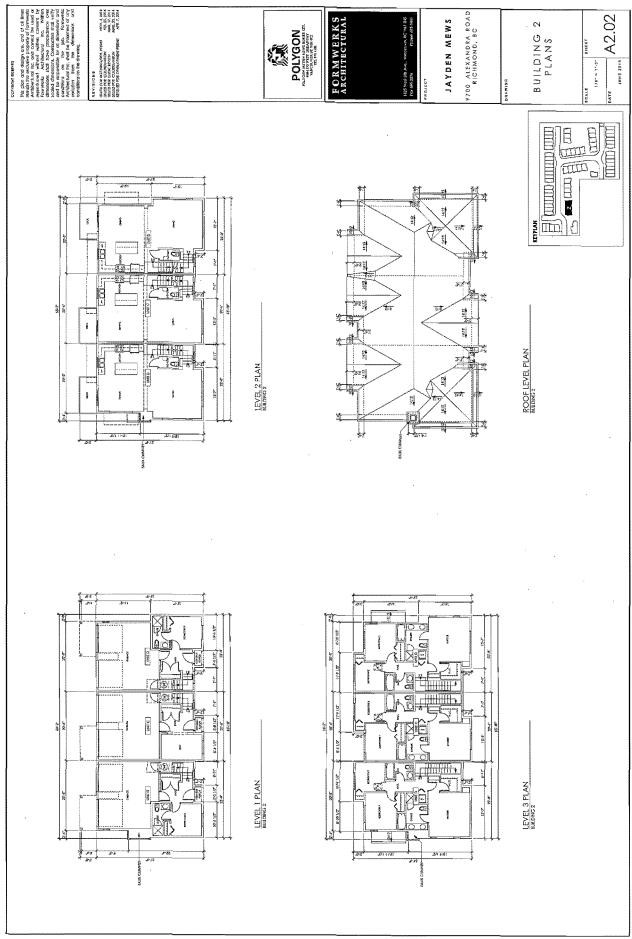
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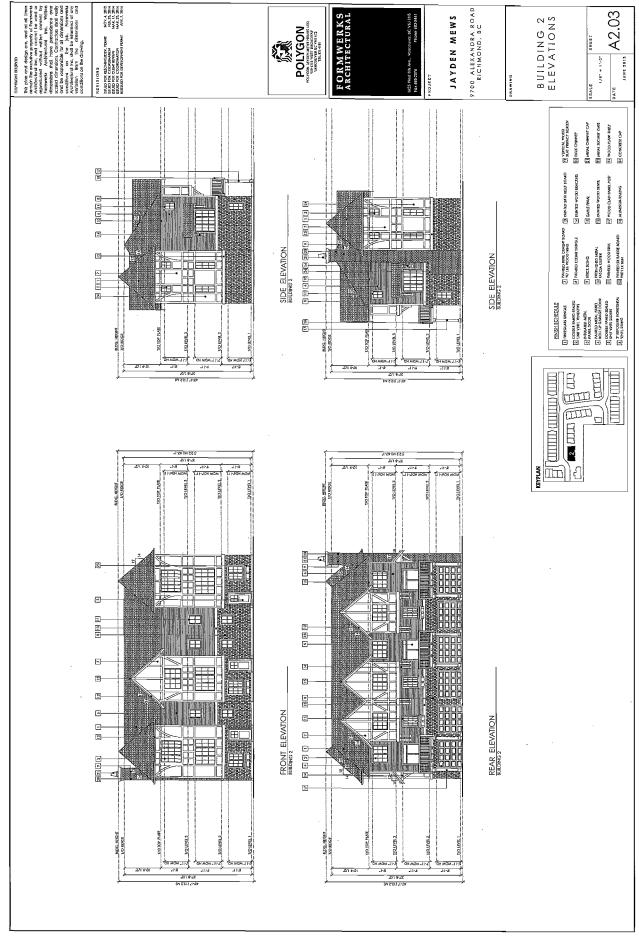


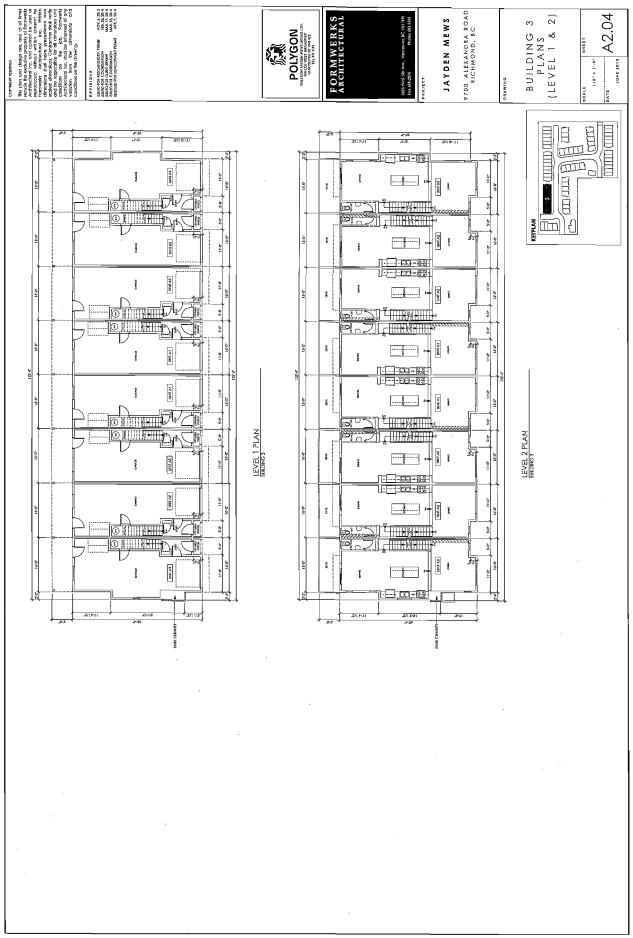


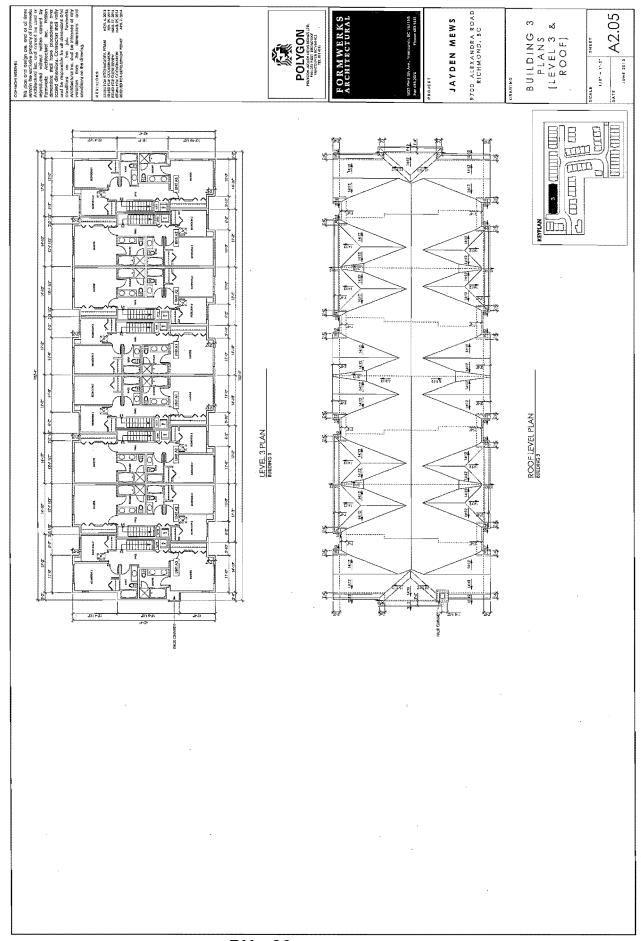


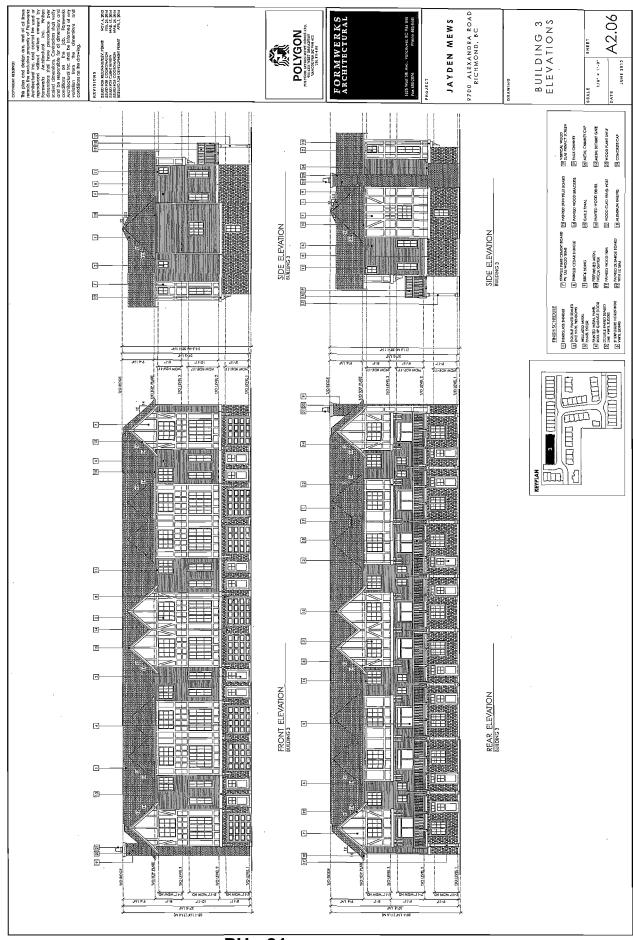


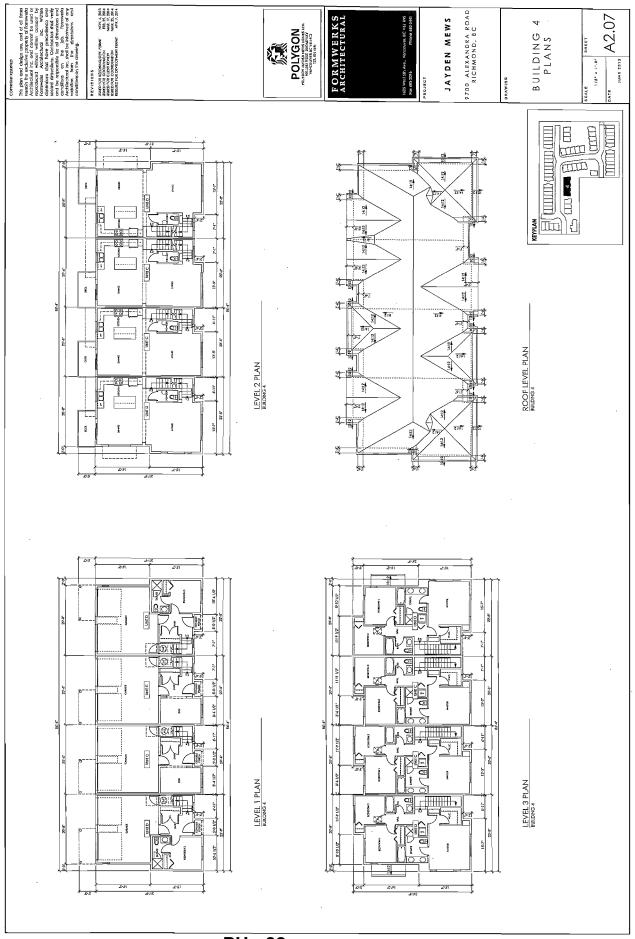


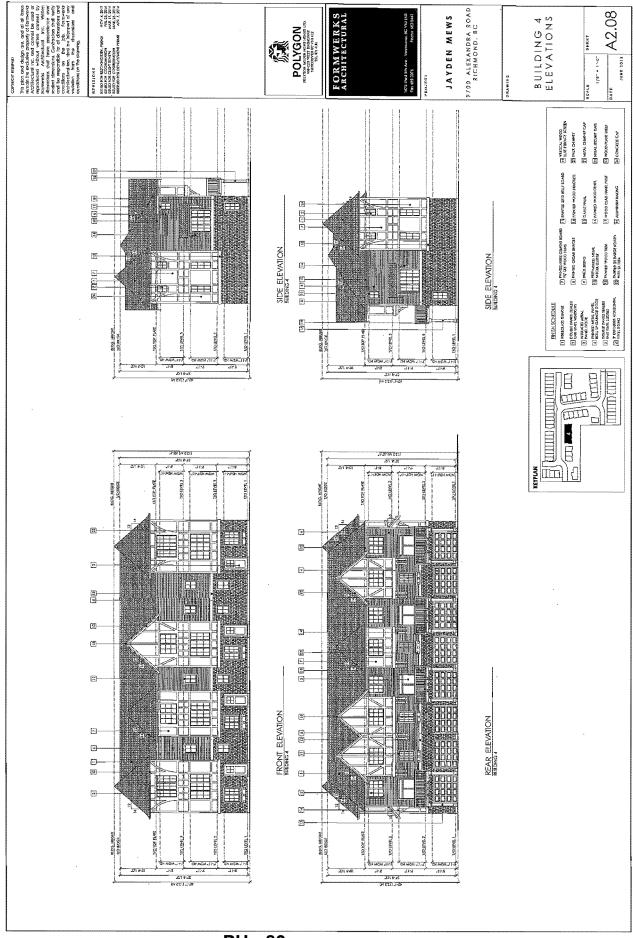


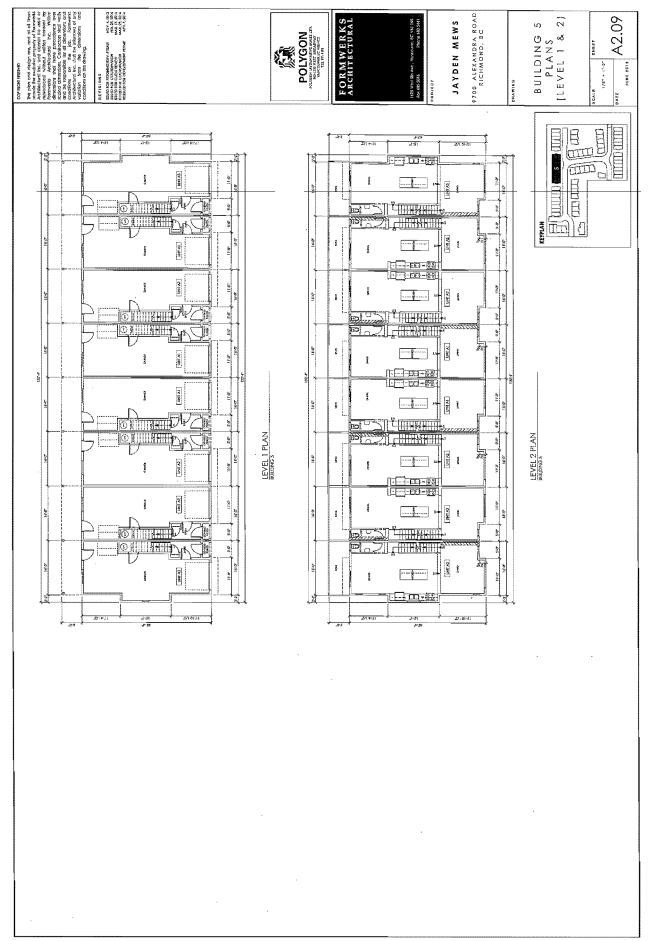


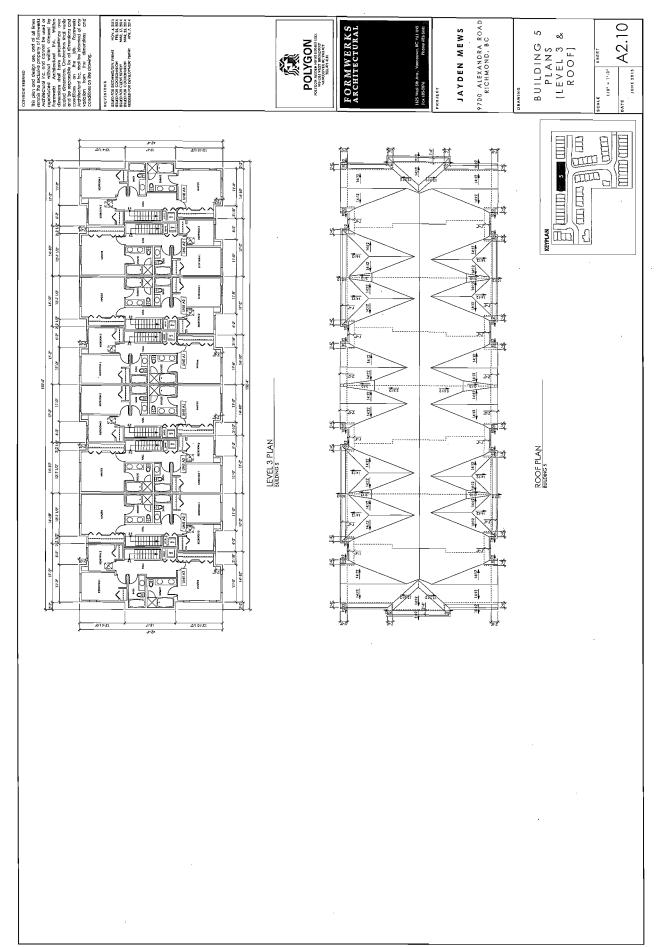


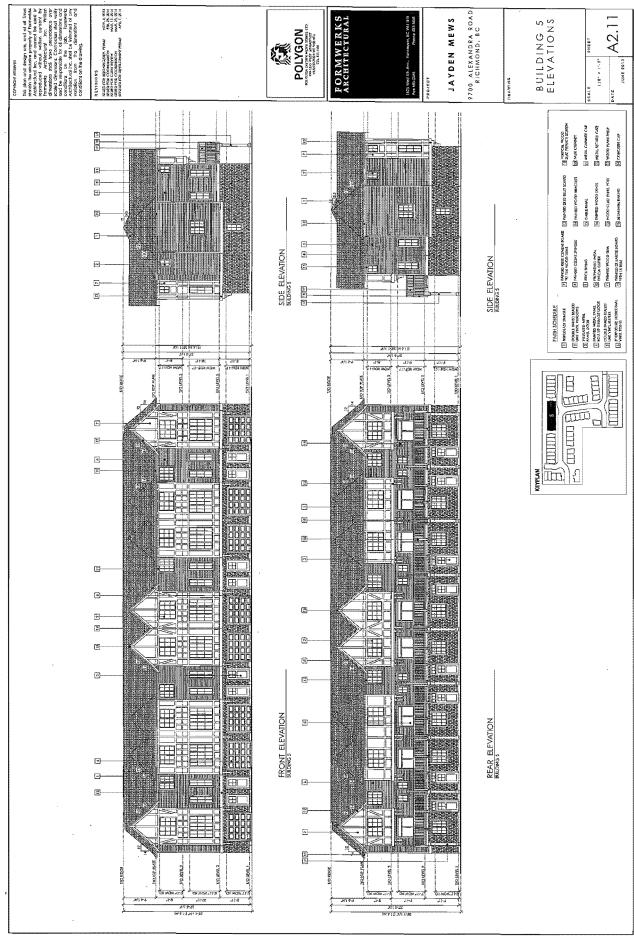


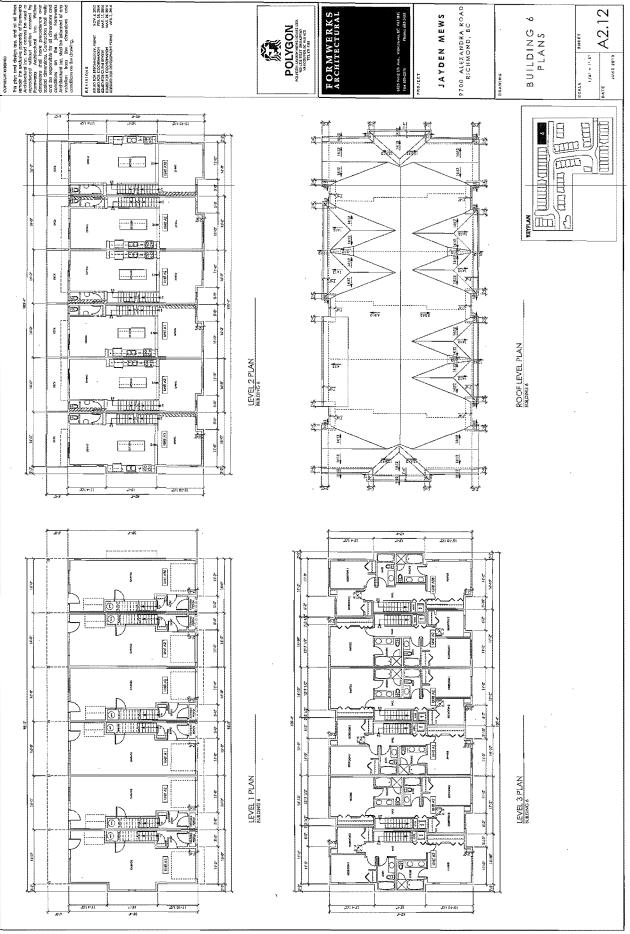


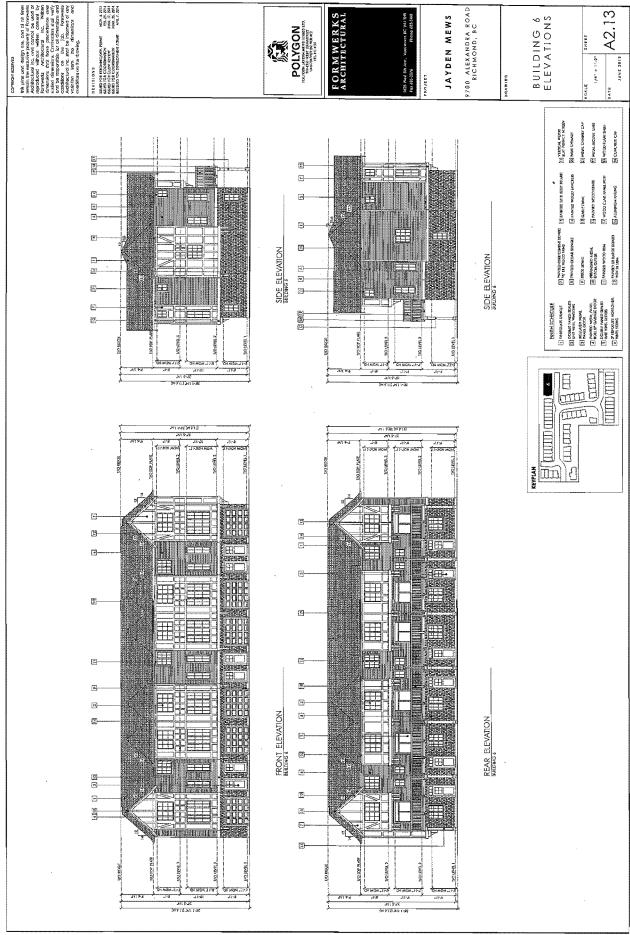


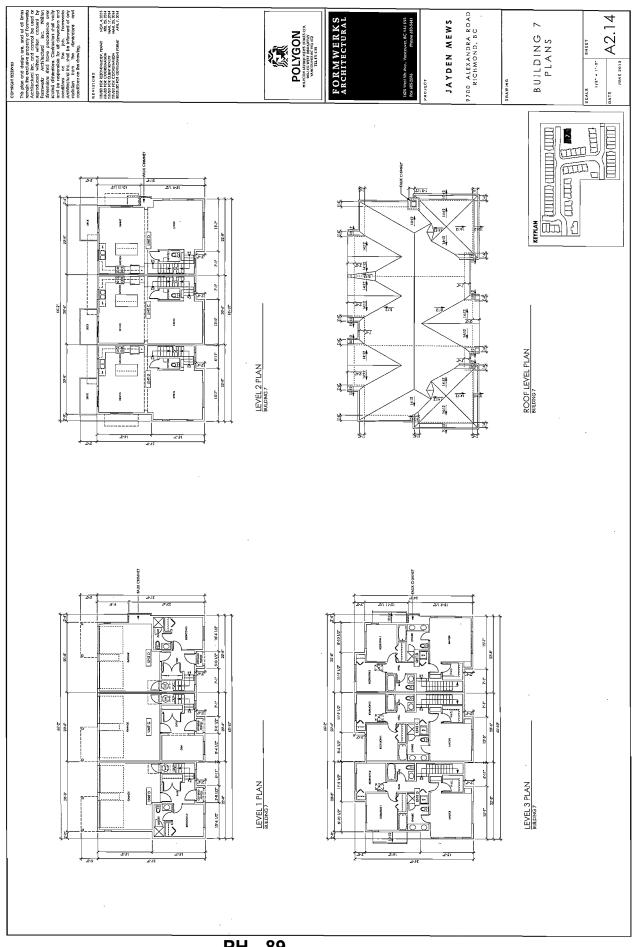


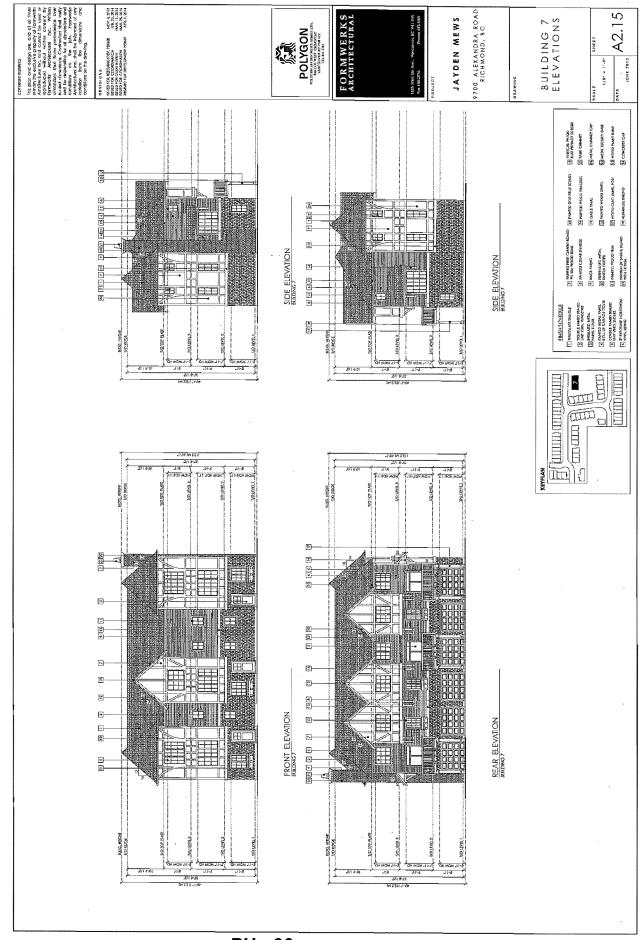


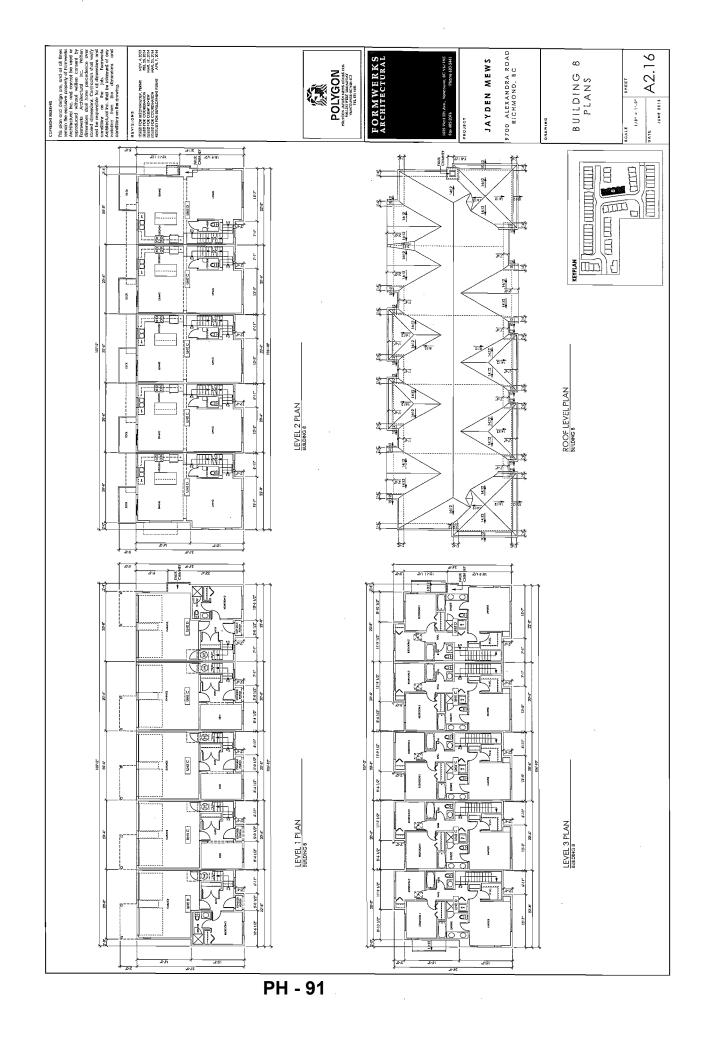


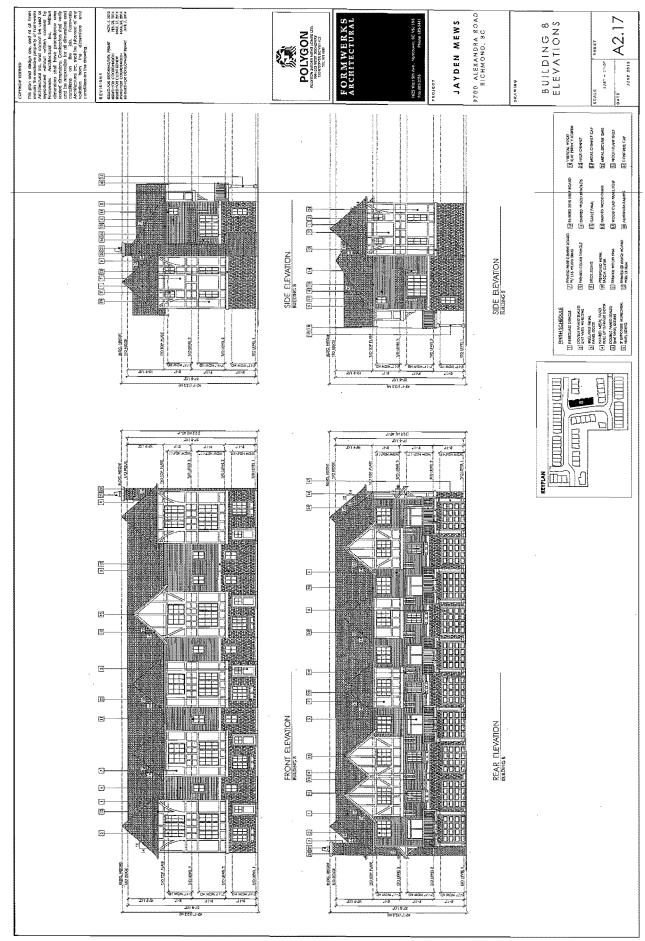


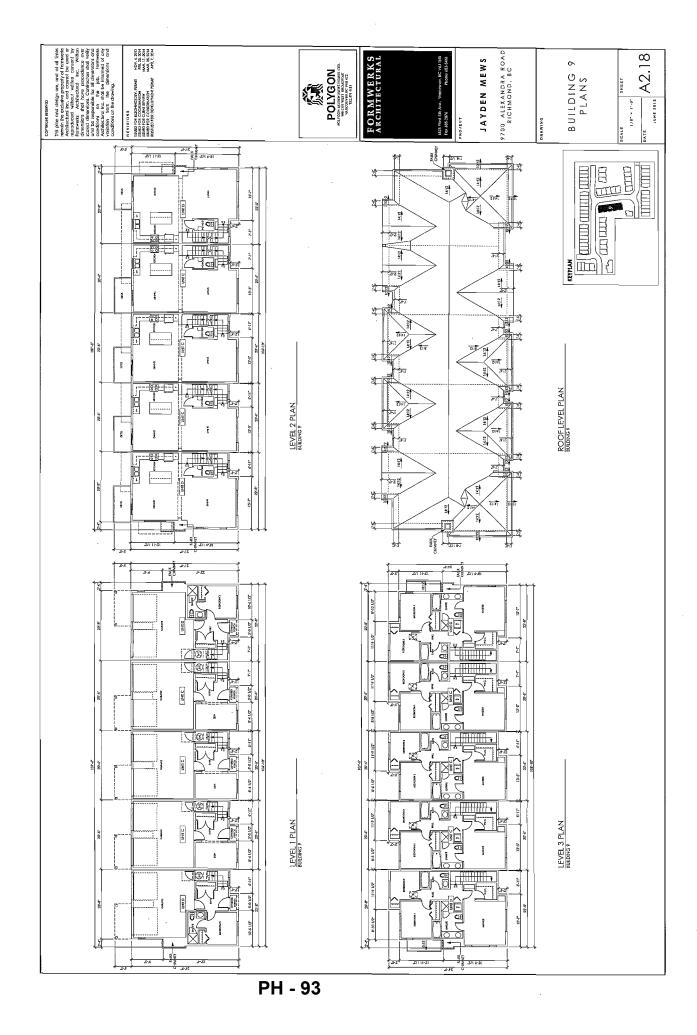


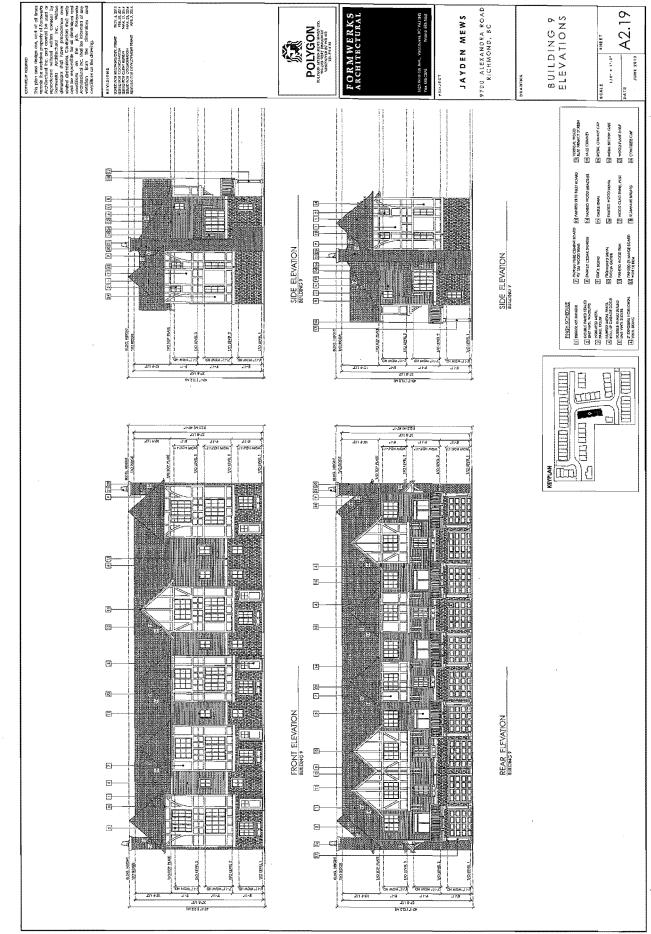


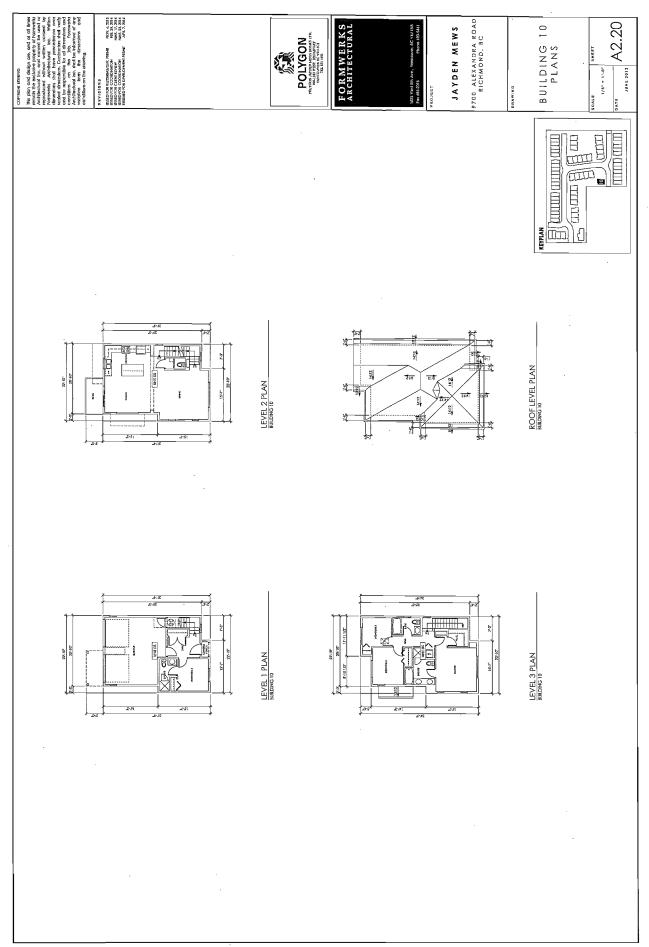


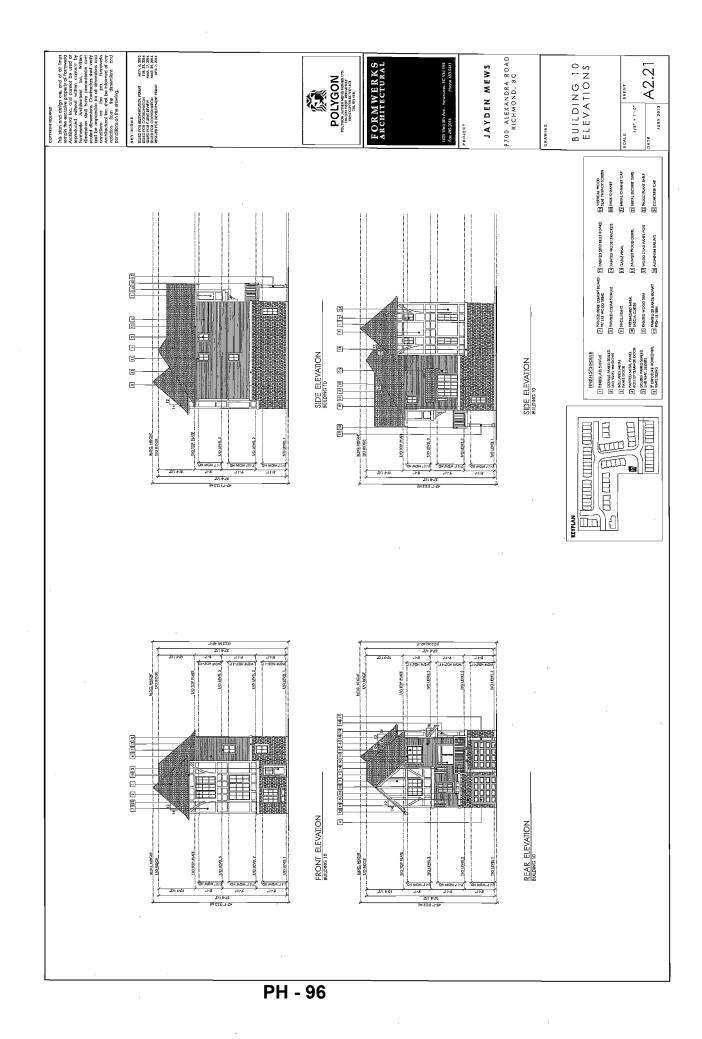


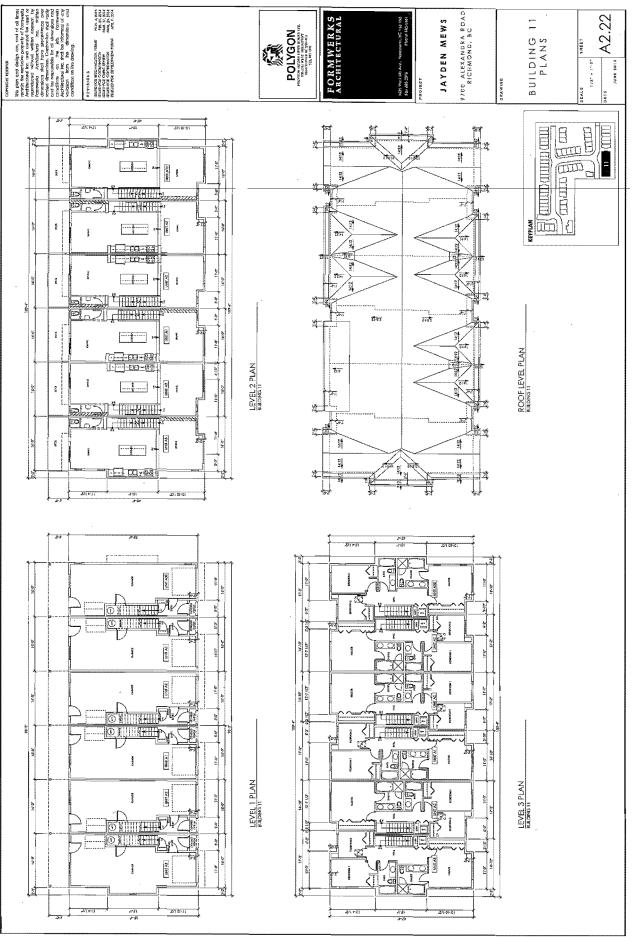


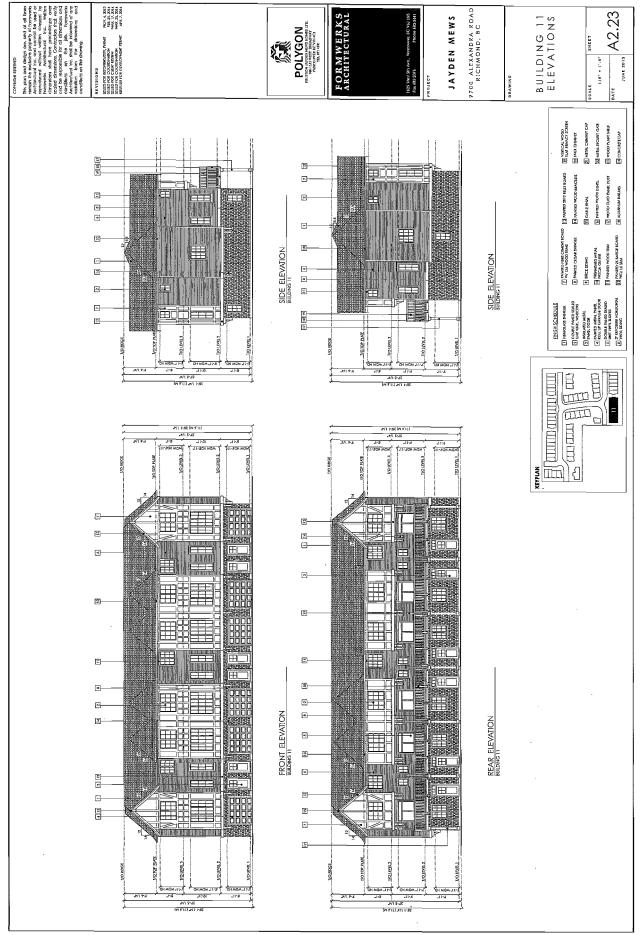


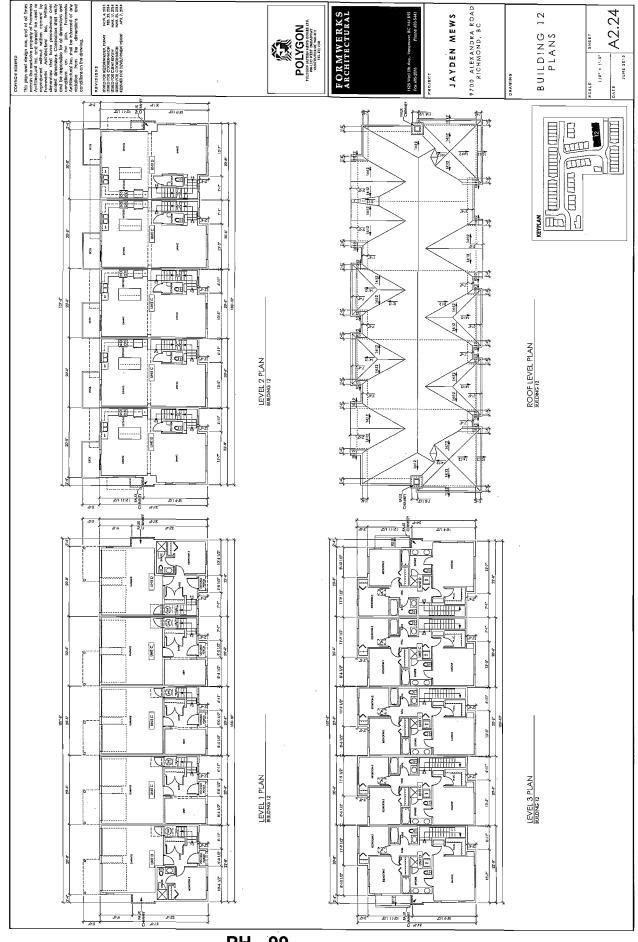


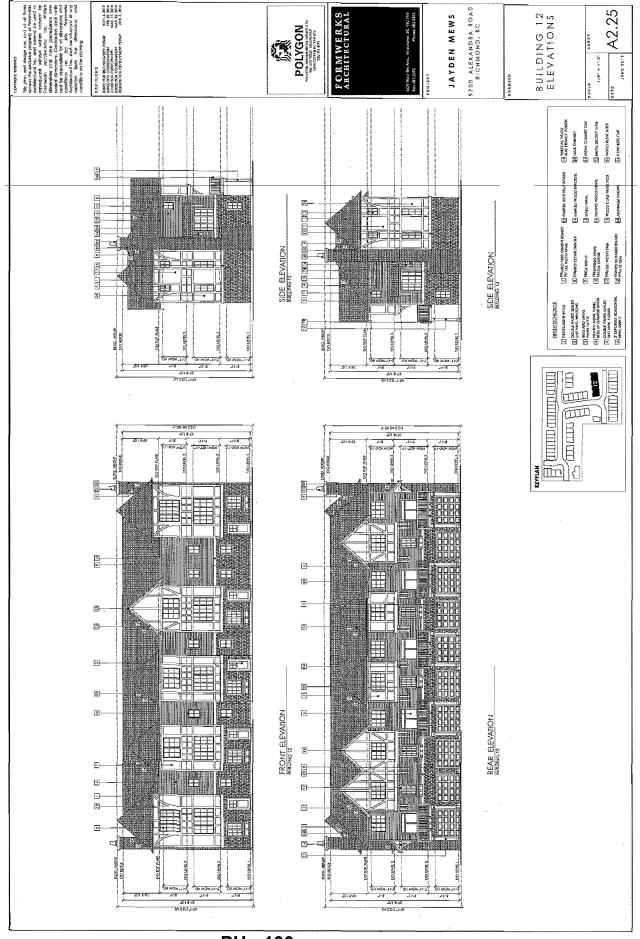


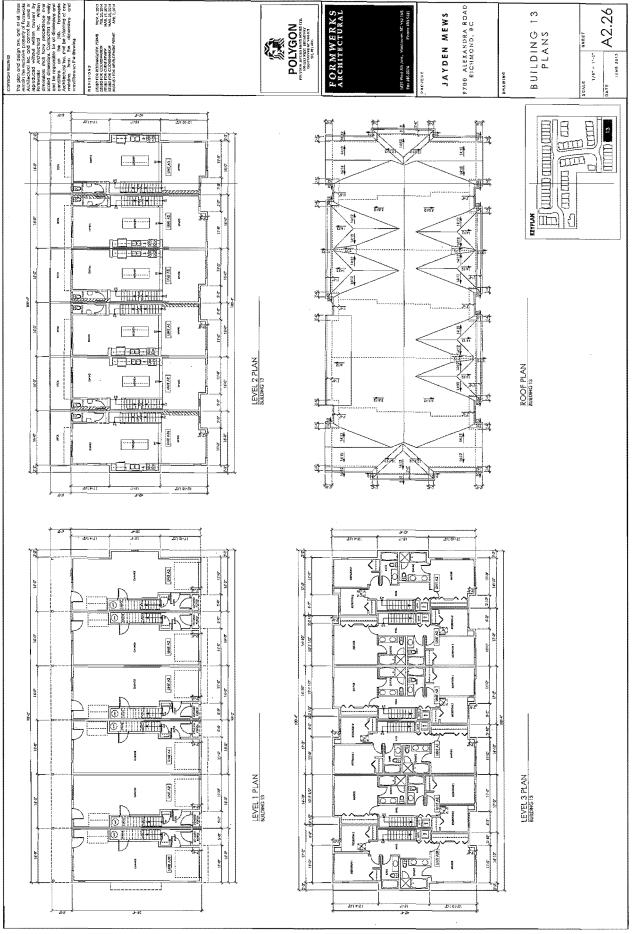


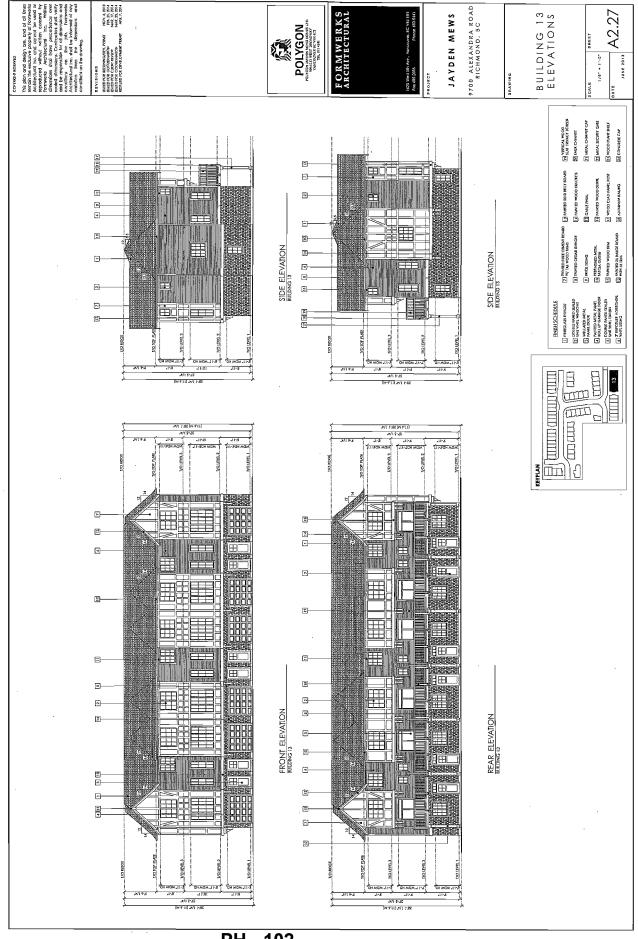


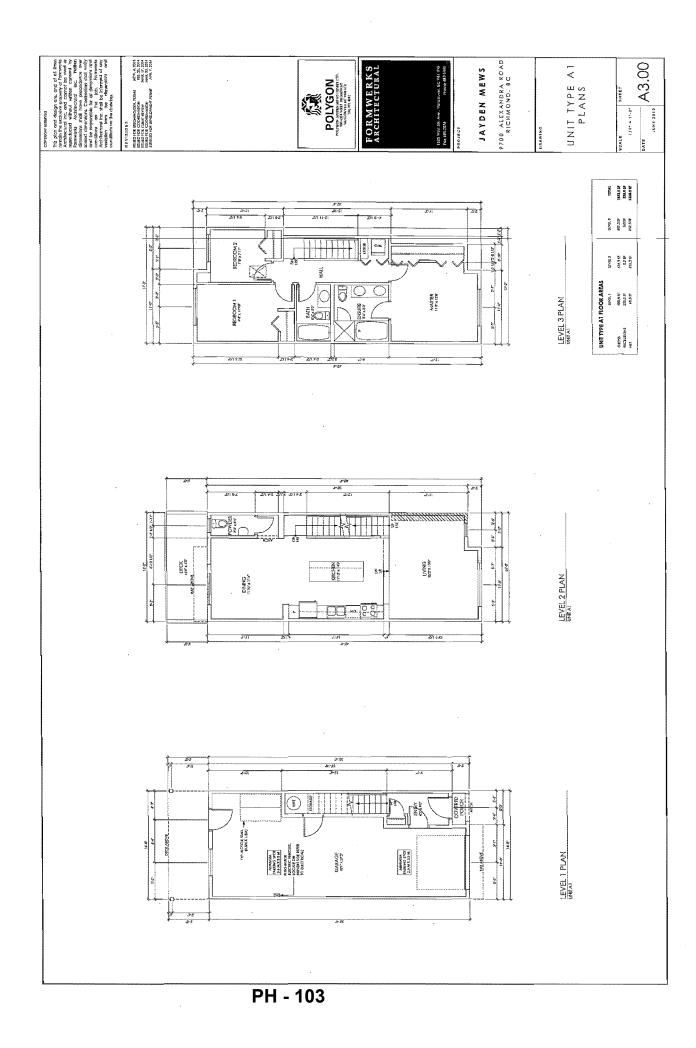




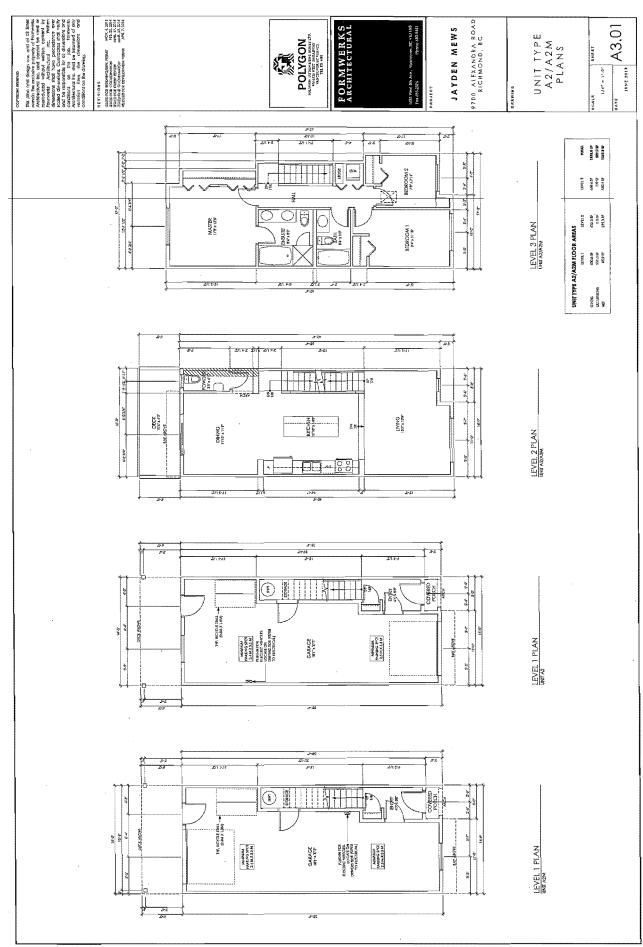


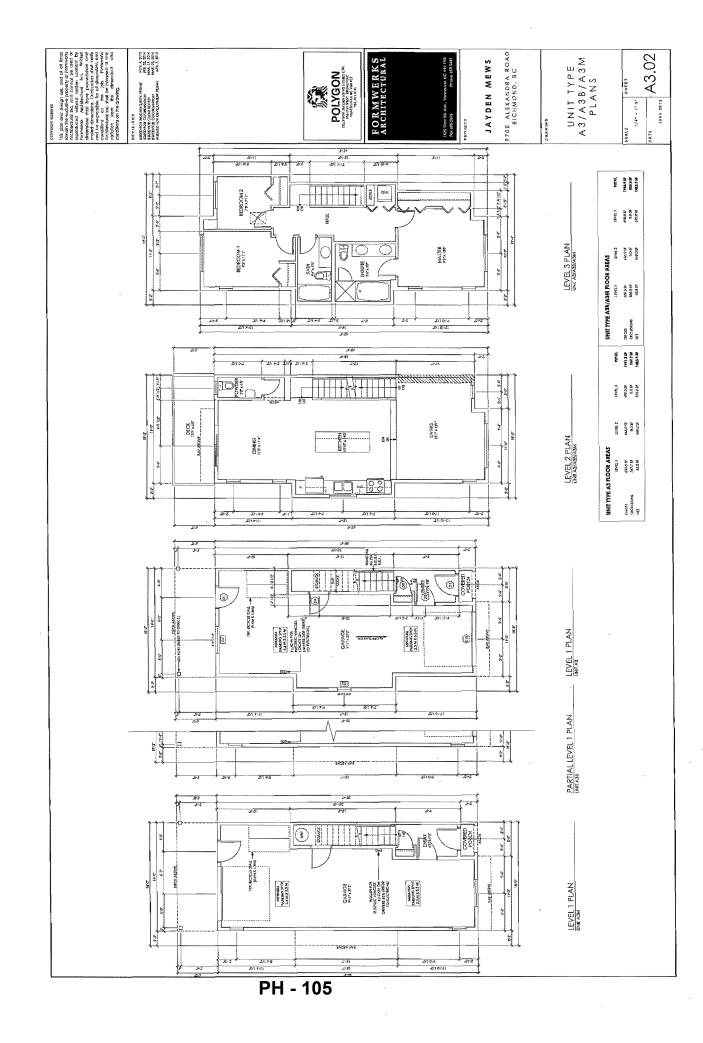


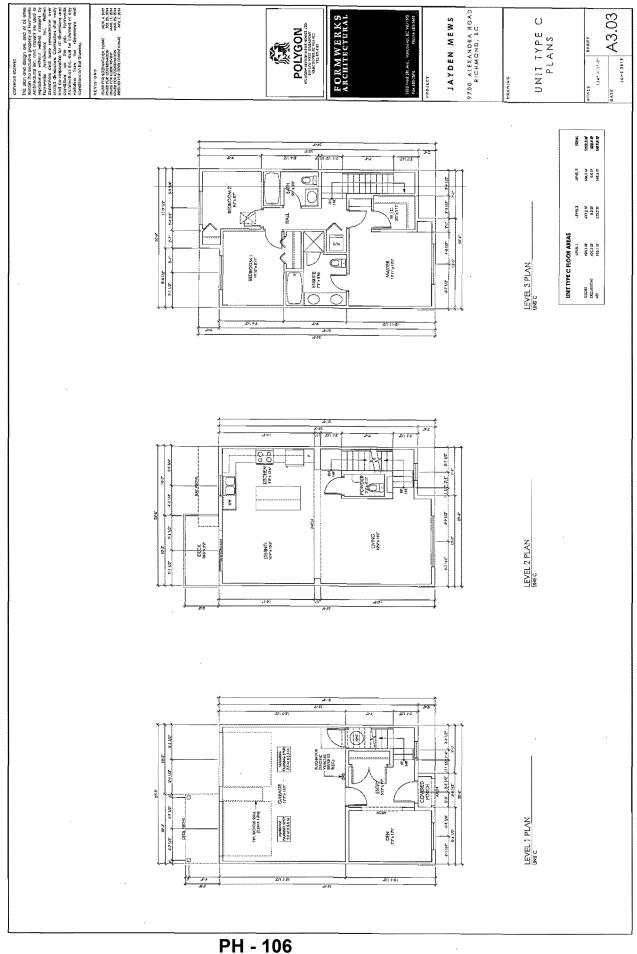


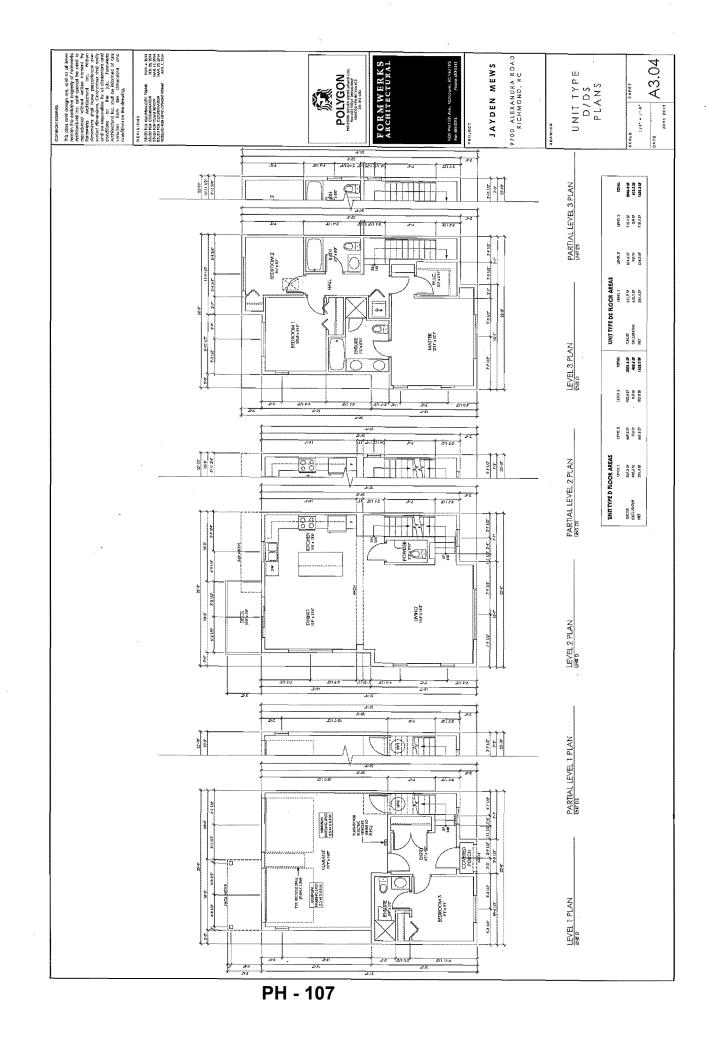


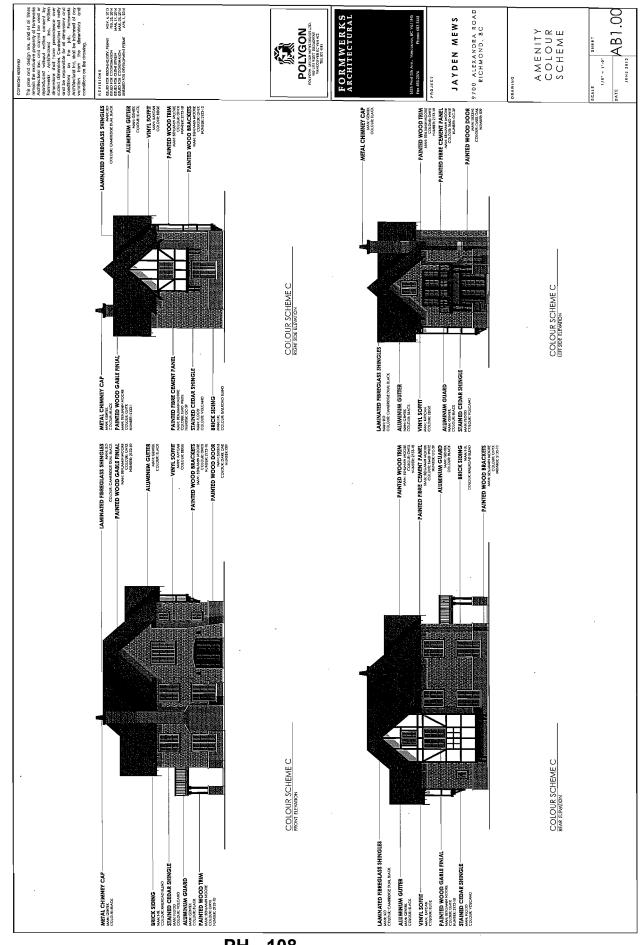


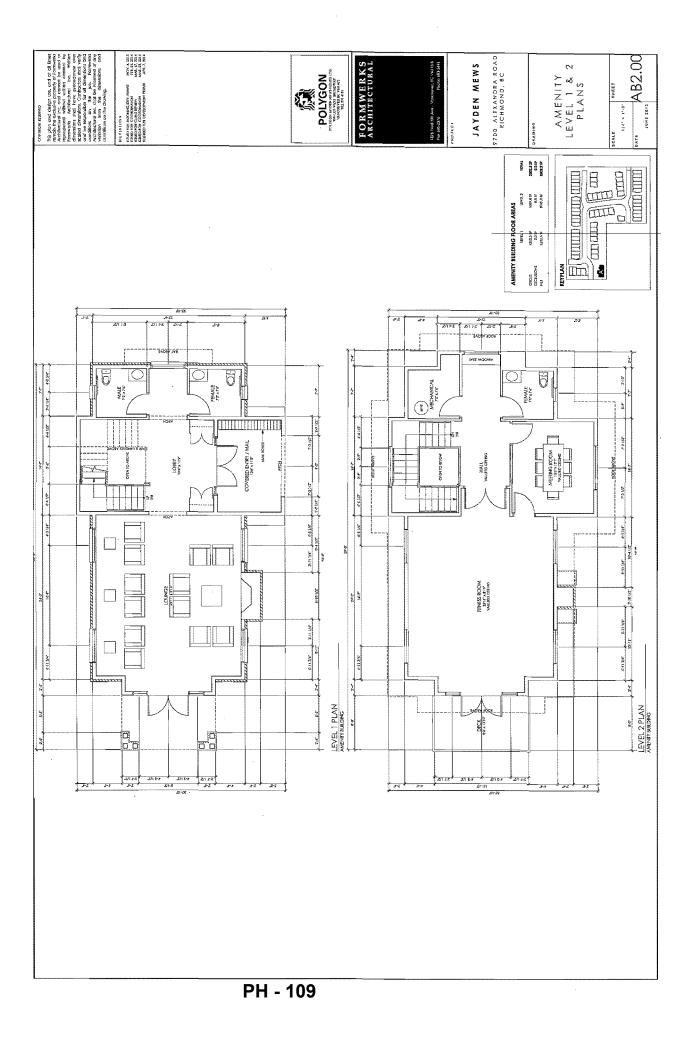














Development Application Data Sheet

Development Applications Division

RZ 13-649641

Address: 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road

Applicant: Polygon Development 296 Ltd.

Planning Area(s): West Cambie

	Existing	Proposed
Owner:	Polygon Development 296 Ltd.	Same
Site Size (m ²):	12,150.05 m ² gross area (130,782 ft ²)	11812.16 m ² (127,145 ft ²) net of dedications Road dedication = 337.89 m^2
Land Uses:	Single-Family Residential	Multi-Family Residential
OCP Designation:	Neighbourhood Residential	Same
Area Plan Designation: (West Cambie Area Plan)	Residential Area 2; 0.65 base FAR (Max. 0.75 FAR with density bonusing for affordable housing). Two- and three-storey Townhouses.	Same
Zoning:	Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1) and Single Detached (RS1/F)	"Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)"
Number of Units:	2 single family dwellings	Approximately 64
Other Designations:	75% of the site is designated Environmentally Sensitive Area	Portions of the site will be retained and enhanced as natural areas. It is proposed that the ESA designation be adjusted through a subsequent OCP amendment.

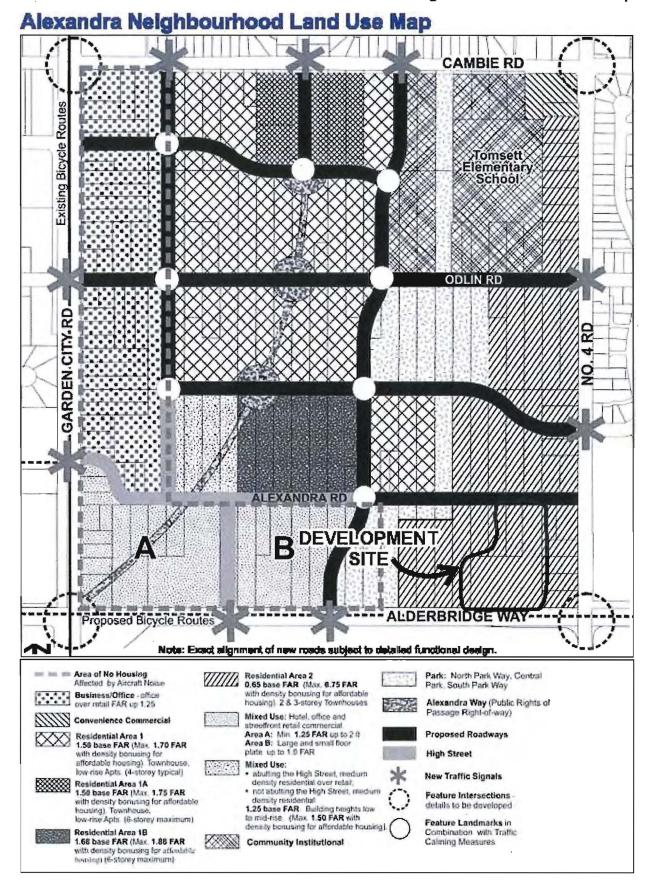
On Future Subdivided Lots	Bylaw Requirement	Proposed	Variance
Density (units/acre):	N/A	64/3.00 = 21.93 upa	None permitted
Floor Area Ratio:	Max. 0.65 or 0.75 with affordable housing contribution per West Cambie Area Plan	0.72 with a voluntary cash contribution of \$678,107.00 based on a net buildable of 91,120.59 ft ²	None permitted
Lot Coverage – Building:	Max. 40%	33%	None
Lot Size (min. area):	10,000 m ²	11812.16 m ² net (127,145 ft ²)	None

Attachment 3

On Future Subdivided Lots	Bylaw Requirement	Proposed	Variance
Setback – Front Yard (m):	Min. 3.0 m for amenity building; 4.0 m for all other buildings	Min. 3.0 m for amenity building; 4.0m for all other buildings m Min.	None
Setback – Side Yards (m):	Min. 3.0 m	Min. 3.0 m	None
Setback – Rear Yard (m):	Min. 4.0 m	Min. 4.0 m to 6.0 m	None
Height (m):	12.2 m	12.2 m	None
Off-street Parking Spaces – Regular (R) / Visitor (V):	98 (R) and 13 (V) per unit (1.5 R / 0.2 V)	152 (R) and 13 (V) per unit	None
Off-street Parking Spaces – Total:	111	165	None
Stalls with Electrical Plug-ins	25% = 32 stalls	64 stalls	None
Enclosed Tandem Parking Spaces:	Permitted	72 tandem spaces within 36 units (56.25%)	Variance 8 stalls over
Bicycle Stalls	Class 1: 1.25/unit (80) Class 2: 0.20/unit (13)	Class 1: 87 Class 2: 13	None
Amenity Space – Indoor:	Min. 100 m ² (1,076 ft ²)	213.86 m ² (2,302 ft ²)	None
Amenity Space – Outdoor:	6.0 m ² (64.59 ft ²) per unit 384 m ² total	1,411.01 m ² (15,188 ft ²)	None

Other: Tree replacement compensation required for loss of significant trees.

ATTACHMENT 4 Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map



PH - 112

ATTACHMENT 5

>>> KeystoneEnviro.com



April 17, 2014

Mr. Chris Ho Polygon Development 296 Ltd. Suite 900 - 1333 West Broadway Vancouver, BC V6H 4C2

Dear Mr. Ho:

Re: DRAFT Report of Findings – Biophysical Assessment 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road, Richmond, BC Project No. 11800 (v2.0)

We have enclosed one copy of the report titled DRAFT *Report of Findings* – *Biophysical Assessment* – 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road, Richmond, BC (version 2.0). We are pleased to submit this report to the Polygon Construction. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

Keystone Environmental Ltd.

DRAFT

Craig S. Patterson, B.Sc. Project Manager

11800 140417 DRAFT Biophysical Assessment updated.docx

Encl.

Suite 320 4400 Dominion Street Burnaby, British Columbia Canada V5G 4G3 Telephone: 604 430 0671 Facsimile: 604 430 0672 info@KeystoneEnviro.com Environmental Consulting Engineering Solutions Assessment & Protection

DRAFT REPORT OF FINDINGS BIOPHYSICAL ASSESSMENT

9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road Richmond, BC

Prepared for:

POLYGON DEVELOPMENT 296 LTD. Suite 900 – 1333 West Broadway Vancouver, BC V6H 4C2

Prepared by:

KEYSTONE ENVIRONMENTAL LTD. Suite 320 – 4400 Dominion Street Burnaby, BC V5G 4G3

> Telephone: 604-430-0671 Facsimile: 604-430-0672 www.keystoneenviro.com

> > Project No. 11800

April 2014

PH - 114

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Keystone Environmental Ltd. (Keystone Environmental) was contracted by Polygon Developments to conduct a Biophysical Assessment on a proposed development located at 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road in Richmond, BC.

The objectives of this study were as follows:

- Conduct an environmentally-based literature and database search on the property and surrounding areas, including applicable fisheries, wildlife and habitat databases.
- Perform a Site reconnaissance to assess flora, fauna and habitat features, and the collection of applicable biophysical information and photographic documentation.
- Complete a report, which contains study findings, identifies potential habitat sensitivities, and provided recommendations.
- Develop and present an Environmental Balance Sheet, detailing and quantifying habitat currently present and comparing to future landscaping plans.
- Present within this report, advisement and recommendations on developing within an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA), as per City of Richmond bylaws.

An assessment of the Site was conducted on July 29, 2013 and on February 5, 2014, according to the City of Richmond's *Criteria for the Protection of Environmentally Sensitive Areas, 2001*. Tree species noted in the assessment included birch, pine, cherry, Douglas fir, cedar, apple and alder; in total, 65 trees were surveyed. Throughout the Site, a dense understory of shrubs and herbs were noted. Fauna observed on-Site included a variety of songbirds and other passerines; no mammals, amphibians or reptiles were noted on-Site. Barn owls and barred owls had been previously documented as roosting on-Site, however no evidence of owls was visible during the field surveys. In the comparison between vegetation currently present on-Site and the proposed landscaping (designed by ETA landscape architecture), the environmental balance sheet shows an improvement in habitat quality in the future development. Based on City bylaws and Site observations, a number of recommendations were made, with the general theme of retaining the trees on-Site habitat values and/or incorporating habitat values, such as songbird habitat into the proposed development.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

			ABLES	
LIST	OF A	PPENDIC	ces	
1.			ION	
	1.1		scription	
	1.2	•	of Assessment	
	1.3	Regulate	ory Framework	2
2.	DES	CRIPTIO	N OF THE EXISTING ENVIRONMENT	3
	2.1	Terrestr	ial Flora and Fauna Background Information	3
â	2.2	Vegetat	ion Assemblages	5
	2.3	Wildlife	Habitat Units	9
		2.3.1	Habitat Area 1 – Hardhack-Fireweed-Blackberry Open Habitat	12
		2.3.2	Habitat Area 2 - Deciduous-Dominated Mixed Community	12
	2.4	Februar	y 2014 Vegetation Survey	13
	2.5	Wildlife		15
		2.5.1	Birds	16
		2.5.2	Herpetofauna (Amphibians and Reptiles)	
		2.5.3	Small Mammals	
		2.5.4	Large Mammals	
		2.5.5	Invertebrates	
3.			NTAL BALANCE SHEET	
	3.1		tion	
	3.2	Develop	oment of Environmental Balance Work Sheet	21
	3.3	Results	and Recommendations	25
4.	REC	OMMEN	DATIONS	28
5.	PRO	FESSIO	NAL STATEMENT	32
6.	REF	ERENCE	S	



LIST OF IN-TEXT TABLES

Page

Table 2-1	Provincial Red- and Blue Listed Plant Species Potentially Occurring in the Study Area	6
Table 2-2	Provincially Red- and Blue-listed Ecological Plant Communities Potentially Occurring in the Study Area	7
Table 2-3	Plant Species Observed in the Study Area	9
Table 2-4	Trees Present in Study Area – July 29, 2013	. 10
Table 2-5	Vegetation Present in Study Quadrats – February 5, 2014	. 14
Table 2-6	Provincial Red- and Blue-listed Animal Species Potentially Occurring in the Study Area	. 17
Table 2-7	Animal Species Observed/Reported in the Study Area	. 20
Table 3-1	Environmental Balance Sheet	. 26

LIST OF APPENDICES

- Appendix A Figures
- Appendix B Photographic Plates
- Appendix C Conservation Data Centre Search Results
- Appendix D Keystone Environmental Ltd. General Terms and Conditions for Services



LIST OF ACRONYMS

ASL	ABOVE SEA LEVEL
BC BEC BMPs	BRITISH COLUMBIA BIOGEOCLIMATIC ECOSYSTEM CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES
CDC CMN COSEWIC CWHxm	BRITISH COLUMBIA CONSERVATION DATA CENTRE COMMUNITY MAPPING NETWORK COMMITTEE ON THE STATUS OF ENDANGERED WILDLIFE IN CANADA COASTAL WESTERN HEMLOCK VERY DRY MARITIME
DFO	FISHERIES AND OCEANS CANADA
EA EOR ESA	ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREA
FISS	FISHERIES INFORMATION SUMMARY SYSTEM
MFLNRO	BRITISH COLUMBIA MINISTRY OF FORESTS, LANDS AND NATURAL RESOURCE OPERATIONS
MOE	BRITISH COLUMBIA MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT
OCP	OFFICIAL COMMUNITY PLAN
RISC ROW	RESOURCE INVENTORY STANDARDS COMMITTEE RIGHT-OF-WAY
SARA SHIM	SPECIES AT RISK ACT SENSITIVE HABITAT AND INVENTORY MAPPING
VEC	VALUED ECOSYSTEM COMPONENTS



1. INTRODUCTION

Keystone Ltd. (Keystone Environmental Environmental) was contracted by Polygon Development 296 Ltd., to conduct а Biophysical Assessment at 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road, located in Richmond, BC (the Site). On these properties, the southern portion (approximately 9000 m²) is designated as an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA) (City of Richmond, 1999). These ESAs are identified as areas with ecological value, forming links between conservation areas/parks (in this case, between the ESA at Shell Road and the Nature Park), or are lands that are part of the Agricultural Land Reserve. The City has adopted the Environmentally Sensitive Areas Guidelines, 1999 (and its companion document Criteria for the Protection of Environmentally Sensitive Areas, 2001) to conserve and protect ESAs. This report was prepared in response to the City of Richmond's requirement that an assessment be conducted prior to issuing a development permit approval, to address potential impacts to the Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA). As required by these guidelines, with the aim of assessing the habitat values of these properties, an assessment of the vegetation and wildlife present was conducted.

1.1 Site Description

The Site is located on the south side of Alexandra Road between Garden City Road and No. 4 Road in the City of Richmond, BC. The Site is currently occupied by two residences, a duplex residence and a single residence. The Site is bordered to the north by Alexandra Road and by residential properties to the west, south and east, as shown on Figure 1 (Appendix A).

The stratigraphy of the Site consists of bog, swamp, and shallow lake deposits of postglacial age. This unit consists of lowland peat up to 8 m thick, in part overlying overbank sandy to silt loam over deltaic and distributary channel fill (Geological Survey of Canada Map 1486A, 1979).

The local groundwater flow direction may vary as a result of local conditions, such as topography, geology and the presence of drainage channels and buried utilities, and is subject to confirmation with field measurements. Based on the relatively flat local topography, the local groundwater flow direction is inferred to be variable and indeterminate. With the exception of drainage ditches (located adjacent to the north of the Site) the closest waterbody is the Middle Arm of the Fraser River, located approximately 1.8 km northwest of the Site.



1.2 Scope of Assessment

The scope of work for this study included the following tasks:

- Conduct an environmentally-based literature and database search on the property and surrounding areas including applicable fisheries, wildlife and habitat databases.
- Perform a Site reconnaissance to assess flora, fauna and habitat features, and the collection of applicable biophysical information and photographic documentation.
- Complete a report, identifying study findings, potential habitat sensitivities, and recommendations.

Spatial boundaries for this assessment included the proposed Site's footprint (approximately 1.2 ha) and surrounding habitats. The surrounding habitats were bordered by Alexandra Road to the north, Alderbridge Way to the south, housing and No. 4 Road to the east, and the open grass area of 9620/ 9626 Alexandra Road to the west. Temporal boundaries encompass the existing land use of the study area and the construction and post-construction phases of the project.

1.3 Regulatory Framework

Regulatory framework applicable to the project includes:

- City of Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 7100, Environmentally Sensitive Area Guidelines, Section 9.6 – March 15, 1999
- Government of Canada Species at Risk Act 2002 Schedule 1
- Government of British Columbia Wildlife Act 1996 Sections 5, 6
- Government of Canada Wildlife Act 1985
- Government of Canada Fisheries Act 2012
- Government of Canada Migratory Bird Convention Act 1994



2. DESCRIPTION OF THE EXISTING ENVIRONMENT

The biophysical attributes of 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road are described by major type: terrestrial flora and fauna and their habitats, including adjacent agricultural lands habitats with potential influence on terrestrial ecosystem composition.

Field investigations were used to confirm environmental information collected during the background literature review and to identify and record other potential Valued Ecosystem Components (VECs) that could be impacted by the proposed project. The likely presence of wildlife, birds, aquatic life and habitat at risk in the project area was also assessed during field surveys. Photographs, representing and describing the biophysical elements in the study area, are provided in Appendix B.

2.1 Terrestrial Flora and Fauna Background Information

Database, reference manual, and map searches were conducted to identify recorded ESAs or threatened and endangered species on-Site or in the vicinity using the following provincial and federal on-line databases:

- BC Ministry of Forests, Lands and Natural Resource Operations Conservation Data Centre (CDC) species lists and Element Occurrence Reports (EOR)
- Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC)
- Community Mapping Network (CMN) Sensitive Habitat and Inventory Mapping (SHIM)
- Environment Canada Species at Risk
- BC Biogeoclimatic Ecosystem Classification Map

The on-line search of the CDC database for known occurrences of rare wildlife, plants, and ecological communities within 5 km of the Site was conducted and revealed two records of an animal observation and two records of plant observations. Details of these four CDC EORs and a list of the BC Species and Ecosystems Explorer search results for species at risk with potential to occur in the study area are provided in Appendix C:



PH - 121

- An occurrence record for the northern water-meal (*Wolffia borealis*) was identified approximately 2 km south-east of the Site. This species is identified as Red Listed and was last observed in 1980. The plant is found in lakes, ponds, and open water habitats (MoE CDC, 2011a).
- An occurrence record for the Northern Red-legged Frog (*Rana aurora*) was identified approximately 2.2 km south of the Site. This species is identified as Blue-Listed and was last observed in 2004, when one adult, four juveniles and six unclassified frogs were observed in a backyard pond.
- Occurrence records (three) for the Vancouver Island beggarticks (*Bidens amplissima*) were identified approximately 2.5 km northeast, 1.8 km southeast and 1.7 km south of the Site. This species is identified as Blue-Listed and was last observed in 2012.
- An occurrence record for the white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) was identified in the Fraser River, approximately 1.8 km east of the Site. This species is identified as Red-listed and was last observed in 2004. This species prefers broad, shallow side channels with cobble/gravel bars and islands (MoE CDC, 2013).

Vegetation and wildlife habitat units were identified using aerial photographic interpretation. Fieldwork conducted on July 29, 2013 and on February 5, 2014 involved further defining and confirming the unit's vegetation and wildlife characteristics. Vegetation was identified and described using Plants of Coastal British Columbia (Pojar and MacKinnon, 2004).

Wildlife surveys followed the British Columbia Resource Inventory Standards Committee (RISC) protocols and methodologies (RISC 1999, 1998). The focus of the wildlife assessment was to identify presence and/or potential breeding habitat for rare or threatened (i.e., Red- or Bluelisted) vertebrate and invertebrate animal species of management concern as listed by:

- The Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC) (October, 2011)
- Schedule 1 of the Species at Risk Act (Government of Canada, 2002)
- the British Columbia Conservation Data Centre's Animal Tracking List for the Chilliwack Forest District (October, 2011)



Bird surveys focused on identifying the presence/not-detected status of rare birds listed in the CDC and COSEWIC lists. Habitat usage was evaluated by direct nest identification, faecal wash, prey remains, feathers or any other signs indicating that birds may inhabit the area. The searches were completed in order to verify active use within the Site's habitat units, primarily by raptors (i.e., hawks and owls), and/or by songbirds, herons or other bird species. Based on these visual observations, the occurrences of nests were classified as "present" or "not detected." Significant cavity trees and/or wildlife trees with the potential to serve as roosting sites were also investigated for diurnal and nocturnal bird presence and/or use.

Large (>500 grams) and small (<500 grams) mammal presence was recorded based on signs of presence: scat, tracks, forage/browse indicators, scrapings, and direct field observation/reported sightings. The terrestrial invertebrate and herpetofauna assessments involved identification of habitats (i.e., ponded/pooled water areas) typically used by species of management concern. Habitat units defined during the vegetation survey were cross-referenced with the life requisites of species of management concern (Red- or Blue-listed) to evaluate potential occurrence and habitat usage in the study area.

2.2 Vegetation Assemblages

The project area lies within the dry maritime subzone of the Coastal Western Hemlock (CWHxm) biogeoclimatic zone as indicated by the BC Biogeoclimatic Ecosystem Classification Map. The elevation limits range from sea level to approximately 900 m a.s.l. (Pojar *et al.*, 1991). The CWH zone is characterized by cool summers and mild winters. The forests are dominated primarily by western hemlock (*Tsuga heterophylla*) with frequent occurrences of western red cedar (*Thuja plicata*) throughout the zone south of 56°N latitude and Doulas-fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*) south of Dean Channel. Common deciduous trees include black cottonwood (*Populus balsamifera* ssp. *trichocarpa*), red alder (*Alnus rubra*), and bigleaf maple (*Acer macrophyllum*). In the natural understorey of the CWH dry maritime subzone, the shrub layer is dominated by salal (*Gaultheria shallon*), dull Oregon-grape (*Mahonia nervosa*), and red huckleberry (*Vaccinium parvifolium*). Various species of moss and fern are also common throughout the zone.

Table 2-1 lists the provincial Red- and Blue-Listed species that could potentially occur in the study area. Table 2-2 lists the ecological communities at risk that could potentially occur in the study area. The potential for occurrence within the study area was based on database searches for species at risk occurring within the Chilliwack Forest District; Richmond is located within this district.



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Table 2-1

Scientific Name	Common Name	Provincial Status	SARA Status	COSEWIC Status	Potential for Occurrence	Comments ¹
Bidens amplissima	Vancouver Island beggarticks	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	Yes	Previously observed 1.7km from the site. Frequently found in wetlands in the lower Fraser Delta and on Vancouver Island. It occupies a variety of wetland habitats including ditches, willow wetlands, old riverbeds, pond margins, streamsides, and tidal or non-tidal river edges.
Fissidens pauperculus	poor pocket moss	Red	Endangered	Endangered	No	There are no detailed published accounts of habitat for the species in BC. A description of habitat in Lynn Canyon as was a silty outcrop within a stream and a silt cliff.
Lupinus rivularis	streambank Iupine	Red	Endangered	Endangered	No	Wet to moist meadows and riverbanks in the lowland zone.

\$ 2 2 2 Centre: Species Summary Reports unless otherwise cited (CDC 2011a).



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Provincially Red- and Blue-listed Ecological Plant Communities Potentially Occurring in the Study Area Table 2-2

Scientific Name	Common Name	Provincial Status	Potential Occurrence in Study Area
Carex lasiocarpa - Rhynchospora alba	slender sedge - white beak-rush	Red	٥N
Carex sitchensis - Oenanthe sarmentosa	Sitka sedge - Pacific water-parsley	Blue	٥N
Distichlis spicata var. spicata Herbaceous Vegetation	seashore saltgrass Herbaceous Vegetation	Red	No
Leymus mollis ssp. mollis - Lathyrus japonicus	dune wildrye - beach pea	Red	No
Myrica gale / Carex sitchensis	sweet gale / Sitka sedge	Red	No
Picea sitchensis / Rubus spectabilis Very Dry Maritime	Sitka spruce / salmonberry Very Dry Maritime	Red	No
Pinus contorta / Sphagnum spp. Very Dry Maritime	lodgepole pine / peat-mosses Very Dry Maritime	Blue	No
Populus trichocarpa - Alnus rubra / Rubus spectabilis	black cottonwood - red alder / salmonberry	Blue	Yes
Populus trichocarpa / Salix sitchensis	black cottonwood / Sitka willow	Blue	No
Pseudotsuga menziesii / Mahonia nervosa	Douglas-fir / dull Oregon-grape	Red	No
Pseudotsuga menziesii - Pinus contorta / Racomitrium canescens	Douglas-fir - lodgepole pine / grey rock-moss	Red	No
Pseudotsuga menziesii / Polystichum munitum	Douglas-fir / sword fern	Blue	Yes
Pseudotsuga menziesii - Tsuga heterophylla / Gaultheria shallon Dry Maritime	Douglas-fir - western hemlock / salal Dry Maritime	Blue	Yes
Rhododendron groenlandicum / Kalmia microphylla / Sphagnum spp.	Labrador tea / western bog-laurel / peat- mosses	Blue	No
Schoenoplectus acutus Deep Marsh	hard-stemmed bulrush Deep Marsh	Blue	No
Selaginella wallacei / Cladina spp.	Wallace's selaginella / reindeer lichens	Blue	Yes
Sidalcea hendersonii Tidal Marsh	Henderson's checker-mallow Tidal Marsh	Red	No
Thuja plicata / Carex obnupta	western redcedar / slough sedge	Blue	No
Thuja plicata / Lonicera involucrata	western redcedar / black twinberry	Red	Yes



Report of Findings – Biophysical Assessment 9700 and 740 Alexandra Road, Richmond, BC

Scientific Name	Common Name	Provincial Status	Potential Occurrence in Study Area
Thuja plicata - Picea sitchensis / Lysichiton americanus	western redcedar - Sitka spruce / skunk cabbage	Blue	Yes
Thuja plicata / Polystichum munitum Very Dry Maritime	western redcedar / sword fern Very Dry Maritime	Blue	Yes
Thuja plicata / Rubus spectabilis	western redcedar / salmonberry	Red	Yes
Thuja plicata / Tiarella trifoliata Very Dry Maritime	western redcedar / three-leaved foamflower Very Dry Maritime	Blue	No
Tsuga heterophylla - Pseudotsuga menziesii / Eurhynchium oreganum	western hemlock - Douglas-fir /Oregon beaked-moss	Red	No
Tsuga heterophylla - Thuja plicata / Blechnum spicant	western hemlock - western redcedar / deer fern	Red	No
Typha latifolia Marsh	common cattail Marsh	Blue	No



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Project 11800 / April 2014

2.3 Wildlife Habitat Units

Wildlife habitat was identified and defined during the fieldwork on July 29, 2013. Table 2-3 lists the plant species observed in the wildlife habitat.

Table 2-3	Plant Species	Observed in t	he Study Area
			ne eanly rates

Common Name	
red alder	
paper birch	
western redcedar	
pine	
cherry	
apple	
Douglas fir	
Maple (small)	
Himalayan blackberry	
Sitka mountain-ash	
trailing blackberry	
Indian-plum	
Alaskan blueberry	
Oval-leaved blueberry	
Salal	
European holly	
bracken fern	
Western buttercup	
common horsetail	
lvy	
Hairy honeysuckle	
Western trumpet honeysuckle	
Morning glory	
ae Morning glory Asii Hardhack ifolium Fireweed	
Fireweed	
yellow moss	
÷	
Unidentified hair lichen	
Bracket fungus	



9 **PH - 127** The City of Richmond requirements (*Environmentally Sensitive Areas Guidelines* (1999)) for a biophysical study include a survey of all trees present on the site. This survey requires the measurement of the diameter of the tree trunk at breast height (dbh), determining the height, marking the coordinates of each tree and noting the elevation. Figure 1 (Appendix A) and Table 2-4 identifies the results of the tree survey conducted on July 29, 2013.

	Tree Speci	es	Diameter (dbh, cm)	Height (m)	Latitude (°)	Longitude (°)	Elevation* (masl)
1	Betula papyrifera	Birch (Dead)	23 & 27	9.5	49.1774	123.1164	13.584
2	Pinus spp.	Pine	28	10.1	49.1774	123.1164	11.662
3	Betula papyrifera	Birch	50	8.7	49.1776	123.1161	4.932
4	Betula papyrifera	Birch	21 & 38	11.4	49.1776	123.1162	7.336
5	Betula papyrifera	Birch	32 & 30	13.9	49.1776	123.1160	5.173
6	Betula papyrifera	Birch	36	10.7	49.1776	123.1160	5.173
7	Betula papyrifera	Birch	37	12.9	49.1776	123.1160	3.971
8	Betula papyrifera	Birch	38	6.0	49.1774	123.1160	2.289
9	Betula papyrifera	Birch	5 x 26	2.2	49.1775	123.1160	4.211
10	Betula papyrifera	Birch	36 & 30	19.3	49.1775	123.1159	3.25
11	Betula papyrifera	Birch	23	19.3	49.1775	123.1159	3.01
12	Betula papyrifera	Birch	28	6.2	49.1776	123.1160	9.739
13	Betula papyrifera	Birch	24 & 18	10.7	49.1776	123.1159	8.297
14	Betula papyrifera	Birch	36	13.0	49.1776	123.1159	3.25
15	Betula papyrifera	Birch	24	7.7	49.1776	123,1158	6.615
16	Betula papyrifera	Birch	36	9.6	49.1777	123.1157	6.615
17	Betula papyrifera	Birch	17	7.7	49.1776	123.1157	4.211
18	Betula papyrifera	Birch	21	4	49.1776	123.1157	4.692
19	Betula papyrifera	Birch	27	16.8	49.1775	123.1158	-0.114
20	Betula papyrifera	Birch	40	18.4	49.1774	123.1158	4.211
21	Betula papyrifera	Birch	32	28.6	49.1775	123.1159	-0.595
22	Betula papyrifera	Birch	46 & 2 x 19	12.3	49.1775	123.1158	4.211
23	Betula papyrifera	Birch	36	16.1	49.1775	123.1158	2.529
24	Betula papyrifera	Birch	21	3.6	49.1775	123.1157	0.607
25	Betula papyrifera	Birch	28	10.5	49.1775	123.1156	3.731
26	Betula papyrifera	Birch	33 & 30	23.1	49.1776	123.1156	10.22
27	Betula papyrifera	Birch	35	33.2	49.1775	123.1156	10.7
28	Betula papyrifera	Birch	26	13.0	49.1775	123.1157	1.808
29	Betula papyrifera	Birch	23	9.5	49.1774	123.1156	1.087

Table 2-4Trees Present in Study Area – July 29, 2013



	Tree Specie	es	Diameter (dbh, cm)	Height (m)	Latitude (°)	Longitude (°)	Elevation* (masl)
30	Betula papyrifera	Birch	48 & 24	12.8	49.1775	123.1154	2.049
31	Betula papyrifera	Birch	36	18.6	49.1776	123.1155	3.49
32	Betula papyrifera	Birch	30	5.3	49.1776	123.1156	2.77
33	Betula papyrifera	Birch	22	16.3	49.1776	123,1156	2.289
34	Prunus spp.	Cherry	27	10.5	49.1774	123.1152	2.529
35	Prunus spp.	Cherry	48	17.3	49.1776	123.1154	2.049
36	Prunus spp.	Cherry	26	12.5	49.1776	123.1155	4.932
37	Betula papyrifera	Birch	43	13.2	49.1777	123.1155	3.971
38	Betula papyrifera	Birch	25	13.3	49.1777	123.1154	7.095
39	Betula papyrifera	Birch	2 x 25	14.5	49.1779	123.1156	5.413
40	Betula papyrifera	Birch	30	15.5	49.1780	123.1156	-3.479
41	Prunus spp.	Cherry	29	16.3	49.1780	123.1154	-2.037
42	Prunus spp.	Cherry	46	17.0	49.1780	123.1153	n/a
43	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Douglas Fir	90	29.0	49.1787	123.1151	2.529
44	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Douglas Fir	80	11.7	49.1788	123.1152	-1.316
45	Thuja plicata	Cedar	60	21.6	49.1784	123.1152	0.126
46	Malus spp.	Apple	2 x 26, 3 x 14	11.0	49.1779	123.1153	3.731
47	Prunus spp.	Cherry	17 & 15 & 12	11.0	49.1779	123.1153	2.289
48	Betula papyrifera	Birch	30 & 14	9.5	49.1779	123.1153	3.731
49	Betula papyrifera	Birch	17	7.8	49.1778	123.1153	n/a
50	Betula papyrifera	Birch	22 & 13	10.6	49.1778	123.1153	10.22
51	Prunus spp.	Cherry	23	14.7	49.1778	123.1153	9.979
52	Prunus spp.	Cherry	22	19.1	49.1778	123.1153	10.22
53	Prunus spp.	Cherry	17 & 10	12.8	49.1777	123.1153	n/a
54	Betula papyrifera	Birch	29	13.0	49.1779	123.1156	n/a
55	Betula papyrifera	Birch	40	25.0	49.1778	123.1152	1.087
56	Alnus rubra	Alder	16	8.2	49.1778	123.1152	13.104
57	Betula papyrifera	Birch	28	12.9	49.1777	123.1153	13.344
58	Betula papyrifera	Birch	31	22.6	49.1776	123.1151	9.979
59	Betula papyrifera	Birch	24	9.4	49.1777	123.1150	12.623
60	Betula papyrifera	Birch	33	10.4	49.1776	123.1151	11.662
61	Betula papyrifera	Birch	21	12.3	49.1780	123.1160	8.778
62	Betula papyrifera	Birch	20	10.0	49.1780	123.1159	6.374
63	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Douglas Fir	34	18.8	49.1780	123.1158	2.049
64	Betula papyrifera	Birch	17	7.1	49.1778	123.1163	14.305
65	Betula papyrifera	Birch	21	10.2	49.1779	123.1161	13.104

*masl = metres above sea level

Note: For some trees, more than one trunk was assessed if the sum was greater than 15 cm.



11 PH - 129

2.3.1 Habitat Area 1 – Hardhack-Fireweed-Blackberry Open Habitat

The Hardhack-Fireweed-Blackberry vegetative area encompassed about one-sixth of the site, situated north of the deciduous forest, south of the edge of the residential area (lawn) as indicated on the Habitat Survey (Figure 1, Appendix A). Hardhack (*Spiraea douglasii*) and fireweed (*Chamerion angustifolium*) composed the dominant shrub layer in the central part of this area, with thick brambles of blackberries (*Rubus discolor*) on the edges. The absence of overstorey tree vegetation limits songbird nesting habitat, but the hardhack thickets may be used for cover and feeding by species such as flycatchers (Tyrannidae), bushtits (*Psaltriparus minimus*), and black-capped chickadees (*Poecile atricapillus*). Where the over-storey opens and plant species diversity is higher under the tall shrubs, small mammals may find forage and cover habitat, however none were observed.

2.3.2 Habitat Area 2 – Deciduous-Dominated Mixed Community

This vegetative area encompassed about two-thirds of the site as indicated on the Habitat Survey (Figure 1, Appendix A). Vegetation was dominated by a mature tree canopy composed of paper birch (*Betula papyrifera*), with minor components of ornamentals such as cherry (*Prunus spp.*) and apple trees (*Malus spp.*). Coniferous trees were rare, including western red cedar (*Thuja plicata*), pine (*Pinus spp.*) and Douglas fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*) that were intentionally planted by homeowners. Epiphytes (mosses and lichens) were prominent on trunks and branches. Epiphytic growth on wildlife trees may also provide songbird shelter and thermal protection.

Numerous wildlife trees, including snags or dead stands, were scattered throughout the study area. Wildlife trees may provide nesting and perching locations for foraging raptors (including owls), while the cavities may provide roosting and nesting opportunities for secondary cavity nesters. The abundance of fruited vegetation in the understorey provided potential food for song birds and small mammal species.

The dominant shrub layer consisted of Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus discolor*) and Sitka mountain-ash (*Sorbus sitchensis*) throughout the forested area. The Himalayan blackberry, an invasive species, had formed thickets which precluded other native species from establishing. Also present in the shrub layer, Indian-plum (*Oemleria cerasiformis*) and salal (*Gaultheria shallon*) provide food for song-birds and small mammals. The herbaceous layer in the forested area (where breaks in the canopy allowed for sunlight penetration) was dominated by bracken fern (*Pteridium aquilinum*).



2.4 February 2014 Vegetation Survey

In order to augment our July 2013 Habitat Survey, detailed vegetation survey was conducted on February 5, 2014. Three quadrats (approximately 10m by 10m square) in Habitat 2 were randomly selected in the field (Figure 1, Appendix A). Once the quadrats were marked out, the quadrat was traversed in a systematic fashion, by walking parallel transects, roughly east to west, equally spaced across the quadrat. Plants on the south side of the transect line were identified and counted, and the quadrat was traversed in this manner until the north side of the quadrat was reached. Three quadrats, one generally in the center of Habitat 2 (102 m²), one in the west portion (85 m²) and one in the east portion (61 m²) were surveyed to represent the variations in vegetation in Habitat 2.

In order to generalize the vegetation present across Habitat 2, the results of the vegetation survey were extrapolated. Plant species counts were totaled across the three quadrats, then multiplied by a ratio of the total area of Habitat 2 ($8,254 \text{ m}^2$) over the total area surveyed (248 m^2) to extrapolate the counts and represent the entire area of Habitat 2. Figure 1 (Appendix A) shows the location of the three quadrats sampled.

It is understood that February is not the preferred time of year to be conducting a vegetation survey. However, using bark, branching patterns, and leaf buds to identify plants, the results show that generally those plants that were present during the July 2013 survey were still present during the February 2014 survey.

The results of this vegetation survey are presented below in Table 2-5. These counts were then extrapolated to reflect the entire Habitat 2 (Deciduous-Dominated Mixed Community); see section 3.2 for further details.

Since Habitat 1 was generally impenetrable due to the dense growth of blackberries, a smaller area (1m by 1m) of hardhack and fireweed was counted, and the blackberry density was extrapolated assuming a maximum density of 525 canes/m² (California Invasive Plant Council, 2014) was present in nine-tenths of Habitat 1. It is understood that the blackberry is an invasive species, and is undesirable as vegetation cover and wildlife habitat.



			Species Counts	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Quadrat 1 (centre) Area = 101.65 m	Quadrat 2 (East) Area = 85 m ²	Quadrat 2 (West) Area = 61 m ²
Trees				1
Birch	Betula papyrifera	17	10	12
Western White Pine	Pinus monticola	1	-	r
Red Alder	Alnus rubra	1	-	-
Bitter Cherry	Prunus emarginata	1	2	10
Shrubs				
Himalayan blackberry	Rubus discolor	40025*	10	25620*
Oval-leafed blueberry	Vaccinium ovalifolium	98	-	-
Mountain Ash	Sorbus sitchensis	8	23	2
Alaskan Blueberry	Vaccinium alaskanse	31	-	-
Indian Plum	Oemeleria cerasiformis	5	10	-
Raspberry	(Rubus idaeus / Rubus strigosus)	4	31	11
Pacific yew	Taxus brevifolia		1	1
Un-identified Blueberry	Vaccinium spp	-	1	7
Holly	llex aquifolium	-	. 19	19
Groundcover	-			
Bracken Fern	Pteridium aquilinum	1	-	1
lvy	Hedera spp.	1	319*	-

Table 2-5 Vegetation Present in Study Quadrats – February 5, 2014

Note: Counts indicated with an asterisk are estimated from percent cover.

A secondary goal of the February 2014 Site visit was to investigate any current evidence of owls (barn owls (*Tyto alba*) and barred owls (*Strix varia*)) using the Site for roosting and hunting. Trees of a suitable size (>51 cm dbh [Allen, 1987]) required for owls to roost were not present on Site. Any evidence of habitat use by owls ("white-wash" i.e., feathers at the base of the tree, owl regurgitate i.e. pellets) was not noted on Site, nor were any small mammal burrows noted. Conversations with the resident indicated that they had seen owls flying between the residences on-Site in a north-south direction in the early mornings and evenings recently and frequently within the past year.



2.5 Wildlife

Wildlife utilization of a specific habitat area may be determined by a combination of field surveys (July 29, 2013 and February 5, 2014) and a review of the capability and suitability of habitat to support wildlife (RISC 1999). The BC Wildlife Habitat Rating Standards define "Habitat **Capability**" as the ability of a habitat, under the optimal natural (seral) conditions, to provide life requisites for a species irrespective of the current condition of the habitat. "Habitat **Suitability**" is defined as the ability of a habitat in its current condition to provide the life requisites of a species.

Two classification systems are used in conjunction to describe wildlife utilization within BC, the Ecoregion Classification System (ESC) and the Biogeoclimatic Ecosystem Classification (BEC) system (RISC 1999). The ESC is used to differentiate wildlife utilization within physiographically distinct units sustaining similar BEC components to complement the BEC system (Meidinger and Pojar, 1991).

Significant sampling effort would be required to ensure that all wildlife species within a study area are identified, therefore the assessment was limited to review of the habitat suitability to sustain wildlife based on an evaluation of habitat units (Meidinger and Pojar 1991). Site assessment used the known requirements of specific species of interest (RISC 1999) to evaluate suitability. The assessment of wildlife habitat values was undertaken primarily during transect sampling. Wildlife habitat attributes, direct observations, and incidental observations were recorded at the time of the field survey.

The application of direct and incidental observations to the assessment of wildlife suitability of the area was limited by the time of year during which the observations were made, providing only a qualitative "snap-shot" measure of wildlife species and diversity. The observations also enabled identification of habitats for critical life requirements (i.e., breeding) for various wildlife species. Other habitat attributes located within and adjacent to the Site were considered as they pertain to species of concern life requisites for breeding, such as canopy structure, percent cover, coarse woody debris and standing snags using methodology outlined in the MoF Handbook No. 25 (2010).

Habitat/vegetation units for the study area were defined and each unit was cross-referenced and rated for its value to potentially present wildlife species of concern using methodologies outlined in RISC 1999. Wildlife species were chosen based on each species' life requirements



and the habitat available on or immediately surrounding the Site relative to the species of focus (i.e., plot-in-context). Species-specific surveys (i.e., trapping, electrofishing, or other population study methods or RISC sampling protocols) were not conducted at the time of the field survey.

Table 2-6 presents the wildlife species at risk that have the potential to occur in the study area. Potential breeding and/or forage habitat was found to be present for 6 of the 25 species on-Site.

2.5.1 Birds

Black-capped chickadee (*Poecile atricapillus*), flickers (*Colaptes auratus*), cedar waxwings (*Bombycilla cedrorum*), robins (*Turdus migratorius*), red-tailed hawk (*Buteo jamaicensis*) and goldfinches (*Carduelis spp.*) were sighted in the deciduous forest. During the July 29, 2013 field survey, two nests were sighted in birch trees in the central portion of the deciduous forest. They were observed for approximately 20 minutes with no birds observed using the nest, and no evidence nest being active was observed (i.e., white wash, feathers, etc.). An active flicker nest was observed within a dead birch hollow along the Alexandra Rd. right-of-way and adjacent to the west of the Site. No raptors, or evidence of, were observed during the field survey.

The presence of barn owls (*Tyto alba*) and barred owls (*Strix varia*) has been documented by owl specialist Sofi Hindmarch in 2010 on the Site utilizing the trees as roosts. While evidence of the presence of owls was not noted during the July 29, 2013 or the February 5, 2014, residents have spotted owls flying through the area recently.

2.5.2 Herpetofauna (Amphibians and Reptiles)

No amphibian or reptilian species were observed during the field surveys.

2.5.3 Small Mammals

Adult and juvenile muskrats (*Ondatra zibethicus*) were noted in the ditch immediately adjacent to 9740 Alexandra Rd. (Figure 1, North side), just beyond the property line, during the July 29, 2013 field survey. No small mammals were sighted on-Site during either field survey.



Provincial Red- and Blue-listed Animal Species Potentially Occurring in the Study Area Table 2-6

Scientific Name	Common Name	Provincial Status	SARA Status	COSEWIC Status	Habitat Features Present	Comments ¹
Accipiter gentilis Iaingi	northern goshawk, laingi subsp.	Red	Threatened	Threatened	No	Occupies coastal western hemlock and coastal Douglas-fir forests with large stands of mature trees and dense canopies, but with open understoreys.
Brachyramphus marmoratus	marbled murrelet	Blue	Threatened	Threatened	No	Found in coastal areas, mainly in salt water within 2 km of shore, including bays and sounds; not uncommon up to 5 km offshore.
Contopus cooperi	olive-sided flycatcher	Blue	Threatened	Threatened	Yes	Most nesting sites contain dead standing trees. During the northern winter, this species occurs in a variety of forest, woodland, and open situations with scattered trees, especially where tall dead snags are present.
Falco peregrinus anatum	peregrine falcon, anatum subsp.	Red	Threatened	Special Concern	No	Typically nest on rock cliffs above lakes or river valleys where abundant prey is nearby.
Megascops kennicottii kennicottii	western screech- owl, kennicottii subsp.	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	Yes	Found in varied habitats including semi-open woodlands, treed suburban areas, and cactus desert. Generally found at lower elevation forested areas close to water.
Patagioenas fasciata	band-tailed pigeon	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	Yes	North American Coastal populations usually found below 1000 m in a variety of forest types, especially pine-oak, spruce, fir, Douglas-fir, redwood, cedar, hemlock and alder.
Strix occidentalis	spotted owl	Red	Endangered	Endangered	oN	Dense forest and deep wooded canyons; generally in mature stands or old growth. Nests on broken tree tops, cliff ledges, and natural tree cavities/platforms.



Report of Findings – Biophysical Assessment 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road, Richmond, BC

Scientific Name	Common Name	Provincial Status	SARA Status	COSEWIC Status	Habitat Features Present	Comments ¹
Tyto alba	barn owl	Blue	Special Concern	Threatened	Yes	Prefers low elevation open country; especially agricultural areas, such as open fields, grasslands, farmsteads and orchards. Sometimes along edges of open woodlands and grassy estuaries and occasionally spotted in suburban areas. Use of suitable foraging habitat is limited by nest cavity requirements. Most often nests are located in human-made structures such as in wooden barns, concrete silos, church spires, airport hangers, water towers, bridges and nest boxes.
Catostomus spp.4	Salish sucker	Red	Endangered	Endangered	No	Found in lakes, reservoirs, or small, lowland streams.
Rhinichthys cataractae	nooksack dace	Red	Endangered	Endangered	No	Riverine species. Adult habitat is riffles, typically with a loose coarse-gravel Substrate.
Aplodontia rufa rufa	mountain beaver, rufa subsp.	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	No	Associated with coniferous, mixed, and red alder forests on moist slopes or hillsides. It is commonly found near small streams or seeps.
Sorex bendirii	pacific water shrew	Red	Endangered	Endangered	No	Generally found in riparian and wetland habitats associated with skunk cabbage marshes, red alder riparian habitat, and dense wet forests of western red cedar.
Danaus plexippus	monarch	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	Yes	Utilises patches of milkweed for breeding in North America.
Euphyes vestries	dun skipper	Blue	Threatened	Threatened	No	Generally found in wetlands riparian zones, and grassland.
Allogona townsendiana	Oregon forestsnail	Red	Endangered	Endangered	Yes	Occupies mixed wood and deciduous forests, typically dominated by bigleaf maple.
Chrysemys picta pop. 1	western painted turtle - Pacific Coast pop. 1	Red	Endangered	Endangered	°Z	Aquatic species found in the shallow waters of ponds, lakes, marshes, and slow-moving stream reaches. Suitable wetlands have muddy substrates, an abundance of emergent vegetation, and numerous basking sites, such as logs and accessible banks.



Report of Findings – Biophysical Assessment 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road, Richmond, BC

Scientific Name	Common Name	Provincial Status	SARA Status	COSEWIC Status	Habitat Features Present	Comments ¹
Rana pretiosa	Oregon spotted frog	Red	Endangered	Endangered	No	Highly aquatic frog generally avoids dry uplands. It is rarely found far from permanent quiet water. Usually it occurs in vegetated shallows or grassy margins of streams, lakes, and ponds.
Anaxyrus boreas	Western Toad	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	°Z	Observed in a variety of aquatic and terrestrial habitats. They breed in shallow, littoral zones of lakes, temporary and permanent pools and wetlands, bogs and fens, and roadside ditches (i.e., toads may be found in all lacustrine and palustrine habitats).
Ascaphus truei	Coastal Tailed Frog	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	No	Clear, cold swift-moving mountain streams with coarse substrates. Primarily in older forest sites.
Rana aurora	Northern Red- legged Frog	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	No	Previously observed 2.2km from the site. Observed in a variety of aquatic and terrestrial habitats. They breed in shallow, littoral zones of lakes, temporary and permanent pools and wetlands, and bogs and fens regardless of size but in close proximity to forest.
Aplodontia rufa rainieri	mountain beaver, rainieri subsp.	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	N	Only common beavers have been observed in the surrounding wetlands and are trapped and removed where they create dams that may impinge stormwater flow.
Ardea herodias fannini	great blue heron, fannini subsp.	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	No	Observed in area foraging. The species is known to nest up to five kilometres from foraging grounds.
Asio flammeus	short eared owl	Blue	Special Concern	Special Concern	No	Broad expanses of open land with low vegetation for nesting and foraging are required.
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Habitat requisites were extracted from the BC Ministry of the Environment, Species and Ecosystem Explorer and Conservation Data Centre website, BC Conservation Data Centre: Species Summary Reports unless otherwise cited (CDC 2011a).



2.5.4 Large Mammals

No direct observations of large mammals occurred during the field surveys. Connectively between the ESA on Site and the surrounding areas is limited to the south (Alderbridge Way is a busy, four-lane thoroughfare), the north (dense housing complex) and east (No. 4 Road is also a busy, multi-lane street); to the west, contiguous forest is broken by the open grass field on the next property. Due to the discontinuity of forest, the habitat range required by large mammals is not present on-Site.

2.5.5 Invertebrates

Flying insects such as dragonflies (Odonata) and butterflies (Lepidoptera) were observed in the study area during the July 29, 2013 field survey. One of the butterfly sightings was tentatively identified as a monarch butterfly (*Danaus plexippus*) or a viceroy butterfly (*Limenitis archippus*). Based on the area's habitat attributes, the Site has the potential to be butterfly habitat (open meadow), although it is not ideal monarch butterfly habitat (no milkweed present). Given that foraging opportunities for either the monarch or the viceroy butterfly are very limited in the area, this invertebrate species at risk are unlikely to be resident within the project footprint.

Table 2-7 lists all animal species observed during the field survey or on previous occasions in the study area.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Sign Observed
Mammals		
Ondatra zibethicus	Muskrat	Sighted in ditch in front of property
Birds		
Parus atricapillus	Black capped chickadee	Call /Sighted
Colaptes auratus	Flicker	Sighted
Bombycilla cedrorum	Cedar waxwing	Sighted
Turdus migratorius	Robin	Sighted
Carduelis spp.	Goldfinch	Sighted
Trochilidae	Hummingbird	Sighted
Buteo jamaicensis	Red-tailed hawk	Sighted

Table 2-7 Animal Species Observed/Reported in the Study Area



PH - 138

3. ENVIRONMENTAL BALANCE SHEET

3.1 Introduction

At the City of Richmond's request, an environmental balance sheet to parameterized the current habitat on Site, and compare it to the future habitat as designed by ETA landscape architecture (Figure 2, Appendix A), was conducted. While the City of Richmond does not have a structured environmental balance sheet in place with which to evaluate habitats, suggestions (pers. comm. Kaitlin Kazmierowski, January 22, 2014) included:

- area extent of habitat present, removed, replaced
- number trees present, removed, replaced
- area extent of enhancement
- comments on the intent of the enhancement (e.g. species selected to enhance use by birds for example)

In order to collect the data required for the environmental balance sheet, a vegetation survey was conducted on February 5, 2014 (Section 2.4).

3.2 Development of Environmental Balance Work Sheet

Based on the guidance provided by the City of Richmond, 20 parameters were selected for use in the Environmental Balance Sheet.

- 1. Percentage planted area/ total area
 - For the current scenario, this was the sum of the areas of Habitat 1 and 2 (9,419 m²) over the total area (12,136 m²)
 - For the future scenario, this was the sum of the Habitat buffer and Planted area throughout the Site (1,960 m²) over the total area (12,136 m²)
 - For this parameter, if the future scenario was greater than the current scenario it scores a "+1"; if the future scenario is less than the current scenario, it scores a "-1"

2. Density of planting (plants/ total area)

• Either the extrapolated number of plants currently present on-Site or the total number of plants planned in the landscapers drawing, over the total area of the Site



- If the future scenario was greater than the current scenario it scores a "+1"; if the future scenario is less than the current scenario, it scores a "-1"
- 3. Density of planting (plants/ planted area)
 - The extrapolated number of plants currently present or the total number of plants planned in the landscapers drawing, over the total planted area of the Site (9,419 m² currently, 1,960 m² in the future)
 - If the future scenario was greater than the current scenario it scores a "+1"; if the future scenario is less than the current scenario, it scores a "-1".
- 4. Number of habitats present
 - Currently on-Site, two distinct habitats are present (Hardhack-Fireweed-Blackberry Open Habitat and Deciduous-Dominated Mixed Community)
 - In the landscaper's drawing, planned habitats include natural habitat buffers on the east, south and west sides of the Site, flowering gardens, and a rock garden/bioswale
 - Lawns are not included as habitats
 - If the future scenario was greater than the current scenario it scores a "+1"; if the future scenario is less than the current scenario, it scores a "-1".
- 5. Number of desirable trees
 - The total number of trees either present or planned that were not paper birch¹.
 - If the future scenario was less than the current scenario it scores a "+1"; if the future scenario is greater than the current scenario, it scores a "-1"
- 6. Percentage of invasive species
 - The total number of invasive plants (blackberry species, holly, ivy) over the total number of plants (current and future)
 - If the future scenario was less than the current scenario it scores a "+1"; if the future scenario is greater than the current scenario, it scores a "-1"

¹ The paper birch is not considered to be a desirable tree due to its propensity to become infested with bronze birch borer beetle (*Agrilus anxius*), resulting in reduced health of the trees and possibly death.



- 7. Plant species diversity
 - A count of the number of species present/planned
 - If the future scenario was greater than the current scenario it scores a "+1"; if the future scenario is less than the current scenario, it scores a "-1"
- 8. Percentage of plants on City of Richmond's 'recommended' list
 - As part of City of Richmond's *Criteria for the Protection of Environmentally Sensitive Areas* (2001) and the current guideline for assessing developments, 50% of the plants should be those listed under 'Native Plants Recommended for Planting'
 - Current and future species lists scored "+1" for having greater than 50% of the listed plants, a score of "0" was rated if 50% to 20% of the plants present/listed were on the list, and "-1" if less than 20% of the plants were on recommended list
- 9. Percentage of native plants/total plants
 - Native plants are important to sustaining BC's ecosystems, and hence are advantageous/recommended
 - Current and future species lists scored "+1" for having greater than 50% native plants, a score of "0" was rated if 50% to 20% of the plants present/listed were native, and "-1" if less than 20% of the plants were native
- 10. Percentage of fruit bearing plants/total plants
 - Fruit-bearing plants provide a food source for songbirds and other desirable wildlife
 - Current and future species lists scored "+1" for having greater than 50% fruit-bearing plants, a score of "0" was rated if 50% to 20% of the plants present/listed were fruit-bearing, and "-1" if less than 20% of the plants were fruit-bearing
- 11. Percentage of flowering plants/total plants
 - Flowering plants provide a food source for pollinators such as butterflies and bees
 - Current and future species lists scored "+1" for having greater than 50% flowering plants, a score of "0" was rated if 50% to 20% of the plants present/listed were flowering, and "-1" if less than 20% of the plants were flowering



- 12. Average tree height
 - The average height of all the trees was calculated (survey conducted July 2013)
 - Tree height is an important component of suitable habitat for songbirds; an average tree height of 15 m or greater is required for the habitat to be suitable for black-capped chickadees (Schroeder, 1983)
 - If the tree height average is 15 m or greater it scores a "+1"; if it's less than 15 m, it scores a "0"
- 13. Number of trees
 - A count of the number of trees was tallied (conducted July 2013)
 - If the future scenario was greater than the current scenario it scores a "+1"; if the future scenario is less than the current scenario, the "-1"

14. Number of trees >51cm (diameter at breast height [dbh])/ planted area (ha)

- The diameter of all the trees was measured (survey conducted July 2013)
- Tree diameter is an important component of suitable habitat for owls; a tree diameter of 51 cm or greater is required for barred owls to roost in, and five or more tree of this size are required for the area to contain suitable habitat (Allen, 1987)
- If five or more trees have diameters of 51 cm or greater, the scenario scores a "+1"; if it's less than the required criteria, it scores a "0"
- 15. Number of snags >51cm (at dbh)/ planted area (ha)
 - Dead trees (snags) with a tree diameter of 51 cm or greater can also serve as habitat for barred owls (Allen, 1987). Note: barred owls were assumed to be a good surrogate species for barn owls
 - If five or more trees have diameters of 51 cm or greater, the scenario scores a "+1"; if it's less than the required criteria, it scores a "0"

16. Number of snags between 10 - 25cm (at dbh)/ planted area (ha)

• Tree diameter is an important component of suitable habitat for chickadee reproduction; an average tree diameter of 10 to 25 cm is required, and five or more trees of this size are required for the area to contain suitable habitat (Schroeder, 1983)



• If five or more trees have diameters of 10 to 25 cm, the scenario scores a "+1"; if it's less than the required criteria, it scores a "0"

17. Percentage of canopy closure (area/total area)

- Canopy cover was estimated from aerial photographs and landscapers drawings
- Adequate canopy cover provides for suitable feeding and refuge habitat for chickadees (Schroeder, 1983)
- If canopy cover was 50 to 75% it scored a "+1"; if it's less than 50%, it scores a "0"
- 18. Planted area vs robin home range
 - The minimum home range of the American robin is 70 m² (Environment Canada, 2012)
 - If the planted area was 70 m² or greater it scored a "+1"; if it's less than 70 m², it scores a "0"

19. Planted area vs chickadee home range

- The average home range of the chickadees is 20,000 m² (Schroeder, 1983)
- If the planted area was 20,000 m² or greater it scored a "+1"; if it's less than 20,000 m², it scores a "0"
- 20. Planted area vs barred owl home range (barred owls were assumed to be a good surrogate species for barn owls)
 - The average home range of the barred owl is 2.3 km² (Allen, 1987)
 - If the planted area was 2.3 km² or greater it scored a "+1"; if it's less than 2.3 km², it scores a "0"

Within each parameter, the scores were evaluated ("+/-"), and then (if applicable) the score from the future scenario was subtracted from the current scenario for all parameters. All parameters were weighted evenly.

3.3 Results and Recommendations

The comparison of the current vegetation and the future planned landscape is presented in Table 3-1.



PH - 143

Table 3-1 Environmental Balance Sheet

1Percentage planted area/ total area2Density of planting (plants/ total area)3Density of planting (plants/ total area)4Number of habitats present5Number of habitats present6Percentage of invasive species7Plant species diversity (i.e. number of species)8'recommended' list10Percentage of flants on City of Richmond's11Percentage of flants on City of Richmond's12Percentage of flants plants/total plants13Number of trees >51cm (at dbh)/ planted area (ha)14Number of snags >51cm (at dbh)/ planted area (ha)15Number of snags between 10 - 25cm (at dbh)/ planted area (ha)17Percentage of canopy closure (area/total area)18Planted area vs robin home range19Planted area vs robin home range			Positive	Neutral	Negative	Cur	Current	Fut	Future	
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20 Planted area vs barred owl home range	20	Planted area vs barred owl home range	> 2.3km ²	< 2.3m ²	1	v	0	v	0	0
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Keystone Environmental Knowledge-Driven Results

Project 11800 / April 2014

It is understood the proposed development will have a reduced vegetated area. Currently, 9,149 m² is vegetated, while future landscaping plans estimate 1,960 m² will be vegetated (these area totals do not include maintained lawn). Vegetated areas are currently dominated by Himalayan blackberry, an invasive species that prevents native species from spreading and flourishing, and birch trees that are prone to birch borer infestation. Replacement of these problematic plant species with native plants is considered a benefit to wildlife habitat on-Site and on surrounding areas.

Additional habitat benefits of the proposed landscape plan include:

- More diverse habitat types and vegetation species present.
- Vegetated buffers around Site provide wildlife habitat and maintain connectivity to adjacent properties.
- Invasive plant (i.e., Himalayan blackberries, ivy and holly) removal and management plan to prevent re-establishment of invasive plants.
- Increased number and variety of both fruiting and flowering plants in the area, and improved habitat values present.
- Planned stormwater management system to direct stormwater to dedicated areas on-Site, providing wetted areas and habitat diversity.



4. RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the biophysical assessment conducted, the following are recommendations for future Site development planning to mitigate the effects associated with vegetation clearing:

- Fruit-bearing shrubs such as trailing blackberry (*Rubus ursinus*) provide songbird food source and habitat. Retention of these shrubs during development, or designing planting designs to include native species, such as thimbleberry/salmonberry (*Rubus spp.*) and red-osier dogwood (*Comus sericea*), rather than ornamentals would improve the likelihood of songbirds continuing to reside in this habitat.
- Since songbirds have been identified on-Site, it is recommended that the future planting plan focus on the enhancement of the landscaping as habitat for songbird and other pollinators (such as bees, butterflies and dragonflies). Increasing the size of the vegetation strip between this Site and the adjacent property to the west, 9580-9680 Alexandra Road (also currently planned for development), and at the southern edge of the properties (bordering Alderbridge Way), would increase the both the square area of habitat, as well as a habitat refuge corridor, where songbirds would be less likely to be disturbed by predators such as domestic cats. Pollinators such as mason bees (*Osrnia spp.*) could also be encouraged to frequent the property and pollinate the flowers with the placement of mason bee homes.
- The Migratory Birds Convention Act (1994) protects songbirds, such as waxwings and flickers, from harm. Consideration for these species during construction must be given, including abstaining from removing trees during nesting period (so as not to kill nestlings) and not depositing substances that are harmful to migratory birds on-Site.
- Incorporating replacement wildlife tree snags amongst vegetated areas in the final development plan can replace the many birch trees and snags present on-Site that provide wildlife habitat.
- Recommendations for planting to provide food sources (seeds, insects, fruits) and roosting habitat for songbirds include the following vegetation species:



Scientific Name	Common Name
Deciduous Trees	
Acer circinatum	vine maple
Acer macriphyllum	big leaf maple
Alnus rubra	red alder
Amelanchier canadensis	serviceberry
Betula papyrfera	Paper birch
Cratageus douglasii	black hawthorn
Malus fusca	Pacific crabapple
Coniferous Trees	
Picea sitchensis	Sitka spruce
Pseudotsuga menziesii	Douglas fir
Thuja plicata	Western red cedar
Shrubs	
Cornus sericea	red-osier dogwood
Cornus stolonifera	red-twig dogwood
Myrica pensylvanica	bayberry
Oemleria cerasiformis	Indian plum
Ribes sanguinuem	red flowering currant
Rosa rugosa	rose
Rubus parviflorus	thimbleberry
Rubus spectabilis	salmonberry
Sambucus racemosa	red elderberry
Sorbus sitchensis	Sitka mountain-ash
Symphoricarpus albus	snowberry
Herbaceous Cover	
Epilobium angustifolium	fireweed
Mainanthemum dilatum	false-lily -of the-valley
Fritillaria camschatcensis	black lily
Fritillaria lanceolata	chocolate lily
Cornus canadensis	bunchberry
Fragaria chiloensis	coastal strawberry
Arctostaphylos uva-ursi	kinnikinnick



- Plantings should be in accordance with the City of Richmond's *Criteria for the Protection of Environmentally Sensitive Areas* (2000). While this guidance is now out-dated, the City of Richmond still evaluates planning plans against the plant species listed in 'Native Plants Recommended for Planting', and requires that at least 50% of the proposed plant species be from that list.
- Retention of the mountain-ash/birch setback from Alderbridge Way as required by the City of Richmond. The City's *Criteria for the Protection of Environmentally Sensitive Areas* indicates that "All development across the road from sites designated as an agricultural land reserves must provide a minimum of 5 m (16.4 feet) landscaped strip as measured from the back of curb, or, in the case of an unopened road, from the property line abutting the road right of way."
- Retention or development of green space, particularly as corridors between adjacent green spaces, is recommended in order to improve connectivity of habitats. In addition, ideally plantings in these green spaces would include native plant species and be representative of the forest successional stages and current habitats present on Site (i.e., plantings of fireweed and hardhack for butterfly habitat, forested areas with understory for songbird and small mammal habitat). All planting is required to conform to "BCSLA/BCNTA planting standards," as per the City of Richmond (1999).
- Connectivity of vegetation corridors to allow for migration of birds and mammals, which in turn improves biodiversity, should be considered as part of the proposed landscaping plans. Since the Site and the neighbouring Site (9580-9680 Alexandra Road, adjacent to the west) are undergoing development at the same time, green space is planned to be maximized by abutting the vegetation perimeters of the two properties, doubling the vegetated square area and exponentially improving the wildlife habitat potential.
- In order to develop the Site into multi-family residences, the Site will require pre-load fill in
 order for the soil present to support the new development and elevate the grade. As such,
 much of the current vegetation on-Site will require removal; one Douglas fir in the centre of
 the Site will be retained (as per landscapers design) and is should be protected by
 establishing a perimeter about the trunk, preventing preload from damaging the roots. Prior
 to Site clearing, liaison with Richmond's Tree Preservation Coordinator should occur, with
 the aim of identifying other significant trees (especially healthy trees and those important for
 wildlife) for their preservation or future replacement.



- As barn owls and barred owls were previously documented as on-Site, and still use the corridor between residents as part of their flight path, considerations to create owl habitat during construction would improve the future habitat. These considerations could include the construction of one or more free standing barn owl nest boxes, (i.e. on top of telephone-type poles, 4 metres above the ground), preferably towards the south end of the Site, situated near an open area, and with a 15m buffer of rough vegetation to provide some minimal cover for the owl (and to help prevent vandalism). These nest boxes should be cleaned out every few years, in order to maintain the nesting area within the nest box. Also, the addition of more wild features in the landscaping, particularly in the vicinity of the nest box, such as undergrowth, rough grass and dead trees/brush, was also recommended to improve the habitat for owls in the area. If building nest boxes on the property are not possible, the possibility of constructing nest boxes off-Site in suitable habitat should be explored.
- A project invasive plant species management plan should be created to mitigate potential adverse effects to the park following Site clearing activities, with these areas re-seeded with native seed mixes and planted with native shrubs, as soon as possible after disturbance to discourage the re-establishment of invasive species. The Himalayan blackberry should be cleared from the Site, and prevented from re-establishing. Dense plantings of native species are another possible means of preventing re-introduction of invasive species. A management/ maintenance and monitoring plan should be implemented that covers the first three years after installation. The plan should incorporate sufficient instructions for the future land owners to continue appropriate monitoring and maintenance (trimming, removal of invasive species) of the landscaped areas.
- On-Site stormwater management is recommended, including bioswales, permeable sidewalks and water features that incorporate stormwater flow into water features. Current plans present a "natural element" that will have rain leaders that lead to a rock bed and provide habitat for animal species, as well as a bioswales in the border between this development and the proposed development adjacent (to the west). Incorporating bioswales and wetlands provide multiple benefits to the Site: (a) stormwater runoff is managed, which minimizes erosion and diminishes the "flash" of water influx into the stormwater system (as well as minimizing the total volume of water that enters the stormwater system), (b) the demand for irrigation is reduced, and (c) the diversity of the habitats present on the property increases, resulting in an increase in wildlife diversity.



5. PROFESSIONAL STATEMENT

This report has been prepared and reviewed by Keystone Environmental Ltd.² approved personnel who have the credentials and knowledge of the applicable public laws, regulations and/or policies which apply to this report.

Findings presented in this report are based upon (i) reviews of available documentation and discussions with available personnel and regulatory representatives, (ii) review of available records and the terms and conditions for the planned construction, and (iii) observations of the Site and surrounding lands. Consequently, while conclusions and recommendations documented in this report have been prepared in a manner consistent with that level of care and skill normally exercised by other members of the environmental science and engineering profession, practising under similar circumstances in the area at the time of the performance of the work, this report is intended to provide information and to suggest mitigative strategies to reduce, but not necessarily eliminate, the potential for environmental impacts to occur as a result of planned construction activities at the Site. This report is meant to be a living and flexible document that can be used to provide guidance in the environmental assessment process.

This report has been prepared solely for the internal use of Polygon Development pursuant to the agreement between Keystone Environmental Ltd. and the Polygon Development as its submittal to the City of Richmond for the use by its Environmental Review Committee. By using this report, Polygon Development and the City of Richmond agree that they will review and use the report in its entirety. Any use which other parties make of this report, or any reliance on or decisions made based on it. are the responsibility of such parties. Keystone Environmental Ltd. accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by other parties as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.

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32

We certify that the work described herein fulfills standards acceptable of a Professional Biologist.

<u>April 17, 2014</u> Date

DRAFT

DRAFT

Craig S. Patterson, B.Sc. Project Manager Jennifer Trowell, M.ET. Risk Assessment and Biology Department

DRAFT

Shannon Bard, Ph.D., R.P. Bio. Department Head, Risk Assessment & Biological Services



Project 11800 / April 2014

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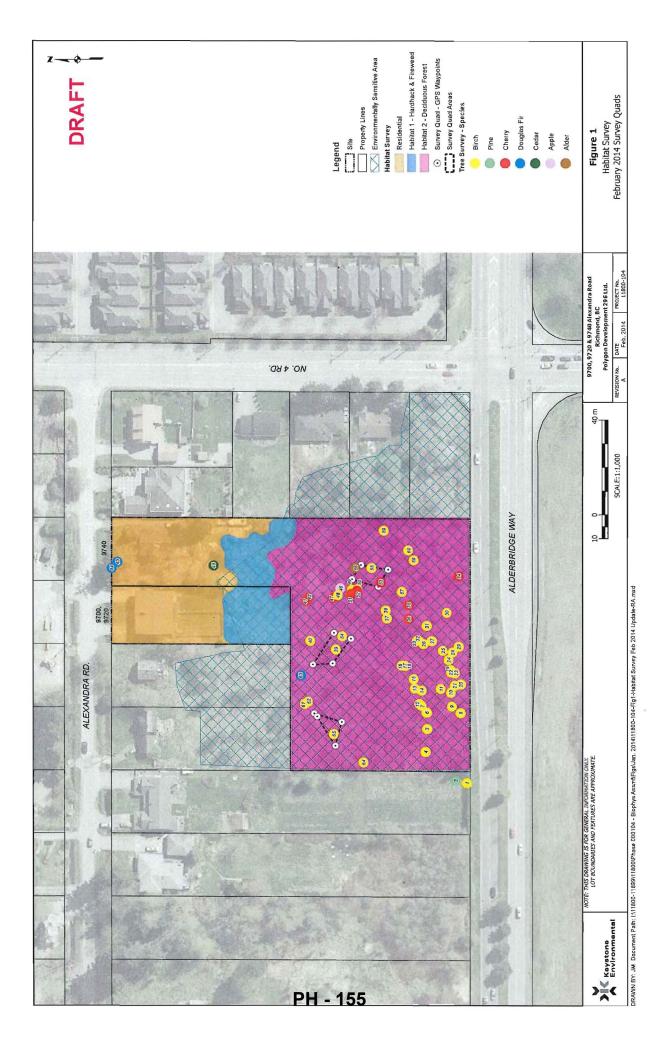
APPENDIX A

FIGURES



³⁶ PH - 154

Project 11800 / April 2014





APPENDIX B

PHOTOGRAPHIC PLATES





Photograph 1: Mixed deciduous-dominant forest habitat composed predominately of birch. A dense understorey of blackberries and mountain-ash is evident.



Page 1 of 3



Photograph 2: Dense understory of Himalayan and Oval-leafed Blackberries present throughout Habitat 2.



Photograph 3: Looking south from the Residential area (lawn) to Habitat 1 – fireweed/hardhack/blackberries (foreground) and Habitat 2 – Deciduous forest (background). Snags were present throughout Habitat 2, and nests were sighted in two trees.



Page 2 of 3

Project 11800 / April 2014



Photograph 4: Snag along the adjacent property and road right of way to the west had two nesting cavities. A brood of flicker fledglings were sighted here during the field survey.



Page 3 of 3

PH - 160

Project 11800 / April 2014

APPENDIX C

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CONSERVATION DATA CENTRE SEARCH RESULTS





BC Species and Ecosystems Explorer Search Results

DO Opecies and				Status			
Scientific Name	English Name	Provincial	BC List	COSEWIC	SARA	Global	CF Priority
Accipiter gentilis laingi	Northern Goshawk, laingi subspecies	S2B (2010)	Red	T (2013)	1-T (2003)	G5T2 (2008)	1
Acipenser medirostris	Green Sturgeon	S1N (2004)	Red	SC (1987)	1-SC (2006)	G3 (2004)	2
Allogona townsendiana	Oregon Forestsnail	S1S2 (2008)	Red	E (2013)	1-E (2005)	G3G4 (2010)	1
Anaxyrus boreas	Western Toad	S3S4 (2010)	Blue	SC (2012)	1-SC (2005)	G4 (2008)	2
Aplodontía rufa rainieri	Mountain Beaver, rainieri subspecies	S3 (2006)	Blue	SC (2012)	1-SC (2003)	G5T4 (1996)	1
Aplodontia rufa rufa	Mountain Beaver, <i>rufa</i> subspecies	S3 (2006)	Blue	SC (2012)	1-SC (2003)	G5T4? (1996)	2
Ardea herodias fannini	Great Blue Heron, fannini subspecies	S2S3B,S4N (2009)	Blue	SC (2008)	1-SC (2010)	G5T4 (1997)	1
Ascaphus truei	Coastal Tailed Frog	S3S4 (2010)	Blue	SC (2011)	1-SC (2003)	G4 (2004)	1
Asio flammeus	Short-eared Owl	S3B,S2N (2009)	Blue	SC (2008)	1-SC (2012)	G5 (2008)	2
Bidens amplissima	Vancouver Island beggarticks	S3 (2008)	Blue	SC (2001)	1-SC (2003)	G3 (1988)	1
Brachyramphus marmoratus	Marbled Murrelet	S3B,S3N (2010)	Blue	T (2012)	1-T (2003)	G3 (2013)	1
Catostomus sp. 4	Salish Sucker	S1 (2010)	Red	T (2012)	1-E (2005)	G1 (2011)	1
Chrysemys picta pop. 1	Painted Turtle - Pacific Coast Population	S2 (2012)	Red	E (2006)	1-E (2007)	G5T2 (2007)	2
Contopus cooperi	Olive-sided Flycatcher	S3S4B (2009)	Blue	T (2007)	1-T (2010)	G4 (2008)	2
Danaus plexippus	Monarch	S3B (2013)	Blue	SC (2010)	1-SC (2003)	G5 (2011)	2
Euphyes vestris	Dun Skipper	S2 (2013)	Red	T (2013)	1-T (2003)	G5 (2006)	2
Falco peregrinus anatum	Peregrine Falcon, anatum subspecies	S2?B (2010)	Red	SC (2007)	1-SC (2012)	G4T4 (2006)	2
Fissidens pauperculus	poor pocket moss	S1 (2011)	Red	E (2011)	1-Е (2003)	G3? (2012)	2
Haliotis kamtschatkana	Northern Abalone	S2 (2002)	Red	T (2000)	1-T (2003)	G3G4 (2010)	2
Lupinus rivularis	streambank lupine	S1 (2009)	Red	E (2002)	1-E (2005)	G2G4 (2009)	1
Megascops kennicottii	Western Screech-Owl,	S3 (2009)	Blue	T (2012)	1-SC	G5T4	1

kennicottii	kennicottii subspecies				(2005)	(2003)	
Patagioenas fasciata	Band-tailed Pigeon	S3S4B (2009)	Blue	SC (2008)	1-SC (2011)	G4 (2000)	2
Rana aurora	Northern Red-legged Frog	5354 (2010)	Blue	SC (2004)	1-SC (2005)	G4 (2008)	1
Rana pretiosa	Oregon Spotted Frog	S1 (2010)	Red	E(2011)	1-Е (2003)	G2 (2011)	1
Rhinichthys cataractae - Chehalis lineage	Nooksack Dace	S1 (2010)	Red	E (2007)	1-E (2003)	G3 (1996)	1
Sorex bendirii	Pacific Water Shrew	S1S2 (2010)	Red	E (2006)	1-E (2003)	G4 (2011)	1
Strix occidentalis	Spotted Owl	S1 (2009)	Red	E (2008)	1-Е (2003)	G3 (2007)	2
Tyto alba	Barn Owl	S3 (2009)	Blue	⊤ (2010)	1-SC (2003)	G5 (1996)	2

Search Summary

Time Thu Jul 25 12:58:35 PDT 2013

Performed Results 28 records.

Search Search Type: Plants & Animals

Search	Scarch Type, Flands & Annhais
Criteria	AND BC Conservation Status:Red (Extirpated, Endangered, or Threatened) OR Blue (Special Concern)
	AND SARA Schedule 1 Status:True OR Provinicial Wildlife Act Status:True AND COSEWIC Status:Endangered OR Threatened OR Special Concern AND Forest Districts:Chilliwack Forest District (DCK) (Restricted to Red, Blue, and Legally designated species) AND MOE Regions:2- Lower Mainland (Restricted to Red, Blue, and Legally designated species)
	AND Regional Districts: Metro Vancouver (MVRD) (Restricted to Red, Blue, and Legally designated species) AND BGC Zone:CWH Sort Order:Scientific Name Ascending
Notes	 Citation: B.C. Conservation Data Centre. 2013. BC Species and Ecosystems Explorer. B.C. Minist. of Environ. Victoria, B.C. Available: <u>http://a100.gov.bc.ca/pub/eswp/</u> (accessed Jul 25, 2013).

2. Forest District, MoE Region, Regional District and habitat lists are restricted to species that breed in the Forest District, MoE Region, Regional District or habitat (i.e., species will not be placed on lists where they occur only as migrants).

BC Species and Ecosystems Explorer Search Results

		,	• • • • • • • • • •		Status				
Scientific Na	me	English Name	Biogeoclimatic Units	Provincial	BC List	Global	Identified Wildlife	Land Use Objectives	CF Priority
Carex lasiocar Rhynchospora		slender sedge - white beak-rush	CDFmm/Wf53 CWHmm1/Wf53 CWHmm2/Wf53 CWHxm1/Wf53 CWHxm2/Wf53	52 (2004)	Red	G2			1
Carex sitchen: Oenanthe sarmentosa	sis -	Sitka sedge - Pacific water- parsley	CWHvh2/Wm50 CWHwm/Wm50 CWHxm1/Wm50	S3 (2004)	Blue	G3		Haida Gwali LUO	2
<i>Distichlis spica</i> <i>var. spicata</i> Herbaceous Vegetation	ata	seashore saltgrass Herbaceous Vegetation	CDFmm/Em03 CWHxm1/Em03	S2S3 (2008)	Red	GNR (2008)			2
Leymus mollis mollis - Lathyi japonicus		dune wildrye - beach pea	CDFmm CWHdm CWHds1 CWHws2 CWHvh1 CWHvh2 CWHvm CWHvm1 CWHwm CWHwm CWHws1 CWHws1 CWHxm1 CWHxm2	5152 (2008)	Red	GNR			1
Myrica gale / sitchensis	Carex	sweet gale / Sitka sedge	CDFmm/Wf52 CWHmm1/Wf52 CWHwn2/Wf52 CWHvh2/Wf52 CWHwm/Wf52 CWHxm1/Wf52 CWHxm2/Wf52	52 (2004)	Red	G3		Haida Gwaii LUO	3
<i>Picea sitchens Rubus specta</i> i Very Dry Mari	bilis	Sitka spruce / salmonberry Very Dry Maritime	CWHxm1/08 CWHxm2/08	S2 (2004)	Red	G3		Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2
Pinus contorta Sphagnum sp Very Dry Mari	p.	lodgepole pine / peat-mosses Very Dry Maritime	CWHxm1/11 CWHxm2/11	S3 (2004)	Biue	GNR			3
Populus trichc - Alnus rubra Rubus spectai	/	black cottonwood - red alder / salmonberry	CDFmm/08 CWHdm/09 CWHds2/09 CWHms1/09 CWHms1/08 CWHms2/08 CWHws2/08 CWHwm/06 CWHws1/08 CWHws2/08 CWHws2/08 CWHws2/08 CWHxm1/09 CWHxm1/09	S3 (2010)	Błue	GNR	•	Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2
Populus tricho / Salix sitcher		black cottonwood / Sitka willow	CWHdm/10 CWHxm1/10 CWHxm2/10	S2S3 (2004)	Blue	GNR		Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2

Pseudotsuga menziesii / Mahonia	Douglas-fir / dull Oregon-grape	CDFmm/01 CWHxm1	S2 (2010)	Red	G2	Y		1
nervosa Pseudotsuga menziesii - Pinus contorta / Racomitrium canescens	Douglas-fir - lodgepole pine / grey rock-moss	CWHxm1/02	S2 (2004)	Red	GNR			2
Pseudotsuga menziesii / Polystichum munitum	Douglas-fir / sword fern	CWHdm/04 CWHxm1/04 CWHxm2/04	S2S3 (2013)	Blue	G2G4		Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2
Pseudotsuga menziesii - Tsuga heterophylla / Gaultheria shallon Dry Maritime	Dou glas-fir - western hemlock / salal Dry Maritime	CWHdm/03 CWHxm1/03 CWHxm2/03	5253 (2013)	Blue	G3G4		Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2
Rhododendron groenlandicum / Kalmia microphylla / Sphagnum spp.	Labrador tea / western bog- laurel / peat- mosses	CDFmm/Wb50 CWHdm/Wb50 CWHvm1/Wb50 CWHxm1/Wb50 CWHxm2/Wb50	S3 (2004)	Blue	G4			4
<i>Schoenoplectus</i> <i>acutus</i> Deep Marsh	hard-stemmed bulrush Deep Marsh	BGxh1/Wm06 BGxh2/Wm06 BGxw2/Wm06 CDFmm/Wm06 CDFmm/Wm06 IDFdk1/Wm06 IDFdk3/Wm06 IDFdk3/Wm06 IDFdk4/Wm06 IDFdk4/Wm06 IDFxh1/Wm06 IDFxh2/Wm06 IDFxh2/Wm06 IDFxh2/Wm06 MSdk/Wm06 MSdk/Wm06 PPxh3/Wm06 SBPSmk/Wm06 SBPSmk/Wm06 SBPSmk/Wm06 SBPSmk/Wm06 SBPSmk/Wm06	53 (2004)	Blue	G5			4
Selaginella wallacei / Cladina spp.	Wallace's selaginella / reindeer lichens	CDF CWHxm1 CWHxm2	S 3	Blue	GNR			
<i>Sidalcea hendersonii</i> Tidal Marsh	Henderson's checker-mallow Tidal Marsh	CWHxm1/00	S1 (2004)	Red	G1			1
Thuja plicata / Carex obnupta	western redcedar / slough sedge	CWHdm/15 CWHxm1/15 CWHxm2/15	S2S3 (2013)	Blue	GNR			2
Thuja plicata / Lonicera involucrata	western redcedar / black twinberry	CWHdm/14 CWHxm1/14 CWHxm2/14	S1 (2010)	Red	GNR		Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	1

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Thuja plicata - Picea sitchensis / Lysichiton americanus	western redcedar - Sitka spruce / skunk cabbage	CWHdm/12 CWHds1/12 CWHds2/12 CWHms1/11 CWHms2/11 CWHws1/11 CWHvh1/13 CWHvh2/13 CWHvm1/14 CWHwh1/12 CWHws1/11 CWHws1/11 CWHws1/12 CWHxm1/12 CWHxm1/12	\$3? (2004)	Blue	G3?	Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	3
Thuja plicata / Polystichum munitum Very Dry Maritime	western redcedar / sword fern Very Dry Maritime	CWHxm1/05 CWHxm2/05	S2S3 (2009)	Blue	GNR	Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2
Thuja plicata / Rubus spectabilis	western redcedar / salmonberry	CWHdm/13 CWHxm1/13 CWHxm2/13	S1S2 (2009)	Red	GNR	Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	1
Thuja plicata / Tiarella trifoliata Very Dry Maritime	western redcedar / three-leaved foamflower Very Dry Maritime	CWHxm1/07 CWHxm2/07	S2S3 (2013)	Blue	G3	Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2
Tsuga heterophylla - Pseudotsuga menziesii / Eurhynchium oreganum	western hemlock - Douglas-fir / Oregon beaked- moss	CWHxm1/01 CWHxm2/01	S2 (2013)	Red	G3G4	Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2
Tsuga heterophylla - Thuja plicata / Blechnum spicant	western hemlock - western redcedar / deer fern	CWHdm/06 CWHxm1/06 CWHxm2/06	S2 (2013)	Red	G2G3	Central and North Coast LUO South Central Coast LUO	2
<i>Typha latifolia</i> Marsh	common cattail Marsh	BGxh1/Wm05 BGxh2/Wm05 BGxw1/Wm05 CDFmm/Wm05 CWHxm1/Wm05 CWHxm2/Wm05 IDFdk1/Wm05 IDFdk2/Wm05 IDFdk2/Wm05 IDFdm1/Wm05 IDFdm2/Wm05 IDFxh1/Wm05 IDFxh1/Wm05 IDFxh2/Wm05 PPh2/Wm05 PPxh1/Wm05 PPxh1/Wm05 PPxh2/Wm05	53 (2004)	Blue	G5		1

Search Summary

Time Performed	Fri Jul 26 09:38:52 PDT 2013
Results	26 records.
Search Criteria	Search Type: Ecological Communities AND BC Conservation Status:Red (Extirpated, Endangered, or Threatened) OR Blue (Special Concern) AND Forest Districts:Chilliwack Forest District (DCK) AND MOE Regions:2- Lower Mainland AND Municipalities: Richmond AND BGC Zone, Subzone, Variant, Phase:CWHxm1 Sort Order:Scientific Name Ascending
Notes	 Citation: B.C. Conservation Data Centre. 2013. BC Species and Ecosystems Explorer. B.C. Minist. of Environ. Victoria, B.C. Available: <u>http://a100.gov.bc.ca/pub/eswp/</u> (accessed Jul 26, 2013).
	2. Biogeoclimatic Site Unit(s): This column indicates the BGC unit(s) on which each ecological community is known to occur (future inventories may indicate range extensions). The two digit number following the slash (01 and up) indicates that the ecological community occurs on a site series that is part of the B.C. Ministry of Forests (MOF) site series classification (see <u>MOF Regional Field Guides to Site Identification and Interpretation</u> for more information). A two digit number of '00' indicates that the ecological community occurs on a site classification but is recognized from other vegetation and site classifications, and ecosystem mapping projects.

Modify Search | New Search | Results

APPENDIX D

KEYSTONE ENVIRONMENTAL LTD. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SERVICES



Page 5 of 3

PH - 169

Project 11800 / April 2014

KEYSTONE ENVIRONMENTAL LTD. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SERVICES

The terms and conditions set forth below govern all work or services requested by CLIENT as described and set forth in the Proposal of Keystone Environmental Ltd. ("Keystone") attached hereto, any Purchase Order issued by CLIENT or Agreement between Keystone and CLIENT. The provisions of said Proposal or Agreement govern the scope of services to be performed, including the time schedule, compensation, and any other special terms. The terms and conditions contained herein shall otherwise apply expressly stated to the contract or inconsistent with said Proposal or Agreement.

1. COMPENSATION

Unless otherwise stated in Keystone's Proposal, CLIENT agrees to compensate Keystone in accordance with Keystone's published rate schedules in effect on the date when the services are performed. Copies of the schedules currently in effect are attached hereto. Keystone's rate schedules are revised periodically; and Keystone will notify CLIENT of any such revisions and the effective date thereof which shall not be less than thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice. As to those services for which no schedule exists, Keystone shall be compensated on a time and materials basis as set forth in any change order executed pursuant to this Agreement.

2. PAYMENT

Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, invoices will be submitted monthly. Payment of invoices is due within thirty (30) days of receipt of the invoice. Invoices not paid within (30) days after date of receipt shall be deemed delinquent.

3. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

Keystone shall be an independent contractor and shall be fully independent in performing the services of work and shall not act or hold themselves out as an agent, servant or employee of CLIENT.

4. KEYSTONE'S LIMITED WARRANTY

The sole and exclusive warranty which Keystone makes with respect to the services to be provided in the performance of the work is that they shall be performed in accordance with generally accepted professional practices and CLIENT's standards and specifications to the extent accepted by Keystone and shall be performed in a skillful manner.

In the event Keystone's performance of work, or any portion thereof, fails to conform with the above stated limited warranty, Keystone shall, at its discretion and its expense, proceed expeditiously to reperform the nonconforming, or upon the mutual agreement of the parties, refund the amount of compensation paid to Keystone for such nonconforming work. In no event shall Keystone be required to bear the cost of gaining access in order to perform its warranty obligations.

5. <u>CLIENT WARRANTY</u>

CLIENT warrants that: it will provide to Keystone all available information regarding the site, structures, facilities, buildings, and land involved with the work and that such information shall be true and correct: it will provide all licences and permits required for the work; that all work which it performs shall be in accordance with generally accepted professional practices; and it has title to or will provide right of entry or access to all property necessary to perform the work.

6. INDEMNITY

- a. Subject to the limitations of Section 7 below, Keystone agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless CLIENT (including its officers, directors, employees and agents) from and against any and all losses, damages, liabilities, claims, suits, and the costs and expenses incident thereto (including legal fees and reasonable costs of investigation) which any or all of them may hereafter incur, become responsible for or pay out as a result of death or bodily injuries to any person, destruction or damage to any property, private or public, contamination or adverse effects on the environment or any violation or alleged violation of governmental laws, regulations, or orders, to the extent caused by or arising out of: (i) Keystone's errors or omissions or (ii) negligence on the part of Keystone in performing services hereunder.
- b. CLIENT agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Keystone (including its officers, directors, employees and agents) from and against any and all losses, damages, liabilities, claims, suits and the costs and expenses incident thereto (including legal fees and reasonable costs of investigation) which any or all of them may hereafter incur, become responsible for or pay out as a result of death or bodily injuries to any person, destruction or damage to any property, private or public, contamination or adverse effects on the environment or any violation or alleged violation of governmental laws, regulations, or orders,



1

caused by, or arising out of in whole or in part: (i) any negligence or willful misconduct of CLIENT, (ii) any breach of CLIENT of any warranties or other provisions hereunder, (iii) any condition including, but not limited to, contamination existing at the site, or (iv) contamination of other property arising or alleged to arise from or be related to the site provided, however, that such indemnification shall not apply to the extent any losses, damages, liabilities or expenses result from or arise out of: (i) any warranties hereunder.

7. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Keystone's total liability, whether arising from or based upon breach of warranty, breach of contract, tort, including Keystone's negligence, strict liability, indemnity or any other cause of basis whatsoever, is expressly limited to the limits of Keystone's insurance coverage. This provision limiting Keystone's liability shall survive the termination, cancellation or expiration of any contract resulting from this Proposal and the completion of services thereunder. After three (3) years of completion of Keystone's services, any legal costs arising to defend third party claims made against Keystone in connection with the project defined in the Proposal or Agreement will be paid in full by the CLIENT.

8. INSURANCE

Keystone, during performance of this Agreement, will at its own expense carry Worker's Compensation Insurance within limits required by law; Comprehensive General Liability Insurance for bodily injury and for property damage; Professional Liability Insurance for errors omissions and negligence; and Comprehensive Automobile Liability Insurance for bodily injury and property damage. At CLIENT'S request, Keystone shall provide a Certificate of Insurance demonstrating Keystone's compliance with this section. Such Certificate of Insurance shall provide that said insurance shall not be cancelled or materially altered until at least ten (10) days after written notice to CLIENT.

9. CONFIDENTIALITY

Each party shall retain as confidential all information and data furnished to it by the other party which relate to the other party's technologies, formulae, procedures, processes, methods, trade secrets, ideas, improvements, inventions and/or computer programs, which are designated in writing by such other party as confidential at the time of transmission and are obtained or acquired by the receiving party in connection with work or services performed subject to this Proposal or Agreement, and shall not disclose such information to any third party.

However, nothing herein is meant to prevent nor shall it be interpreted as preventing either Keystone or CLIENT from disclosing and/or using said information or data; (i) when the information or data is actually known to the receiving party before being obtained or derived from the transmitting party; or (ii) when the information or data is generally available to the public without the receiving party's fault; or (iii) where the information or data is obtained or acquired in good faith at any time by the receiving party from a third party who has the right to disclose such information or data; or (iv) where a written release is obtained by the receiving party from the transmitting party; or (v) as required by law.

10. PROTECTION OF INFORMATION

Keystone specifically disclaims any warranties expressed or implied and does not make any representations regarding whether any information associated with conducting the work, including the report, can be protected from disclosure in responses to a request by a federal, provincial or local government agency, or in response to discovery or other legal process during the course of any litigation involving Keystone or CLIENT. Should Keystone receive such request from a third party, it will immediately advise CLIENT.

11. FORCE MAJEURE

Neither party shall be responsible or liable to the other for default or delay in the performance of any of its obligations hereunder (other than the payment of money for services already rendered) caused in whole or in part by strikes or other labour difficulties or disputes; governmental orders or regulations; war, riot, fire, explosion; acts of God; acts of omissions of the other party; any other like causes; or any other unlike causes which are beyond the reasonable control of the respective party.

In the event of delay in performance due to any such cause, the time for completion will be extended by a period of time reasonably necessary to overcome the effect of the delay. The party so prevented from complying shall within a reasonable time of its knowledge of the disability advise the other party of the effective cause, the performance suspended or affected and the anticipated length of time during which performance will be prevented or delayed and shall make all reasonable efforts to remove such disability as soon as possible, except for labour disputes, which shall be solely within said party's discretion. The party prevented from complying shall advise the other party when the cause of the delay or default has ended, the number of days which will be reasonably required to compensate for the period of suspension and the date when performance will be resumed. Any additional costs or expense accruing or arising from the delaying event shall be solely for the account of the CLIENT.



2

12. NOTICE

Any notice, communication, or statement required or permitted to be given hereunder shall be in writing and deemed to have been sufficiently given when delivered in person or sent by facsimile, wire, or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, to the address of the party set forth below, or to such address for either party as the party may be written notice designate.

13. ASSIGNMENT/SUBCONTRACT

Neither party hereto shall assign this Agreement or any part thereof or any interest therein without the prior written approval of the other party hereto except as herein otherwise provided. Keystone shall not subcontract the performance of any work hereunder without the written approval of CLIENT. Subject to the foregoing limitation, the Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the successors and permitted assigns of the parties hereto.

14. ESTIMATES

To the extent the work requires Keystone to prepare opinions of probable cost, for example, opinions of probable cost for the cost of construction, such opinions shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted engineering practice and procedure. However, Keystone has no control over construction costs, competitive bidding and market conditions, costs of financing, acquisition of land or rights-of-way and Keystone does not guarantee the accuracy of such opinion of probable cost as compared to actual costs or contractor's bid.

15. DELAYED AGREEMENTS AND OBLIGATIONS

The performance by Keystone of its obligations under this Agreement depends upon the CLIENT performing its obligations in a timely manner and cooperating with Keystone to the extent reasonably required for completion of the Work. Delays by CLIENT in providing information or approvals or performing its obligations set forth in this Agreement may result in an appropriate adjustment of contract price and schedule.

16. CONSTRUCTION PHASE

To the extent the work is related to or shall be followed by construction work not performed by Keystone, Keystone shall not be responsible during the construction phase for the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures of construction contractors, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, and shall not be responsible for the construction contractor's failure to perform the work in accordance with the contract documents. Keystone will not direct, supervise or control the work of the CLIENT'S contractors or the CLIENT'S subcontractors.

17. DOCUMENTATION, RECORDS, AUDIT

Keystone when requested by CLIENT, shall provide CLIENT with copies of all documents relating to the service(s) of work performed. Keystone shall retain true and correct records in connection with each service and/or work performed and all transactions related thereto and shall retain all such records for twelve (12) months after the end of the calendar year in which the last service pursuant to this Agreement was performed. CLIENT, at its expense and upon reasonable notice, may from time to time during the term of this Agreement, and at any time after the date the service(s) were performed up to twelve (12) months after the end of the calendar year in which the last service, and the twelve (12) months after the date the service(s) were performed up to twelve (12) months after the end of the calendar year in which the last service(s) were performed up to twelve (12) months after the end of the calendar year in which the last service(s) were performed, audit all records of Keystone in connection with all costs and expenses which it was invoiced.

18. REPORTS, DOCUMENTS AND INFORMATION

All field data, field notes, laboratory test data, calculations, estimates and other documents prepared by Keystone in performance of the work shall remain the property of Keystone. If required as part of the work, Keystone shall prepare a written report addressing the items in the work plan including the test results. Such report shall be the property of CLIENT, Keystone shall be entitled to retain three (3) copies of such report for its internal use and reference.

All drawings and documents produces under the terms of this Agreement are the property of Keystone, and cannot be used for any reason other than to bid and construct the project as described in the Proposal or Agreement.

19. LIMITED USE OF REPORT

Any report prepared as part of the work will be prepared solely for the internal use of CLIENT. Unless otherwise agreed by Keystone and CLIENT, parties agree that third parties are not to rely upon the report.

20. SAMPLE MANAGEMENT

Ownership of all samples obtained by Keystone from the project site is maintained by the CLIENT. Keystone will store such samples in a professional manner in a secure area for the period of time necessary to complete the project. Upon completion of the project, Keystone will return any unused samples or



3

portions thereof to the CLIENT or at Keystone's option dispose of the samples in a lawful manner and bill the CLIENT for all costs related thereto. Keystone will normally store samples for thirty (30) days. Written notice will be given to the CLIENT before finally disposing of samples.

21. ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND RECOGNITION OF RISK

CLIENT recognizes and accepts the work to be undertaken by Keystone may involve unknown undersurface conditions and hazards. CLIENT further recognizes that environmental, geologic, hydrological, and geotechnical conditions can and may vary from those encountered by Keystone at the times and locations where it obtained data and information and that limitations on available data may result in some uncertainty with respect to the interpretation of these conditions. CLIENT recognizes that the performance of services hereunder or the implementation of recommendations made by Keystone in completing the work required may alter the existing site conditions and affect the environment in the site area.

Unknown undersurface conditions, including underground utility services, tanks, pipes, cables and other works (Underground Works) may be present at the site. Keystone will conduct utility locates to obtain available information regarding the location of Underground Works in accordance with industry practice. Utility locates are not a guarantee of the location of, or existence of, Underground Works and as a result damage to Underground Works may occur. Keystone relies on utility locates and Client provided "as-built" and record drawings to determine the location and existence of Underground Works. CLIENT recognizes that the use of utility locates is not a guarantee or warranty that Underground Works may not be damaged and acknowledges that Keystone is not responsible for any damage caused to Underground Works or the repair of such damage or any resulting or related damage and any costs related to such damage.

22. DISPOSAL OF CONTAMINATED MATERIAL

It is understood and agreed that Keystone is not, and has no responsibility as, a generator, operator or storer of pre-existing hazardous substances or wastes found or identified at work sites. Keystone shall not directly or indirectly assume title to such hazardous or toxic substances and shall not be liable to third parties.

CLIENT will indemnify and hold harmless Keystone from and against all incurred losses, damages, costs and expenses, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising or resulting from actions brought by third parties alleging or identifying Keystone as a generator, operator, storer or owner of pre-existing hazardous substances or wastes found or identified at work sites.

23. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION

In the event the work is terminated or suspended by CLIENT prior to the completion of the services contemplated hereunder, Keystone shall be paid for: (i) the services rendered to the date of termination or suspension, (ii) the demobilization costs, and (iii) the costs incurred with respect to noncancelable commitments.

24. <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>

This Agreement shall be governed by and interpreted pursuant to the laws of the Province of British Columbia.

25. HEADINGS AND SEVERABILITY

Any heading preceding the text of sections hereof is inserted solely for convenience or reference and shall not constitute a part of the Agreement and shall not effect the meanings, context, effect or construction of the Agreement. Every part, term or provision of this Agreement is severable from others. Notwithstanding any possible future finding by duly constituted authority that a particular part, term or provision is invalid, void or unenforceable, this Agreement has been made with the clear intention that the validity and enforceability of the remaining parts, terms and provision shall not be affected thereby.

26. ENTIRE AGREEMENT

The terms and conditions set forth herein constitute the entire Agreement and understanding or the parties relating to the provision of work or services by Keystone to CLIENT, and merges and supersedes all prior agreements, commitments, representation, writings, and discussions between them and shall be incorporated in all work orders, purchase orders and authorization unless otherwise so stated therein. The terms and conditions may be amended only by written instrument signed by both parties.



4



Keystone Environmental Knowledge-Driven Results

June 3, 2014

Mr. David Brownlee City of Richmond 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Dear Mr. Brownlee:

Habitat Assessment in Environmentally Sensitive Area Re: 9700 & 9740 Alexandra Road, Richmond, BC Project No. 11800

This letter summarizes DRAFT Report of Findings - Biophysical Assessment, Keystone Environmental, April 15, 2014, and provides details regarding our assessment of the site (9700 & 9740 Alexandra Road, Richmond).

Based on mapping layers provided by the City of Richmond Interactive Map¹ and the biophysical assessment conducted by Keystone Environmental in July 2013², the Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA) present on site was split into two distinct Habitats. Habitat 1 consisted of 831 m^2 of 'Hardhack-Fireweed-Blackberry Open Habitat' contained within the ESA, while Habitat 2 consisted of 8,253 m^2 of 'Deciduous-Dominated Mixed Community', also within the ESA (Table 1). It is our opinion that Habitat 1 and a 1,318 m² portion of Habitat 2 (Figure 1) do not meet the criteria for ESA Upland Forest as defined by the City of Richmond. Table 1 summarizes the habitat values present in both areas.

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	Fish and Fish Habitat	Vegetation Diversity and Health	Wildlife Habitat Connectivity	Invasive Species Presence	Overall Rank
Habitat 1	N/A	Low	Low	High	Low
Habitat 2	N/A	Moderate	Low	High	Low
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Table 1: Summary of Habitat Values - 9700 & 9740 Alexandra Road.

The remaining 6,935 m² area in Habitat 2 is considered low value habitat due to a high density of invasive Himalayan blackberries and die-back of paper birch (possibly due to birch borer infestation). This area has ornamental fruit trees interspersed throughout, and does not have significant representation of other tree species listed in the ESA definition of Upland Forest (i.e. western red cedar, western hemlock, black cottonwood, etc.). Based on the City of Richmond requirement to provide an

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Environmental Consulting Engineering Solutions Assessment & Protection

http://rim.richmond.ca/rim/Viewer.aspx?Site=RIM&ReloadKey=True, accessed July 2013 ² Keystone Environmental (2014) DRAFT Report of Findings – Biophysical Assessment. 9700 & 9740 Alexandra Road, Richmond, BC. Project No. 11800 (v2.0). April 15, 2014.

aerial based assessment and overall habitat balance for proposed development within an ESA, we are recommending a replacement habitat ratio of 1:0.25 (impact habitat to replacement habitat) to represent the low ESA habitat values or components present on-site. Using this calculation, 1,733 m² of habitat will be present at the completion of the proposed development.

The landscape plans, developed by ETA landscape architecture, are presented in Figure 2. Based on this figure, the total retained habitat, habitat buffer area and planted areas throughout the development is approximately 1,750 m². The planned landscaping includes enhanced habitat values (including a stormwater collection area for wetland species), including native species and fruiting species, and orients green spaces north and south to serve as potential wildlife corridors, allowing for connectivity with green spaces located to the northwest of the site across Alexandra Road and south of the site across Alderbridge Way.

Sincerely,

Keystone Environmental Ltd.

Original signed by

Original signed by

Craig S. Patterson, B.Sc. Project Manager Jennifer Trowell, M.ET. Risk Assessment and Biology Department

cc. Chris Ho, Polygon Development 296 Ltd.

I:\11800-11899\11800\Phase 000104 - Biophys Assmt\City Correspondence\11800 140603 Revised ESA Habitat Balance.docx



Project 11800 / June 2014



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Arborist Report

Client:	Att: Chris Ho
	Polygon Homes Ltd.
	900-1333 West Broadway
	Vancouver, B.C.
	V6H 4C2
	Tel: 604-871-4181

Subject Property: Jayden Mews 9700 – 9740 Alexandra Rd. Richmond, B.C.

Prepared by:Pacific Sun Tree Services1126 Stevens StreetWhite Rock, B.C.V4B 4X8

604-323-4270 andermatt.forest@shaw.ca www.pacificsuntree.com

Dave Andermatt ISA Certification: PN6285A Certified Tree Risk Assessor: No. 364

Pacific Sun Tree Services



Project Overview

Pacific Sun Tree Services has been retained by Polygon Homes Ltd. to conduct an assessment of the tree inventory on the subject property. Trees identified in the previous report prepared by Pacific Sun Tree Services, Preliminary Assessment Arborist Report, dated January 10, 2014, have been surveyed and have been fully assessed for inclusion within this report. The majority of the trees on site are in the currently undeveloped portion of the property (essentially the southern half). As requested by the city of Richmond, given the poor condition and large number of these trees, a survey of these trees and individual details is not required. Instead, the trees required tallying and grouping for general description by the project arborist. These findings are provided in this report in conjunction with the detailed assessment of the surveyed trees.

Pacific Sun Tree Services was provided with a site plan of the property including tree locations. A site visit was conducted on May 12 & 15, 2014.

Findings

Details of tree condition and recommendations for retention or removal are provided in the following table. Note that the 'Health' rating for the trees is based on the tree's growth history and vigour, and accounts for any disease or abiotic factors afflicting the health of the tree. A tree's 'Form' refers to its structural condition and includes identifying natural deformities as well as man-made defects such as poor/damaging pruning practices. Trees that are significantly compromised due to health and/or form are not recommended for retention.

As outlined above in the Project Overview, the trees in the undeveloped portion of the Jayden Mews property have been tallied. These trees have also been delineated into four different groups based on geographic distribution. These findings are listed in the table 'Non Surveyed Trees'. Note that some of the trees shown on the survey are under permit size and are accordingly not included in this report. Also, some of the surveyed trees are poor condition and consistent with the non surveyed tree category and have been tallied under and addressed in this section of the report. Below is a summary of all permit trees on site:

Tree Tally Summary

Tree Category	Number of Permit Size Trees
Surveyed Trees	19
Non Surveyed Trees (4 Groups)	68
Total	87

Also one tree (#312) is on city property to the west. Therefore a total of 88 trees addressed.

Pacific Sun Tree Services



Surveyed Tree Findings

Tree	Species	DBH	Crown	Health	Form	Observations &
I.D.		(cm)	Radius (m)			Recommendations
149	Shore Pine (Pinus contorta var. contorta)	30	3	Poor		Southward lean. Very poor basal stem formation, particularly on the north side where some compression failure has occurred and significant decay is present. Column of decay extends 2+ metres on the west side. Significant stem deformation also at 3.5m. Very Low quality tree not suitable for retention. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
150	English Oak (Quercus robur)	27	3.8	Moderate – Good	Good	Narrow crown due to adjacent tree competition. Natural thinning (shading) resulting in raised crown to about 5m. Overall narrow and raised crown as well as uncommon species contribute toward being a candidate for retention. Recommendation: Retain Tree.
151	Birch (Betula)	23 x2 +17+19 +25	5	Good		Four of the five stems are growing southward (phototropic lean) with essentially their entire canopy south of the tree base. The exception is a northward growing stem with extensive decay in the lower 1.5m as well as top dieback in the crown. Given the orientation of the tree crown, this tree could be retained. Recommendation: Retain Tree.
304	Douglas-fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii)	80	7.5	Moderate	– Poor	Fairly poor crown formation. Low aesthetics. Not a good candidate for long term retention. This large tree is adjacent to the planned Building 1 and will not be possible to retain. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
305	Western Hemlock (Tsuga heterophylla)	80	6.5	Poor		Historically topped/broken @ 8m. Secondary stem broken off @ 4m on west side beside small, dead stem. Also a dead/broken stem on south side. Very poor aesthetics. Not a good candidate for long term retention. This large tree is too close to the planned Building 1 for retention to be possible. Low quality tree not suitable for retention. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
312	Birch (Betula)	56	5.5	Good	Moderate	Growing at south edge of open ditch with slight lean northward in lower half of crown. Some historical topping cuts to reduce branch length but overall crown is in fairly good condition. <u>City Tree</u> Recommendation: Retain Tree.

Pacific Sun Tree Services



Tree I.D.	Species	DBH (cm)	Crown Radius (m)	Health	Form	Observations & Recommendations
329	Western Redcedar <i>(Thuja plicata)</i>	130	7	Moderate – Good	– Poor	Large codominant stems with attachment @ 1.5m. Eastern stem historically topped or broken @ 7m resulting in 2 stems regrowth with one dominant. The smaller, but still fairly large stem has a poorly structured vertical attachment. Not suitable for long term retention given risk level for failure. Too close to planned Building 3 for feasible retention. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
330	Western Redcedar (Thuja plicata)	68	5.5.	Moderate – Poor	Poor	Historically topped @ 5.5m Main stem has regrown on north side, another large stem on east side has been cut in years past @ about 2m from point of origin. Secondary stems, signs of low vigour. Not suitable for long term retention. Located just inside envelope of planned Building 3. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
336	Sycamore Maple (Acer pseudoplatanus)	27+28	5.4	Good	Moderate	Base of tree is growing against the foundation of the existing house. Codominant stems attached @ 1m. Not possible to retain during demolition of existing house. Tree is located within the planned Jayden Mews roadway. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
337	Sycamore Maple (Acer pseudoplatanus)	30+37	6	Moderate		Codominant stems attached @ ½ m. Advanced decay at point of attachment on east side and down into root crown and to north side. Hazardous tree. Located at foundation of planned Building 3. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
340	Cherry (Prunus)	25+30	6	Moderate	Moderate	Secondary stem attached @ 1m. Lower half of crown has died back from shading due to adjacent tree competition. Tree is located midway within the planned Jayden Mews roadway. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
341	Cherry (Prunus)	40	6	Moderate – Good		Multi-stemmed structure with attachment @ 1.5 ⁺ m. Some dieback in shaded lower crown, particularly on north and east sides, otherwise fairly full crown. Tree is located midway within the planned Jayden Mews roadway. Recommendation: Remove Tree.

Pacific Sun Tree Services



Tree I.D.	Species	DBH (cm)	Crown Radius (m)	Health	Form	Observations & Recommendations
342	Cherry (Prunus)	20 x2 +15	5	Moderate – Good	Moderate	Basal stem attachment; codominant @ 1m. Some inner crown dieback, lower north side due to shading from competition. Tree is located at edge of planned Jayden Mews roadway and within planned parking space. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
365	Sycamore Maple (Acer pseudoplatanus)	18+19+ 21+22+ 12 x2		Good	Moderate	Multi-stemmed tree with basal attachments. Across from outdoor play area. <i>Shared tree with Neighbour.</i> Recommendation: Retain Tree.
366	Sycamore Maple (Acer pseudoplatanus)	25+30	4	Moderate – Good	Poor	Basal attachment with union around old decaying stump, not structurally sound. Confined crown development due to adjacent trees' competition. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
367	Sycamore Maple (Acer pseudoplatanus)	28+43+ 31 x2	7	Good		Four stems with basal attachment along a well defined north-south alignment. Fairly good structure except northern stem - significant included bark between the northern two stems. North stem is codominant @ 1.5m, with significant included bark. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
376	Cherry . (Prunus)	45	5.5	Moderate – Good		Slight lean to southeast. Some vine growing into crown. Fairly good condition. Located close to the planned Building 9, Jayden Mews roadway and a parking stall. Not possible to retain. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
380	Douglas-fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii)	36	4.6	Good		Slight lean southeast. Lower 4m of crown has largely died back from shading. Nice condition, healthy young tree. Recommendation: Retain Tree.
386	Birch (Betula)	20+26	4	Moderate – Good	Moderate – Poor	Very pronounced lean southward and weak stem structure. Poor quality tree for retention. Recommendation: Remove Tree.
387	Birch (Betula)	18	2.7	Moderate Good	Moderate	Significant lean southward with correction only near top. Leans out over Alderbridge, but generally fair condition. Adjacent to planned green space. Recommendation: Retain Tree.

Pacific Sun Tree Services



Group	Species	Total Permit			
	Birch Cherry		Other	Size Trees	
East	12	5	4	21	
Alderbridge	32	2	1	35	
Open	3	0	0	3	
Northwest	9	0	0	9	
Total	56	8	5	68	

Non Surveyed Tree Findings

* See attached 'Tree Location Overview Plan' for delineation of Group areas.

Non Surveyed Tree Groups – Description

East Group

Predominantly Birch trees, this area also has a significant portion of Cherry. The remaining trees are Maple and Crab-apple. The birch are in varying degrees of decline with top dieback found on all and in some some cases very extensive where the top half of the crown or more has died and often already broken apart. The Cherry trees are fairly numerous in the south central portion of this group, however, most are young, non-permit sized trees. The permit sized trees have poor crown development due to the high stand density.

Alderbridge Group

Slightly more than half the non-surveyed trees are found in this group. Almost entirely comprised of Birch trees, a number of which are of relatively large size (30 to 40 cm dbh). However, regardless of size, the Birch are again declining and in poor quality.

Open Group

It is expected that this area was previously occupied by predominantly Birch but the trees have already declined and failed leaving only dense underbrush that has prevented almost any new tree establishment – the one notable exception is the Douglas-fir (Tree #380) which has been selected for retention in the new development.

Northwest Continuation of declining, poor quality Birch.

Pacific Sun Tree Services



Tree Protection: Detailed Recommendations

The Tree Protection Zones (TPZ) are delineated by the location of the Tree Protection Barriers which are identified on the attached Tree Location & Protection Plan. No work is permitted within the TPZ as well as no access by machinery or storage of soil (including site loading), equipment or any other materials.

Any underground service installation must be done outside of the TPZ outlined by this report, or additional arborist assessment is required as directed by the city once utility service line locations are available. Retaining walls with continuous footings are prohibited within the TPZ. If a retaining wall is planned for installation within a TPZ, the specifications relating size and location of post footings is required for additional arborist assessment or as required by the city once this information is available.

Tree #150:

The Tree Protection Barrier is located 6m north and south of the tree. The east side of the Barrier is 4.2m from the property line. (See Tree Protection Plan #1)

Tree #151:

North stem removal

The north stem requires removal by the project arborist. This should be conducted concurrent with clearing activity on the site.

The Tree Protection Barrier begins 4m east of the tree and extends further east to 6.5m then turns south for 6.5m, then turns west for 13m. The Barrier then turns north 6.5m (directly west of the tree) and then angles to meet a point 4m north of the tree. The Barrier then turns at an angle to connect with the beginning point. (See Tree Protection Plan #1)

Tree #312:

The Tree Protection Barrier is located to protect roots within the area adjacent to the open ditch. The Barrier begins at the northwest corner of the property, extends north to the break-line (approximately 4.8m), then turns west parallel to the road then south alongside the end of the open ditch until just east of the tree. (See Tree Protection Plan #2)

Tree #365:

The Tree Protection Barrier is located at the property line both 6m north and south of the center of the tree, and extends at an angle to a point 7m east of the tree. (See Tree Protection Plan #2)

Pacific Sun Tree Services



Tree #380:

The Tree Protection Barrier is located around the tree at a 5.5m radius. (See Tree Protection Plan #1)

Crown Pruning

The project arborist should conduct pruning to raise the crown to approximately 4m height to remove dead and poor quality branches due to natural shading dieback.

Tree #387:

The Tree Protection Barrier is located 3.5m west, north and east of the tree. The south side of the Barrier is 4m from the tree. (See Tree Protection Plan #1)

All Protected Trees Tree #150, 151, 312, 365, 380 & 387:

Excavation Supervision

Arborist supervision during the excavation in the area adjacent (within 10 feet) to the identified TPZ (Tree Protection Barriers) to reduce or eliminate fracturing along roots into the TPZ. Concurrently, the arborist will conduct an assessment of damaged roots near the TPZ boundary and implement root pruning as required to facilitate wound closure, and promote new root development. A summary of the impact on the tree, the mitigating treatments conducted and any further recommendations will be prepared and submitted to the client and/or city staff.

Root Zone Drainage

With the alteration of soil hydrology on the site surrounding the TPZ, and in particular the raised grades, it is critical for the tree's survival to ensure proper drainage. The tree well area, or at a minimum, the area identified as the TPZ, must have permanent installed drainage that maintains natural water table levels. If necessary, due to surrounding grade increases and location of available storm drain connections, the root zone area may require installation of a pump to remove excess water.

Ensure Adherence to Tree Protection Bylaw No. 8057.

Prior to undertaking any works on the site:

trees recommended for removal in this report must also be given approval and issued permitting for removal by the city;

all trees proposed for retention must be properly protected; and

protection measures must be inspected and approved by the City's Tree Protection Staff.

Pacific Sun Tree Services



Attachments

Item	Pages
Tree Management Plan	1
Non-Surveyed Tree Groups	1
Tree Protection Plan #1	1
Tree Protection Plan #2	1
Total	4

Limitations

The arboricultural assessment of the trees discussed in this report has been conducted to determine their health and condition and consequently their viability for retention. The report and its recommendations are based on the field observations made on the date that they were assessed and on the plans received by Pacific Sun Tree Services. The inspection is limited to external signs and sounding within the lower portion of the trees.

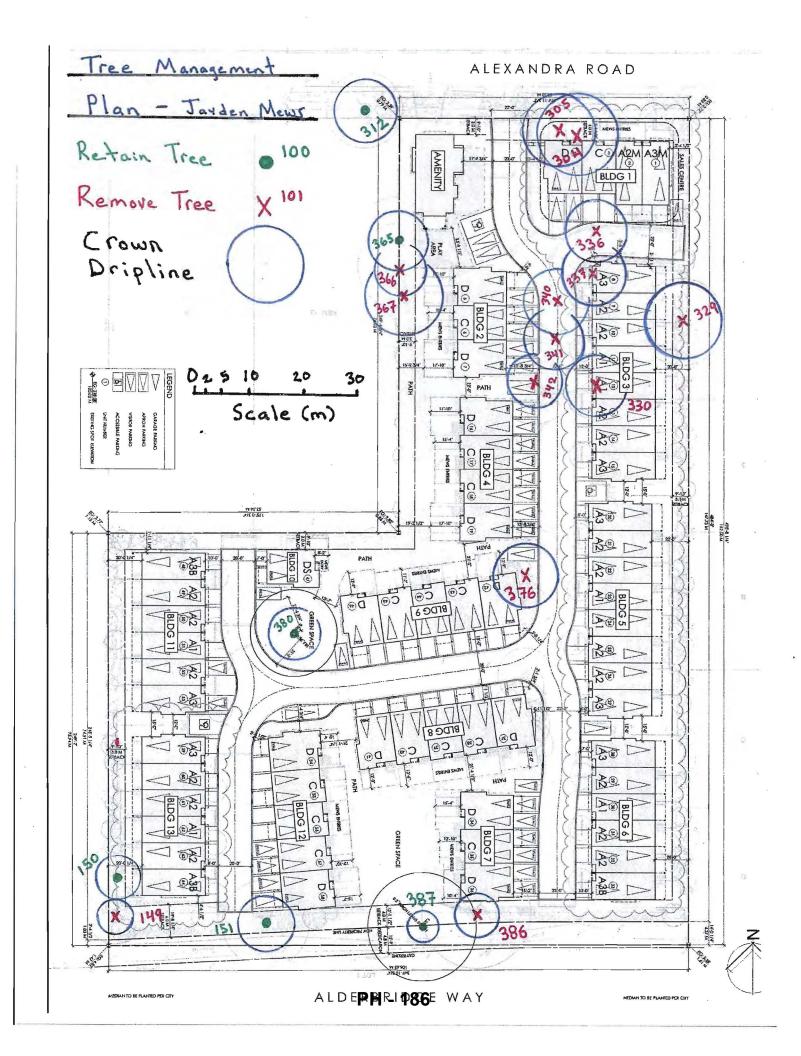
All trees pose a risk and not all conditions can be accounted for. The recommendations and opinions outlined in this report are applicable to the conditions identified on the day of assessment only. Trees should be reassessed on a regular schedule. Pacific Sun Tree Services does not, unless specifically engaged to do so, have any inspection or supervisory responsibility for any trees discussed in this report. Inspections on the property are limited to those relevant to the proposed development described in this report, and are recorded, presented in this report, and submitted to the client.

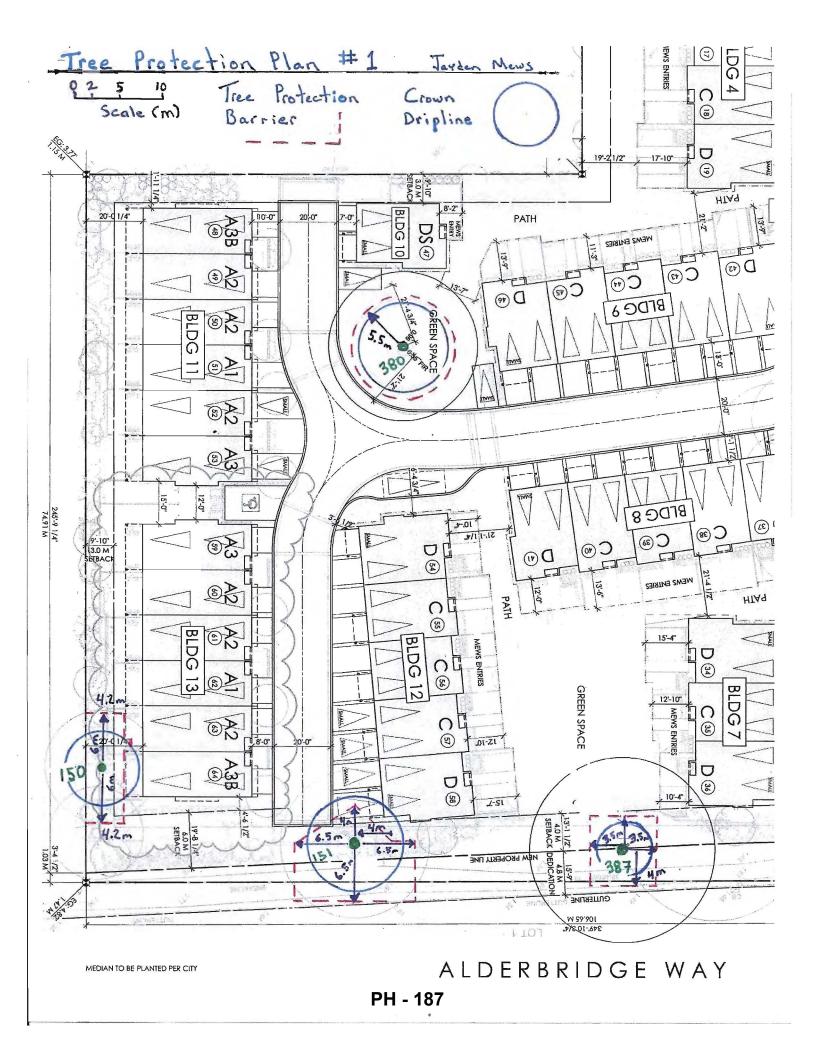
If there are any questions regarding this report, please contact Pacific Sun Tree Services.

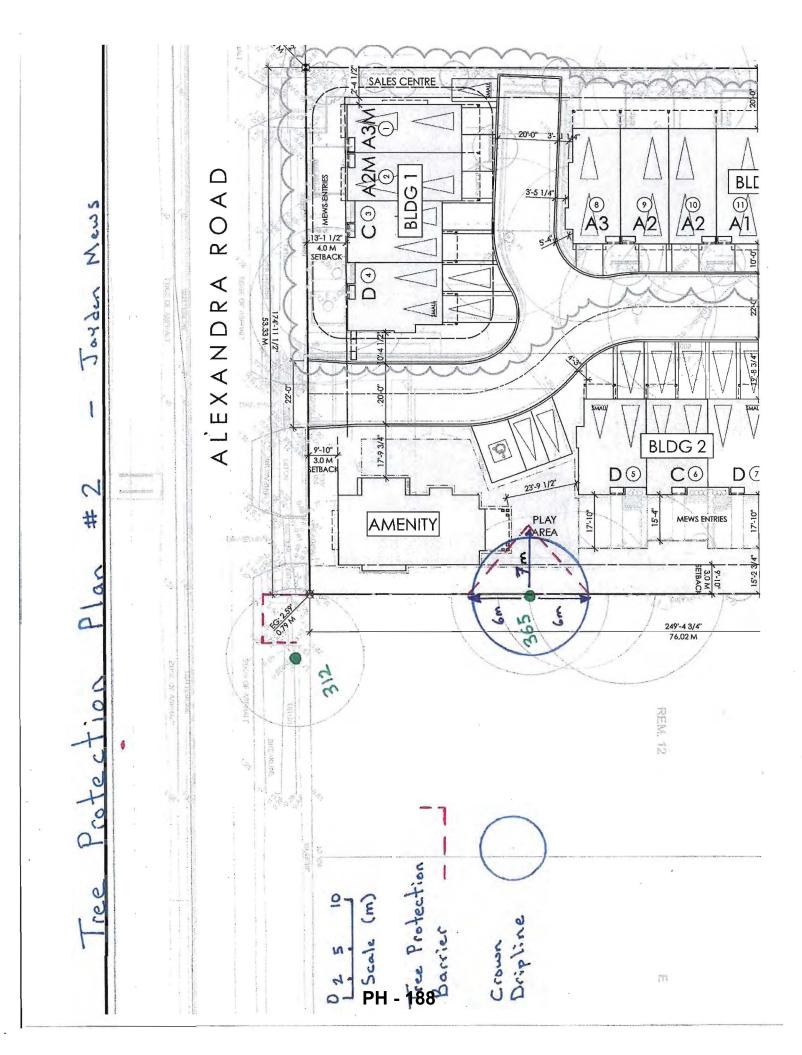
Dave Andermatt. RPF ISA Certified Arborist Signature

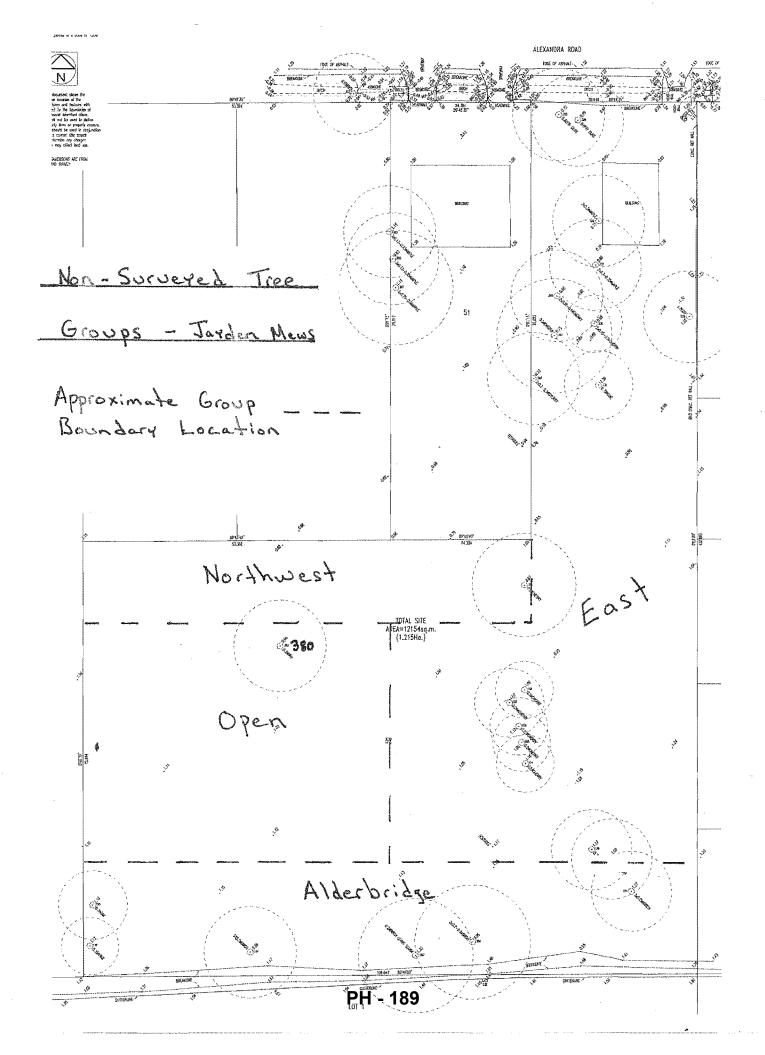
Pacific Sun Tree Services













Development Applications Division 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Address: 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road

Richmond

City of

File No.: RZ 13-649641

Prior to final adoption of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9159, the developer is required to complete the following:

- 1. Land dedication along the entire Alderbridge Way frontage (approximately 1.5 m wide at the eastern limit of the site and such width reduces to approximately to 1.2 m wide at the western limit) in order to accommodate the road cross section inclusive of a 1.5 m wide treed boulevard and a 3.3 m wide shared cyclist/pedestrian path.
- 2. Consolidation of all the lots into one development parcel (which will require the demolition of all the existing dwellings).
- 3. Installation of appropriate tree protection fencing around all trees to be retained as part of the development prior to any construction activities, including building demolition, occurring on-site.
- 4. Registration of an aircraft noise sensitive use covenant on title.
- 5. Registration of a legal agreement on title identifying that the proposed development must be designed and constructed to meet or exceed Ener-guide 82 criteria for energy efficiency and that the dwellings are pre-ducted for solar hot water heating. A report by a qualified professional prepared to the satisfaction of the Director of Development is to be submitted certifying that the units meet the Ener-guide 82 criteria and that the solar heating pre-ducting has been installed.
- 7. Registration of a flood plain covenant on title identifying a minimum habitable elevation of 2.6 m GSC.
- 8. Registration of a legal agreement on title ensuring that, with the exception of emergency vehicles, there will be no vehicle access to Alderbridge Way.
- 9. With the exception of specific hazard trees or trees preventing building demolitions, on-site trees within the designated ESA shall not be removed until a Development Permit has been issued.
- 10. City acceptance of the developer's offer to voluntarily contribute \$0.77 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$70,162.85) to the City's Public Art fund based on a buildable area of 91,120.59 ft².
- 11. City acceptance of the developer's offer to voluntarily contribute cash-in-lieu of built affordable housing units. The cash contribution in the amount of \$678,107.00 to be deposited entirely (100%) to the City's capital Affordable Housing Reserve.
- City acceptance of the developer's offer to voluntarily contribute the following amounts for Community and Engineering Planning Costs of \$0.07 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$6,378.44 based on 91,120.59 ft².) (Account 3132-10-520-00000-0000). Contribution estimates will be recalculated through the Development Permit once the final buildable space has been refined.
- 13. City acceptance of the developer's offer to voluntarily contribute the following amounts for Child Care Contribution of \$0.60 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$54,672.35 based on 91,120.59 ft²) (Account 7600-80-060-90158-0000). Contribution estimates will be recalculated through the Development Permit once the final buildable space has been refined.
- 14. City acceptance of the developer's offer to voluntarily contribute the following amounts for City Beautification contribution of \$0.60 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$54,672.35 based on 91,120.59 ft²). Note that the amount of the City Beautification contribution may be reduced once the value of the frontage improvements have been determined through the Servicing Agreement (Account 2264-10-000-90582-000). Contribution estimates will be recalculated through the Development Permit once the final buildable space has been refined.
- 15. Registration of a legal agreement on title prohibiting the conversion of the tandem parking area into habitable space.

PH - 190

Initial:

- 16. Discharge of Covenant AD285974 from title (a covenant that restricts the use on 9700 Alexandra Road to Two Family Dwelling).
- 17. The submission and processing of a Development Permit* completed to a level deemed acceptable by the Director of Development.
- 18. Enter into a Servicing Agreement* for the design and construction of frontage improvements. Works include, but may not be limited to:

Sanitary

The developer is responsible for the following sanitary works:

- 1. Construct a 200 mm diameter gravity sanitary sewer at 0.40% (min) along Alexandra Road from the east property line of the development site to May Drive.
- 2. Construct a 375 mm diameter sanitary sewer along May Drive from Alexandra Road to Tomicki Avenue and connect to existing system on Tomicki Avenue.
 - a) Existing manhole SMH52070 will need to be shifted approximately 4 m to the south to accommodate the ultimate alignment of system on Tomicki Avenue.
 - b) A minimum 6.0 m wide Statutory Right of Way (SRW) for utility purposes is required for the proposed sanitary sewer within the future May Drive connecting Alexandra Road and Tomicki Avenue. The required SRW is located within 9451 and 9471 Alexandra Road and is to be measured 6.0 m from the east property lines of these two properties.

Water

- Using the OCP Model, there is 212 L/s available at 20 psi residual on Alexandra Road and 522 L/s available at 20 psi residual on Alderbridge Way. Based on your proposed rezoning, your site requires a minimum fire flow of 220 L/s. Once you have confirmed your building design at the Building Permit stage, you must submit fire flow calculations signed and sealed by a professional engineer based on F.U.S or ISO to confirm that there is adequate available flow.
- 2. If adequate flow is not available, then upgrades beyond the development site frontage may be required, which could include constructing a 200 mm diameter watermain along May Drive from Alexandra Road to Tomicki Avenue or from Alexandra Road to Alderbridge Way.
- 3. Replacement of existing AC watermain is required from the west property line of the development site to No 4 Road; the replacement may need to extend west of the development site frontage due to the required off-site improvements.
- 4. Additional fire hydrants are required to achieve minimum spacing requirement for the mutli-family areas.

Additional Requirements

The developer is responsible for the under-grounding of the existing private utility pole line (subject to concurrence from the private utility companies) along Alexandra Road. Private utility companies will require rights-of-ways for their equipment (i.e. vistas, kiosks, transformers, etc.); the developer is required contact the private utility companies to learn of their requirements.

Developer responsible for the design and construction of the following:

- a) Alexandra Road frontage (from north to south):
 - Maintain the existing extruded curb on the north side;
 - Widen travel portion of the road to 8.5 m wide;
 - Construct a new 0.15 m wide curb/gutter;
 - Provide a minimum 1.2 m wide treed boulevard (Parks should be consulted on whether additional width is necessary, which would trigger a need for additional right-of-way to be secured from the subject development.);
 - Provide a 2.0 m wide sidewalk; Note:
 - Above road cross-section is recommended based on maintaining the existing ditch on the north side of the road. Engineering should be consulted to confirm if alternate ditch treatment is required as part of this

development, which would change the location of the above road cross-section within the existing road rightof-way; and

- Outside the development frontage to No. 4 Road, 8.5 m wide pavement width and an interim 1.5m wide asphalt walkway should be provided.

- 3 -

- b) Alderbridge Way frontage (from existing curb to north):
 - Maintain the existing curb/gutter;
 - Provide a 1.5 m wide treed boulevard; and
 - Provide a 3.3 m wide shared cyclist/pedestrian path.

Required land dedication:

- a) Alderbridge Way: A strip of land required (approximately 4.8 m wide at eastern limit of the site and such width reduces towards west) in order to accommodate the road cross-section referenced in 1b) to the back of the 3.3 m wide shared cyclist/pedestrian path (applicant to confirm the exact size of land required); and
- b) Alexandra Road: None, based on the road cross-section noted above.

Prior to a Development Permit^{*} being forwarded to the Development Permit Panel for consideration, the developer is required to:

1. Complete an acoustical and thermal report and recommendations prepared by an appropriate registered professional, which demonstrates that the interior noise levels and noise mitigation standards comply with the City's Official Community Plan and Noise Bylaw requirements. The standard required for air conditioning systems and their alternatives (e.g. ground source heat pumps, heat exchangers and acoustic ducting) is the ASHRAE 55-2004 "Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy" standard and subsequent updates as they may occur. Maximum interior noise levels (decibels) within the dwelling units must achieve CMHC standards follows:

Portions of Dwelling Units	Noise Levels (decibels)
Bedrooms	35 decibels
Living, dining, recreation rooms	40 decibels
Kitchen, bathrooms, hallways, and utility rooms	45 decibels

- 2. A Qualified Environmental Professional to undertake a pre-clearing bird nest survey and submit a summary of the findings and recommendations to the City prior to site clearing activities.
- 3. Developer to contact City Parks Arboriculture staff to assess tree #387 for either retention or removal and replacement.

Prior to Building Permit Issuance, the developer must complete the following requirements:

- 1. Submission of a Construction Parking and Traffic Management Plan to the Transportation Division. Management Plan shall include location for parking for services, deliveries, workers, loading, application for any lane closures, and proper construction traffic controls as per Traffic Control Manual for works on Roadways (by Ministry of Transportation) and MMCD Traffic Regulation Section 01570.
- 2. Incorporation of accessibility measures in Building Permit (BP) plans as determined via the Rezoning and/or Development Permit processes.
- 3. Payment of the Supplementary Local Area DCC for the Alexandra Neighbourhood.
- 4. Payment of the sanitary pump station infrastructure latecomer fees. plus applicable interest, in accordance with the Alexandra Neighbourhood Development Agreement (i.e. multi-family rate \$3,307.47 per unit plus interest).
- 5. If applicable, payment of latecomer agreement charges associated with eligible latecomer works.
- 6. Obtain a Building Permit (BP) for any construction hoarding. If construction hoarding is required to temporarily occupy a public street, the air space above a public street, or any part thereof, additional City approvals and associated fees may be required as part of the Building Permit. For additional information, contact the Building Approvals Division at 604-276-4285.

Note:

4126857

Initial:

- * This requires a separate application.
- Where the Director of Development deems appropriate, the preceding agreements are to be drawn not only as personal covenants of the property owner but also as covenants pursuant to Section 219 of the Land Title Act.

All agreements to be registered in the Land Title Office shall have priority over all such liens, charges and encumbrances as is considered advisable by the Director of Development. All agreements to be registered in the Land Title Office shall, unless the Director of Development determines otherwise, be fully registered in the Land Title Office prior to enactment of the appropriate bylaw.

The preceding agreements shall provide security to the City including indemnities, warranties, equitable/rent charges, letters of credit and withholding permits, as deemed necessary or advisable by the Director of Development. All agreements shall be in a form and content satisfactory to the Director of Development.

- Additional legal agreements, as determined via the subject development's Servicing Agreement(s) and/or Development Permit(s), and/or Building Permit(s) to the satisfaction of the Director of Engineering may be required including, but not limited to, site investigation, testing, monitoring, site preparation, de-watering, drilling, underpinning, anchoring, shoring, piling, pre-loading, ground densification or other activities that may result in settlement, displacement, subsidence, damage or nuisance to City and private utility infrastructure.
- Applicants for all City Permits are required to comply at all times with the conditions of the Provincial *Wildlife Act* and Federal *Migratory Birds Convention Act*, which contain prohibitions on the removal or disturbance of both birds and their nests. Issuance of Municipal permits does not give an individual authority to contravene these legislations. The City of Richmond recommends that where significant trees or vegetation exists on site, the services of a Qualified Environmental Professional (QEP) be secured to perform a survey and ensure that development activities are in compliance with all relevant legislation.

Signed

Date

Dated: 5th February 2014

То

Barry Konkin

REZONING DEPARTMENT

City of Richmond,

6911 No. 3 road, Richmond, BC

SUBJECT : 9700 -9740 ALEXANDRA ROAD REZONING APPLICATION (RZ-13649641)

Respected Sir,

As you know Polygon applied for subject property, I have big concern about this development and I want a single information city requirement and amendment by staff and copy of this file. Reason for this is I have interest in almost 50% of neighbour property. What things are going to affect to my property and as well future development of my property is also very important for me.

So I would require the file copy which I could study. Second I would request to mail me a letter when there is a meeting about subject property which possibility to attend.

It is so simple to see when a sewer line is passing and putting a pot and T to future development could cost to developer even not more than \$500. When I will be ready to pay for the costs and will be a' bigger job in future. But city requirement is not there to provide sewer services to those residents. But staff should look at the public request to city council 5-6 years ago and I am surprised how the staff or council will ignore those health issues, because surrounding development their water table will be away higher than this area. So you will be forcing those residents to evict or force to sell at lower value.

So I hope you will accept my request. I shall be very thankful for this kindness.

Yours Sincerely,

Jagtar Singh Sihota

9800 Alexandra Road,

Richmond, BC

V6x 1c5

Phone ; 604 244 8881 Fax 604 273 8801 Mobile; 604 783 5491

File: city counselrs.doc

CC. Polygon Development

Bylaw 9159



Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9159 (RZ13-649641) 9700 and 9740 Alexandra Road

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 is amended by inserting Section 17.71 thereof the following:

"<u>17.71 Town Housing (ZT71) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)</u>

17.71.1 Purpose

The **zone** provides for **town housing** with a **density bonus** for a monetary contribution to the City's capital Affordable Housing Reserve Fund.

17.71.2 Permitted Uses

- child care
- housing, town

17.71.3 Secondary Uses

- boarding and lodging
- home business
- community care facility, minor

17.71.4 Permitted Density

- 1. The maximum floor area ratio (FAR) is 0.65, together with an additional:
 - a) 0.10 floor area ratio provided that is entirely used to accommodate amenity space; and
 - b) 10% of the **floor area** total calculated for the **lot** in question, which must be used exclusively for:
 - i. covered areas of the **principal building** which are open on one or more sides; or
 - ii. enclosed **balconies** provided that the total area of such enclosed **balconies** does not exceed 50% of the total area permitted by Section 17.71.4.1.b. i.
- 2. Notwithstanding Section 17.71.4.1, the reference to "0.65" in relation to the maximum **floor area ratio** is increased to a higher **density** of "0.72" if the **owner** has paid or secured to the satisfaction of the **City** a monetary contribution of \$678,107.00 to the **City's** capital Affordable Housing Reserve Fund established pursuant to Reserve Fund Establishment Bylaw No. 7812.

17.71.5 Permitted Lot Coverage

1. The maximum lot coverage is 40% for buildings.

17.71.6 Yards & Setbacks

- 1. The minimum **front yard** is 3.0 m for the accessory amenity **building** and 4.0 m for all other **buildings**.
- 2. Portions of the **principal building** which are less than 5.0 m in **height** and are open on those sides which face a **road** may project into the **front yard** for a distance of not more than 1.5 m.
- 3. Bay windows may project into the front yard for a distance of not more than 0.6 m.
- 4. The minimum side yard is 3.0 m.
- 5. The minimum rear yard is 4.0 m.
- 6. **Balconies**, **bay windows**, enclosed and unenclosed fireplaces and chimneys may project into the **side yard** and the **rear yard** for a distance of not more than 0.6 m.

17.71.7 Permitted Heights

- 1. The maximum height for buildings is 12.2 m, but containing no more than 3 storeys.
- 2. The maximum height for accessory buildings is 5.0 m.
- 3. The maximum height for accessory structures is 9.0 m.

17.71.8 Subdivision Provisions/Minimum Lot Size

- 1. There are no minimum lot width or lot depth requirements.
- 2. The minimum lot area is $10,000 \text{ m}^2$.

17.71.9 Landscaping & Screening

1. Landscaping and screening shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of Section 6.0.

17.71.10 On-Site Parking and Loading

1. On-site vehicle and bicycle parking and loading according to the standards set out in Section 7.0, except that the basic on-site parking requirement shall be 1.5 spaces per dwelling unit for residents, together with 0.2 spaces per dwelling unit for visitor, for a total of 1.7 spaces per dwelling unit.

17.71.11 Other Regulations

- 1. In addition to the regulations listed above, the General Development Regulations in Section 4.0 and the Specific Use Regulations in Section 5.0 apply."
- 2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 is amended by repealing the existing zoning designation of the following area and by designating it "TOWN HOUSING (ZT71) ALEXANDRA NEIGHBOURHOOD (WEST CAMBIE)";

P.I.D. 003-874-117 Lot 51 Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 35213

P.I.D. 007-176-830 Lot 52 Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 35213.

3. This Bylaw may be cited as "Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9159".

FIRST READING	JUL 2 8 2014	CITY OF RICHMOND
PUBLIC HEARING	<u> </u>	APPROVED
SECOND READING		APPROVED by Director
THIRD READING		or Solicitor
OTHER CONDITIONS SATISFIED	·	L.K
ADOPTED		

MAYOR

CORPORATE OFFICER



Planning and Development Department

To:Planning CommitteeFrom:Wayne Craig
Director of Development

Date:July 15, 2014File:RZ 14-656219

Re: Application by S-8135 Holdings Ltd. for Rezoning at 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road from RS1/F (Single-Detached) to ZMU28 (Residential/Limited Commercial)

Staff Recommendation

- 1. That Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 7100, Amendment Bylaw 9164, to amend Schedule 2.11A of the Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 7100,:
 - to create a new "Residential Mixed Use" designation and change the land use designation on the Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map for 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road from "Mixed Use" to "Residential Mixed Use"; and
 - to incorporate related text and map changes to Section 8.2 of the Area Plan,

be introduced and given first reading.

- 2. That Bylaw 9164, having been considered in conjunction with:
 - The City's Financial Plan and Capital Program; and
 - The Greater Vancouver Regional District Solid Waste and Liquid Waste Management Plans;

is hereby found to be consistent with said program and plans, in accordance with Section 882(3) (a) of the Local Government Act.

3. That Bylaw 9164, having been considered in accordance with OCP Bylaw Preparation Consultation Policy 5043, is hereby found not to require further consultation.

4. That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9163 to create the "Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" zone and to rezone 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road from "Single-Detached (RS1/F)" to "Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" be introduced and given first reading.

Wayne Craig Director of Development

JD:blg

REPORT CONCURRENCE				
ROUTED TO:	CONCURRENCE	CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER		
Affordable Housing Transportation	ए ज	Are Enly		

Staff Report

Origin

S-8135 Holdings Ltd. has applied to the City of Richmond to rezone 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road from "Single-Detached (RS1/F)" to a new site-specific zone, "Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)", in order to develop 49 three-storey townhouses; including nine (9) live/work units, with an overall floor area ratio (FAR) of 0.9. Amendments of the West Cambie Area Plan (WCAP) are also required.

Site Location and Surrounding Development

The proposed development is located in the Alexandra Neighbourhood on two (2) lots lying between Tomicki Avenue and Alexandra Road (Attachment 1). The lots are currently undeveloped.

The surrounding context includes:

To the North, across Tomicki Avenue: a recently constructed, three-storey and four-storey, 259-unit, apartment-residential development.

To the East, on the adjacent property and currently under Development Permit application: an anticipated four-storey, mixed-use retail and apartment-residential development (DP 12-613293).

To the South, across Alexandra Road and currently under Development Permit application: an anticipated three-storey, internally oriented, commercial development (Smart Centres), with approximately 387,000 ft² of retail space (DP 13-650988).

To the West, on the adjacent property: an existing undeveloped lot that is designated for "Business/office" uses at 1.25 FAR in the West Cambie Area Plan.

Background

The combined area of the development site is $8,104 \text{ m}^2$ ($87,227 \text{ ft}^2$). The developer will be required to dedicate land for a road along the west side of the site to extend Dubbert Street from Tomicki Street to Alexandra Road. Smaller land dedications will also be required on Tomicki Avenue and Alexandra Road. After dedications, the net site area will be approximately $6,135 \text{ m}^2$ ($66,033 \text{ ft}^2$).

Project Description

The proposed development includes 49 three-storey townhouses, of which nine (9) are live/work units located along the Alexandra Road frontage of the site. The townhouses are arranged in six (6) clusters, one (1) each facing Alexandra Road and Tomicki Avenue, two (2) facing the new Dubbert Street and two (2) aligned with the existing east property line.

The site has two (2) vehicle access points; both from Dubbert Street, which lead to an internal drive aisle. Parking is provided beneath each unit accessed from the drive aisle. Common open space is located toward the centre of the site fronting Dubbert Street (Attachment 3).

The proposed floor area is 5,465 m² (58,825 ft²), which approximates an FAR of 0.9. The proposed development includes two, three and four bedroom townhouse units that range in size from approximately 96.8 m² to 144 m² (1042 ft² to 1,551 ft²). One (1) unit is convertible.

Findings of Fact

A Development Application Data Sheet providing basic details about the development proposal is attached (Attachment 2).

Related Policies and Studies

<u>Official Community Plan - Bylaw 9000 and West Cambie Area Plan - Bylaw 7100</u>: The Official Community Plan (OCP) Land Use Map designates the subject properties for "Mixed Use" development. Further, the West Cambie Area Plan designates the properties for "Mixed Use" development defined as "... abutting the High Street, medium density residential over retail and, not abutting the High Street, medium density residential" (Attachment 4). The WCAP establishes a base FAR of 1.25 for this land use designation, with a possible increase to 1.5 FAR for provision of affordable housing. These designations were established to encourage development of a "complete", medium-density neighbourhood with a combination of commercial and residential uses on a new High Street located along Alexandra Road and Dubbert Street. Amendments to the Area Plan are required to facilitate the proposed development. These amendments are discussed in detail in the Staff Comments and Analysis sections of the report.

<u>Alexandra District Energy Utility - Bylaw 8641</u>: The Alexandra District Energy Utility – Bylaw 8641 (ADEU) applies to the subject site. Development on this site is required to connect to the Alexandra District Energy Utility (ADEU) and to provide 70% of its thermal energy needs using the ADEU. Legal agreements to secure the ADEU connection are required prior to adoption of the rezoning by-law.

<u>West Cambie - Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines - Policy 5044</u>: As the development site is located within the West Cambie Planning Area, the project is subject to the "West Cambie-Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines Policy 5044". The Policy establishes guidelines for voluntary developer contributions toward affordable housing, community and engineering planning costs, childcare and City beautification for new developments in the Alexandra area. The general details of the amenity proposal are discussed in the Analysis section of the report.

<u>Additional Policies</u>: Other policies that apply to rezoning or subsequent approvals for the subject site include: OCP Section 14.2.10 - Green Buildings and Sustainable Infrastructure; Flood Plain Designation and Protection - Bylaw 8204; Tree Protection - Bylaw 8057; Aircraft Noise Sensitive Development Policy (ANSDP); Cash In Lieu of Indoor Amenity Space - Policy 5041; Richmond Public Art Program Policy, Procedures Manual and Plans; and, WCAP Section 9.3 – Alexandra Neighbourhood Implementation Policy. An overview of these policies is provided in the Analysis section of this report, along with the proposed conformance strategies.

Consultation and Public Input

Adjustments of the West Cambie Area Plan land use descriptions are being proposed in conjunction with the application. A rezoning site sign has been installed at the site. Staff have received no verbal or written public input regarding the proposed rezoning.

School District

This application was not referred to School District No. 38 (Richmond) because it does not have the potential to generate 50 or more school-aged children. According to OCP Bylaw Preparation Consultation Policy 5043, which was adopted by Council and agreed to by the School District, residential developments which generate less than 50 school aged children do not need to be referred to the School District (e.g., typically around 295 multiple-family housing units). This application only involves 49 multiple-family housing units.

Staff Comments

<u>West Cambie Area Plan Amendments:</u> The application proposes land uses that differ from those anticipated by the WCAP. In lieu of medium density residential development with residential over retail along the High Streets, the applicant is proposing town housing along the Dubbert Street portion of the High Street and live/work dwellings along the Alexandra Road portion of the High Street. To accommodate these changes, a new Alexandra Land Use Map designation, "Residential Mixed Use", is being proposed for the subject site. It adds live/work dwellings to the current use provisions and does not assign specific uses to the High Street. Staff support the proposed changes, as discussed under "Land Use" in the following section.

Analysis

Commentary is provided below with respect to land use, density, proposed zoning, proposed parking and loading, urban design, district energy, green buildings and sustainable infrastructure, flood control, tree protection, aircraft noise, indoor amenity space, community amenity contributions, affordable housing, public art and the neighbourhood implementation strategy.

Land Use: In lieu of providing retail along the High Street, which includes both the Alexandra Road and Dubbert Street frontages, the applicant has proposed town housing along Dubbert Street and live/work dwellings along Alexandra Road. The proposed WCAP amendments will support this arrangement. The live/work units proposed along the Alexandra Road portion of the High Street will provide for commercial uses at grade, in keeping with the intent of the Area Plan. Legal agreement registered on title will identify the work portion of these units and ensure the work portion is not converted to residential living quarters. Live/work uses are not proposed on Dubbert Street as the realignment of the High Street, as part of the Smart Centres application, focuses the retail activity towards Alexandra Road.

<u>Density (FAR)</u>: The proposed FAR is 0.90, which is less than the Land Use Map medium density FAR range of 1.25 to 1.50 (with affordable housing). The applicant has explored various approaches to developing the site to higher densities than that proposed, but has concluded such a project would not be viable due to a mismatch between the size and configuration of the site, the inclusion of retail uses and the size and configuration of the related parking structure.

<u>Proposed Zoning</u>: The proposed zoning for this site includes: an FAR of 0.90, maximum 45% lot coverage for buildings, minimum setbacks from the street frontages of 3.0 m (9.8 ft.), a maximum height of the lesser of 12.0 m or three storeys, and a minimum site size of 0.60 ha (roughly based on the area of the subject site). Provisions of note that are supported by staff include:

• The 3.0 m (9.8 ft.) setback on all street frontages, because it is consistent with the 3.0 m build-to-line promoted by the Alexandra Character Area guidelines for the High Street and it will provide the applicant with flexibility to achieve larger usable private open space to the rear of street fronting units as well as more visual interest along the drive aisles.

<u>Proposed Parking and Loading:</u> The proposed development will conform to Section 7.0 of the Richmond Zoning Bylaw, with the following site-specific parking provisions proposed:

- 1.5 spaces/unit, which is the common standard for the West Cambie Neighbourhood given its proximity to the City Centre and transit; and
- A tandem parking ratio of 55% of the total number of residential units, given that this site does not abut single-family neighbourhoods and should not create overflow parking issues.

<u>Urban Design</u>: Except for issues that relate directly to the proposed new zoning schedule, detailed urban design review with respect to adjacencies, site planning, functional planning, architectural form and character, landscape form and character and liveability will occur at the Development Permit stage. The proposal also will be reviewed by the Advisory Design Panel at the Development Permit stage.

<u>Alexandra District Energy Utility (ADEU)</u>: The proposed development will meet the requirements of the Alexandra District Energy Utility Bylaw and the developer is expecting to use the ADEU for space heating and cooling as well as domestic hot water pre-heating, noting that cooling is necessary to address the Aircraft Noise Development Requirements.

<u>Green Buildings and Sustainable Infrastructure:</u> OCP Section 14.2.10, Development Permit Guidelines – General, outlines expectations relate related to green buildings and sustainable infrastructure and includes provisions regarding energy efficiency, water conservation, building materials, health and air quality and urban agriculture. At the Development Permit stage, the project will be expected to address these guidelines.

<u>Flood Construction Elevation and Road Elevation Requirements:</u> The West Cambie Area Plan establishes a minimum Flood Construction Level within the Alexandra Neighbourhood of 2.6 m GSC and a minimum elevation of 2.0 m GSC for all new roads within the neighbourhood. Roads should be established at the highest possible elevations within the constraints of functional road design. Detailed design will occur at subsequent stages of the approval process

<u>Tree Protection</u>: The Tree Protection Bylaw addresses tree retention, protection and replacement on the subject site and the surrounding City property. The site has been assessed as follows:

- There are five (5) bylaw-size trees on site, none of which is a good candidate for retention. Replacement trees are provided in the landscape plan beyond the 2:1 replacement ratio established by the OCP.
- There is one (1) tree located on City property in poor condition and conflicting with proposed development. It is proposed to be removed a contribution of \$1,300 toward the City's Tree Compensation Fund is provided.

<u>Aircraft Noise Policy:</u> The subject property is located within "Area 2" of the Aircraft Noise Sensitive Development Policy Areas. All aircraft noise sensitive land uses except new single-family may be considered within Area 2. The proposed townhouse development conforms to this policy and rezoning adoption will require registration of restrictive covenants, submission of an acoustic report and incorporation of noise mitigation in construction such as mechanical ventilation and central air conditioning.

<u>Indoor Amenity Space</u>: Payment of cash, in-lieu of providing indoor amenity space for multi-family developments, may be provided as an option as part of the Development Permit process (Cash In Lieu of Indoor Amenity Space Policy 5041). The developer proposes to provide a cash-in-lieu contribution of \$80,000.00 to the Recreation Facility Reserve.

<u>Community Amenity Contributions</u>: The developer will contribute to community amenities, pursuant to the West Cambie-Alexandra Interim Amenity Policy 5044 and based on the proposed floor area ratio of 0.9, as follows:

- Community and engineering planning costs at $0.07/\text{ft}^2$ (i.e. at 4,160.08).
- Child care at \$0.60/ft² (i.e. \$35,657.82).
- City beautification at $0.60/\text{ft}^2$ (i.e. 35,657.82).

The project may qualify for a reduction in the City Beautification contribution, based on the cost of off-site beautification works included in the Servicing Agreement, as determined by the Director of Development.

<u>Affordable Housing Contribution:</u> The developer will contribute to affordable housing, pursuant to the West Cambie-Alexandra Interim Amenity Policy 5044 and based on the proposed floor area ratio of 0.9, as follows:

• Affordable Housing costs at \$5.10/ft² (i.e. \$303,091.47).

The affordable housing contribution will be added to the West Cambie Affordable Housing Reserve Fund.

<u>Public Art:</u> Richmond's Public Art Policy requires that the developer submit a Public Art Plan or make a financial contribution for the provision of Public Art on the site or in the City. A voluntary contribution to the City's Public Art fund, based on a maximum FAR of 0.9 and a contribution of $0.77/ft^2(45,302.95)$ is included in the rezoning considerations.

<u>Neighbourhood Implementation Strategy:</u> Neighbourhood infrastructure expectations are articulated in Section 9.3 of the WCAP. The requirements that apply to the subject site include frontage improvements on Tomicki Avenue, Dubbert Street and Alexandra Road as well as various water, sanitary and drainage works. These are described in more detail in the Rezoning Considerations (Attachment 5).

Financial Impact or Economic Impact

The Operating Budget Impact (OBI) for engineering and transportation works is \$5,000.

Conclusion

The proposed development provides for three-storey, ground-oriented town housing with live/work units fronting Alexandra Road. The proposed OCP amendments will support the addition of live/work dwellings to the current land uses and will permit residential uses fronting the High Street. The proposed site-specific zone, "Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" will provide for development with a FAR of 0.9, a height of 12.0 m (40 ft.), a residential parking ratio of 1.5 spaces per unit and a provision to allow for 55% of the units to incorporate a tandem parking arrangement.

Based on the information submitted, it is recommended that:

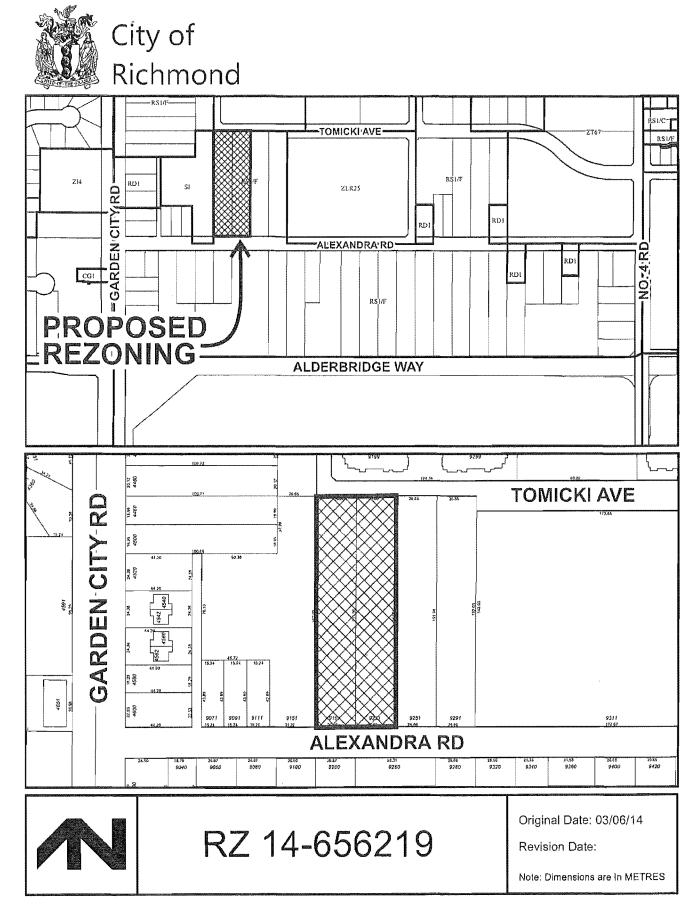
- a) Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 7100, Amendment Bylaw 9164, to revise the provisions of the West Cambie Area Plan, be introduced and given first reading; and
- b) Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9163, to create the zone "Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)" and to rezone 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road from "RS1/F" to "ZMU28" be introduced and given first reading.

Janet Digby, Architect AIBC Senior Planner 3-Urban Design (604-276-4620)

JD:blg

Attachment 1: Aerial View and Location Map Attachment 2: Development Application Data Sheet Attachment 3: Conceptual Development Drawings Attachment 4: Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map Attachment 5: Rezoning Considerations

ATTACHMENT 1









RZ 14-656219

Original Date: 03/06/14

Revision Date:

Note: Dimensions are in METRES



Development Application Data Sheet

Development Applications Division

RZ 14-656219

Attachment 2

Address: 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road

Applicant: S-8135 Holdings Ltd.

Planning Area(s): West Cambie Area Plan

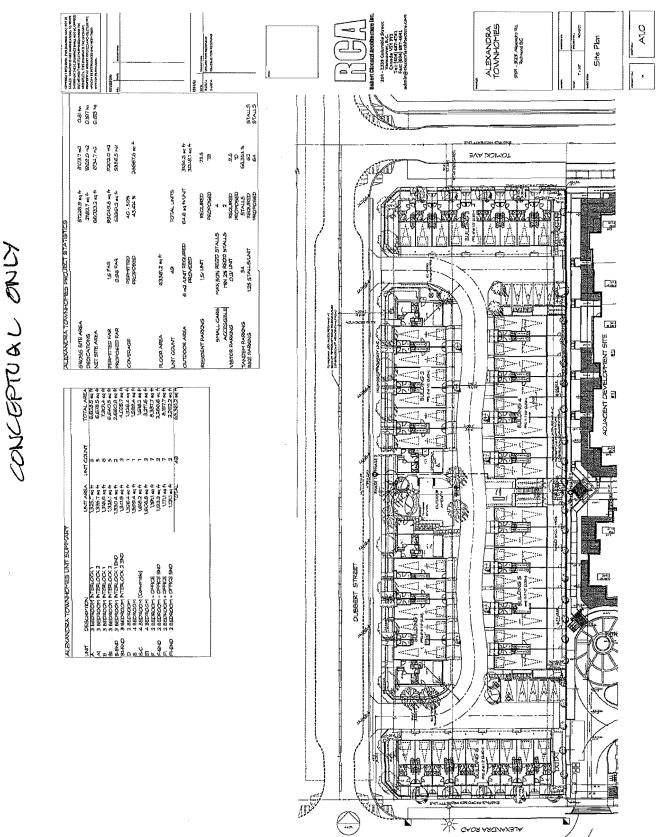
	Existing	Proposed
Owner:	S-8135 Holdings Ltd.	S-8135 Holdings Ltd.
Site Size (m ²):	8,103.7 m ² (0.81 ha / 2.0 acres)	6,134.7 m ² (0.61 ha / 1.5 acres) after road dedications
Land Uses:	Single-Family	Mixed Use
OCP Designation:	Commercial / Mixed Use	Mixed Use
Area Plan Designation:	Mixed Use (retail and residential)	Mixed Use – (live/work and residential)
Zoning:	Single-Detached (RS1/F)	Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)
Number of Units:	0	49

On Future Subdivided Lots	Bylaw (ZMU28)	Proposed (Application)	Variance
Floor Area Ratio:	Max. 0.9	0.891	none permitted
Lot Coverage – Building:	Max. 45%	43.5%	none
Lot Size (min. area):	0.60 ha	0.61 ha	none
Setback – Front Yard / Road (m):	3.0 m Min.	3.0 m Min.	none
Setback – External Side (m):	3.0 m Min.	3.0 m Min.	none
Setback – Internal (m):	3.0 m Min.	3.0 m Min.	n/a
Setback – Rear (m):	3.0 m Min.	3.0 m Min.	none
Height (m):	12.0 m	10.67 m	none
Off-street Parking Spaces – Residential / Visitor / Live/Work:	<u>1.5(R)+ 0.2(V)+ 0.5(LW)</u> Unit	<u>1.5(R)+0.2(V)+0.5(LW)</u> unit	none
Off-street Parking Spaces – Total:	89	89	none
Tandem Parking Spaces:	55%	55%	none

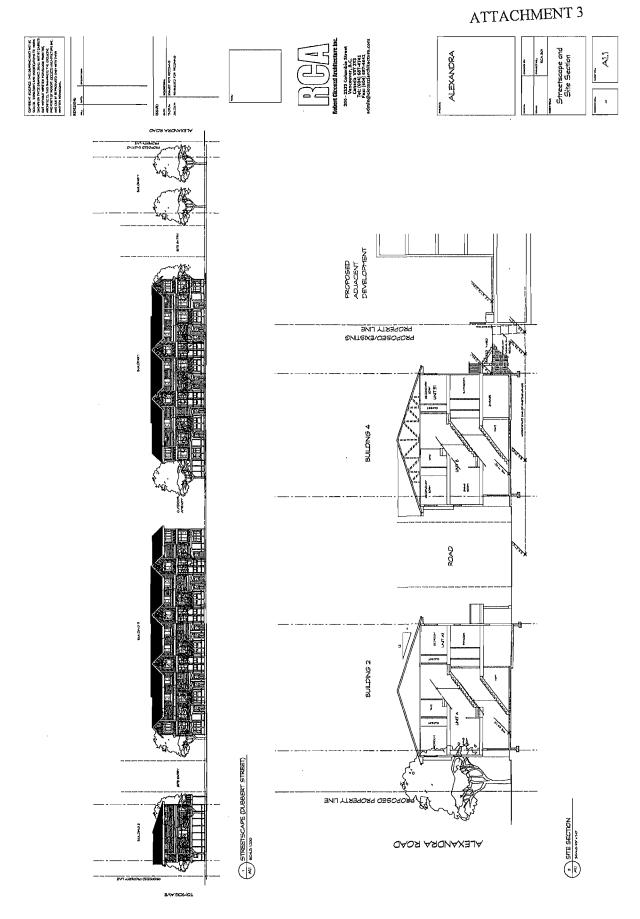
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On Future Subdivided Lots	Recommendation (OCP)	Proposed (Application)	Variance
On-site	5 trees / 2:1 replacement	10 plus trees	n/a
Off-site	1 tree / 2:1 replacement	\$1,300	n/a



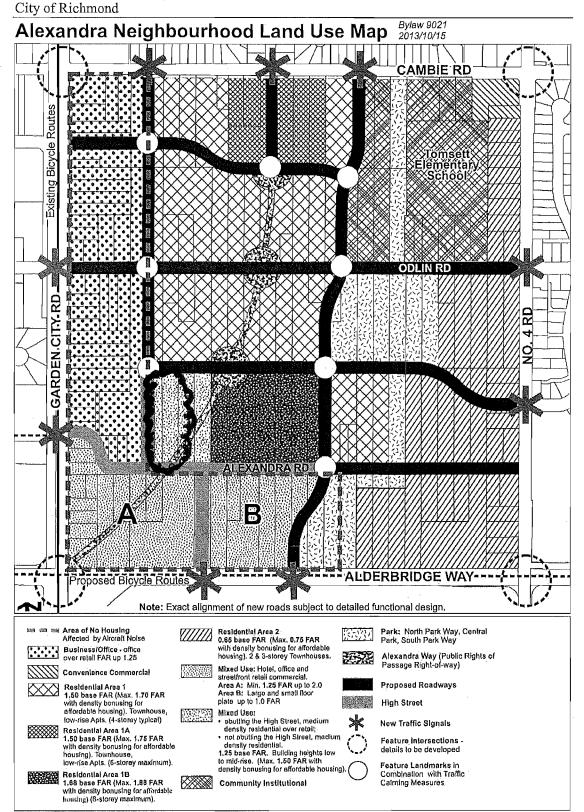
ATTACHMENT 3



LANEPTOR ONLY

PH - 211

ATTACHMENT 4



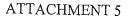
Also refer to Section 8.4.5 - Alexandra District Energy Unit regarding district energy density bonusing policies.

PH - 212

Original Adoption: September 12, 1988 / Plan Adoption: July 24, 2006 3186793

) SUBJECT SITE

West Cambie Area Plan 50





Rezoning Considerations

Development Applications Division 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Address: 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road

File No.: RZ 14-656219

Prior to final adoption of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9163, the developer is required to complete the following:

- 1. Final Adoption of OCP Amendment Bylaw 9164.
- 2. Road dedications as follow:
 - a. Tomicki Avenue 10 m wide strip along the full northern frontage.
 - b. Dubbert Street 10 m wide strip along the full western frontage.
 - c. 4 m x 4 m corner cuts required at the Dubbert Street/Tomicki Avenue and Dubbert Street/Alexandra Road intersections, measured from new property lines.
- 3. Consolidation of all the lots into one (1) development parcel (which will require the demolition of any existing buildings).
- 4. Registration of a flood plain covenant on title identifying a minimum habitable elevation of 2.6 m GSC.
- 5. Registration of an aircraft noise sensitive use covenant on Title.
- 6. Registration of a legal agreement on Title prohibiting the conversion of the tandem parking area within a unit into habitable space.
- 7. Registration of a legal agreement(s) regarding the developer's commitment to connect to the West Cambie District Energy Utility (DEU), including the operation of and use of the DEU and all associated obligations and agreement as determined by the Director of Engineering.
- 8. Registration of a live/work dwelling covenant on Title identifying the portions of the live/work dwelling used for work and prohibiting the conversion of the identified portions to residential use.
- 9. City acceptance of the developer's offer to contribute voluntarily \$1,300 to the City's Tree Compensation Fund for the planting of replacement trees within the City.
- 10. City acceptance of the developer's offer to contribute voluntarily, per the West Cambie Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines, \$5.10 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$303,091.47, to be recalculated through the Development Permit once the final floor area has been refined) to the West-Cambie Affordable Housing Capital Reserve (70%) and the Affordable Housing Operating Reserve Fund (30%) Account # 7600-80-000-90151-0000 and Account # 7600-80-000-90152-0000 respectively.
- 11. City acceptance of the developer's offer to contribute voluntarily the following amounts per the West Cambie Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines, \$0.07 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$4,160.08, to be recalculated through the Development Permit once the final floor area has been refined) toward community planning and engineering costs in the West Cambie area Account # 3132-10-520-00000-0000.
- 12. City acceptance of the developer's offer to contribute voluntarily the following amounts per the West Cambie Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines, \$0.60 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$35,657.82, to be recalculated through the Development Permit once the final floor area has been refined) toward childcare costs in the West Cambie area Account # 7600-80-000-90158-0000.
- 13. City acceptance of the developer's offer to contribute voluntarily the following amounts per the West Cambie -Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines, \$0.60 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$35,657.82, to be recalculated through the Development Permit once the final floor area has been refined) toward City Beautification (High Street

Initial:

PH - 213

Streetscape Improvements) – Account # 2264-10-000-90582-0000 (which may be reduced at the discretion of the Director of Development).

- 14. City acceptance of a contribution of \$80,000.00 in-lieu of on-site indoor amenity space to be deposited in the Leisure Facility Reserve Fund Account # 7600-80-90169-0000.
- 15. City acceptance of the developer's offer to contribute voluntarily \$0.77 per buildable square foot (e.g. \$45,302.95, to be recalculated through the Development Permit once the final floor area has been refined) to the City's Public Art fund Account # 7600-80-000-90173-0000.
- 16. The submission and processing of a Development Permit* completed to a level deemed acceptable by the Director of Development.

Prior to a Development Permit^{*} being forwarded to the Development Permit Panel for consideration, the developer is required to:

 Complete an acoustical and thermal report and recommendations prepared by an appropriate registered professional, which demonstrates that the interior noise levels and noise mitigation standards comply with the City's Official Community Plan and Noise Bylaw requirements. The standard required for air conditioning systems and their alternatives (e.g. ground source heat pumps, heat exchangers and acoustic ducting) is the ASHRAE 55-2004 "Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy" standard and subsequent updates as they may occur. Maximum interior noise levels (decibels) within the dwelling units must achieve CMHC standards follows:

Portions of Dwelling Units	Noise Levels (decibels)
Bedrooms	35 decibels
Living, dining, recreation rooms	40 decibels
Kitchen, bathrooms, hallways, and utility rooms	45 decibels

- 2. Submission of a Landscape Plan, prepared by a Registered Landscape Architect, to the satisfaction of the Director of Development, and deposit of a Landscaping Security based on 100% of the cost estimate provided by the Landscape Architect, including installation costs. The Landscape Plan should include:
 - a. A mix of coniferous and deciduous trees.
 - b. The 10 required replacement trees with the following minimum sizes:

No. of Replacement Trees	Minimum Caliper of Deciduous Tree	or	Minimum Height of Coniferous Tree
10	6 cm		3 m

Prior to Building Permit Issuance, the developer must complete the following requirements:

- 1. Incorporation of sustainability measures in the Building Permit (BP) drawings as determined during the Rezoning and/or Development Permit processes.
- 2. Incorporation of accessibility measures in Building Permit (BP) plans as determined via the Rezoning and/or Development Permit processes.
- 3. Incorporation of CPTED measures in Building Permit (BP) plans as determined via the Rezoning and/or Development Permit processes.
- 4. Payment of the Supplementary Local Area DCC for the Alexandra Neighbourhood.
- 5. Payment of the sanitary pump station infrastructure latecomer fees, plus applicable interest, in accordance with the Alexandra Neighbourhood Development Agreement (i.e. townhouse rate of \$3,307.47 per unit plus interest).
- 6. If applicable, payment of other latecomer agreement charges associated with eligible latecomer agreements.
- 7. Enter into a Servicing Agreement* for the design and construction of servicing infrastructure and frontage improvements. Works include, but may not be limited to:

[Water Works - Water analysis is not required. However, once you have confirmed your building design at the Building Permit stage, you must submit fire flow calculations signed and sealed by a professional engineer based on the Fire Underwriter Survey or ISO to confirm that there is adequate available flow.]

- 2 -

Initial: _____

PH - 214

- a. Alexandra Road frontage:
 - i. Upgrade the existing 200 mm diameter AC watermain to 200 mm diameter PVC watermain from the west property line of 9191 Alexandra Road to East property line of 9231 Alexandra Road.
- b. Dubbert Street frontage:
 - i. Provide a new 200 mm diameter PVC watermain from the proposed watermain required on Alexandra Road to Tomicki Avenue and two (2) hydrants at a maximum distance of 75 m apart.
 - ii. The required watermain at Dubbert Street shall be designed and constructed to the ultimate condition.
- c. Tomicki Avenue frontage:
 - i. Provide a new 200 mm diameter PVC watermain from the proposed watermain required on Dubbert Street to the east property line of 9231 Alexandra Road. It should be in line with the watermain on Tomicki Avenue at May Drive. Provide a temporary tie-in from the proposed watermain to the east property line of 9291 Alexandra Road. This temporary tie-in will be connected to the watermain along the northern frontage of 9311 Alexandra Road (to be constructed under SA13-634677). Install a hydrant at the Tomicki Avenue frontage at a maximum distance of 75 m from the proposed hydrant required on Dubbert Street.

[Drainage works - Storm sewer capacity analysis is not required; however, the following storm sewer works are required.]

- d. Alexandra Road frontage;
 - i. Provide a new storm manhole at the intersection of Dubbert Street and Alexandra Road. It should be aligned with the existing storm sewer at Dubbert Street (north of Tomicki Avenue).
 - ii. Upgrade the existing ditch to a 1050 mm storm sewer from the proposed storm manhole as required at the intersection of Dubbert Street and Alexandra Road to the east property line of 9231 Alexandra Road at an offset of approx. 10m from the south property line of 9291 Alexandra Road. Provide a new storm manhole at the east end this upgrade. Interim tie-ins to either sides of the existing ditch may be required. Upgrade length is approximately 52 m.
- e. Dubbert Street frontage:
 - i. Provide a new 600 mm diameter storm sewer from proposed storm manhole required at the intersection of Alexandra Road and Dubbert Street to STMH108256 located at the intersection of Tomicki Avenue and Dubbert Street. Length of new pipe is approximately 164 m. A new adequately sized manhole is required at a maximum distance of 100 m from the proposed manhole required at the intersection of Alexandra Road and Dubbert Street as per City of Richmond Engineering Design Specs.

ii. The required drainage works at Dubbert Street shall be designed and constructed to the ultimate condition. [Sanitary works - Sanitary sewer capacity analysis is not required; however, the following sanitary sewer works are required.]

- f. Dubbert Street:
 - i. Provide a new sanitary 200 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer from existing sanitary manhole SMH 51176 at the intersection of Tomicki Avenue and Dubbert Street to approx. 75 m south from the north property line of 9191 Alexandra Road. The length of new pipe is approximately 78 m. A new adequately sized manhole is required at a maximum distance of 100 m from the proposed manhole required at south end of the proposed pipe as per City of Richmond Engineering Design Specs.
 - ii. The required sanitary works at Dubbert Street shall be designed and constructed to the ultimate condition.
 - iii. Sanitary service connection for the proposed site shall be at Dubbert Street frontage.

[Additional requirements.]

g. The developer is responsible for the under-grounding of the existing private utility pole lines along the Alexandra Road frontage. The developer shall provide private utility companies with the required rights-of-ways for their equipment (e.g. Vista, PMT, LPT, SAC Pad, kiosks, etc.) and/or to accommodate the future undergrounding of the overhead lines. This equipment must be located on private property and not within City SROWs or Public Rights-of-Passage and not impact public amenities such as sidewalks, boulevards and bike paths. The developer is responsible for coordination with private utility companies.

[Transportation works.]

ii.

- h. Applicant responsible for the design and construction of the following frontage improvements:
 - i. Tomicki Avenue: Coordinate with the offsite works via, RZ 12-598503 & RZ 10-534751 to complete to the road to the following ultimate standards (from south to north):
 - (a) 2 m wide concrete sidewalk
 - (b) min. 1.5 m wide treed/grassed boulevard
 - (c) curb/gutter
 - (d) minimum 8.5 m pavement width (11.2 m desired to accommodate on-street parking)
 - (e) reconstruction of the existing curb and widen the existing boulevard along the north side
 - Dubbert Street: Complete to the road to the following interim standards (from east to west):
 - (a) 2 m wide concrete sidewalk
 - (b) 0.75 m wide interim treed/grassed boulevard
 - (c) Interim concrete extruded curb
 - (d) minimum 6.0 m wide pavement
 - (e) minimum 1.0 m wide shoulder with no-post barriers
 - iii. Alexandra Road: widen the road to accommodate the following (from north to south):
 - (a) 2 m wide concrete sidewalk
 - (b) min 1.5 m wide treed/grassed boulevard
 - (c) curb and gutter
 - (d) min. 6.2 m wide road pavement
 - (e) min. 1 m wide shoulder
 - (f) appropriate side slope and tie-in to the properties to the south

[Note that above is the minimum frontage works along Alexandra Road required of the development. Applicant should coordinate works required via RZ 10-528877 (Smart Center) to complete the road to the ultimate standard, which would include the following minimum road elements (from north to south):

- 2 m wide concrete sidewalk
- min 1.5 m wide treed/grassed boulevard
- curb and gutter
- min. 11.2 m wide road pavement
- curb and gutter
- min 1.5 m wide treed/grassed boulevard
- 2 m wide concrete sidewalk]
- 8. Refer to approved service agreement design drawings for works to be done by the City at the developer's sole cost via City Work Order.
- 9. Submission of a Construction Parking and Traffic Management Plan to the Transportation Division. Management Plan shall include location for parking for services, deliveries, workers, loading, application for any lane closures, and proper construction traffic controls as per Traffic Control Manual for works on Roadways (by Ministry of Transportation) and MMCD Traffic Regulation Section 01570.
- 10. Obtain a Building Permit (BP) for any construction hoarding. If construction hoarding is required to temporarily occupy a public street, the air space above a public street, or any part thereof, additional City approvals and associated fees may be required as part of the Building Permit. For additional information, contact the Building Approvals Division at 604-276-4285.

Initial:

Notes:

- * This requires a separate application.
- Where the Director of Development deems appropriate, the preceding agreements are to be drawn not only as personal covenants of the property owner but also as covenants pursuant to Section 219 of the Land Title Act.

All agreements to be registered in the Land Title Office shall have priority over all such liens, charges and encumbrances as is considered advisable by the Director of Development. All agreements to be registered in the Land Title Office shall, unless the Director of Development determines otherwise, be fully registered in the Land Title Office prior to enactment of the appropriate bylaw.

The preceding agreements shall provide security to the City including indemnities, warranties, equitable/rent charges, letters of credit and withholding permits, as deemed necessary or advisable by the Director of Development. All agreements shall be in a form and content satisfactory to the Director of Development.

- Additional legal agreements, as determined via the subject development's Servicing Agreement(s) and/or Development Permit(s), and/or Building Permit(s) to the satisfaction of the Director of Engineering may be required including, but not limited to, site investigation, testing, monitoring, site preparation, de-watering, drilling, underpinning, anchoring, shoring, piling, pre-loading, ground densification or other activities that may result in settlement, displacement, subsidence, damage or nuisance to City and private utility infrastructure.
- Applicants for all City Permits are required to comply at all times with the conditions of the Provincial *Wildlife Act* and Federal *Migratory Birds Convention Act*, which contain prohibitions on the removal or disturbance of both birds and their nests. Issuance of Municipal permits does not give an individual authority to contravene these legislations. The City of Richmond recommends that where significant trees or vegetation exists on site, the services of a Qualified Environmental Professional (QEP) be secured to perform a survey and ensure that development activities comply with all relevant legislation.

Signed

Date

Bylaw 9163



Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9163 (RZ 14-656219) 9191 and 9231 Alexandra Road

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended further by inserting Section 20.28 thereof the following:

20.28 Residential /Limited Commercial (ZMU28) – Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)

20.28.1 Purpose

The zone provides for low density town housing and live/work uses.

20.28.2 Permitted Uses

20.283 Secondary Uses

• boarding and lodging

live/work dwelling

housing, town

- child care
- community care facility, minor
- home business

20.28.3 Permitted Density

- 1. The maximum **floor area ratio** (FAR) is 0.90.
- 20.28.4 Permitted Lot Coverage
- 1. The maximum **lot coverage** is 45% for **building**s.
- 2. No more than 70% of the **lot** may be occupied by **buildings, structures** and **non-porous surfaces**.
- 3. 20% of the **lot area** is restricted to **landscaping** with live plant material.

20.28.5 Yards & Setbacks

1. The minimum **front yard**, **exterior side yard**, **interior side yard** and **rear yard** is 3.0 m.

20.28.6 Permitted Heights

- 1. The maximum **height** for **buildings** is the lesser of 12.0 m or 3 storeys.
- 2. The maximum **height** for **accessory buildings** and **accessory structures** is 5.0 m.
- 20.28.7 Subdivision Provisions/Minimum Lot Size
- 1. The minimum **lot** area is 0.60 ha.
- 20.28.8 Landscaping & Screening
- 1. **Landscaping** and **screening** shall be provided and maintained in accordance with Section 6.0 of this bylaw.
- 20.28.9 On-Site Parking and Loading
- 1. On-site **vehicle** parking and loading shall be provided according to the standards set out in Section 7.0, except that:
 - a. the minimum number of parking spaces per dwelling unit shall be 1.5; and
 - b. the maximum number of **dwelling units** that may utilize a **tandem arrangement** is 55% of the total number of **dwelling units**.

20.28.10 Other Regulations

1. In addition to the regulations listed above, the General Development Regulations in Section 4.0 and the Specific Use Regulations in Section 5.0 apply.

2. The Zoning Map of the City of Richmond, which accompanies and forms part of Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, is amended by repealing the existing zoning designation of the following areas and by designating them "Residential/Limited Commercial (ZMU28) - Alexandra Neighbourhood (West Cambie)".

P.I.D. 012-032-441 East Half Lot 26 Block "B" Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 1224

P.I.D. 012-032-425 West Half Lot 25 Block "B" Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 1224

3. This Bylaw may be cited as "Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9163".

FIRST READING	JUL 2 8 2014	CITY OF RICHMOND
PUBLIC HEARING		H.
SECOND READING		WPROVED by Director or Solicitor
THIRD READING		
OTHER CONDITIONS SATISFIED		
ADOPTED		

MAYOR

CORPORATE OFFICER



Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 7100, Amendment Bylaw 9164 (West Cambie Area Plan)

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. Richmond Official Community Plan Bylaw 7100 is amended in Schedule 2.11A by the following:
 - a) Section 8.2 Alexandra's Character Areas: Amend the legend in the Alexandra Neighbourhood Character Areas Map by deleting the following text under the term Mixed Use:
 - "• abutting the High Street, medium density residential over retail;
 - not abutting the High Street, medium density residential."

and replacing it with the following:

- "• a mix of low to medium density residential with low to medium density residential over retail or live/work uses.";
- b) Section 8.2.3 Character Area 3 The High Street: Amend the legend in the Character Area 3 The High Street Map by deleting the following text under the term Mixed Use:
 - "• abutting the High Street, medium density residential over retail;
 - not abutting the High Street, medium density residential."

and replacing it with the following:

- "• a mix of low to medium density residential with low to medium density residential over retail or live/work uses.";
- c) Section 8.2.3 Character Area 3 The High Street: Add the following immediately after the fifth bullet under the subsection Land Uses:

"• Within the area designated Residential Mixed Use, a mix of low to medium density residential with low to medium density residential over retail or live/work uses. Live/work uses would include an occupation or profession carried out by an occupant and up to one non-resident employee that is conducted in a mixed commercial/residential unit, the commercial portion of which is clearly designated as being at grade with living space above. From the building exterior, it should

present an attractive mixed use image (e.g., retail display windows at grade with residential above) and the work use should be situated at grade fronting the street.";

- d) Section 8.2.4 Character Area 4 Medium Density Housing: Amend the legend in the Character Area 4 – Medium Density Housing Map by deleting the following text under the term Mixed Use:
 - "• abutting the High Street, medium density residential over retail;
 - not abutting the High Street, medium density residential."

and replacing it with the following:

- "• a mix of low to medium density residential with low to medium density residential over retail or live/work uses.";
- e) Section 8.2.4 Character Area 4 Medium Density Housing: Add the following immediately after the third bullet under the subsection Land Uses:

"• Within the area designated Residential Mixed Use, a mix of low to medium density residential with low to medium density residential over retail or live/work uses. Live/work uses would include an occupation or profession carried out by an occupant and up to one non-resident employee that is conducted in a mixed commercial/residential unit, the commercial portion of which is clearly designated as being at grade with living space above. From the building exterior, it should present an attractive mixed use image (e.g., retail display windows at grade with residential above) and the work use should be situated at grade fronting the street.";

- f) Section 9.3 Alexandra Neighbourhood Implementation Strategy: Amend the Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map:
 - i. by changing the land use designation from "Mixed Use" to "Residential Mixed Use" for the area that is hatched within the lands outlined in bold in Schedule A to this bylaw, and amending the Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map accordingly; and
 - ii. by adding the following to the legend:

"Residential Mixed Use:

• a mix of low to medium density residential with low to medium density residential over retail or live/work uses.

Max. 1.25 FAR. Building heights low to mid-rise. (Max. 1.50 FAR with density bonusing for affordable housing)."

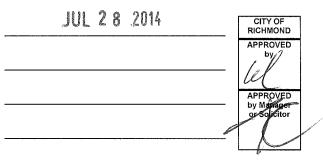
FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

SECOND READING

THIRD READING

ADOPTED



MAYOR

CORPORATE OFFICER

