

City of Richmond

SUPPLEMENTARY AGENDA SPECIAL COUNCIL MEETING

Tuesday, May 28, 2002

- 1. <u>Correspondence received on expansion of Gaming after Thursday, May 23, 2002 and prior to the Tuesday, May 28, 2002 Special Council Meeting</u>
- 1 55 Submissions received "In Support" of the Gaming Policy. (88 submissions received in total)
- 79 76 Submissions received "In Opposition" to the Gaming Policy. (95 submissions received in total)
- 191 5 Submissions received "Neutral" to the Gaming Policy.

SUBMISSIONS RECEIVED ON GAMING POLICY - "IN SUPPORT"

<u>Submissions received after Thursday, May 23, 2002 and</u> <u>prior to the Tuesday, May 28, 2002 Special Council Meeting</u>

- 1. Marius Popescu
- 2. Frank Tofin, #1406 6611 Minoru Boulevard, Richmond
- 3. Bob Ferguson
 Anne & Tony Hirsch, 5420 Granville Avenue, Richmond
 Ellen Krisby, 11671 Woodhead Road, Richmond
 Tiny & Vic Zarski, #3 9651 Dayton Avenue, Richmond
 Donna Ferguson, 10300 Springmont Drive, Richmond
 Pat, Gary & Ken Perkins, 8431 No. 2 Road, Richmond
 Nora Beale, 11731 Woodhead Road, Richmond

4. Richmond

- 5. Edna Fullerton, 682 English Bluff Road, Tsawwassen
- 6. Form letter e-mail with 4 names of Richmond residents
- 7. Elizabeth Connor, #905 6611 Minoru Boulevard, Richmond
- 8. Arthur Chin
- 9. Corinne Morgan
- 10. Dale & Joanne Spink, #25 11100 Railway Avenue, Richmond
- 11. Terrence R. Murphy, Richmond
- 12. Elham Kharazmi, 3980 Lockhard Road, Richmond
- 13. Jim Wilson
- 14. Norma Wilson, 6380 Constable Drive, Richmond
- 15. J.B. Krikler
- 16. Dale Floyd, #209 8680 Lansdowne Road, Richmond
- 17. Irene Dunlop & Ruth Coombes
- 18. June McGregor, 7280 Ledway Road, Richmond

- 19. V. Larry Hillman, Richmond
- 20. Cheryl E. Carpenter, #11 10200 Fourth Avenue, Richmond
- 21. Pushpa w Naidu
- 22. W. Kwantes, 17220 Fedoruk Road, Richmond
- 23. Frank & Marg Moore, Richmond
- 24. Bob & Diana Anson
- 25. Mare Breen
- 26. Kathy Fiddes, Richmond
- 27. Susan Pike, 11840 Montego Street, Richmond
- 28. Shirley Medd, 10880 Southport Road, Richmond
- 29. J.W. (Bill) Sorenson
- 30. Richard Goertzen, 8880 Moore Road, Richmond
- 31. J. Donaldson, Richmond
- 32. Form letter e-mail with 72 names of Richmond residents
- 33. Form letter e-mail with 16 names of Richmond residents
- 34. Elizabeth Groves
- 35. Donna McKinlay
- 36. Lorne & Patricia Baker
- 37. George & Nelda Woodward, 9491 Bridgeport Road, Richmond
- 38. Petition signed by 6 Richmond residents
- 39. Tony & Celia Severs, 6011 Christina Road, Richmond
- 40. Glenda Johnson, 10340 Reynolds Drive, Richmond
- 41. C.S.

725159

- 42. Ran Rai
- 43. Richard Malsbury, Richmond
- 44. AFM Hospitality Corporation, 10211 St. Edwards Drive, Richmond, with accompanying petition signed by 33 Richmond residents
- 45. Petition from Dock Marlin's Pub & Restaurant signed by 239 individuals
- 46. Edward & Stella Tokarczyk, 10271 No. 4 Road, Richmond
- 47. Lynne & Dave Gregory, Richmond
- 48. 2 additional letters in support of the submission from Great Canadian Casino
- 49. Jim Howard, Richmond
- 50. Elizabeth Groves
- 51. Pauline Thompson
- 52. Anita Howard, Richmond
- 53. Don & Shirl Gelz, 9340 Pinewell Crescent, Richmond
- 54. Terry Lemon
- 55. Petition signed by 5 Richmond residents



Executive Summary from information package previously distributed to Council

V6V 2V4 Tel: (604) 303-1000 Fax: (604) 279-8505

CLERK'S

May 24, 2002

Mayor and Council City of Richmond 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, B.C. V6Y 2C1

To Mayor and Council,

In preparation for the May 28th Special Council Meeting on Gaming Policy, our Company has forwarded to you a package containing problem gambling scientific research material, and other relevant information associated with the gaming issue.

We aim to correct the misstatements and misconceptions that many have with the casino industry, and also set forth to ensuring that your decision on the gaming debate will be based on accurate and applicable information.

We respectfully ask the Mayor and Council to support our position to change the Municipal Gaming Policy to allow a casino to operate slot machines. Furthermore, the City of Richmond should not consider allowing more than one casino, as proven by our research into this issue. Material in the aforementioned package will indicate to you that this is the right economical and social decision to make.

Great Canadian Casinos is the casino pioneer in British Columbia and brings with it 20 years of operating history. Our Company is committed to working with the City of Richmond to promote tourism and economic development. We are dedicated to the community, as can be seen by our 15 years of business at the present site, in addition to the relocation of our corporate offices to Richmond 7 years ago. It has been, and continues to be, our intent to relocate and develop the casino at Bridgepoint Market.

In response to the April 12th letter from the Deputy Solicitor General's Office to your Policy Planning Department, Great Canadian has filed a writ in the Supreme Court of British Columbia to dispute the decision made by government with regards to companies who are eligible to relocate.

After careful consideration of the proper facts and information presented, we are confident that, you will make the sound decision to permit a casino with slots.

We thank you for your time and welcome you to contact us should the need arise. Sincerely,

GREAT CANADIAN CASINOS INC.

Per:

Brian Feli

Executive Vice President

RICHMOND CITY COUNCIL

BRIEFING MATERIAL

SPECIAL COUNCIL MEETING

7:00 p.m., Tuesday, May 28, 2002



Synopsis

A number of Canadian and British Columbia studies conducted during the past decade confirm earlier North American studies that approximately 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 3% of those that gamble have a gambling problem.

They also confirm that the decision to gamble is a conscious one; that is, it is a deliberate entertainment decision where players are both psychologically and financially prepared to play. Studies confirm that where gaming devices (table games and slot machines) are not in a gaming environment like a casino, the addiction factor virtually doubles due to:

- the broader exposure and convenient availability of gaming devices to the general public;
 and,
- the spontaneous nature of the decision to game.

Main Facts:

- Between 82% and 87% of British Columbians gamble;
- Approximately 10% of the 2 ½ 3% of problem gamblers game in casinos;
- The addiction rate is cut almost in half when gaming devices such as slot machines and VLT's are located in casinos or casino like environments (since players are more likely to be psychologically and financially prepared);
- Studies confirm that problem gamblers are attracted primarily to games that require skill and/or judgement such as certain types of VLT games (e.g video poker) and casino table games (slot machines possess neither characteristic).

By way of an anecdotal example, in 1996, the State of South Dakota decided to put gaming devices in convenience stores and other similar locations. Almost immediately, concerns began to emerge when reports of people paying \$100 for a loaf of bread began to surface and controls over minors playing were non-existant. The State very quickly removed these devices from these locations and consolidated them in gaming like environments. As a result, the addiction factor dropped significantly and has since levelled out at the North American average between 2 ½ - 3%.

The following are relevant excerpts from copies studies contained in this document.

"British Columbia Lottery Corporation Consolidation - February 2002"

- A consolidation of nine studies of gambling in Canada and specific Canadian jurisdictions.
- Key Findings:
 - 82% 87% of the population gamble.
 - 74% on government lotteries, 39% non-government lotteries (i.e. ticket raffles), 17% in casinos and slot machines and 12% on bingo. (*Note:* Total exceeds 100% since a number of gamblers enjoy more than one type of gaming experience).
 - 70% of Canadians believe VLT's should only be available in casinos and racetracks.
 - 92% 96% of those that gamble are considered to be no risk (82%) or low risk (12%) to problem gambling.
 - less than 2% considered to be problem gamblers.
 - problem gamblers are:
 - most likely to participate in all forms of gambling activity except ticket raffles.
 - single or divorced low income earners;
 - most likely to be male aged 19 24.

"Adult Gambling and Problem Gambling Gambling In Alberta, 1998 - Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission"

- An annual review
- Key Findings:
 - 87.4% of the population gamble, a decline of 2.9% over 1994.
 - 75% participate in government lotteries, 63% in ticket raffles, 37% on instant win tickets, 21% on VLT's, less than 10% in casinos.
 - 4.8% were considered problem gamblers compared to 5.4% in 1994.
 - problem gamblers more likely to be male, under age 30, have a lower education and personal income.

"Gambling In Canada - A Report By The National Council On Welfare - Winter, 1996"

- Covers statistical information gathered from all ten Canadian provinces.
- Examines data gathered from independent studies commissioned by provincial governments carried out between 1989 and 1996 in eight provinces covering:
 - lotteries:
 - charitable gaming (gaming sponsored by charitable and non-profit groups including bingos, casino nights, ticket raffles, etc);
 - horse racing;
 - casinos; and
 - video lottery terminals.
- Key Findings:
 - most Canadians gamble without a problem (pp11);
 - between 67% and 97% of those surveyed gamble (Table 5, pp 12)
 - favourite gambling activity is lotteries (pp29);
 - 97% of British Columbians gamble (Table 5, pp 12);
 - 2.7% 5.4% of adults had gambling problems, 3.5% in British Columbia (pp 11 and Table 6, pp 15);
 - problem gamblers prefer games that involve a dimension of judgement or skill (pp29);
 - typical problem gambler is an unmarried male under age 30 (pp18) with a probability of other forms of addictions (e.g. alcohol, drugs) (pp 33);
 - no definitive links between problem gambling and low income people (pp20);
 - no correlation between level of education and problem gamblers
 - believes that:
 - "....casinos are an appropriate place for VLT's....."
 - recommends:
 - "Provincial and territorial governments should consider an outright ban on video lottery terminals in places except for casinos or casino like settings"

"British Columbia Problem Gambling Survey 1996 - Final Report - Angus Reid Group"

- Compares survey results with those determined through a 1993 benchmark survey.
- Key Finding:
 - the number of potential problems gamblers remained virtually unchanged
 (a slight increase from 2.4% to 2.8% attributed to possible statistical skewing).

<u>"A Description Of Problem Gamblers in Alberta - A Secondary Analysis Of The Gambling and Problem Gambling in Alberta Study - 1994/95"</u>

- A secondary study to the January, 1994 Alberta Gambling and Problem Gambling in Alberta study requested by the Alberta Alcohol and Drug Abuse Commission to determine the prevalence of problem gaming in the Province.
- Key Findings:

In comparison with non-problem gamblers, problem gamblers, representing approximately 5.4% of the gambling population:

- are likely to be under age 35, single, not married and unemployed;
- are highschool graduates or less educated;
- participate in every form of gaming but especially those involving continuous forms of play (e.g instant win tickets, bingo, VLT's, horse races and local casino games);
- are attracted to games involving skill and judgement.

From:

Marius Popescu [husky1978@yahoo.com]

Sent:

May 22, 2002 11:15 PM

To: Subject: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

GAMBLING

HI...

I live in Richmond and nothing stops me from going anywhere else to gamble if i want to.

SO may as well EXPAND CASINOS in Richmond and keep the money here. We need that extra revenue here and why have richmond residents go to new west when we can have residents from the entire lower mainland coming to our NEW Richmond Casino-possibly the nicest one around.

Make the right decision-i have friends outside richmond that would love to come here to gamble and it will benefit our community and u guys know it. People like me dont have time to spend hours at the cityhall listening to people with nothing better to do brag on and on about nothing and why this whole idea is bad.

Councillor Kumagai has the right idea!!!!

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From: Frank Tofin [tofin@telus.net]

Sent: May 23, 2002 2:08 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: gaming policy

Gaming/gambling et al is inherent in most of us, and most of us respond civilly and sanely. To those others, we can't keep them within our city limits, and we can't dump them on others.

I know of none, I know of no others who know of them, so there may not be a host of them. There are some undoubtedly, but will anything we do tomorrow that will exacerbate the probability. Virtually every report alludes to the probability, but none recite or define any measurable degree, extent or cost.

We are all prone to "what if", it's our latent concern for others, and we do respond, and fortunately, our care can be born by simply enacting a contingency.

Let's let us not be moralists, but realists. Allowing slot machines have not destroyed our world - and never will - we know that - it's not a "what if". We mostly agree will the concept of "user pay". It is fair, equitable, and applicable.

If we truly believe something that we cannot prove, then let us enact a contingency fund to cover any "what if" cost. Let the users contribute to the fund - they will probably be glad to care for their kin. Heaven knows that the trade will bear cost with barely a blink.

Look at the universal acceptance of the concept of taking a chance for a good cause - and we are not addicted.

As mayor and council, you constantly weigh the good and bad having fairly heard the interminable for and agin', and you face the inevitable "what if". Your prudence suggests to embrace the net benefit - which in this case is money for mandatory good city management - with a cushion in a contingency funded by gaming.

Respectfully

Frank Tofin - 1406/6611 Minoru Blvd



From: Bob Ferguson [fergusob@telus.net]

Sent: May 23, 2002 6:37 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: slot machines

I am writing this letter on behalf of my parents, some of their friends and myself.

We all feel that there is nothing wrong with the addition of slot machines to the already exisiting gambling that goes on in Richmond.

We cannot understand how people can say that one type of gambling is any worse that any other. Why not have slot machines? It would mean more revenue for the city. Is it any worse that having several lottery terminals in the malls, gaming tables that benefits schools and charitable organizations that have casino nights, bingo and even raffles. What a double standard!!

Anne & Tony Hirsch

Ellen Krisby

5420 Granville Avenue Richmond, BC

11671 Woodhead Road

Richmond, BC

Tiny & Vic Zarski #3-9651 Dayton Avenue Donna Ferguson

10300 Springmont Drive

Richmond, BC Richmond, BC

Pat, Gary & Kent Perkins

Nora Beale

8431 No. 2 Road

11731 Woodhead Road

Richmond, BC

Richmond, BC



From:

.net]

Sent:

May 23, 2002 9:32 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Full Serve Casino

Importance: High May 23, 2002

To The Mayor and City Councillors for the City of Richmond, BC

I am writing to you in <u>full support for a full service Casino</u> in the City of Richmond, BC. I feel that this city is missing out on valuable additional revenue that would be generated by a full service Casino. Yes, I currently go to the full service casinos that are located in other municipalities and would most definately rather spend my entertainment money in my home town. The City of Richmond is missing out while the other municipalities are reaping the gains.

For those that are opposed to "slot machines", I would like to ask, "how many of you recently purchase Super 7 tickets for the 34 million dollars or how about those "scratch and wins". The only real difference is that you can purchase your lottery and scratch tickets at almost any corner grocery store or mall. I'm just not noticing a large increase in crime from all those purchasers that are scratching away to their hearts content!

In closing, I ask that the Mayor and City Councillors for the City of Richmond support the bid for a full service casino in Richmond. Our votes go to YES for a Full Service Casino in Richmond.

Regards.	
	Richmond



682 English Bluff Road Tsawwassen, B.C. V4M 2N4

May 23, 2002

City Clerk's Office Richmond City Council City Hall, 6911 #3 Road Richmond, B.C. V6Y 2C1

Dear Sir:

Re: Richmond Recommendation for Full Service Casinos

electore

It has come to my attention that the above issue is to be addressed in Council, Tuesday May 28th.

As a responsible, professional citizen of the lower mainland, I would highly recommend that you move forward in this regard and accept slot machines as part of the available services.

As all Councils are perpetually seeking more funds from various sources, it is my sincere belief that adding slots would be a desirable decision. It would increase revenue painlessly. The overtaxed homeowners and business establishments would view this as making a substantial contribution to the ever-increasing problem.

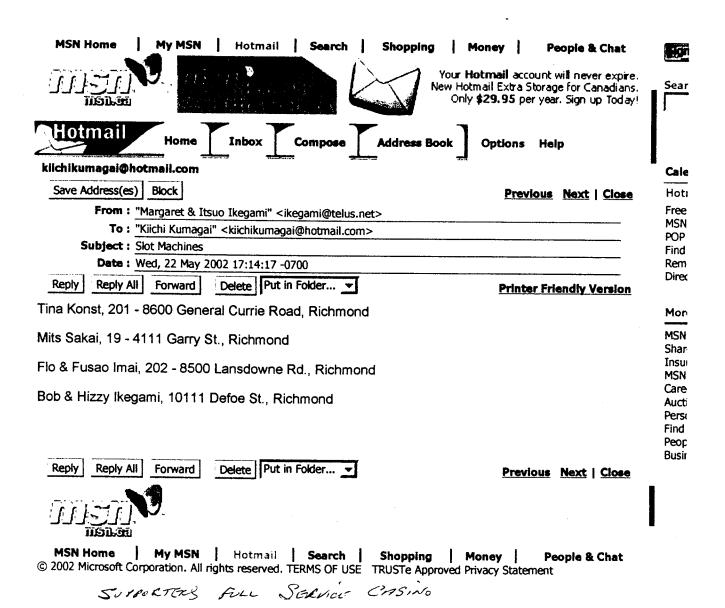
The lack of accomplishment in those municipalities not allowing full service for Casinos only serves to line the pockets of Burnaby, New Westminster and Coquitlam. Also, in the eye of the tourist – it makes us look ridiculous.

The moral issue is not a concern; the horse is out of the gate. The slot machines, in my view, are a source of entertainment for most who wish to make that choice.

Yours sincerely.

Edna Fullerton







905-6611 Minoru Blvd., Richmond, B.C. V6Y 1Y9

Mayor M.Brodie, City of Richmond, B.C.

May 22/02

Dear Sir:

RE: Slot Machines for Richmond.

I wish to cast a vote of "YES" to slot machines for Richmond and all effort be made to bring horse racing back here. Not only will it be advantageous financially for Richmond but will employ many of our citizens.

 $\,$ I am 86 and have paid taxes in Richmond for most of those years. My parents also lived and paid taxes here.

I am not a gambler and will not be patronizing their "dens." However I am not a "Dog in the Manger" and have no desire to prevent those who do enjoy this type of entertainment. Richmond can put the money this will generate to very good use.

Thank you

Yours truly

Mrs Elizabeth Connor

Elizabeth Connor

MAY 24 2002

OF RICHMIN

c.c. Richmond News

4040-04 Page 1 of 1

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Close

From:

arthur chin [SMTP:artdchin@hotmail.com]

To:

kkumagai@city.richmond.bc.ca

Cc:

Subject:

I support a full service casino

Sent:

22/05/2002 8:46 PM

Importance:

Normal

Chat with friends online, try MSN Messenger: Click Here



From: Corinne Morgan

Sent: May 24, 2002 10:23 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gaming policy

I am a responsible adult. Just because the liquor store is at the mall, I don't got in there and purchase alcohol to take home and drink myself silly.

Because the 6/49 is down at the corner grocery, I don't go and spend all my earnings on 6/49 tickets.

And, because the church has Bingo on Wednesdays I'm not spending all my money there either.

I occasionally visit New Westminster or Burnaby for a quick bit of fun on the slot machines, followed by a bit of shopping and lunch. I sometimes take my Mom and Dad, they are in their 80's, but they aren't spending their whole pension cheques on the slots.

Can't we keep the money here in our beautiful city?. If my quarter on that slot machine buys another tulip for our beautiful medians so be it.

If slot machines are to be banned, then ban all gambling..... 6/49, pull tabs at the pubs, hospital lottery tickets, bingo at the church, raffle tickets that you buy from the school kid at the door. Either everything or nothing

Corinne Morgan



From:

Dale Spink [dspink@attglobal.net]

Sent:

May 27, 2002 10:42 AM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Richmond Gaming Policy

May 27, 2003

Re: RICHMOND GAMING POLICY

My wife and I would like to say that we strongly support expanded gaming for Richmond. What a good opportunity to relocate the present casino into the old Bridgepoint Market building. The location is easily accessible for all customers (including several nearby hotels), has more than adequate parking and would revitalize the area. The addition of slot machines would be wonderful and make it unnecessary for the many Richmondites to travel to Burnaby, New Westminster or Coquitlam to enjoy an evening of entertainment. Obviously, the increased revenues accruing to the city would be much welcomed.

Basically, it annoys us that a few organized, loud "spokespeople", both on and off the council, seem to be speaking for the general population by saying "Richmond doesn't want expanded gaming". Those of us who DO want expansion would like our voices to be heard also. Mark us down for YES to slots and expanded gaming in Richmond.

Yours truly,
Dale and Joanne Spink
#25 - 11100 Railway Avenue,
Richmond, BC



From:

terrence murphy [terrytaurus@hotmail.com]

Sent:

May 24, 2002 7:10 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Casino Approval

I apologise for not presenting this submission in person.

The Group in opposition to this resolution are well organised, and extremely vocal. However, I would suggest the volume of protest is grossly disproportunate to the Numbers involved. Might I suggest Council obtain creditable confirmation of the numbers involved. Perhaps this overwhelming concern for the Moral standards of OTHER people will lead this group to pledge and indemnify the Community for the Total of Forfeited Gaming Dollars. This should not exceed a few thousand Dollars per year, per person. Personally, I would then cease my objections to their shrill protests.

Casinos are LEGAL. Why is the whole issue treated as if it were an

agreement to contract some dreadful Plague?

The benefits accruing to the Municipalities of Burnaby and New Westminster are massively larger than that in Richmond. (ie-\$ 5,884,648 to Burnaby versus \$1,920,000 to Richmond) Further note should be taken of the probable departure of Richmond's present Casino, thus reducing Richmond's share to ZERO. (Which share has already been spent!)

A large number of the patrons of the Casinos appear to originate in Richmond, but their contributions are made to other Municipalities!

The previous Councils appear to have been fiscally inept, expending our Reserves upon the Municipal "Taj Mahal", a Monument to Monetary Madness. ask how many Fire Stations could have been erected for the outlay on this Monster?

Are the current Council willing to follow in the path of the previous incumbents? Are they willing to forgo an Annual rebate of 5 million dollars, (more or less). And if this path is chosen, do Council honestly feel that the 4% of problem Gamblers now resident in Richmond will Magically mend their ways, and join the Protest Group?

If the Council truly deliberates these questions, I feel the answer becomes evident. We must bring in a "Full Service" Casino, to help maintain our City, and consign to the Dustbin the proposed 4% (plus) annual increase in taxes, that we have been advised to expect in perpetuity.

Thank you for your consideration.

terrytaurus@hotmail.com

Terrence R. Murphy Richmond 604-278-9373

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From: Ellie Kharazmi [ekharazmi@yahoo.com]

Sent: May 24, 2002 8:14 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Casino/Slot machines in Richmond

Dear Mayor and Councillors,

As a resident of Richmond for the past 5 years, my family and I wish to express our support for a casino with slots in Richmond.

On occassion, we have visited other casinos around the lower mainland in search of an evening out for some entertainment. The casinos that have slots are more favourable because of the numerous extra choices we have for games we want to play and the added ammenities as well, such as good parking and nice facilities.

I would prefer if Richmond allowed a casino here with slots so that we can keep our money in Richmond, and attract players from other jurisdictions, be they from the lower mainland or abroad! In addition, we would have somewhere locally to take our friends when visiting from out of town, apart from Steveston, Richmond Centre, the numerous Asian restuarants, and the walking trails of the dyke.

Thank you for the opportunity to let my voice and my families voice be heard.

Regards,

Elham Kharazmi 3980 Lockhart Road Richmond, BC V7C 5E7

Do You Yahoo!?

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From: Jim Wilson [haggis@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 25, 2002 11:41 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gaming Policy

Lets keep the tax revenue in Richmond. Bridgepoint Market is the perfect location



From: Norma Wilson [npwilson@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 25, 2002 12:21 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gaming

I am certainly in favour of increased gambling in Richmond. I would sooner spend my money at slot machines here than in Burnaby.

Norma Wilson 6380 Constable Drive, Richmond, B.C. V7E 3Y5



From: krikler [kriklers@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 25, 2002 5:12 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Casino in Richmond

Dear Sirs

A great deal of debate and controversy is taking place at the moment on the subject of possibly opening a casino with slot machines in Richmond. Richmond residents who are interested in this form of gambling are currently travelling fairly long distances to swell the coffers and reduce the property taxes in other areas. Opening a casino in Richmond will attract the locals and at the same time attract visitors from around the city of Vancouver. Positioned with a close proximity to the airport it will also attract people who have time to kill between flights. Many businesses and restaurants in Richmond will soon be noticing increased sales and there will even be the chance that our property taxes will stabilize. So for all the people opposed to the possibility of a casino opening in our city they will win twice. Firstly they will not spend their money in the machines and their taxes will not increase. The city will become prosperous and this will result in a win-win situation.

What are we waiting for? Lets save money on gas which is expensive enough and stay in Richmond to gamble if we choose.

Thank you ang good luck

J.B.K



From: Dale Floyd [dalef@telus.net]

Sent: May 25, 2002 5:19 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gambling Ladies and Gentlemen

I would like to voice my opinion on the gambling issue. I personally am wholeheartedly behind the additional gaming facility.

How many of the nay-sayers buy lottery tickets? Go to Bingo? Or even buy a ticket on that new car for one cause or another? These are all forms of gambling.

Those who oppose it fail to see that people who want to gamble will do it one way or another. Look at the busses going to Washington State every day, exporting our money. Problem gambling will happen whether we have casinos in our city or not, so why not get the benefits of having the casino? Who would be against job creation, increased city revenues, increased tourism, and the spin-off benefits created by the casino?

I would hope that the council is able to see the many benefits that would go with an additional casino complete with slot machines.

Please remember the basic premise that people who want to gamble will, so why not reap the benefits rather than exporting them.

Best Regards,

Dale Floyd 209-8680 Lansdowne Rd Richmond



From: Sent:

dunlop [cinrock@shaw.ca] May 26, 2002 8:26 AM mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

To:

Subject:

gambling

In reference to gaming policy, we the undersigned wish to

vote YES.

Irene Dunlop, Ruth Coombes.



From:

June McGregor [junemcg@shaw.ca]

Sent:

May 26, 2002 8:51 AM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

gambling in Richmond

Attention: City Clerk

As I am unable to attend Tuesday night's meeting, I am stating my vote via E-mail. This is definitely a no-brainer. Of course Richmond should have gambling. None of my friends nor I have ever been polled regarding slots and we are all in favor. We all question exactly who has been polled!!! We are mostly seniors and enjoy a few hours at the slots and none of us have a 'social problem'. We all have to go to New Westminster or over the 'line' for a little fun - but we would much rather stay locally!!!. Richmond needs the money and we want the slots. GO FOR IT!!!!!!!

June McGregor 7280 Ledway Road, Richmond, B. C.



From: Larry Hillman [hillman2506@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 26, 2002 10:16 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gambling

I am a long-time Richmond resident-44 years-and do support slot machines in Richmond. Let us face it, people like to gamble, and we all know how many residents travel to Reno very often to do just that. We can keep such revenue here rather than have those who want to try their hand at a machine going elsewhere as had been the case in the past. The "do-gooders" who decry gambling have their heads in the sand, as if people wish to gamble-they will!!

V. Larry Hillman



From:

Cherylou Carpenter [cherylou@shaw.ca]
May 26, 2002 11:34 AM
mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Sent:

To:

Subject:

Slot Machines

May 27/02 I wish to cast a "YES" vote for the addition of slot machines to casinos in Richmond. Yours truly, Cheryl E. Carpenter #11 10200 Fourth Ave. Richmond V7E 1V3.



From: Pushpa Naidu [pnaidu@telus.net]

Sent: May 26, 2002 12:47 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Richmond's gaming policy

I think it would be a great idea to have 300 slot machines for gambling. Imagine how much business Richmond will get from the passengers who will be dropping by from the airport while they are waiting for their flight. Lot of jobs will be created due to this. Our house taxes, which is already high, will not be increased.

I would also like to say that the Bridgepoint location has been sitting unused for a long time. It has an excellent view and somewhat isolated and if it generates revenues for the

Richond Municipality,I am in favour of it.

Thanks.

Yours sincerely. Pusha w Naidu.



From: wilk kwan [wakts@hotmail.com]

Sent: May 26, 2002 2:09 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: yes for slots
Mayer and Councillors

We are richmond ressidents and are for slots in our city we like to spent our money in Richmond now we have to take it to an other city .No one tells you that you have to camble.! No one tells you that you have to drink! No one tells you that you have to smoke! Yours Truly W.kwantes 17220 Fedoruk RD. Thank you.

Join the world's largest e-mail service with MSN Hotmail. Click Here



From: Sent: moorefam@axionet.com May 26, 2002 12:16 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: expanded gambling

As long time residents of Richmond, we would like to voice our opinion on the introduction of slot machines to our city. First of all, gambling is gambling, and anyone who has bought a lottery ticket, scratch ticket, pull tab, played bingo, and yes even bought the hospital lottery tickets that are so popular now, has gambled. Why not add slot machines? What is the difference? We occasionally go to New Westminster for a couple of hours of entertainment in the casino and while there have only noticed ordinary people like ourselves having a bit of fun, granted, a small percentage of people are addicted, but those will gamble no matter what and no-one can legislate against that. There seems to be a lot of money being spent outside of our city, not only in New Westminster, Coquitlam, and Burnaby, but also across the border, and I'm sure that these people are not only spending in the casinos, but in the restaurants and gas stations also. Why not keep this money in Richmond? It seems that the funds generated from the addition of slot machines would go a long way , and we trust the Mayor and Councillors would be responsible enough to use this money for the best benefit to the community, including any social consequences that may occur which, according to the cities of New Westminster and Burnaby didn't have much negative impact. Therefore why not trust the majority of the adult citizens of Richmond to be able to have a bit of enjoyment playing the slot machines in our own city, we think you will find that the majority of us are responsible enough to view it as "a bit of entertainment".

Thanks for listening, and we trust that whatever decision is made, it will be for the benefit of all the citizens of Richmond.

Frank and Marg Moore

(604) 272-8794



From: diana anson [dranson@telus.net]

Sent: April 17, 2002 11:53 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: gambling

We are sending this e-mail to let you know that we are in favor of expanded gambling in Richmond. Why not keep the money in our community instead of sending it to other towns in the lower mainland or to the states. We enjoy spending a few hours once in awhile at a casino and therefore go somewhere besides Richmond to do it. We are not addicted to gambling but just enjoy a few hours of fun every once in awhile along with some of our neighbors. We hope you listen to the voice of the people and let us have some fun in our own community.

Bob and Diana Anson



From: Sent: Marjorie Breen [marjorie_breen@telus.net]

May 26, 2002 4:38 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

CASINO - SLOT MACHINES

I agree with councillors Kiichi Kumagai, Harold Steves and Tilly Marxreiter's points of view on expanded gambling in the City of Richmond.

I believe that the majority of adults are socially responsible and look upon slot machines and other forms of gambling as twofold...entertainment and a dream of winning. Addictions and other people problems have always been part of society worldwide whether or not a community has gambling facilities. They will simply travel to other communities who have them. The socially reponsible adults will also travel to enjoy this type of gambling, spending the money that could be spent in Richmond.

If the city's current gaming policy is expanded to allow for slot machines, the facility should be in the downtown core. To lease space in or have the facility close to our hotels would be a huge financial advantage for Richmond and would also create some spinoffs that I'm sure businesses would appreciate.

A casino should be non-smoking. Over the years I have spoken to seniors and other adults who have commented they would enjoy the casino scene if the facilities were to be smoke-free. The casinos in Vernon (near the Village Green Hotel) and Kelowna (in the Grand Okanagan Resort) are smoke-free and attract many players. It would not be a deterrent as smokers take a break outside. This is not the issue at the upcoming meeting but I make the non-smoking pitch now for your discussion if the expansion is to go ahead.

I do not believe that raising taxes on an annual basis to balance a budget would be a "money smart" decision. Yes, councillors could maybe come up with other innovative ideas but to transform them into the millions of dollars we need now and in the future is also a gamble.

Thank you for reading my input on this matter.

Marge Breen



From: Kathy Fiddes [kathyfiddes1@hotmail.com]

Sent: May 26, 2002 6:18 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gaming Vote

I would like to cast and vote of Yes to the debate over whether or not slot machines in Richmond should be approved. Our city needs extra funding. People from Richmond are travelling to our areas so we may we well keep them at home. In addition, I believe that having a gaming facilitity at home discourages people from "chasing losses" because they know in only five or ten minutes they can return the next day. Whereas to have to go to New Westminster, Coquitlam or Burnaby for example, it is a time-consuming journey, and gamblers will be inclined to stay at that facility longer, and thus probably lose more money. K. Fiddes, Richmond



From: spike [s_pike@telus.net]

Sent: May 26, 2002 6:35 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Expanded Gaming

I vote YES YES! I have a respectable job to go to every day. I pay my property taxes as well as other taxes and fees imposed upon my income. I have a budget for vacation, travel, and entertainment. I have traveled to Las Vegas, a few times to Reno, but with the exchange rate being extremely low, I prefer to stay in the lower mainland. So, why is it that I have no option but to travel to Coquitlam, Burnaby, or New Westminster to spend my "voluntary tax" dollars. By the way, I have met people from Richmond at all three of those locations.

Your reasons for censorship and "saving" Richmond residents are misguided and outdated. It is time to keep our dollars in our own City. We are all aware of the benefits that these extra revenues from expanded gaming brings.

With Vancouver Airport being so close, expanded gaming may even bring some travelers with stop-overs or delays into our City. Our community may then be able to afford to fill in the ditches, upgrade and improve the roads, fire halls, etc.

In closing, I would like to suggest that BridgePoint would be an ideal location.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Susan Pike 11840 Montego St. Richmond, B.C. V6X 1H4 604-273-0609



From:

shirley medd [sdmedd@shaw.ca]

Sent:

May 26, 2002 3:14 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: EXPANDED GAMBLING - Public Meeting May 28, 2002

I have been a resident of Richmond for 31 years and for the most part have been accepting of councils actions, good or bad. On the issue of SLOT MACHINES I feel I have to speak up.

Once again, the vocal minority is getting all the press and I would suspect, the attention of council.

I do not see the difference between SLOT MACHINES and "Paper" Slot Machines that we have had for years - Pull Tabs and Scratch & Win Tickets.

Several articles in our local newspapers told of the hardships brought to families by a gambling addiction. It's a small percentage who are addicted to gambling. I find it hard to believe that the majority of hard core gamblers with a problem play the slots.

Most slot players are me - a middle aged lady who enjoys the occasional evening being entertained playing slots. I have never set foot in our only casino as it does not have slots. I play pull tabs at pubs instead. I do however occasionally drive to visit our neighbouring cities who have FULL SERVICE CASINOS. They enjoy my money as they well should.

Many people are addicted to Alcohol yet it is still sold in Liquor Stores, Bars and Restaurants. It brings in good revenue and Slots would bring in more revenue. I would rather contribute to increased city revenue by having an evening out at the Casino where I get entertainment for my dollars than by having my taxes go up which I don't find entertaining at all.

I might also point out that most major centres in Canada have full Casino's and they are probably all better off financially than we are.

Bridgepoint Market is the ideal location for a new Casino - anything will be better than having it sit there empty all these years

I hope you make a fair decision and, perhaps, a REFERENDUM is the way to go to end this debate once and for all. Please think long and hard. The "Bleeding Hearts" and a small percentage with a problem shouldn't make everyone else lose out. If we can't have Slot Machines then we shouldn't have Table Games either.

Thank you

S. Medd 10880 Southport Road Richmond, B. C. 604 274 4236



From: Sent: Bill and Melvena Sorenson [bill_mel@uniserve.com]

it: May 26, 2002 6:59 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Gaming Policy

First let me say that I think it if unfortunate that our governments at all levels started down the slippery gaming/lottery slope, because once governments start to rely on funds from any source, they rarely give them up. Wasn't Income Tax supposed to be a temporary tax? It isn't that many years ago you had to buy an Irish Sweepstakes ticket if you wanted to gamble. However, it is now apparent gambling in one form or another is here to stay. Moving the race tracks from Richmond to Hastings Park didn't stop Richmondites who like to bet on the ponies from continuing to pursue this interest. At this point I think it would be foolhardy for the City of Richmond not to reap the benefits available to them from the share of gaming proceeds derived from Casino's operating in this community. Why should Burnaby or New Westminster take the gaming share from Richmond residents who wish the participate in an evening out playing blackjack, slot machines, or poker? Gambling is not my cup of tea (of course Bingo and 6/49 aren't gambling are they?)

At this point in the evolution of gaming in our community, I would suggest we approve expanded gaming to include slot machines. If the current casino operator is going to be allowed to expand, I would suggest council try and influence a change of venue to say Bridgepoint. This location is away from a busy intersection, has ample parking, and has the potential to develop an attractive complex with other amenities such as restaurants, maybe a show lounge, etc.

I am concerned that our governments have become too dependent on gaming revenue, and these funds are being used for general operating purposes. Develop a long term capital plan to replace aging infrastructure in the City and use gaming proceeds as a significant source of funding to meet these needs. I believe the Irish Sweepstakes Lottery proceeds were earmarked for hospitals? Then budget for operating purposes from traditional revenue sources, taxes, fees, etc. In Richmond it appears to me Council has to get a tighter rein on the cost of delivering services. More attention needs to be focused on how the cost of local government can be managed so that residents continue to receive the services they expect and taxes, fees, etc. don't have to be forever increasing almost out of control. Of course, if capital projects could be financed from gaming revenue it would be easier to fund operating costs from traditional sources.

Respectfully submitted,

J.W. (Bill) Sorenson



From: Nancy Goertzen [dcu@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 26, 2002 11:38 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: gaming policy Ladies & Gentlemen:

I rarely get involved in local politics or policies for that matter. However, after hearing a debate between Mr. Brodie and Mr. Kumagai, and the given the opportunity to make my views known I could not resist. In my opinion Mr. brodie is trying to ram his morality down my throat and I don,t like it one bit.

I do go to the Casino from time to time and quite enjoy it.

Any time I have been there it is usually quite well attended and there are waiting lists to get on certain games.

I hear the people saying that crime is going to run rampant if slot machines are allowed to be brought in and that people are going to spend their welfare money in the casino playing slots. What utter nonsense!!!

If that were the case these aforementioned people would be burning up the

roads to go to New Westminster to play the slots in their casino, and I don,t see that happening.

What I do see however, is that if gaming is not allowed to expand and even move location within Richmond it will close as it did in Surrey and then:

1. The natives are going to build a casino on Sea Island .

2. Richmond is going to have to pay for its services.

3. Richmond will receive no taxes but will ultimately wind up spending money that is so hard to come by these days.

Therefore not only do we spend money on these services but we lose any taxes that are derived from the casino-WE LOSE BOTH WAYS.

I own a small business in Richmond and have lived in Richmond since 1966,

It makes my blood boil when I hear some do gooder trying to take the moral highground and have everyone pay for it rather than do what is fiscally responsible.

One last thing: Of all the things that I have read and heard about gaming in a casino setting, there has not been any mention of increased crime amoung the patrons who use the casinos services.

Thank You for your indulgence.

RICHARD GOERTZEN

8880 Moore Road Richmond, B>C. V6Y 2J1



May 25 2002

Fax # 604 278 5139

Attention City Clerk 6911 #3 Road Richmond B.C.

I have read your ad in one of the Richmond newspapers under Special Council Meeting on Gaming Policy. I am unable to go to your meeting but I would like to cast my vote "Yes" for changing the gaming policy to include slot machines. If you do not allow this type of gambling into the city, the patrons will go elsewhere and spend their money. Why shouldn't we keep this money in "Richmond"? The other subject to be to be questioned is why do we not have a lottery to help our Richmond Hospital to grow into a more efficient health care centre.

J. Donaldson Richmond B.C.



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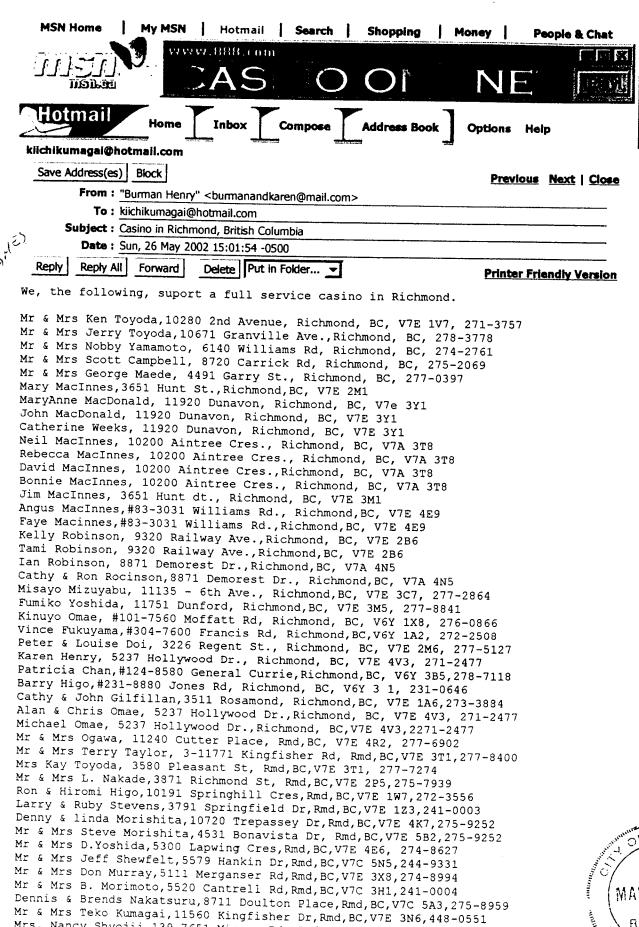
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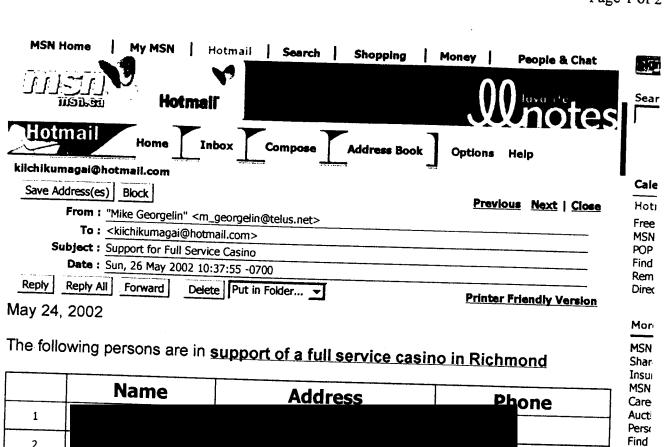


Mrs. Nancy Shyojii,139-7651 Minoru Rd, Rmd, BC, V6Y 1Z3, 244-1705 Art & Kathy Clement, 3751 Lamond Ave, Rmd, BC, V7E 1E2, 277-2758

Davw & Brenda Toyoda, 4720 Duncliff Rd, Rmd, BC, V7E 3N1



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1			One
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3			
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5	Lorraine Matsuo	8251 Elsmore Rd Richmond	604-277-4058
6	Hisao Matsuo	8251 Elsmore Rd Richmond	604-277-4058
7	Jeff Matsuo	8251 Elsmore Rd Richmond	604-277-4058
8	Cathy Morimoto	5520 Cantrell Rd Richmond	604-241-0004
9	Mike Williams	6591 Dunsany Pl Richmond	604-275-3154
10	Barb Williams	6591 Dunsany Pl Richmond	604-275-3154
11	Robert Williams	6591 Dunsany Pl Richmond	604-275-3154
12	Linda Williams	6591 Dunsany Pl Richmond	604-275-3154
13	Larry Funk	8531 Rosehill Dr Richmond	604-274-2219
14	Linda Funk	8531 Rosehill Dr Richmond	604-274-2219
15	Nancy Chow	4055 Regent St Richmond	604-275-5864
16	Peter Riddell	4055 Regent St Richmond	604-275-5964

eply Reply All Forward Delete Put in Folder...

Previous Next | Close AY 2



From: elizabeth groves [groves@island.net]

Sent: May 27, 2002 11:14 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: slot machines

I am all in favour of having slot machines in Richmond for the people who enjoy this kind of entertainment. It will create employment and also help reduce our taxes. It should not be left up to one ethnic group to make the decision for all other citizens of Richmond.



From: donna mckinlay [dmckinlay@telus.net]

Sent: May 27, 2002 11:43 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gambling

I plan to attend the meeting on Tuesday evening but I prefer to make my comments in writing so here goes.

I am in favor of Slot machines in Richmond.I think we should try to keep the gambling money here at home. Why let it go to other cities?I think most people would rather play the slots locally instead of across the Line in American money!!!

I would like to see a daytime Bingo at Bridgepoint even if only a few days a week. People from Richmond have to travel to Vancouver, Burnaby or New West. if they wish to play during the day.

As a person who has fun gambling once in awhile I hope the slots will be allowed.

Sincerely, Donna McKinlay



From:

MANAASKA@aol.com

Sent:

May 27, 2002 11:25 AM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gaming Policy

Sir

Since my wife and I will be unable to attend the council meeting at City Hall on May 28th, I would like to express my concerns in this email. My wife and I enjoy to spend our leisure time playing the slots and this involves trips to Coquitlam to the new Casino as well as many trips across to Washington State. We are also planning a trip to Reno in September. It doesn't make any sense to me for you people on council to be turning a blind eye to all the revenue that is draining from the City of Richmond's coffers. Who says that because we enjoy playing slots we

We are no more addicted than the person running to purchase several Government sponsered lottery tickets every week. WHATS THE DIFFERENCE?

Please reconsider and lets open a Casino at Brigepoint in Richmond that we can all be proud of and reduce the heavy tax load that we are now facing.

Lorne & Patricia Baker



2110 TID T 664 718 8333

P.01

JRM DW KY AS DE WB

May 26th., 2002.

RE: Gaming

We are in favour of the expanded gaming facilities in Richmond because it would be a good tourist attraction and the various hotel guests that drive to where they can gamble would be more prone to stay in Richmond and spend their disposable monies in our community.

People who are afraid of addictions must learn that we are faced with the possiblity of addiction all our lives. Does this mean that we should ban alcohol because we could become addicted?

Lets keep the money in Richmond!!!

George Woodward.

Nelda Woodward.

9491 Bridgeport Road,

Richmond, B.C.



	MAY 20/02
ATT. Councillor K. KUMAGAI	/ /
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Sony & Belia Severs 6011 Christma Rd Richmond V7. C277

Dear Mayor a Council,

Having lived in Richmond

offord to Spend the rest of my life have,

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Spand their money in other Communities,

With the slots here in a nice location they

one elses.

S'm also convinced our lowist industry

Wake up Richmond

Jony o Belia Severs



To:	City of Richmond - c/o Clerk's Office
Fax:	(604) 278-5139
From:	Glenda Johnson
Date:	May 28, 2002
Pages:	1 page(s) including this page.

To Whom It May Concern,

I would like to submit my YES vote for expanded-gambling (slot machines) to be allowed in Richmond. I don't usually play the table games.

I would rather keep my money in Richmond - not just the money I spend at the Casino in New Westminster but the money I spend at a restaurant prior to the evenings entertainment.

Lately, I've been going down to the new Silver Reef Casino in Ferndale, WA. It's lovely down there, but smoky. It's been so long since I've been in the Richmond Casino I can't remember if it's smoke free now or not?

Yours sincerely,

Glenda Johnson
Glenda Johnson@shaw.ca



From the desk of...

Glenda Johnson

Johnson's Creations 10340 Reynolds Dr. Richmond B.C. V7E 4B4

(604) 275-2323 Fax: (604) 274-0484



FAX 604-278-5139 EXPRA PROBLEMS Why SHOWN SCOTS BRIDGERINT WOULD BE PERFECT. PUBS & BERRAWINE STORES DION'T MAKE WHY GIVE OUR MONEY TO COQUITURNY NEW WEST THINK SCOTS SHOULD COME TO RICHMOND (CHMON) TAX PAYETO



From:

Ran Rai [ran@shaw.ca]

Sent:

May 28, 2002 6:30 AM

To: Subject: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

FW: Casio

Dear sirs

I would like you to allow expand gambling in Richmond, because

- 1) it would increase revenues for the city.
- 2) more people would spend money in the city.
- 3) people who want to gamble , will gamble wherever the Casio's are.
- 4) I would benefit form gambling less increase in my taxes.
- 5) we are next to the airport, lets keep the tourists money in Richmond.

Ran Rai



From: Richard Malsbury [Richard_Malsbury@telus.net]

Sent: May 27, 2002 11:09 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Expanded Gambling- Get On With It!.

Mayor and Councillors:

Let me state that I am all for Slot Machines in Richmond. Note that this is my second email on this subject.

I do not believe you can babysit us so-called adults. Yes, there may be Problem Gamblers, but I believe there are far more people out there with alcohol problems

(Have you outlawed the selling of alcohol in Richmond?). There are also a lot of people with financial problems (You allow stores to entice shoppers with slick advertising to make a sale). And those sales-people don't care if your credit is nearly maxed out!

If one is opposed to gambling, don't go there. Nobody is forcing anyone to go near or in a casino. Same as no one one forces you into a Pub. I am sick of these holier-than-thou types trying to dictate what is good for the citizens of Richmond.

Those who cry that money will be taken away from business by the expanded gambling are plain fearmongers. If you buy that, then you must also stop any new business from opening in Richmond as they too will take away potential revenue from the existing merchants. Will you hear the same people making that arguement if Wal-Mart comes to town? Nope.

And on that note, what makes them so sure that if I have a spare \$100 that I'm going to spend it in Richmond?. Maybe save up for a vaction(not here), go to a Canucks or Lions game (Vancouver), skiing (Whistler/N. Van) -you get my point. It's entertainment, same as going to a movie, golfing, or bowling. Set your limit and leave when you've reached it. We're adults and have to make those decisions for ourselves.

In January I cruised on the Sea Princess, which had about 150 slot machines. Its casino was open 24hrs except while in port. It was fun for a while; if there wasn't a show or something else going on. Again, if I hadn't gone to the casino, it does not mean I would have spent my money in stores in Mexico. (Actually I came out ahead- and still didn't buy much in Mexico).

In closing I hope to see slot machines in Richmond. I like living here but as E. Kwan said in Sunday's Review "Richmond is a dead city after dark...". I think it would be a good addition for entertainment and may draw in visitors from outside, especially south of the Fraser or Vancouver. I also feel the added revenues are needed. I don't want my taxes to continually increase.

Richard Malsbury Richmond



AFM HOSPITALITY CORPORATION

"Great Hospitality Opportunities" SAL

Stephen H. Phillips, CHA Vice Chairman & Chief Executive Officer May 27, 2002

> City of Richmond 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, B.C. V6Y 2C1

To whom it may concern,

This letter will serve to confirm AFM Hospitality Corporations full support for the approval of the license for a full service Casino for the City of Richmond.

The overall positive financial impact, tourism related job creation and of course the municipal tax increase that will result for the City should make the decision to approve the license a YES.

Yours Truly

Stephen H. Phillips







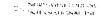




















P.01

746-1168

Petition for a Full Service Casino in Richmond

Name (Print)	Richmond Address	Signature
HENRY LOUNG	13-22711 NORTON COURT, RICHOTURO	Stale
higa Lan	6852 No. 3 Road Richman	Lieglion
kg Kngra	10211 St. Edward Dr. Admond	lastole
Tester thill	LOZSI & EDWARDSON PULHEND	XIII
CHARLENE ZENTHER	10211 St. EDWARDS DRIVE RICHMOND	C ZatneR
7. STOCK HANGED	11457 \$ 2 Rd RICHHOOD BL	Hackeyes
J. Hur	10500 GRANDILE ONE, RICHTON &C	(Obust
N. Semenowich	10251 & Edwards Drive	Memerows
E. Stecher	10251 St-Edwards Drive	Absteeler.
Bod Nakannie	10251 St Educido Drive	- Color
L-Mc Crossit	10251 St Edwas Live	Diff apply
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t-/sm	9771 ASISWADO TR.	Miscon
Jimmy Hong	10251 St Edwards Dr	
Jusin /	10251 ST LOWMOS Dn	
Whene	18251 St & avocido DC.	
WENDYJCDIN	10251 ST. EDWARDS DR	100
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The attached 239 name petition was obtained as follows:-

Location: Dock Marlin's Pub & Restaurant

BridgePoint Complex, River Road

Time : Primarily during lunch hours, the week of May 18 - 25th, 2002

Note: Patrons were approached informally and asked if they supported slots in Richmond with the associated financial benefits.

No mention of operator or location was made.

No incentive to participate in the petition was offered although a number of signees requested a free drink.

A number of signees were not from Richmond but work and/or eat in Richmond.

Finding: The surprising result of this initiative was the overwhelming support for slots in Richmond. Less than 10 customers declined to sign.

We do not imply this sample statistically represents the entire adult population of Richmond, but it does give pause to the assumption that there is a majority of Richmond voters against slots.

Kevin Rooney BridgePoint

"I am in favour of a full service casino in Richmond having slot machines."

Name (Print)	Richmond Address	Signature
Sau Fase	*112-221 7A.A. N. WEST	Signature
Weller	10 950 Van Horne Way	13/18-11
Mit Cholest	5645 FOREST ST 269	My Chall
Ling	11760 River 12.	THE A
HERMAN DROBESCH	26/1 Smith st Ril	James Phatosoft
GERAY ASTEUS	9311 RIVER DR RM	A CIVILIO
Ros Williams	1680 So 4 Rover Rymony St	1 All
N Sofes	1880 # 4 Rd Ledings	JEBOX
M. Luma Seymo	Och Die Committee	a Il Serma
ED. HILL/NAW	9311 KILER RD. RMD	40.2000
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ROBERT FITZDATRICK	FF-10 ARBUMS ST 1	Jelle 2
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May 27, 2002

E & S Tokarczyk 10271 #4 Rd Richmond, B.C., V7A 2Z5



via email

To Mayor & Councillors 6911 #3 Rd. Richmond, B.C. V6Y 2C1

Dear Mayor & Councillors,

We are writing in support of allowing expanded gaming in this City, in particular, to allow slot machines.

What we can't understand, is that allowing this expanded gambling, is a win win scenario, for the City and the residents, and yet you and council still hesitate. You certainly have the nerve to vote to increase our taxes by 22% over the next 5 years, yet when given the opportunity to possibly soften that blow, or at the very least, to help stabilize it at the end of the 5 years, you hum and haw and decide to hold another meeting. Enough is enough. The few residents that believe expanded gambling will corrupt our kids, will corrupt the public, and/or will increase crime & drugs, are perfectionist dreamers. If gambling causes all or any of these things, do you not think that New Westminster, Burnaby and Coquitlam would have done something about it by now. Instead, they reap the benefits.

Your own staff has reported to you that it is a win win scenario with little if any, negatives. And if your not going to listen to the recommendations of staff, what the hell do you ask them to report for in the first place. You freely spend our money on items that some of us would consider a waste. Half a million given to the Olympic bid, up to half a million might be spent on the tall ships, voting on supporting a non profit organization 100%, while other organizations get partial or no support at all. These are all swifties that you have pulled of recent. Are they nice, yes. Are they necessary, no. Should they have happened, considering the tax increase we're about to face, no! Enough is enough.

Well enough is enough. Its important enough to us, that we have now decided to write this letter. A certain councillor decides we need tall ships and was going to go it alone, because he thought it was a nice idea and pushed it without consulting the residents of Richmond. How much time and money has already been spent on this? Enough is enough. Its time to actually do something for the taxpayer. Its time to get off of your mighty horse mayor & council, and bring in something that will help the people. Councillors that have had our support in the past, will no longer have our support. We are part of the silent majority that have patiently been waiting and hoping for years, to have expanded gambling in Richmond. At the start, it was only for the sake

of convenience, so that some of us do not have to go all the way to New West, or Burnaby, or to the states. But now, we have a greater reason. To help fill the City coffers, so that you don't hit us so hard on taxes. And we absolutely dare, any councillor, to try and tell us that gambling money wouldn't make a difference to the budget.

Keep pushing Councillor Kumagai, there's a hell of a lot of people who very much appreciate and support what you are doing. And it'll show in this year's election. Speaking of this fall's election, if mayor and council want to play it safe and really get a good overview of the people's will, hold a gambling referendum with the election. Even us who are completely for expanded gambling, will hold our tongues, smile and bend to the will of the people, if a referendum vote turns out to be against gambling.

Just one piece of advise, use simple, straight forward questions. Don't pull a provincial referendum.

Yours Truly

Edward Tokarczyk

&

Stella Tokarczyk

From: Dave and Lynne Gregory [dlgregory@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 27, 2002 3:04 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: slots or not?

We are not able to get to the meeting Tuesday night at City Hall, and would like to put our vote in FOR slots in Richmond. Although we are not gambling people ourselves, we agree with the folks that say, "Why not keep the money in Richmond?" We know several people who travel to Burnaby and New West now, and they spend considerable money in those locations, why not keep it here? The perfect place to have a casino of this type is the now defunct BridgePoint. It is the ideal location, no housing near, lots of parking, and the building is already there! Makes sense to us, so, add our vote for a YES, please. Folks that gamble, are going to gamble, if they have to drive, they will drive, or fly. Keep the money here we say.

Sincerely,

Lynne & Dave Gregory, Richmond BC.





FACSIMILE/MEMORANDUM

TO:

City of Richmond Mayor & Councilors

FROM:

Becky Kiselbach

DATE:

May 27, 2002

SUBJECT: LETTERS OF SUPPORT

3 PAGES INCLUDING COVER PAGE

If you do not receive 3 pages in total, please call Becky Kiselbach at 604-303-1000.

Yours truly,

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05/24/2002

16:05

NANAIMO HRCOORDINATOR → 16042337099

NO.447

P82



#42 - 650 South Terminal Ava., Nansimo, B.C. V9R 5E2

Telephone: (250) 753-3545

Fax: (250) 753-3540

May 24, 2002

To Whom It May Concern:

Re: Great Canadian Casino location adjacent to Harbour Park Mall, Nanaimo, BC

Since the Great Canadian Casino's inception in 1998 we have found the Casino to be good corporate neighbors.

They take a proactive approach in making their business neighborhood a better place for all customers.

The Casino responds quickly to any of our requests and provides their best efforts to work together with us to resolve issues that may arise.

Yours truly

Gerry Boutin Manager,

Harbour Park Mall

MAY 2 4 200?



May 22, 2002

Great Canadian Gaming Corporation 350 - 13775 Commerce Parkway Richmond, BC V6V 2V4

Attention: Mr. Howard Blank

Dear Mr. Blank

This letter will confirm that the Great Canadian Gaming Corporation is a member of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce in good standing and has been a member since the year November 10, 1997.

If we can be of further service, please let me know.

Florence Fordon

Yours truly

Florence Gordon

President



From: Jim Howard Consulting [profma2@hotmail.com]

Sent: May 28, 2002 10:58 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gaming Policy

Mr. Mayor and City Councillors:

As a long time resident/home owner (approximately 18years), it is always a concern for me regarding the city I live in. As an active volunteer in the areas of community policing, crime watch patrol and now telecommunications for the Tall Ships.....shows my willingness to be involved in the advancement and growth of our community as a whole.

I truly believe that we are missing the boat when it comes to the current gaming policy by not being able to capitalize on the use of these profits fully. Many of our residents venture elsewhere to gamble....especially where the slot machines are present.

Furthermore, lotto booths (as you know) are everywhere....people gamble or will find a way to "take a chance" no matter what restrictions the city puts in place.

The citizens of Richmond should have the "Right to Choose"....to buy a lotto ticket...(which we do)...to purchase a raffle ticket (from a group fundraising...which we do)....play a hand of cards (which we do).....Slot machines (being allowed) and the gaming policy must be revamped to allow us individually, the freedom of choice in how we wish to spend our recreational dollars....

Enough said.....I want the policy to be changed so our City can increase it's revenue to improve the standard of living for the majority of the residents.....here. and the elected officials not to bow down to the noisy few....for fear of losing votes at election time.

Respectfully submitted Jim Howard (a Richmond Home owner)

Telephone (604) 272-5235 (do not publish my telephone number please)

Join the world's largest e-mail service with MSN Hotmail. Click Here



From: elizabeth groves [groves@island.net]

Sent: May 28, 2002 10:13 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: slots

I am all in favour of slot machines in Richmond for the people that enjoy this kind of entertainment. It will create employment and also help reduce taxes. It should not be left up to one ethnic group to make the decisiion for all citizens of Richmond.

Elizabeth Groves



From: Sent: thompp@tdbank.ca May 28, 2002 6:15 AM

To: Subject: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

expanded gambling

I was at one time against the slot machines because I myself like to play them. But I was thinking I go out to the other places why not have them in Richmond, at least it would be benefiting our City not someone elses. We go out to New West, Burnaby and Coquitlam. Richmond should allow them so we can benefit from monies made on them. People are going to gamble whether someone else likes it or Pauline Thompson



From: Sent: heyitsme2@webtv.net May 28, 2002 8:31 AM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Slot machines in Richmond

Dear folks,



9340 Pinewell Cres. Richmond. B.C. UTAZCC May 21/02

Dear Sir or Medom -
As residents of the above address
for 44 years, please put us down for
2 Votes (FOR) slot machines of the use of
He Bridgeport Market "White Elephort for
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gamblers, they will + all this goody
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them. Those that will, will & those that
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n'a go to gamble about twice a year.
Would rather help Richmend than them.
MAY 28 2002 RECEIVED CHANGE Frulg. BECEIVED CHANGE Frulg. CHANGE Frulg
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Dear Siv,

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to a casino and I see

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Some say I am not a

real gambler but like
the machines say "Play
with you head - not

over it.

My vote is yes we
chould have casino with
alots.

Derry Lemannon DATE OF RICHAMO DATE MAY 28 2002

RECEIVED

MAY17/02 ATTIN: COUNS KICH, KUMAGA, A FULL SERVICE CASINO IN



SUBMISSIONS RECEIVED ON GAMING POLICY - "IN OPPOSITION"

<u>Submissions received after Thursday, May 23, 2002 and</u> prior to the Tuesday, May 28, 2002 Special Council Meeting

- 1. Stephen Day, 5595 Lackner Crescent, Richmond
- 2. Shawn Jiang & Family, Moffatt Road, Richmond
- 3. Elizabeth Buck, 11246 Kingcome Avenue, Richmond
- 4. Cindy Crawford McPherson, 9480 Finn Road, Richmond
- 5. Gordon Wainwright
- 6. Bill Buck, 11246 Kingcome Avenue, Richmond
- 7. Barbara G. Buck, 8380 Heather Street, Richmond
- 8. James Green, 10320 Whistler Place, Richmond
- 9. Toni-Marie Norman
- 10. Karen Nitta
- 11. Tony Wah
- 12. David & Lily Louie, #14 6331 No. 1 Road, Richmond
- 13. Anjum Hashmi, 9260 No. 4 Road, Richmond
- 14. Peter Biggs, Emmanuel Christian Community, Richmond
- 15. Stephen Snelgrove & Christine Tsou
- 16. Donald & Kathy Moir, #4 10660 Springmont Drive, Richmond
- 17. Peter Hung
- 18. Jean Empey, #4 9820 Haddon Drive, Richmond
- 19. Margaret Rogers, #4 9820 Haddon Drive, Richmond
- 20. Sid Matheson

Fred Ursel, 3091 Saltspring Court, Richmond (2nd submission)

- 21. Laura Prescesky
- 22. Dorothy Milburn
- 23. Yvette & Vincent Yip
- 24. Brigitte Moore
- 25. Gigi Leung
- 26. Margaret Sherwood
- 27. David
- 28. Nick Loenen, 5611 Jaskow Drive, Richmond
- 29. Jayne Loenen, 5611 Jaskow Drive, Richmond
- 30. M. Croucher, 4960 Webster Road, Richmond
- 31. Erika Simm, 4991 Westminster Highway, Richmond
- 32. J. Becker, 4991 Westminster Highway, Richmond
- 33. Margaret Mah, 9320 Auburn Drive, Richmond
- 34. F.W. & N.W. Lytwyn
- 35. A.J. & J.R. Price, 8511 Pigott Road, Richmond
- 36. Garth & Sandra Robertson, 9411 Francis Road, Richmond
- 37. Larry Robertson, 9411 Francis Road, Richmond
- 38. Stephen & Glenis Todd, 9771 Pinewell Crescent, Richmond
- 39. Eileen Abercromby, 11620 Thorpe Road, Richmond
- 40. Fred Harwood, Richmond
- 41. Petition signed by 18 Richmond residents & 1 Vancouver resident

- 42. Petition signed by 21 Richmond residents
- 43. E.I. Haapamaki
- 44. P. Dermot & Grainne Murphy, #11 5111 Maple Road, Richmond
- 45. Joan Webb
- 46. Jeanette Amundson, 3260 Springford Avenue, Richmond
- 47. Alfred Lu, Richmond
- 48. Howard & Esther McIlveen, #3 3051 Springfield Drive, Richmond
- 49. Jenny Fung, #58 12500 McNeely Drive, Richmond
- 50. Rod Robertson, 9411 Francis Road, Richmond
- 51. Amy Robertson, 9411 Francis Road, Richmond
- 52. Roberta J. Kirby, 9460 McBurney Drive, Richmond
- 53. Yvonne Boram, 8811 Heather Street, Richmond
- 54. Richard Boram, 9840 Seagrave Road, Richmond
- 55. Al Connolly, Richmond Mental Health Team, #200 6061 No. 3 Road, Richmond
- 56. David Boram, 8811 Heather Street, Richmond
- 57. P. Chu, Richmond
- 58. Mary Louise Hiebert, #23 8631 Bennett Road, Richmond
- 59. Ken & Sylvia Thomas
- 60. Bill Wiedman
- 61. Derrick Kutny
- 62. Fred & Ruth Krause, Richmond
- 63. Joan McDermott
- 64. Deneanne Quamme, 9917 Ashwood Drive, Richmond

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- 65. Joan Webb
- 66. Robin Oakley, Ainsworth Crescent, Richmond
- 67. Warren L. Dueck, 3640 Blundell Road, Richmond
- 68. Kevin Miller
- 69. Orval Chapman, #226 8880 Jones Road, Richmond, with accompanying petition signed by 14 individuals
- 70. Craig & Linda Boram, 9055 Dayton Avenue, Richmond
- 71. Allan & Pearl McHaffie, 8411 Lunen Road, Richmond
- 72. Chiu Kow Tam Leung, #812 6631 Minoru Boulevard, Richmond
- 73. Kwong-ling Leung, #812 6631 Minoru Boulevard, Richmond
- 74. David J. & Helen Anne Green, 1011 Douglas Crescent, Richmond
- 75. William W. & Nadine A. Steinman, #40 6600 Lucas Road, Richmond
- 76. Rev. Stuart W. Appenheimer, Brighouse United Church, Richmond

From:

Stephen Day [daystephen@hotmail.com]

Sent: May 23, 2002 9:12 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Special Council Meeting on Gaming Policy, May 28, 2002 Subject:

To City Clerk's Office City of Richmond

I will be unable to attend the above meeting but I am providing my view on this matter by email.

I am strongly opposed to expansion of gambling in Richmond.

I am very concerned about the addictive effects of gambling on families and particularly children. If one child is adversely affected by an increase in gambling by irresponsible adults, the money obtained by the City will not be worth it. The studies clearly show this will happen.

I urge Council to find ways of raising money other than gambling with our children's welfare. I am in favour of higher property taxes if that is what it takes.

Stephen Day 5595 Lackner Crescent Richmond, B.C.



From:

Shaodi Jiang [shaodi_jiang@hotmail.com]

Sent:

May 23, 2002 10:46 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

No Gambling, please!

Dear Mayor and Councillors,

I'm a newcomer to Richmond and I currently live on Moffatt Road nearby the City Hall. I attended the hearing in early May and was not happy because it seemed to me some councillors were in favour of the gambling expansion. Please keep in mind that gambling is not ethical because it encourages the greediness in people's bad nature and the lust of becoming rich overnight, without hardworking. Relying on gambling for more revnues is not a healthy idea. Please vote for the goodness of the people who voted you in your office.

For your information, a colleague of mine got one divorce, one split with a lady who lived together with him for two years, because he couldn't help going to the casino. He has a girlfriend who is studying in England and is waiting for him to go and marry her in July. I'm afraid he wouldn't be able to go because he still visits the casino and lost more than \$4,000 last month. His salary is \$27,000 a year.

More seniors will contribute most of their pension to the slot machines, which the Chinese call it "Tiger Machine," machines that can eat people. I don't want my fellow residents to be eaten by the Tiger Machines and I don't want my son to be lured by it. Please help vote against it. May God Bless Richmond.

Thank you for voting against gambling expansion.

Sincerely,

Shawn Jiang & Family

Chat with friends online, try MSN Messenger: http://messenger.msn.com



11246 Kingcome Ave RICHMOND B.C VTA4W9 604-275-5044

may 23/02

Dear Sirs.

4040-04

WE DO NOT WANT SLOT MACHINES IN RICHMOND

Gambling is addictive. It has brought much sorrow to families - wives, husbands, parents, children & friends

A young man I knew, lost everything through it — his wife & family, his house, his car and finally his tools for the job he was trained for the couldn't work. If he did take up some job, money was taken to pay of his delits; leaving him nearly distitute.

Another man, my husband worked with, whenever he got his paycheck would head aff to gamble. His poor wefe & family never knew if there would be food on the table.

Do you not see?—instead of quick funds for Richmond, the long term will be a dreadful delet. welfare costs, court costs, policing tosts, increased medical needs

Ititle gambling comes buggaries, drug trufficking, and violence.

Please accept the message that Richmond

has already given -NO SLOT MACHINES IN RICHMOND

> Sincerely Mrs Elizabeth Buck



Cindy Crawford McPherson 9480 Finn Road Richmond, BC V7A 2L4

May 24, 2002

To:

Mayor and Council

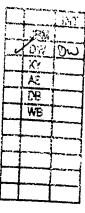
City of Richmond:

604-278-5139

I am faxing with this note, a letter sent to the Richmond to the Richmond Review last fall and subsequently published. Please review the statistics for the popular vote for Mayor Brodie and realize that the election was an open and democratic process, which reflected the will of the people of Richmond.

Let's keep Richmond a good place to live,

Cindy McPherson



4040-04



Cindy Crawford McPherson 9480 Finn Road Richmond, BC V7A 2L4

October 15, 2001

To: Bhreandian Clugston Editor, Richmond Review

Great work on your prompt coverage of the Richmond Election. It was nice to have the results on our front door on Sunday.

I would like to address this issue of a Public Referendum on Gambling in Richmond. Many candidates for public office were supporting this idea and one candidate, Malcolm Brodie clearly stated that he did not think that the revenues from gambling in Richmond would offset the social costs. I would like to suggest that the election on Saturday should be considered our referendum. The people of Richmond gave Mr. Brodie more than 61% of the popular vote. Let's save money and regard this as our referendum. As was commented last year when Mr. Chretian held his early re-election, "You've already got the job, Jean, just do it." Mr. Brodie, you have the support of the people of Richmond and let's look at healthier ways of revenue generation in Richmond other than gambling.

One final note, a friend who is a social worker connected with a local senior citizen's group told us that Mr. Brodie was the only one to show up at their "All Candidates Meeting." Her Published Ridmondarious comment, " Anyone who has time for Senior Citizens has my vote."

Keep up the Good Work,

Cindy McPherson

From: Gordon Wainwright [gjwainwr@sfu.ca]

Sent: May 24, 2002 12:23 PM

To: mayoradncouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gaming Policy - Opposition against Gaming in Richmond

to the Mayor, City Councillors via City Clerks Office - Richmond, B.C.

This is a note to you to express our total opposition in having any gaming facilities in Richmond. These types of establishments do NOT contribute to the betterment of society and in fact costs us greatly....in terms of gambling addictions, alcohol and drug abuse, poverty, crime, theft and the abuse of many children and breakup of families.

Only the tycoons who "spin doctor" their positions win and our wonderful City of Richmond will end up the big looser if gambling is approved here. In fact, I encourage you to shut down the No.3 Road and Airport Way establishment by not renewing their business license.

Thanks for your consideration....from someone who NEVER writes in or comments about these types of matters.....so carefully consider this. If you'd like further information or a personal appearance, kindly contact me.

Regards

Gord Wainwright



11246 Kingcome Avenue Richmond, B.G. VTA 4W9

May 23/02

Rechmond City Council

6917 No. 3 Road

Richmond, B. C

Reichmond, B. C

R

Swrite to register my view on the above issue. I am against allowing expanded gaming in Richmond. The whole thing is complete folly and bespeaks rivination of individuals and families. For persons to use their sarings in this riskful way was never in mind. The ground has been well covered already. These slot machines would be very tempting to young adults as well as all ages.

It is well known that it is harder to sefarm a gambler than an alcoholic. Please vote against changing Richmond's policy to support full service gaming.

Yours truly, Bill Buck



8380 Heather Street, Richmond, B.C. V6Y 2R4 May 25¹², 2002

THE MAYOR, City Council, c/o City Clerk, City of Richmond, B.C.

Your Worship the Mayor:

Re: Expanding Gambling Proposed in the City of Richmond.

As a land owner and tax payer in the City of Richmond, I object to the proposed expanding of gambling in the City of Richmond. It has proved a major detriment in other places.

I am a believer in the Lord Jesus Christ who has shed His precious blood for me at the Cross and I cannot condone gambling nor the proposed expanding of it.

Sincerely,

Barbara G. Buck



lames & Treen 10320Hhistler Place Richmond B.C. To whom it may concern, (The Richmond Mayor and rouncil) It is with great concern that I would impelore you to not extend garorbling in this city. What exists is bad enough. a gathering place for every kindsof corrul Smixture to promote this kind of thing for monetary gain The fullfillment & phognotion of To the love of money of of every evil. " The roo the money, but the love of is provide al means to entire sersons into such places is evil of government would not do this 100

MAY 2 4 2002

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From:

Phillips, Marylou

Sent: To:

May 27, 2002 10:17 AM MayorandCouncillors Anti-Gambling

Subject:

Toni-Marie Norman, 273-4998, (Richmond resident) telephoned the Mayor's Office this morning, wanting to let Council know she is against gambling.

Mary Lou Receptionist/Clerk, Administration local 4153



From:

Vince [nittakristensen@telus.net]

Sent:

May 24, 2002 8:56 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Gaming Policy

Dear Mayor and Councillors:

I will not be able to attend the May 28 special council meeting on Gaming Policy due to work but just wanted to add my voice to those opposing expanded gambling as a means to raise revenues for our beautiful city. I've lived in Richmond all my life (46 years) and plan to live out my days here. It is very troublesome that some want to depend on revenue from gambling, and that some want to make Richmond more attractive to tourists by expanding gambling here. I'm sure we can all think of fabulous tourist destinations all over the world that are visited for many reasons other than gambling. I wish I could offer some sure-fire solutions to the city's financial problems but I can't. I'm sure it is very difficult in these days to produce, manage and maintain the city's budget. However, I agree with those who state that expanding gambling could bring more problems than solutions. I don't want to take

Respectfully,

that gamble. Do you?

Karen Nitta



From: Sent:

tony.wah@shaw.ca

May 24, 2002 10:18 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Gaming Policy in Richmond

Mayor and Councillors,

I am a long time resident of Richmond (over 10 years).

I oppose to:

(1) proposal to add slot machines in Richmond;

(2) excuse that adding slot machines will stop increase taxes in next 3 vears.

The first one is obvious, gaming is no good to anybody, causing social

The second one is an extortion, threaten or blackmail to Richmond residents. The role of city council is to carry out the wishes of residents. That's why we cast vote to you Mayor and Councillors. If we are running out of budget, it is the residents to tell councillors how to deal with it - increase taxes, or cut jobs or cut expenditure. It is not a mean for a "brainless" councillor to threaten residents that if we are not agree with adding slot machines, they will raise taxes without consulting residents.

I am glad Mr. Kumagii only visited Las Vegas, not red light area in Holland or Germany. If not, when he returns, he will propose to setup a red light area in Richmond too. Does that make sense?

How about license to grow pots, then we can get a guarantee for next 10 years without any tax raise! Or if we license to break-in or carjack, then may be we will get a guarantee for 50% deduction in tax for the next 5 years! Hey may be let the injection house setup on No.3 Road then we will get money from provincial and federal government! Then a lazy councillor don't need to find ways to cut budget. The person who said something like this is insulting the intelligence of Richmond residents.

I hope the city election will come very soon, so that we can vote out those brainless, lazy candidate(s).

Mr. Mayor and Councillors, this is the time you represent your voters! Anyone who is not fit to the job is the "weakest link" and will be vote out in next election!!!

Tony Wah



From:

Dave Louie [mrdavelouie@yahoo.com]

Sent:

May 24, 2002 10:29 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

No to Expanded Gaming in Richmond

May 24, 2002

To: Mayor and Councillors: City of Richmond

RE: No Further Expansion to Gambling Facilities in Richmond

We want to say a clear "NO!" to expanded gambling facilities in Richmond. Although some people may point to potential economic benefits and increased tax revenues for the community, the social and economic costs for this gain would be too great.

Increasing the amount of gaming facilities will increase the potential for a variety of problems. General problems affecting the community include higher theft crimes that will result in higher policing and security costs and eventually property insurance costs.

Of greater concern is the damage to individuals and families. Casual gambling with increased opportunity may lead to pathological gambling. Depletion of family savings, large accumulations of debt, bankruptcy and bad credit are some of the financial problems. Families of pathological gamblers may suffer from additional physical and emotional problems including physical and emotional abuse, anger and depression. Family members dealing with these problems may resort to drinking, smoking, overeating and drug use. The potential costs to our health and social services to treat these problems would be very significant.

My wife and I have a young family here in Richmond. We love the community, the parks, the recreation facilities and the amenities. We would hate to see the families of friends, neighbours and our son's friends fall apart because of gambling.

As two voters and taxpayers in Richmond, we hope you grant some consideration to our views.

Thank you for your time.

Sincerely yours,

David & Lily Louie

#14 - 6331 Number One Road, Richmond, BC V7C 1T4

E-mail: mrdavelouie@yahoo.com

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From:

Anjum Hashmi [ahashmi2599@shaw.ca]

Sent:

May 25, 2002 9:11 AM

To: Subject: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca Special Council Meeting on Gaming Policy.

Respected City Council Members,

To me this is a very important issue to which we all should voice our concerns, so the our opinion is reflected in the Gaming Policy making process.

I am totally against allowing any Casinos, Slot Machines or any other form of Gambling facility in our city. The reason being as follows:

- 1. There disadvantages of gambling are much more than the tax money that City / Government makes. In the end government will end up paying more to the community needs resulting from the evil of gambling.
- 2. We all know, Gambling is not an economic activity which would generate money or boost the economy of the city. It is merely an act of collecting money from lots of people (the losers) and dishing it out to the organizers of the show (the Casino owners). Yes a little part goes to the government as taxes and a very negligible amount goes to the so-called winner.
- 3. It is a known fact that gambling is addictive and once you indulge into it, no matter you win or loose, you tend to play more and more. It is an illusion, that there are some winners and some losers in gambling. The plain fact proven by mathematics is that, if you infinitely gamble, the odds are set in favour of organizers in a way that you will always loose.
- 4. From the above explanation, it is clear that gambling is not an economic activity, rather, it is a process which generates "Losers" in the society.
- 5. When the losers are left with nothing more to loose, they start hurting other members of the community (increase in crime rates) or become dependent on social welfare (parasite on social system) depriving the actual deserving members of community.
- 6. Increase in Casinos and Gambling centres in our community will give wrong message to our younger generation. Instead of developing habits of hard work and earning "bread and butter" through real work, they will rely on swindling money.

Yours truly,

(Anjum Hashmi) 9260, No.4 Road Richmond, B.C. V7A 2Y7



From:

Peter Biggs [pdazs@familynet.bc.ca]

Sent:

May 25, 2002 11:20 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Gambling Expansion

I am a Richmond Resident - I love our city and I am very appreciative of the good work of councils through the years.

I have never spoken out in this way... However I am DEEPLY concerned and OPPOSED to the current proposal to expand gambling in our city.

My reasons are many...

It is simply morally questionable to use dollars that come from many who can ill afford it. The philosophy of getting rich without work, the escapism and dream of "winning", coupled with the ridiculous odds.

To use a machine that promises a "win" when it is programmed to not do so, to garner public funds is immoral. Not to mention the issues of youth values, addiction... And crime increase.

Respectfully Submitted

Peter Biggs - Senior Pastor - Emmanuel Christian Community - Richmond, BC.

I would like to invite you to visit our Emmanuel Web Site... http://www.emmanuelchristiancommunity.com



From: Stephen [steve1@direct.ca]
Sent: May 26, 2002 9:46 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca
Subject: Special Council Meeting on Gaming Policy

We very much wish we could be present for your meeting on Tuesday, May 28, 2002 but we are working at that time. Thank you for allowing us to express our views this way. I do appreciate it.

My family and I have very definite views on this subject. In a word: NO.

We do not want any further expansion of gambling in Richmond. We will not vote for any councilor who supports such a policy. In fact, we would like to see the present gambling that is here already, to be removed immediately. See,... that is *the* problem. Once gambling is allowed in, it is next to impossible to get rid of.

Sincerely,

Stephen Snelgrove Christine Tsou



From: Donald L. Moir [moirlaw@axion.net]

Sent: May 21, 2002 10:17 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Cc: Kathy Moir Subject: Gaming

Dear Mayor and Council,

This email is in lieu of our attendance at the upcoming community meeting. Neither of us likes those sorts of environments (shudder!).

We oppose the expansion of gaming in our community.

We moved to Richmond over ten years ago to raise our daughter because of the family oriented and relatively safe nature of this community. We think this is a wonderful place to live and raise our child.

We appreciate the dog off leash areas where we daily enjoy our dog and the community of dog owners that live here in Richmond. Everyday on the drive to work, we admire the handiwork of the City's gardeners and the many displays in our parks and along our boulevards. Every week we visit the library. We know these things cost money and that they have come because of the choices previous Councils and perhaps yourselves have made on behalf of we citizens. We understand quality of life costs something. While none of us likes increased taxes or fees for city services, we are prepared to see an increase in our taxes rather than see the diminishment in our quality of life that we feel certain would come with an increase in gaming activity in our City.

Let those who wish to participate in gaming activities or to profit from gaming business do so elsewhere. Let Richmond continue to be a City that celebrates families, community, nature and beauty. Let's be different and attract those who would be different with us. Please oppose the expansion of gaming in our City. It doesn't have to make sense (by other peoples' standards of sense), it only has to be what we want as community.

All the best,

Kathy Moir and Donald L. Moir 4-10660 Springmont Drive Richmond BC V7E 1W1 (604) 277-7723



From: Peter Hung [psmhung@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 26, 2002 3:47 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Fw: Expanded Gambling

---- Original Message -----

From: Peter Hung

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca Sent: Saturday, May 25, 2002 10:07 PM

Subject: Expanded Gambling

As you can see many letters of opinion expressed in the Richmond News and other media, opposed to the expanded gambling in Richmond. Comments from editor's desk of the papers, etc. strongly condemned the councillors who suggested raising money from gambling without considering the controversial consequences. I would say the majority of the Chinese community in Richmond opposed to gambling.

Councillor Kiichi Kumagai said "The community will not go down inflames". But, I want to tell him that the community will certainly be burned down gradually. By the time deterioration of this community is observed, he would be gone already!

I strongly oppose to the gambling proposal of re-introduced by Kumagai.

Resident of Richmond for 26 years.

Peter Hung



From: Margaret & Jean [marjean@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 26, 2002 3:55 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Re Casino

Dear Mayor and councillors;

I am <u>VERY</u> much opposed to any expansion of gambling in the city of Richmond. I have a friend who is a compulsive gambler and he has caused great distress in the family. They are on the verge of losing their house because of his gambling and the debts that he has incurred. The cost of his rehabilitation is another strain on the family and finances.

Sincerely Jean Empey a Richmond taxpayer. #4-9820 Haddon Dr.



From: Margaret & Jean [marjean@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 26, 2002 4:24 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Expanded gambling Dear Mayor Brodie and Councillors,

I am very strongly opposed to expanded gambling in Richmond. I have seen first hand in my family what havoc gambling can have in a family as my nephew is a compulsive gambler and it has torn his immediate family apart. The stress level is unbelievable and has caused a financial strain not only on the family but into the community as well.

The dependence on gambling to increase funding was definitelly not an option when you were voted into power. May you not be coerced into thinking this will solve all ills. Through proper decisions on your part and even increased taxes, if needs be, I'm sure you will be given the wisdom to come through this crises without resorting to such a destructive means of revenue as increased gambling.

Thank you. Sincerely, Margaret Rogers, #4, 9820 Haddon Drive. V7E 6K2.



From: Sid Matheson [shido-san@yahoo.com]

Sent: May 26, 2002 6:10 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Richmond News article Gambling vote isn't a moral issue

According to the Richmond News article that appeared Sunday May 26th 2002 in their Upfront news section a special meeting is to be held Tuesday in the council chambers at 7, and correspondance is welcomed from those who are unable to attend. This is my correspondance regarding the idea of increased gambling operations within Richmond.

I stand firmly against this activity. It was not in the will of the people when members were voted in to support increases in gambling. There are no limitations that can suitably assuage the present concern. People do not wish the corruption that attends these events in their neighbourhoods. The recreational speeding that is occurring and drive-by shootings are too much already. Casinos are just elevating the trend. Please desist in this support.

I understand the temptation to raise capital for the city in the face of increasing costs but somethings cannot be considered as a way of bringing in revenue and this is one - selling body parts, for example, would be another. Both are objectionable.

Thank you for your time.

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STOP EXTENDED GAMBLING!



IN RICHMOND

FRED URSEL
3091 SALTSPRING COURT
RICHMOND, B.C.
V7C 1W3
PH.:604.274.4808



From: Laura Prescesky [laura_prescesky@hotmail.com]

Sent: May 26, 2002 7:50 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Expanded Gambling in Richmond, a student's opinion

May 26, 2002

Dear Mayor and Councillors,

As a youth I'm just shocked and wary for what the future holds especially when those in leadership of our community are considering expanded gambling. Maybe I'm just naïve but is government really just as fickle as it seems? In 1997, the issue of expanded gambling was put to rest and now, only 5 years later, it is back on the table! What has changed? City council is just like a young child. It keeps pushing the issue until it eventually gets what it wants.

Obviously, there is a lot of resistance and animosity towards expanded gambling in Richmond. The worst part is that the people of Richmond have already spoken a definite and resounding 'no' on this issue. I am proud that Richmond is a place with excellent facilities and a low crime rate. What does the city council want Richmond to become? The joke among my friends is that Surrey was created to keep the 6 o'clock news interesting. Expanded gambling has no place in Richmond and I don't want to have the future generations grow up in a place that accepts gambling, an activity that is morally wrong. Yes, it is all well and good to say that revenue from casinos benefit the community by providing extra funding for schools and community facilities. However, we cannot honestly expect that vision of the future! Any extra money that is generated for the City of Richmond will go directly back into the community but not to help the children and those programs that really need financing. Instead, the extra money will be necessary to combat an increased crime rate that will surely result.

Laura Prescesky, Grade 12 Student

Chat with friends online, try MSN Messenger: Click Here



From:

Dorothy [dot@pro.net]

Sent:

May 26, 2002 9:20 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: gaming policy

As was decided a few years ago - gambling casinos are not welcome in Richmond. That decision should remain and not be allowed to change by a few who do not have the best interests of the city in mind.

They are just another means of corruption to many.

I vote 'NO' to allowing them into our city.

D.Milburn < dot@pro.net>



From: Vincent lp [v_ip_1@hotmail.com]

Sent: May 26, 2002 10:00 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Cc: editor@richmond-news.com

Subject: Gaming in Richmond

Dear Mayor Brodie and Members of Council:

We would like to clearly convey to our Mayor and Councillors that we, as residents of Richmond, have not changed our attitude towards gambling and Richmond's limited gaming policy over the past few years. We have been very proud of the previous Council's position that this City does not support the expansion of gaming and will not consider new gaming facilities.

As parents of two children, we are seriously concerned about and definitely opposed to the recent proposal to change the above gaming policy. Three reasons were cited for a review of the policy in the May 8, 2002 Report to Council from the Manager, Policy Planning regarding Gaming in Richmond. Instead, we consider these reasons as evidence that we do NOT need changes to our existing policy:

1. No Occurrence of Negative Implications

As far as Richmond is concerned, this lack of negative implications should, for the most part, be attributed to the wisdom of the previous Council, with the support of Richmond residents, in keeping gambling as well as the associated negative implications under effective control by upholding the limited gaming policy.

On the other hand, in New Westminster, there are indications that incidences of cirminal activities are linked to the expansion of gaming, according to the May 8 Staff Report. Again, this report quoted other studies which show that increased gaming has led to corresponding increases in problem gambling and crime.

2. Internet Gaming Opportunities

The Police's comment regarding the increasing gambling opportunity available to people through the Internet is a good observation. With increasing opportunity for gambling already provided by the Internet, we do not need expanded gaming facilities in Richmond.

3. Richmond Residents Going to Other Municipalities to Gamble

We do believe that distance is an effective deterrent, that is, the longer the travelling distance, the more deterrent effect it has on the frequency of visiting a casino. To have a full service casino close by in Richmond will increase the number of casino visits by Richmond residents, thus encouraging a behaviour which has farreaching negative social and economic impacts.

We do not need to change our policy which is working fine todate. We do not need to create a social problem, which will require additional resources to cure, control and monitor, and even to prevent its manifestation into further problems.

Without promoting a gambling culture, Richmond still has many other potentials, including its hardworking population, to stay economically healthy and competitive.

We would be interested in receiving a reply from you.

Yours truly, Yvette and Vincent Ip



From:

Rodger/Brigitte Moore

Sent:

May 26, 2002 10:08 PM

To:

MayorandCouncillors

Subject: Gaming Expansion To the Mayor and Councillors,

Ladies and Gentlemen.

since I will not be able to attend the public meeting about "Gaming Expansion" on Tuesday, May 28th I am sending you an e-mail regarding my views.

I am, like many others, opposed to gaming expansion. If there was no addictive component to gambling - why does there exist a "Gamblers Anonymous" group in Richmond?

As an ordinary citizen I of course have not done any case studies on the effect of gambling, but I know, that there are case studies out there, and the effects are overwhelmingly negative.

That is why I appeal to you - please don't allow any gaming expansion. Please don't bring 300 slot machines to Richmond.

There might be a temporal monetary gain but the cost to society, the ruin of lives, is much higher!

Sincerely yours,

Brigitte Moore



From: Gigi Leung [ggleung@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 27, 2002 12:31 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

As a Voter, I strongly disagree with the slot machine motion. I'm against every kind of gambling! I don't want Richmond poisoned.

Regards, Gigi leung



From:

Margaret Sherwood [msherwood@richmond.sd38.bc.ca]

Sent: May 27, 2002 7:37 AM

To: Subject: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

ubject: gaming policy

Dear Mr. Mayor and City Councillors:
Just a note to let you know that I am opposed to the proposed new gaming policy regarding expanded gambling. I have not changed my mind since the last time this issue was brought forward, as stated by some councillors and I specifically voted for the Mayor and certain councillors because of their stance against expanded gambling. Thank you for your time. Yours truly,
Margaret Sherwood



From: Amazing Grace [psalm@telus.net]

Sent: May 27, 2002 12:29 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: oppose expanded gambling

To the mayor and councillors:

I never saw a gambler enjoy family life or really getting rich. If Richmond City hall tried using slot machines to get rich, it would impact family values. I think it's just like a vampire sucking blood on individual families.

David



Nick Loenen

5611 Jaskow Dr., Richmond, B.C. V7E 5W4 Tel. 604-274-3868 Fax 604-274-3867 E-mail nloenen@attcanada.ca Visit Fair Voting BC www.fairwotingbc.com

May 26, 2002

By Fax 1 page

RE: GAMBLING

Dear Mayor and Council:

There is much we do not know about gambling because we lack the data, research and studies. But one thing we do know – those who can least afford it spend a disproportionately large part of their income on gambling.

When government preys on the poor in my behalf, it makes me feel like a pimp. I prefer a tax increase.

Also, the argument in favour of expanded gambling is full of holes. For example, the Great Canadian Casino claims it creates 60 jobs. They want us to think these are brand new jobs that would not otherwise exist. Nonsense! There is only so much money to go around. Money spend on gambling might otherwise be used for theatre, or golf, or feeding the kids.

Similarly, the claim that the City will get \$6 million more in revenue is bogus. How much of that amount would come to the City anyway via increased activity in other forms of recreation? We don't know. The staff report makes no mention of it. The most pertinent facts are missing.

Why place a tax on the poor, court more crime, and increased marital and family stress, addictions, bankruptcies, and lower job productivity when the benefits are so dubious?

Sincerely Yours,

Nick Loenen



"The Glory of God is a person fully alive" Ireneus

Jayne Loenen 5611 Jaskow Dr., Richmond, B.C. V7F 5W4

May 26, 2002

Dear Mayor and Council:

Re: Gambling

Three hundred one armed bandits, and expanded gambling? Don't even think of it.

I am a mother and grandmother, maintaining strong family values is important. Please do not gamble with the future of my children.





FROM : ERIKA SIMM FAX 273 3240

PHONE NO. : 273 3282

May. 26 2002 08:45PM P1

604-278-5139

May 27-2002

NO

EXPANDED GAMBLING

M. CROWCHER 4960 WEBSTER RD. RICHMOND, B.C VIC 163

M. Croucher







EXPANDED GAMBLING

Etipa Simm 4991 Westminster Ituy. Richmona, V7CB7

E. Simm



10

to expanded! Jambling:

J. Becker J. April Westminster hur. Richmond, B.C. VICIBIT

* Jo Bol.



May 27/02

To: Mayor M. Brodie

FROM: Margaret Mah

9320 Auburn Dr

Richmond, BC

V7A 5A8

I am still not in forour of expanded gambling in Richmond. I would rather pay increased tops to maintain at least our current quality of life, which I believe would be greatly harmed by expanded gambling. Thank you for halding on to your moral stance in the face of increasing pressure from the 'other' side.

Your truly, Margaret Mah



Richmond Mayor and Council:

In response to council again revisiting expanded gambling in our city, we are definitely still opposed to any expansion. The issue of gambling is controversial but the social implications are far worse than any suggested benefits.

Advocates of expanded gambling are only looking at the dollar signs! They say it will draw tourists, reduce our taxes and fund local charities. Bus loads of tourists. I think not. With the ever increasing downloading of costs from more senior levels of government our taxes will inevitably rise. Only a small portion of gambling revenues go towards charitable causes, with the bulk of the profit going to the owners of the casino. Proponents seem to overlook the fact that this \$6 million isn't "new" money. It would come from other areas such as restaurants, entertainment facilities, shopping malls and rent payments. Do we want to sustain our many current community businesses, or make one business, Great Canadian Gaming Corp., richer?

Saying we've already got the problem, but we don't get the benefits of the money is no good reason for inviting higher social costs. Slot machines are extremely addictive. Access is a barrier to gambling. Baring slots would reduce the number of new players of slot machines. Let those who are already gambling in Coquitlam, New Westminster, Burnaby and the U.S. continue to travel to lose their money.

Mayor Brodie has said boosting the economy of the city should be done the "old-fashioned" way, through hard work and initiative. "It's not the easy way, but it's a good way". We agree. We need a responsible council who will protect the welfare of the citizens. VOTE NO.

F. W. Lytwyn

N. B. Lytwyn

119

AY 27 2002

8511 Pigott Rd Ringl B.C. 117A2c May 25/02 Rmd City Council Dear Sin & Madam My wife and I, John a Jesso Prive do not approve of increased gambling slot machines etc. in Rmd. as we believe it only adds to proliferation of evil & crime, and many sorrows. Your sincerely g.g. Pine. P.S. For rulers are not a tenor to a good work but to an exil one The Bible - Romans DATE DATE

120

RS. Better to the Taxes.

Garth and Sandra Robertson 9411 Francis Rd. Richmond, BC

City Clerk City of Richmond 6911 No. 3 Rd. Richmond, BC

Count us definately **OPPOSED** FULL SERVICE GAMING POLICY in Richmond. The expansion of gambling and casinos will be a wrong move. The councillors have to realize on critial issues such as this, they are "setting the table" for the future, and this responsibility must be held carefully.

I am a father of seven children and we enjoy a pleasant life and neighbourhood in Richmond. we don't want any of our children to be gotten by the gambling fever down the road. In my employment I have to do with many workers that are close to or on the poverty line, and gambling increased anywhere increases the debt load to where its unbearable. Through finacial problems and strain it even breaks marriages and families.

The Richmond City Council should consider this a poor way to get money from its people. We would rather have our Property Taxes increased and know it's going to a healthy atmoshere. The Councillors should not convince themselves this is a way to get revenue.

Yours Truly,

Garth and Sandra Robertson 604-274-8138

9411 Francis KD Richmond BC.

City Clerk:	
City of Richmond	
6941 No. 3 RD	
Richmond BC.	
TOTAL DE.	
I'm totally against the full service and the expansion of gambling. Any more go is going to do no body any good. Rich mond is to live right now and expanded gambling it worse. I think the person all bankruptcy rather increase and so is the separating of families need casinos all over are beautiful city	alright place is going to man e as only going we do not
	Robertson.
	7
	D. C.
	DATE
th the state of th	MAY 24 2002
	RECEIVED ()

Stephen & Glenis Todd 9771 Pinewell Crescent Richmond, B.C. V7A 2C7 May 27, 2002

CITY OF RICHMOND

TO: THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL

Dear Sirs/Madames

We are writing to protest the possibility of expanded gambling in our city.

As bringing up a family in this community, we frimly believe that gambling is a horrid influence on young people. It incites <u>GREED</u>, one of our worst human features.

We know firsthand the tragic results that can be caused by this terribly addictive pursuit. A good family friend of ours became totally addicted to gambling. It ruined him financially, broke up his marriage and left a broken hearted wife and two small children. Even if statistically this type of thing doesn't often happen, one such case should be enough to stop the spread of this proposal.

As well, why encourage people to waste millions of dollars on such a senseless pursuit. Is this money not far better spent on the many local businesses offering legitimate goods and services? There are far more positive ways to stimulate the local economy and raise the needed taxes.

Please uphold the right resolves of council in earlier years and cast your vote against the expanding of gambling in Richmond. We would personally rather pay more property tax than see this go

ahead!

Sincerely,

Stephen Ind Glenis Todd
Stephen & Glenis Todd

123

11620 Thorpe Road, Richmond, B.C., V6X 1J6 May 26, 2002.

The Mayor and Council, The City Of Richmond, Richmond, B.C.,

Re: Gaming Policy .

Mayor Brodie has stated that "Boosting the economy should be done the old fashioned way, through hard work and initiative. It's not easy but it's a good way."

The citizens of Richmond elected him, partly because he campaigned against expanded gambling for Richmond, Is anyone listening to him?

Those who favour gambling expansion keep reiterating that we need the money so taxpayers won't face increases in their property taxes to provide the necessary services like firehalls and policing. May I remind them that the money received will not be from the GENEROUS GAMBLING INTERESTS, but from many of the same people whose taxes you are supposedly trying to save?

As a taxpayer in Richmond for over 50 years, I would rather pay a fair if heftyincrease in property taxes, and have efficient management of real value, than turn the gambling interests loose on the poorest members of our society who most need to win, but can least afford to lose. Let's not takefood from the children of the community that has already rejected the concept of expanded gambling, but is being bombarded and persuaded by special interest groups that won't take "NO" for an answer.

Prevention is better than cure! Please don't sell out our whole community to the threshold of calculated risk of added crime and problem gambling, which will only show when it's too late to stop it. Broken homes and bankruptcies take time!

Thank you.

Respectfully submitted,

Eileen Abercromby,

604-278-0503.



From:

Fred Harwood [fharwood@richmond.sd38.bc.ca]

Sent:

May 27, 2002 11:43 AM

To: Subject: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Expanded Gambling Issue and our Community Birthright

May 25, 2002

Re: What is the Price of Our Community Birthright?

To the Editor:

We have been debating the expansion of gambling in our city. The question revolves around the cost to our community versus the added revenues that gambling provides. As the son-in-law of a professional gambler, I know the cost to families. I also see the cost to individuals because he is still driven to gamble despite advancing Parkinson's and dementia. As an educator, I see the advantages of those added funds in Casino monies providing many important items for our children in their schools.

I am concerned about our caring community and what we are teaching our children. I feel that we would be selling our birthright to a caring community by giving into added gambling. Our children are being raised to see nothing but advantages in Casino income. Do we want to teach our children that it is okay to take advantage of the weaknesses in others?

Our society is being challenged with many cutbacks and job layoffs. The government will not be providing as many services. We have seen the beginnings of this impact through increased use of the area Food Banks. We need to support one another by looking to the interests of others. Families, churches and neighbours will be called upon to take on larger roles as community support structures. September 11th saw the city, all levels of government & volunteers from the community working together. Would those travelers stranded here have had a better time and been so moved by the community's support if we had offered them easier opportunities for gambling?

We have another opportunity to say no to expanded gambling and yes to continuing a caring community. We may have to pay a few extra taxes but we will be known for our community spirit in not preying on weaker members of our community or visitors. Gander was put on the world's map by their caring together. Richmond will have a great number of people willing to move here or to visit, not by how much gambling we can provide, but, because we chose to be a caring community.

Sincerely, Fred Harwood Richmond, BC



May 25, 2002

Re: Casino and gambling expansions

Mayor and Councillors,

We the undersigned wish the Counsel to know that we wish you to continue seeking the best for the community. We would like to encourage you through the difficult decision regarding casino and gambling expansions to pursue the high quality of life, community health, wellness, and vitality we enjoy in an uncompromising way.

We have a beautiful community that proved we were a caring community during the difficult time in September. This tragic event proved that the city government, schools, the business community and citizens can all work together in support of one another.

We exhort you to say no to more gambling because of the damages gambling can cause to families, neighbourhoods and social systems and to say yes to a community that cares and supports one another.

Thank you for offering the public an opportunity to let their views be known again. Please do not forget the large majority of citizens who said 'no' to gambling a few years ago. We haven't changed our minds.

Sincerely,

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James	night Richm	and BC	·	
Gross Mc1.	Allester Rich	nord BC	Burney CF RI	CHAJO
Renny May	Sonald Richy	nond BC	MAY 27	12
Frank man	Vonold-Rd	hmond BC	Manual Company of the	100

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Dear Mayor and Councillors,

It appears that that you are considering applying to expand gambling in Richmond. We are writing to let you know that we are opposed to the further expansion of gambling in Richmond.

Sincerely, Laine Deplate - 545, Walton Rd. Richmond. Edward Piers 4491 Tiffin Cresc. Richmond (Jayne Lornen 5611 JASKOW)R. RICHMON) Killy D. Peles 4491 Leffen Ces. Bechmond Klass Bosma 5060 Francis Id Richmond ame Keizer 26-3851 Blundeel 7571 PETTS ROAD BUB BEEKSMA mught Rel Gerlin Rechum 6140 Spenda Bosma 5060 Trancis Rd Richmond sbo eanthere rid 3 WESFERUA BICH WUND Marg. Beekona 757/Petts Rd Richmond Angela Swohndard \$460 Floyd Ave Richmand. Mrs arriver 302-9260 No 2 Rd. Richmond B(Elvira van Dem 4095 Lancelot Dr. Rmol. OLDEJANI 5220 LANEING RA 211-9260 No. 2 Rol. Rond 202-3600 Leardown 2. Grid Oldgans 5220 Kancing Rd. Richmond 5611 JASKOW DR. RICHMOND Ad ("Rootondood 5460 Flago RUE RICHMOND. uslin 5451 Walter R Rincord

From: Michele Haapamaki [haapamaki@canada.com]

Sent: May 27, 2002 1:24 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: gambling expansion Dear Mayor and Councillors,

My family and I are long-time Richmond residents, and would like to advise you that we are not in favour of expanding gambling, as we think should a move would be detrimental to our fine community. We hope that you will take all the concerns associated with gambling expansion into consideration during your meeting regarding this matter.

Thank you, E. I. Haapamaki



From: grainne Murphy [grainmur@hotmail.com]

Sent: May 27, 2002 1:52 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Dear Council members, We are writing to strongly recommend that there should be no extension to the existing gambling facilities in Richmond. If necessary, the city should find alternative methods of funding. We were disappointed that tax increases were necessary given the city's decision to fund not only the Tall Ships but also the Olympic bid. Given the state of finances and shortages money should not be devoted to such projects.

P. Dermot and Grainne Murphy, 11-5111 Maple Road, Richmond, B.C. V7E 5Z7

Join the world's largest e-mail service with MSN Hotmail. Click Here



From:

Marchell, Cathrine

Sent: To:

May 27, 2002 2:18 PM MayorandCouncillors Gaming

Subject:

Joan Webb called (303-7424) today at 1:08 p.m. to advise the City that she is against expanding gaming in Richmond



From: Norm Amundson [norman.e.amundson@ubc.ca]

Sent: May 27, 2002 2:44 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: gambling

To The Mayor and councillors,

In light of the decision that is to be made this week concerning gambling in the City of Richmond, I would like to offer the following perspective from ancient wisdom literature.

"Does not wisdom call out? Does not understanding raise her voice? On the heights along the way, where the paths meet, she takes her stand; beside the gates leading into the city, at the entrances, she cries aloud. 'To all people I call out; you who are simple, gain prudence; you who are foolish, gain understanding. Choose wisdom's instruction instead of silver, Knowledge rather than choice gold, For wisdom is more precious than rubies, And nothing you desire can compare with her. Counsel and sound judgment are mine; I have understanding and power. By wisdom rulers make laws that are just; With wisdom are riches and honour, enduring wealth and prosperity Wisdom's fruit is better than fine gold, what she yields surpasses choice silver. Wisdom walks along the path of justice, bestowing wealth on those who love her and making their treasuries full.

(By contrast:)
The woman Folly is loud;
she is undisciplined and without knowledge.
She sits at the door of her house
On a seat at the highest point of the city,
Calling out to those who pass by,
'Let all those who are simple come in here,' she says to those who lack judgment;
'Stolen water is sweet, food eaten in secret is delicious!'
But little do they know that the dead are there,
that her guests are in the depths of the grave." (Hebrew Scriptures: Proverbs 8)

My understanding is that a no vote to gambling would be a wise vote. My prayer is that you as the current leaders of this beautiful city will make wisdom your choice.

Jeanette Amundson 3260 Springford Ave. Richmond, BC V7E 1T9 May 26, 2002



From: Sent:

Mr. Lu [mrlu@toast.com] May 27, 2002 2:55 PM

To: Subject: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Opinion about expanded gambling

I would like to voice my opposition to expanded gambling.

When considering this issue, please ask yourself, "What kind of community do I want to live in?" Do you want to live in a community that cares for each other rather than one that has the attitude of "We're not babysitters so if people want to gamble, then it's not my problem"? Do you want to live in a community which seeks quick-fix, easy solutions rather than long term, structural solutions?

I am willing to pay either higher property taxes, user fees or have my services cut rather than depend on expanded gambling to solve the economic situation. That's the community I want to live in.

Alfred Lu Richmond, B.C.

Join http://www.toast.com today for your own free, flash-based webmail!



From:

Esther McIlveen [esther_mcilveen@telus.net]

Sent: May 27, 2002 3:04 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Re Expanded Gambling - No!

Honourable Mayor and City Councilors:

I am Esther McIlveen, a Journalist, living in Steveston.

I am gifting to each member of Council the book, Time Echoes Softly which I helped to put together, along with Michael Duncan the West Coast artist. This book is a history of Richmond's heritage sites. It is given to try to help you see the Richmond that has been in terms of ecology, heritage and the Steveston jewel.

Richmond used to be the producers and now we are becoming takers through development. Lulu Island with its fruit and vegetables was said to be able to feed all of Vancouver. Our forefathers were people of the land. Thomas Kidd speaks of this island in these terms. "The south side of Lulu Island where No. 3 Road is (now very congested), was a mixed growth of spruce, cedar, hemlock, alder with crabapple and elderberry. Wild roses grew in great profusion whose beauty in June was indescribable."

As a city we need to look backwards in order to move forwards. Just as we look in our rear-view mirror before we pull ahead.

Steveston people (plus others), are very disillusioned and cynical due to development.

People turned out in full force to seek to protect Terra Nova - our best agriculture land and their voices fell on deaf ears. Next came the BC Packers development of Steveston, a community hard to find anywhere else. It was once a precious jewel, quite different from Richmond. We are losing this to more congestion and an infrastructure that can't handle the additional people and cars.

Many people moved to Richmond because of its physical beauty. We didn't choose Las Vegas. As a city we are becoming intoxicated with development. We build malls that sometimes compete with each other and then become bankrupt. Aberdeen Mall is being torn down after 11 years to be rebuilt for more lavish living. Silver City is tinsel town.

In favouring more expanded gambling, the unique beauty of our island is being eroded with more development. Next will be our farm land.

City Council should seek to bring out the best in citizens by promoting the value of education, hard work, initiative, responsibility, perseverance, saving and investing. It should also hold a delicate balance between our precious land and development.

I speak for a good many Steveston people when I say we need a council who will listen to the voice of the people.

Howard & Esther McIlveen 3 - 3051 Springfield Drive Richmond, BC



Canada V7E IY9

Telephone: 604-272-1571

Email: esther_mcilveen@telus.net

Check out our book: "Would You Know My Name?"
A Glimpse Into Life After Death and the Dying Process
Web Site: http://www.wouldyouknowmyname.com

Jenny Fung #58-12500 McNeely Dr. Richmond, BC V6V 2S4

May 27, 2002

City of Richmond Attn:_The_Mayor_&_Council

Re: Expansion of gambling

Dear Sir/Madam:

This is to request you do not allow the expansion of gambling in $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Richmond}}$.

Sincerely,

Jenny Fung



Rod Robertson 9411 Francis Rd. Richmond, BC

City Clerk City of Richmond 6941 No. 3 Rd. Richmond, BC

I am OPPOSED to the FULL SERVICE GAMING POLICY and the expansion of gambling. It will not help the City of Richmond in the future at all. The extra money people normally have will go to gambling instead of fixing up their properties or spending money in the retail shops. This will hinder the businesses of Richmond.

Thank You,

Rod Robertson



Amy Robertson 9411 Francis Rd. Richmond, BC

City Clerk City of Richmond 6941 No. 3 Rd. Richmond, BC

I am completely **OPPOSED** to the FULL SERVICE GAMING POLICY and the expansion of gambling. This is a poor or low down way of getting revenue from your people. It would be wiser for the City of Richmond to find an alternate source to get the proposed extra revenue.

The disadvantages appear greater and more serious than the advantages. The crime rate will rise and maybe to the point of creating Richmond an unsafe community. Not only will the gang related shootings increase but also the shoplifting in the retail sector. It results in a negative chain reaction.

If the Council decides to go ahead with the full service gaming policy it is a downhill road that will end in poverty and sadness for many families of Richmond.

Yours Truly,

Amy Robertson



9460 McBurney Drive Richmond, BC V6Y 3C6 May 27, 2002

The City Clerk City of Richmond, BC

Subject: Gambling in Richmond: AGAINST

I wish to register my opinion on gambling with the Richmond City Council before a final vote is taken in council.

While I don't know which studies—on the positive or negative effects of gambling—to believe, I suspect the negative statistics may be correct. Has the possibility of criminal activity connected with casinos in Richmond been investigated?

I believe that gambling is of no value to society, past, present or future, and that more positive activity should be encouraged among the citizenry by our representatives on council.

Yours truly

(Mrs.) Roberta J. Kirby



8811 Heather St., Richmond B.C. May 27, 2002.

Mayor & Councillors City of Richmond 6911 No. 3. Road Richmond B.C.

Attention: City Clerks office:

I wish to express my deep concern that the Council will vote in favour of expanding gambling in Richmond. I am very much against any gambling being allowed in our City. There is ample proof from other cities that have opened the door to gambling that the overall affect has been detrimental. The University of Windsor did a study on gambling in Ontario in which the harmful affects were proved and also the city of Omeha, nebraska in the United States.

Now are responsible to the citizens of Richmond to vote against expanding gambling.

Sincerely,

Myvonne Boram

CF RICHARDON

DATE

MAY 2 7 2002

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From: Richard Boran 9840 Seagrave Rd., Richmond, B.C. V7A 3X8

To: City of Richmond Attn: City Council Members Clo Mr. David Weber, City Clerk 6911 No. 3 rd. Richmond, B.C. VGY 2C1

Dear Council,

Please count me as against the proposed gambling expansion in Richmond.

Gambling has been proven to break up families. There fore it is a moral issue. Thank you for heaving my concern.

Yours Truly, Richard Boran



Acute Treatment
The Richmond Hospital

Community Care Long Term Care Home Care Minoru Residence Richmond Lions Manor Mental Health Child and Youth Services Adult/Older Adult Services

Population Health Environmental Health Health Promotion and Prevention Richmond Mental Health Team Suite 200 - 6061 No. 3 Road Richmond, BC V6Y 2B2 Telephone (604) 273-9121 Facsimile (604) 270-6507



May 24, 2002

Richmond City Council Richmond City Hall 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, B.C. V6Y 2C1

Dear Sirs:

I have been appraised by a client that your council is considering the legalization of vending machines in the Richmond area.

As a psychiatric physician dealing with troubled individuals, the majority of whom, because of their psychiatric disability, are on various financial assistance programs, I have become aware of the consequence of a few of them of the availability of gambling. I want to express my concern that to make gambling machines more readily available will put more people at risk. Those few clients that I have that have a compulsion to gamble are using very limited resources and unrealistically use those resources sometimes to gamble. The consequences of that have led to the undermining of mental stability that has been achieved through treatment in some of those individuals.

As a physician concerned about the well-being of my patients in Richmond, I want to express my grave reservations about the advisability of increasing the availability of gambling mechanisms.

Yours sincerely,

Al Connolly Consulting Physician Richmond Mental Health Team

AC/pfj



8811 Heather St Kickmond, B.C V672R7 May 25, 2002 The Mayor & Council.
City of Richmond Dear Mr. Mayor & Councillors Please consider the impact on our families of you send out the message ruin & disaster to many lives. is nothing compared to the moral disaster that will certainly follow the allowance of slot machines We look to you as responsible government to restrain the expansion of gambling What other communities do should not For what shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and suffer the loss of his soul. (Reads of Jesus Mark 8:38) Please see enclosed some statistics sont To me from my daughter who lives in Council Bluffs, Lowa: The city allowed the expansion of gambling in 1995 including slots of home watched the shord decline Singerely. 14% Doniel Doram

Iowa Gambling Treatment Program (Iowa Department of Public Health)

A Profile of Gamblers Admitted to Treatment in Fiscal Years 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001:

From the Iowa Gambling Treatment Program database, the profile of gamblers admitted to treatment in Fiscal Years 1998, 1999, 2000, and 2001 includes the following statistics.

Afrested in the last 12 months	93% 93% 83% 81% 75% 69% 64% 59% 58% 53% 50% 49% 46% 38% 31% 31% 26% 25% 22% 20%	1999 88% 91% 83% 66% 79% 68% 62% 56% 54% 47% 45% 41% 52% 27% 35% 33% 30% 38% 25% 23% 20% 12%	2000 94% 93% 80% 68% 66% 64% 57% 55% 56% 46% 51% 41% 42% 56% 28% 38% 34% 36% 38% 24% 27% 20% 17%	41% 49% 45% CONSIDER 42% ON OUR 57% YOUNG 38% 36% 37% 32% 36% 25% 26% 22% 16%
Reported Ever Treated for a Drinking/Drug Problem Lost at least one job due to a gambling-related problem Arrested in the last 12 months Reported one or more gambling related.	22%	20%	20%	22%

Clients, upon admission, identified their primary wagering in the six months prior to their admission to be:

Slots Table Games Video		1999 62% 12% 09%	=	2001 59% 11% 12%
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Lottery/ Scratch Tickets	04%	04%	04%	04%
Sports				
Sports	02%	02%	02%	04%
Other			0270	0470
other	09%	11%	06%	1 / 0/4

Source: The Gambling Treatment Program System (GTPS) collects data at the time of admission or services

Page 2₀

'Credit, Gambling a Destructive Mix'

Omaha World - Herald; Omaha, Neb.; Feb 22, 1999; TOM COATES;

Sub Title: Column Name: Guest Column

[Sunrise Edition]

Start Page:

Dateline: **DES MOINES**

Abstract:

The writer is director of Consumer Credit of Des Moines, a nonprofit credit counseling service.

The recent controversy involving the Iowa Racing and Gaming Commission stems in large part from casinos' ire over the temerity of three commission members to do their job rather than do the bidding of the gambling

On a national level, SMR Research Corp. of Hackettstown, N.J., was commissioned by banks to study the in bankruptcies. SMR's study found that counties in the United States with one casino had an 18 percent higher rate of personal bankruptcy compared to counties with no casinos. Counties with up to five casinos had a 34 percent higher rate of bankruptcy than counties with no casinos.

Full Text:

(Copyright 1999 Omaha World-Herald Company)

The writer is director of Consumer Credit of Des Moines, a nonprofit credit counseling service.

The recent controversy involving the Iowa Racing and Gaming Commission stems in large part from casinos' ire over the temerity of three commission members to do their job rather than do the bidding of the gambling interests.

The three members who have taken a courageous stand are set to be prematurely ousted from the board. The two that posed as shameless lap dogs instead of watchdogs are referred to as moderate, and they may be reappointed.

The issue at the core of this is consistently missed by the press, but it is what most motivates the casinos and their two dozen lobbyists. The big issue here is cash advances on credit cards.

This is a quotation from the September-October newsletter of the Delaware Council on Problem Gambling: "Our experience shows that credit card debt is the agent of addiction for many compulsive gamblers."

On a national level, SMR Research Corp. of Hackettstown, N.J., was commissioned by banks to study the increase in bankruptcies. SMR's study found that counties in the United States with one casino had an 18 percent higher rate of personal bankruptcy compared to counties with no casinos. Counties with up to five casinos had a 34 percent higher rate of bankruptcy than counties with no casinos.

The SMR report stated: "The fastest growing driver of bankruptcies is gambling." Its No. 1 recommendation to the banks was to "make it tougher for customers to obtain cash advances at gambling casinos."

An Iowa State University study released last August showed gamblers currently in Chapter 13 bankruptcy with much less income and larger debts than non-gamblers. Also, 19 percent of the people in bankruptcy reported gambling debt

The State of Iowa itself commissioned a study that showed what happens to a population introduced to casinos. In 1989, 1.7 percent of adult Iowans were lifetime problem and pathological gamblers. Six years later, in 1995, the same study showed an explosion to 5.4 percent.

If you think I am resorting to hyperbole, please sit in my chair and watch the daily parade of addicted gamblers I see at Consumer Credit. Of the approximately 500 new credit counseling sessions we conduct each month, roughly 15 percent are gamblers with tens of thousands of dollars in credit card debt in each case. 145http://proquest.umi.com/pqdweb?TS=1021997427&RQT=309&CC=1&Dtp=1&Did=0บบบบ039167004&M... 5/21/02 We are seeing everything, including suicides, taking place because of it. If you think you are not paying for this because you do not gamble, think again.

Why do the casinos claim to worry about problem gambling yet fight to keep credit-card cash-advance machines on the premises? A soon-to- be-released study on the national level will shed light on their motivation. According to early reports, this study will show evidence that pathological and problem gamblers contribute approximately 40 percent of the profits of casinos. This institutional addiction they want to call "gaming" is anything but innocuous.

While it is becoming apparent that gambling dollars and influence locally and nationally are controlling politicians and elections, it is possible to buck the tide. I urge the citizens of Iowa to pay attention to your own representative and senator's votes on gambling. If problem gambling fallout hasn't hit close to you yet, chances are that it will eventually.

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Reasons why people gamble

People don't always gamble just for the money. They often gamble because they

- believe winning big will solve their problems;
- seek escape from boredom, stress, grief;
- need time to just not think, not worry;
- are in troubled relationships and feel helpless;
- are tired, depressed, emotionally drained;
- are lonely or grieving.

The thrill of gambling can provide an exciting high, almost like a drug, to help people escape.

There are three distinct stages people with gambling problems go through before they "hit bottom" and realize they need help. It begins with the "Winning" Phase.

Gambling begins as a social activity. It seems fun, normal. During this phase, people sometimes win large amounts of money;

feel invincible, so they bet bigger amounts; because they believe they will win even more;

bet even more to maintain the excitement level.

But gambling isn't always about money. Problem gamblers like the excitement of gambling, the dream of winning big, or the escape from everyday problems or stresses.

This is where the real trouble begins. During this phase, gamblers feel like their activity is under control. In reality it is not. They

seek more action;

believe they can quit whenever they want to -- but see no need to quit;

gamble to win back what they've lost;

gamble and then lie about it;

hide their losses;

take out loans so they can continue;

break their promises to quit;

fare III ta recens

borrow from family and friends;

have relationships that begin to suffer.

Problem gamblers go through this stage just before they hit rock bottom. They

feel desperation and hopelessness as losses continue to mount;

cling to their fantasy of winning -- hoping to make everything well again; finally realize that they can't win, but they keep gambling anyway; have little concern for the people around them; steal, write bad checks, or commit illegal activities to finance their gambling.

Some problem gamblers attempt suicide before they seek treatment.

Warming signs of Damblers

Some problem gamblers are easy to spot. They talk about betting all the time or continually look for ways to get gambling money. They may go to the racetrack every day or buy dozens of lottery tickets at once. But many problem gamblers hide their addiction.

People who have a gambling problem often show these warning signs. They

rely on others to get them out of debt;

are absent or late for work or school;

shop excessively or binge spend;

have unexplained money or new possessions;

are impatient with or ignore friends and family;

delay payment of household bills;

use credit cards for cash advances;

sell possessions;

steal money to gamble.

Many problem gamblers have a dual addiction -- which means they gamble and they also have problems with things like alcohol or drugs.

Document Page 1 of

Bills Target Gambling Addictions Counseling Programs Look to State for Funds

Omaha World - Herald; Omaha, Neb.; Feb 7, 2000; NANCY HICKS:

Sub Title:

[Bulldog Edition]

Start Page:

Dateline:

Lincoln

Personal Names: Vogel, Harlan

Abstract:

Today, the counseling program that brought sanity back into her life could be in jeopardy unless the Nebraska Legislature provides more money for programs for problem gamblers.

Two large treatment programs in Omaha and Lincoln say they could run out of money this spring and would have to limit services. Two smaller programs in Norfolk and Grand Island also may deplete their funds before June 30, the end of the fiscal year.

Legislation that would provide more money for compulsive gambling treatment has been introduced by State Sen. Adrian Smith of Gering and is scheduled for a public hearing Feb. 14 before the General Affairs Committee.

Full Text:

(Copyright 2000 Omaha World-Herald Company)

2000 Legislature. Mail/Phone.

What started out as fun turned into a nightmare for an Omaha-area woman, whose addiction to slot machines cost her about \$50,000 before she sought help.

"In the end," she said of her addiction, "it was like a walking hell. I felt lower than dirt."

She would wake up promising herself she wouldn't gamble, then head for the casinos at night. She remembers the selfloathing and despair.

Today, the counseling program that brought sanity back into her life could be in jeopardy unless the Nebraska Legislature provides more money for programs for problem gamblers.

Two large treatment programs in Omaha and Lincoln say they could run out of money this spring and would have to limit services. Two smaller programs in Norfolk and Grand Island also may deplete their funds before June 30, the end of the fiscal year.

Five smaller counseling programs elsewhere in Nebraska could close if funding isn't secured.

'We're looking at the possibility of having services available only in Lincoln and Omaha," said Tim Christensen, manager of the state's Gamblers Assistance Program.

Legislation that would provide more money for compulsive gambling treatment has been introduced by State Sen. Adrian Smith of Gering and is scheduled for a public hearing Feb.14 before the General Affairs Committee.

Smith has proposed two bills that would provide more money. The goal is to raise funding for gambling-treatment programs from about \$400,000 to at least \$1 million a year.

The number of gamblers in Nebraska seeking help is growing.

n 1999, the state's compulsive gambling Helpline had 6,704 calls, up more than 1,000 from the previous year and 16 imes greater than the 419 calls received in 1993, the Helpline's first year.

Document Page 2 o

The number of people in treatment programs funded by the state has more than doubled, from 76 in July 1997 to 164 June 1999, Christensen said.

Counselors say the numbers are up because the Iowa casinos have faster games that appeal to gambling addicts. Ther is also greater awareness that counseling help is available.

About 50 percent of those who call the Helpline are casino players, often slot-machine players.

Most compulsive gamblers wager on several types of games but usually have a favorite, said Jerry Bauerkemper, executive director of the Nebraska Council on Compulsive Gambling.

Studies have indicated that between 1 percent and 3 percent of the adult population experiences problems with gambling, said Frank Biagioli, executive officer of the Iowa Gambling Treatment Program.

Iowa also had more people seeking gambling counseling after the state eliminated betting limits in 1995.

Biagioli said the number of clients in the state-funded programs almost doubled, from 562 in 1995 to 1,016 in 1998, then dipped to 923 last year.

However, unlike Nebraska, funding for gambling treatment in Iowa increased during that four-year period from \$1.4 million to about \$3 million.

Nebraska gambling revenue has declined since the introduction of the Iowa casinos in the mid-1990s, said Wayne Dolezal, legal counsel for the Nebraska Lottery.

Lottery sales peaked in 1996 at about \$81.8 million, then declined for three years. In 1999, Nebraska took in \$72.3 million in lottery ticket sales.

Spending on legal charitable gambling, such as bingo, pickle cards and keno, has dropped by one-third in the past five years.

Money for gambling-counseling programs, which are funded by both lottery and charitable gambling revenue, has dropped from almost \$443,000 in 1997 to a projected \$410,000 this year.

There is already a four-week waiting list at First Step in Lincoln, where full-time counselor Deb Hammond recently worked with a group of 14 - too many for effective therapy, she said.

Without additional money, the program will most likely have to drop services this spring for family members of problem gamblers. Counseling family is an important element in helping addicts, Hammond said.

Family Services in Omaha said it would have to curtail gambling- education activities, such as talks at schools and clubs, stretch out the time between counseling sessions or move to a waiting list, said Harlan Vogel, a counselor for the pathological-gambling-treatment program.

Without state funding, counselors say, most compulsive gamblers would not get help. Health insurance seldom pays for treatment, and gamblers are usually deep in debt before they seek help.

The average male compulsive gambler at the First Step program last year was \$65,000 in debt. The average female client had \$32,000 in debt.

Vogel said compulsive gamblers are usually unable to pay counseling fees that could help break their habit, although they are expected to pay what they can and to clean up their debts rather than file for bankruptcy.

Document Page 3 of

Without the state-subsidized treatment programs, the Omaha woman addicted to slot machines said she could not have gotten help.

The middle-aged woman had already poured her savings into the slots and was about \$12,000 in debt when she started treatment in 1997.

Today, she said, she has repaid her debts and is working full- time. She says she enjoys life fully with her family and friends.

Smith, who opposes state-sponsored gambling, said that of the two bills under consideration, LB 1241 may have the best chance of success. It would earmark up to \$1.7 million of lottery and charitable gaming proceeds to battle compulsive gambling.

Christensen, the manager of the assistance program, said the state will pay one way or the other - either for counseling or for the social costs of embezzlement, theft, fraud, unemployment and family disintegration.

To get help for a gambling addiction, call (800) 560-2126.

Credit: WORLD-HERALD BUREAU

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Older Iowans Discuss Gambling Woes

Omaha World - Herald; Omaha, Neb.; May 17, 2000;

Sub Title:

[Iowa Edition]

Start Page:

26

Dateline:

West Des Moines, Iowa

Personal Names: Nelson, Charlie

Abstract:

[Gwen Stubbs] and [Charlie Nelson] each hit a jackpot once. She won almost \$23,000, and he won \$5,000. The wins gave them an emotional high and encouraged their gambling.

Compulsive gambling affects all age groups but can be especially devastating for older Iowans because of their inability to regenerate income, said Harlan Vogel, who treats problem gamblers in western Iowa.

Prairie Meadows has a special senior citizens day on Tuesdays that caters to older Iowans. Robert Farinella, the casino's general manager, said senior citizens are simply a group who could use the entertainment.

Full Text:

(Copyright 2000 Omaha World-Herald Company)

Older Iowans with disposable income and time on their hands are increasingly seeking solace in Iowa's casinos, but some of them instead find a reason for despair.

Charlie Nelson, 63, a Drake University history professor for 30 years, took early retirement in 1994 because of heart lisease. He had lost his father, felt bad about retiring early and regretted decisions he had made early in life.

'I found relief in the dreamlike world of the slot-machine player," he said. "As I put the tokens in for hours after hours, found myself in an altered mood. It's as if a switch were turned inside my head."

He said the slot machines installed at Prairie Meadows Racetrack and Casino in 1995 aided in his financial and emotional collapse.

Gwen Stubbs, 61, said she started playing the slots at Prairie Meadows after her husband died and a friend was killed. Her mother was in a nursing home, and she was lonely.

I think I went to escape," she said. "I would go in the evening after supper, and I would stay all night."

she played only the nickel machines - but sometimes for 24 hours at a stretch.

Stubbs and Nelson each hit a jackpot once. She won almost \$23,000, and he won \$5,000. The wins gave them an motional high and encouraged their gambling.

3ut like other gamblers, they also lost.

t wasn't until the point of despair - what Nelson calls "near death" - that they sought help. They talked about their ompulsive gambling Monday at the 21st Annual Governor's Conference on Aging.

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'redit: AP

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Page 1 of

Study: Gambling, Suicide Increase May Be Linked

Omaha World - Herald; Omaha, Neb.; Dec 16, 1997;

Sub Title: [Metro Edition]

Start Page: 2 Abstract:

The dramatic increase in legalized gambling in the United States may be leading to a significant increase in suicide rates among residents of communities where casinos are thriving and visitors to those areas, according a new study on suicide and gambling.

In the study, David Phillips, a professor of sociology at the University of California in San Diego, examined death certificates in major gaming cities in the United States - Atlantic City, Las Vegas and Reno - and found that suicide rates were up to four times higher than in comparably sized cities where gambling is not legal.

Because there is a long lag in the compilation of death certificates nationwide, it was not possible to determine whether the 24 states that have legalized casino-type gambling within the last 10 years have experienced a similar increase in suicide rates, said Phillips, an expert on suicide.

Full Text:

(Copyright 1997 Omaha World-Herald Company)

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The study by Phillips is reported in the December issue of the journal Suicide and Life-Threatening Behavior. It is the first large- scale statistical investigation of gambling and suicide.

Earlier studies have shown that compulsive and pathological gamblers have many problems, including alcoholism and drug addiction, that contribute to suicidal behavior.

Still, a number of smaller studies have found gambling to be associated with increased suicide rates, white-collar crime, substance abuse and child abuse, Phillips said. For example, one study found that three of the six Atlantic City suicides for which the researchers had information probably occurred because of gambling problems.

Americans love to gamble, Phillips said, and spend nearly as much on gambling (6 percent of the GNP, according to a Standard & Poor Corp. 1996 study) as they do on family groceries (8 percent).

Lanny Berman, executive director of the American Association of Suicidology in Washington, D.C., praised the study as "quality sociological research." He said the next step would be to design smaller studies that compare gamblers and nongamblers - matched for age, occupation and other factors - over time, to see if gambling itself is the direct cause of higher suicide rates.

But Frank Fahrenkopf, president of the American Gaming Association, a Washington-based organization that represents major hotel and casino companies, cited studies that say people moving to the American West, where suicide rates are highest, find themselves isolated and without personal support systems and that these factors, not gambling, explain why they take their own lives.

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Page 2 c

Phillips said that he got the idea for his study after talking to people who run Gamblers Anonymous telephone hot lir in Texas. He said callers would say, "I've embezzled all the company's funds; my kids can't go to college; there's no money left for groceries, and I don't see any way out."

Credit: THE NEW YORK TIMES

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Page 1 of

Gambling Lessons From Minnesota

Omaha World - Herald; Omaha, Neb.; Dec 14, 1995; JIM JENSEN;

Sub Title:

[Sunrise Edition] Column Name: GUEST COLUMN

Start Page:

Abstract:

Recently the Minneapolis Star Tribune ran a series of articles, over four days, on the impact of legalized gamblin. in Minnesota. The series is instructive for Nebraska as we stand on the threshold of expanding legalized gambling

Other findings: 38,000 probable addicted gamblers in the state, 100,000 people with increasing gambling problems, six confirmed gambling related suicides, more than 140 confirmed suicide attempts since 1992, more than 1,000 people per year declaring bankruptcy, \$400,000 per year in welfare benefits withdrawn from casino ATMs (welfare payments can be made by electronic transfer in Minnesota) and \$200 million to \$300 million in estimated social costs - taxes, lost wages, unpaid debts.

The Minnesota Legislature asked the state's Advisory Council on Gambling to propose a statewide gambling policy. The council has recommended little or no change for Minnesota's existing forms of gambling, because they enjoy "substantial public support" and curtailing them would be "impractical." The council, however, recommended that no new forms of gambling be authorized.

Full Text:

(Copyright 1995 Omaha World-Herald Company)

The writer is a state senator representing Omaha District 20.

Recently the Minneapolis Star Tribune ran a series of articles, over four days, on the impact of legalized gambling in Minnesota. The series is instructive for Nebraska as we stand on the threshold of expanding legalized gambling in our

The Star Tribune found that "in less than a decade, legalized gambling in Minnesota has created a brand new class of addicts, victims and criminals whose activities are devastating families and costing taxpayers and businesses millions

Other findings: 38,000 probable addicted gamblers in the state, 100,000 people with increasing gambling problems, six confirmed gambling related suicides, more than 140 confirmed suicide attempts since 1992, more than 1,000 people per year declaring bankruptcy, \$400,000 per year in welfare benefits withdrawn from casino ATMs (welfare payments can be made by electronic transfer in Minnesota) and \$200 million to \$300 million in estimated social costs - taxes, los

The Minnesota Legislature asked the state's Advisory Council on Gambling to propose a statewide gambling policy. The council has recommended little or no change for Minnesota's existing forms of gambling, because they enjoy "substantial public support" and curtailing them would be "impractical." The council, however, recommended that no new forms of gambling be authorized.

Maybe Minnesota has finally had enough. That realization, however, has arguably come too late. And it is doubtful whether Minnesota can resist the relentless pressure to expand gambling even more.

But it's still not too late for Nebraska. Kic 4 MONO

The Star Tribune concluded its study of the high economic and social costs of legalized gambling in Minnesota with this editorial comment: "All of this was predicted before Minnesota's gambling craze took hold - but the warnings were dismissed as the moralistic rantings of religious zealots out to spoil everyone else's fun. The price of Minnesota's love affair with gambling is turning out to be every bit as high as opponents had said it would be - not only for those who

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get caught directly in its web, but for everyone else as well."

The same warnings are now being sounded in Nebraska. But are they being heard? Is it reasonable to expect that Nebraska will be any different than Minnesota or any other state that has opened its doors to expanded gambling?

In 1996, the Nebraska Legislature will consider two gambling-related measures: LB 765, to permit electronic lotteries and video gambling in Nebraska, and LR 43CA, a constitutional amendment allowing the Legislature to authorize an regulate casino gambling, including "player-activated electronic, video or mechanical lottery devices, dice, card game of chance and table games of chance."

Nebraska is standing where Minnesota stood just a few years ago.

In 1934-35, we started with pari-mutuel horse racing for the benefit of charity. In 1958-59, we added bingo. In 1961-63, we allowed gift enterprises, essentially permitting Nebraskans to enter national contests. In 1968-69, we approved lotteries, gift enterprises for promotions, charity or community betterment purposes, from which pickle cards and keneventually developed. In 1988-89, we added simulcast pari-mutuel betting. In 1992-93, we added a state lottery.

The next step - adding video slot machines - will be much bigger than we realize. If we take this step, it will be impossible to confine the slot machines to the state's five horse racing tracks. It will be virtually impossible to stop ful blown casino gambling in Nebraska.

If Minnesota's experience teaches us anything, it is the value of studying the costs of expanded gambling before rather than after the fact.

The Star Tribune said: "For years, Minnesota has touted the economic benefits if its gambling boom - often using the industry's more benign term, 'gaming.' And clearly there have been benefits But at what cost? The state doesn't know, and so far has chosen not to find out. When members of the Advisory Council on Gambling met this summer to consider funding a study of the socioeconomic costs of gambling, they decided such a study would be too costly and might be unreliable."

Nebraska can't afford to make the same mistake. Although a government-funded study isn't the answer, a privately funded one may be. One way or the other, we need to find out, before it's too late.

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The Thrill, the Nightmare, the Costs Help Lines

Omaha World - Herald; Omaha, Neb.; Feb 5, 2001; ROBERT DORR;

Sic:713210Sic:7011Sic:7999
Sub Title: [Sunrise Edition]

Start Page: 1

Companies: Ameristar Casinos

Abstract:

While [Theo Hudson]'s life is better now, his addiction shows how gambling can become an all-consuming nightmare for some people. Since the three Council Bluffs casinos opened in the mid-1990s, compulsive gambling has driven some to embezzle from their employers. Credit unions attribute a rise in loan delinquencies partly to gambling. Bankruptcy petitions list gambling debts totaling tens of thousands of dollars. More people are seeking treatment for their addiction to gambling.

In at least seven instances, people embezzled money from their employers to cover their losses and continue gambling. A teller embezzled \$10,000 from a Bellevue bank, a salesman kept \$68,000 in seed sales, a couple bilked an 86-year-old woman of more than \$100,000, a secretary embezzled \$15,000 from a soil and conservation district office, a temporary secretary embezzled \$34,000 from a labor- union office, a truck-stop worker embezzled \$17,000, and a Nebraska State Patrol sergeant took \$61,000 from the patrol.

Color Photo/1NOT ALONE: Nearly four years have passed since Theo Hudson last gambled. Hudson and wife [Beth Hudson] have repaid most of his \$50,000 gambling debt. B&W Photo/1TURNAROUND: [Ron Meredith], owner of Chubb's Finer Foods, 2905 N. 16th St. in Omaha, initially supported the idea of casinos in Council Bluffs, but he has changed his mind. Sales at his grocery declined by 15 percent soon after the casinos opened, and he has seen the addictive effect gambling has on some people.; KENT SIEVERS/THE WORLD-HERALD/1sf/1

Full Text:

(Copyright 2001 Omaha World-Herald Company)

Rollin' On the River. Day Two.Mail/Phone.Sidebar included.

Theo Hudson's gambling roller coaster had hit bottom.

He sat in his car in a deserted boat ramp area near the Missouri River, a loaded pistol in his lap. He cried, beat on the steering wheel and considered taking his life.

Finally he put the pistol away, drove to his Bellevue home and confessed to his wife what his casino gambling had cost. He had stolen money from his employer, run up two credit cards and taken out two loans. The couple were \$50,000 in debt.

"I took off my wedding ring and handed it to her," said Hudson, 34.

Beth Hudson, who had thought that her husband's strange behavior indicated that he was having an affair, handed the ring back.

"We'll get through this," she said. "We'll get help."

While Theo Hudson's life is better now, his addiction shows how gambling can become an all-consuming nightmare for some people. Since the three Council Bluffs casinos opened in the mid-1990s, compulsive gambling has driven some to embezzle from their employers. Credit unions attribute a rise in loan delinquencies partly to gambling. Bankruptcy petitions list gambling debts totaling tens of thousands of dollars. More people are seeking treatment for their addiction to gambling.

Casino officials say they do what they can to discourage problem gamblers from coming to the casinos.

"Our customer is our neighbor," said Art Hill, a vice president of Ameristar Casinos in Council Bluffs. "If we want to be in the business for the long haul, we don't gain anything in having a base of problem gamblers."

Council Bluffs Mayor Tom Hanafan said that because he doesn't deal directly with the social costs of gambling, it is hard for him to compare those costs with the benefits.

"But economically, everything that we've seen indicates that the benefits far outweigh the negatives," he said.

John P. Nelson, a business leader who helped turn Council Bluffs into a regional center of gambling, said he has mixed feelings about how casino gambling has worked out. Because of gambling, he said, Council Bluffs has sprung to life with new gambling-funded projects and substantial economic growth.

"But for those people who can't stop (gambling), it's catastrophic," said Nelson, who for a decade headed the nonprofit Iowa West Racing Association, which sold Bluffs Run Casino to Harveys Casino Resorts in 1999.

If it were possible, he said, he would vote to close all casinos across the nation. "But as long as society is going to allow casino gambling, I'd just as soon have it in Council Bluffs so we can get the benefits."

The amount of new crime attributable to gambling isn't certain.

In at least seven instances, people embezzled money from their employers to cover their losses and continue gambling. A teller embezzled \$10,000 from a Bellevue bank, a salesman kept \$68,000 in seed sales, a couple bilked an 86-yearold woman of more than \$100,000, a secretary embezzled \$15,000 from a soil and conservation district office, a temporary secretary embezzled \$34,000 from a labor- union office, a truck-stop worker embezzled \$17,000, and a Nebraska State Patrol sergeant took \$61,000 from the patrol.

Of a record 78 Omaha banks held up in 1998, at least four were robbed by compulsive gamblers.

Council Bluffs reported Iowa's highest crime rate in 1999. In 1990, before the casinos opened, Council Bluffs had the state's second-highest crime rate. Des Moines reported the highest, state crime-rate figures showed.

From 1990 to 1999, reported crimes in Iowa declined 13 percent statewide. During that same period, Council Bluffs crimes increased 1 percent.

Council Bluffs authorities say the large number of visitors that the casinos have brought to Council Bluffs has caused some extra crime. "When there are more people, there are more opportunities for crime," Bluffs Police Chief Keith

Burglaries, larcenies and car thefts in Council Bluffs increased 13 percent over the four years after the first Bluffs casino, Bluffs Run, opened in 1995 at the greyhound track.

Anti-casino activists attribute those crime increases to the desperation of compulsive gamblers. "You can't impoverish people without crime increasing," said Tom Coates, who heads a Des Moines- based credit-counseling service.

But authorities say increased drug use is more responsible than the casinos for crime in Council Bluffs. "Methamphetamine is the No. 1 cause," Pottawattamie County Attorney Rick Crowl said.

One Omaha food store owner said that, initially, he supported the idea of bringing casinos to Council Bluffs. "I thought it would be a great alternate source of tax revenue," said Ron Meredith, owner of Chubb's Finer Foods, 2905 N. 16th

But then he saw a quick 15 percent decline in his grocery's business. People either cut back on their food purchases or they bought hot dogs instead of a more expensive roast, he said. Further, he saw the addictive effect gambling had on

some people.

"I've done a complete, 180-degree turnaround," Meredith said.

Among 255 people who filed for bankruptcy in Omaha over a period of several weeks last year, a period randomly chosen by The World- Herald, eight couples or individuals said they lost at least \$4,000 gambling. One woman in her 40s, who is separated, lost \$80,000 during a five-month spree in 1998. The seven others - three married couples and four who are single or divorced - reported that on average they lost \$21,000. An additional six people listed gambling losses that weren't the main reason for their bankruptcies.

Nineteen percent of the Iowans filing for bankruptcy in 1998 said gambling debt was an important factor leading to their bankruptcies, an Iowa State University study found.

Nebraska credit unions have seen a rise in delinquent loans. In 1994, the state's credit unions on average wrote off as uncollectable 25 cents of every \$100 loaned. In 1999, uncollectable loans grew to 43 cents, an increase of 72 percent caused partly by gambling debts, said Scott Sullivan, Nebraska Credit Union League president.

"People who always before paid their bills have gotten into trouble, said Elaine Mausbach, president of the Metro Health Services Credit Union in Omaha. "One of our (credit union) members went through \$71,000 in 21 days."

As casinos have spread nationally, making gambling accessible to more Americans, the number of compulsive, or pathological, gamblers has grown. Approximately 2.5 million Americans - between 1 percent and 2 percent of the nation's adults - are pathological gamblers, one survey found. Another 3 million are problem gamblers.

While other forms of gambling also cause problems, casinos are the most addictive. Of Iowans who receive state-funded help, 63 percent did their primary wagering on slot machines. Another 25 percent primarily gambled at poker, blackjack or other table games and at video machines, both forms of gambling available at casinos. The state lottery, scratch-off tickets, sports gambling and other forms accounted for the remaining 12 percent.

A total of 933 compulsive gamblers received help through Iowa's state treatment program last year, more than twice the 412 people in treatment during 1995.

"The number of gamblers with problems is still rising," said Frank Biagioli, the Iowa program's executive director.

In 1993, Nebraska's gambling addiction help line received 419 calls. In 1999, with a state lottery in Nebraska and casino gambling in Iowa, the number climbed to 6,704.

One of those addicted to gambling is Theo Hudson. A decade ago, while working in Denver, he often attended greyhound races. That led to his betting with bookies on football games.

Hudson's betting escalated. In January 1991 he made a series of losing bets on the college bowl games. To recoup, he bet \$3,000 on the University of Colorado-Notre Dame Orange Bowl game.

He lost.

He couldn't come close to paying his bookie the \$6,000 he owed. Seeing no way out, he put his pistol in his mouth and pulled the trigger.

'I heard the hammer click, but it didn't go off," he said. "I was snapped back to reality. I said to myself that I would never gamble again."

With the help of a friend, he managed to get out of his financial jam. He later moved to Omaha, where family members ive.

Document Page 4 o

He found a job here and took business courses at the University of Nebraska at Omaha. He married Beth in September 1994 but didn't tell her about his gambling problem in Denver.

For five years after trying to kill himself, Hudson didn't gamble. Then Bluffs Run Casino opened just across the Missouri River. He began playing the slots there. One day, he hit three jackpots on the quarter slot machines and thre more on the dollar slots.

"I could do no wrong," he said. "I thought, 'This streak will go on forever."

He left the casino that day a \$4,000 winner.

The winning streak had a huge effect on Hudson, as it does for many compulsive gamblers, said Harlan Vogel, a specialist in treating addicted gamblers who counsels Hudson.

"A big win creates an emotional rush, a sense of omnipotence," said Vogel, a counselor for Family Service in Omaha.

Hudson was back at Bluffs Run the next day. He played the \$1 and \$5 slot machines. His winning streak continued. After the second day, he was ahead \$25,000. He put the cash - a pile of \$100 bills - inside a sock in a drawer to hide it from his wife.

It didn't take long - perhaps two weeks - for Hudson to lose the entire \$25,000. He kept gambling and kept losing. He worked a split shift at his job, giving him free time in the afternoon to gamble. He had his credit card bills sent to a po office box where his wife wouldn't see them.

Beth Hudson became suspicious when one of her credit cards wouldn't accept a charge for gasoline. When she confronted her husband, he said the same thing had happened to him and the credit card company was at fault. "I lied,' he said.

That sounded plausible, Beth Hudson said.

"I had suspicions," she said. "He would leave work early and get home late."

Theo Hudson began diverting money from bank deposits he was supposed to make for his employer. He told himself he was borrowing the money.

"I kept telling myself that my winning streak was just around the corner," he said.

On April 28, 1997, he made bets of \$100 a hand while playing Caribbean stud poker at Ameristar. The cards weren't going his way. He left broke. He had hit bottom. His boss was close to learning that Hudson had been stealing company receipts. He had run up his two credit cards to the maximum, and he owed money on two loans.

"I had reached a point where I couldn't stand myself," he said.

After leaving Ameristar, he went to the office he managed. From a restroom he called the Iowa gambling hot line number. He was told that as a Nebraska resident, he wasn't eligible for treatment. He called the Nebraska hot line and reached Matt Pelzer, then its coordinator. By coincidence Pelzer, who died in 1998, lived just three blocks from the Hudsons in Bellevue. Two days later, Hudson went to his first Gamblers Anonymous meeting.

He didn't immediately have the courage to tell his wife that their finances were a shambles.

A few weeks later, he drove to the home of an aunt and uncle. "We'll help," they said. "But first you must tell your wife."

rage 5 of

He drove to the deserted boat ramp area east of Plattsmouth. As in Denver, he again considered committing suicide. But he decided to return home. He was sitting in a recliner crying when Beth arrived.

"I take my marriage vows seriously," she said. "I thought I should stand by him."

His stealing from his employer resulted in a charge of theft by deception in Sarpy County. By the time he went to court, he and Beth had repaid most of the \$6,000 he had taken. The charge was reduced to a misdemeanor, and he pleaded guilty, receiving 18 months probation but no prison time.

The Hudsons have repaid most of the \$50,000 in debt from Theo Hudson's gambling. Theo Hudson took a new job at a Council Bluffs plant. He and his wife, who works at a food-processing plant, have worked long hours, accepting all the overtime they could get.

Nearly four years have passed since his last bet. Hudson, with growing confidence, now helps others with gambling problems. He is a board member of the Nebraska Council on Compulsive Gambling.

This time he has the help of a supportive wife, of his gambling counselor and of his friends at Gamblers Anonymous.

"The difference is I'm not on my own."Help LinesCompulsive and problem gamblers, or their family members, can get assistance by calling these numbersIn Nebraska: 1-800-560-2126.Omaha-area residents also can call 291-0980.In Iowa: 1-800-238-7633 (1-800-BETSOFF)

[Illustration]

Color Photo/1NOT ALONE: Nearly four years have passed since Theo Hudson last gambled. Hudson and wife Beth have repaid most of his \$50,000 gambling debt. B&W Photo/1TURNAROUND: Ron Meredith, owner of Chubb's Finer Foods, 2905 N. 16th St. in Omaha, initially supported the idea of casinos in Council Bluffs, but he has changed his mind. Sales at his grocery declined by 15 percent soon after the casinos opened, and he has seen the addictive effect gambling has on some people.; KENT SIEVERS/THE WORLD-HERALD/1sf/1

Credit: COUNCIL BLUFFS BUREAU

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AST FIND

Energy alert

umerican issued a peak Monday, but will not do today. The heat wave is ENERGY/See Page 8B ted to lessen this week.

Hastings, is hiring some some positions ishna Valley School Disback and restructuring REHIRING/See Page 5A

Rehiring staff

Bluffs, Molly Boulden of Omaha Tara De Santiago of Council smelling victories since the last coln, Neb., in one of the sweetest floral competition. bium orchids or protea, as the Everything's coming up roses - or blue delphiniums, dendro-Staff Writer

ing no prisoners, these designers used all their skills to bring vicleaned up at this year's convenion. Showing no mercy and takdesigners, all employed by Last weekend, three floral Corum's, dominated the Hearters, 639 Fifth Avenue.

tory to Corum's in Council Bluffs and the floral industry they rep

land Floral Convention in Lin-

GREG JERRETT

Corum's floral designers dominate convention

calla lilies and dendrobium a creation made of miniature in the wrist corsage category with orchids arranged on a wire with Molly Boulden took first place special floral adhesive glue.

and Patty Shinney of Bellevue,

case may be - for Corum's Flow-

She also won best of show for the same design.

started competing around thre years ago for the joy of creating hings not normally ordered in the day-to-day operations of Boulden has been in the bus ness about 15 years, but onl flower shop.

"It's just fun to go out there an

VICTORY/See Page 7

utritious snacks

A registered dietitian for ouncil Bluffs Community hools promotes nutrition.

ment for gambling addiction than

More women are seeking treat-

in years past, a local counselor

"Of my 45 clients, 51 percent are women," said Linda Zitek, certified gambling counselor for the Council

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Estables	SL)	17.CSS	Atyles of the	3 .5	ng.	rts recoert

deal with than if their man was bling may find it more difficult to having an affair with another Women whose husbands or poyfriends are addicted to gamwoman, she said.

Counselor: Gambling affects more wome

The wife or girlfriend can improve their appearance or other changes to compete against the other woman, Zitek said.

she said. But, how do you fight a "At least you know what you are up against and what you can do, (gaming) machine?"

Whether it's women or men, Zitek stays busy helping those 'I have no problent keeping my overcome their gambling problem.

GAMBLING/See Page 7A

from the area casings and sampling treatment agencies loo This is Responsible Gaming Education Week in Council Mayor Tom Hanafan made the proclamation Monday as.

TIM ROHWER Staff Writer

NUTRITION/See Page 3A

who don't have an addiction,

escape, from everyday pressures

without the next morning's hang-

over that alcohol abuse can cause

· Women see gambling as an

"Why? Maybe it's word of mouth

about our service."

Bluffs office of Family Service

Cambling can affect women

Zitek said

nder 5 miles for a

nillion and would Lake Manawa

evisions showed

he quarterly figns released Tuesinally reported. vith the 2.8 peraveraged 2.5 perrough 2000, pro better data.

d revision for las 992. owing was the ce 1983. Still, the h had marked the rcent, rather than howed productive

r software. d business investverpment lowered o 4.1 percent from measured by the cted the fact that largely because it product, was

e first quarter. 1: the 5.0 percent second quarter, a ected rate of 2.1 res, rose by a costs, a gauge of ort also showed

he Wabash Trace ---- City Councilman Paul Shomshor has announced his Ballenger seeking the Republican Siegrist and businessman Jeff has three candidates from here. nomination for Congress, with Iowa House Speaker Brent Bluffs and western lowa, aireauy nomination. Iowa House intention to seek the Democratic

of anyone else seeking the mayor's Hanafan said he hasn't heard

> besides running for Congress. cated if he'll seek re-election

papers to run again. receive \$600 a month for their ser- treatment and distribution facili-

Scott Belt, who has taken out said. 'It is deemed necessary to namers to run again. election is that currently held by rural residential users," Willcoxon The other council seat up for re- Regional's first since 1997 for our The council members each maintaining our production, "This rate hike would be

year. Shomshor hasn't yer indi- upgrade existing water facilities The rate increases council seats up for election this of energy, along with a need to 3350 per thousand gailyns a

as factors leading to the rate hike

apply to the newly constructed service the system's operational north of Council Bluffs, Willcoxon of Pottawattamie County directly water system that serves the area and would remain sufficient to said those rates were set in 1999.

Dave Boryca:

Gambling Continued from Page 1A

clients is a small amount compared calendar busy," she said. treatment, Zitek said. to those who are addicted, but remain in denial and do not seek Unfortunately, her number of

nual revision was

problem is the purpose of Responsi-Creating more awareness of this

> was proclaimed Monday by Mayor ble Caming Education Week, which Tom Hanafan.

have participated in this annual American Gaming Association in event since its inception by the The three Council Bluffs casinos

players who ask for help. If a prob-

inform their employees about how

the host an ice cream social to Today Ameristar officials will be will deal with the situation, said Ameristar official Jane Bell.

gambling and where to direct any to recognize the signs of problem. said. bad, doesn't influence gamblers; she The economy, whether its good or

lem gambler is seen, employees are asked to contact a supervisor who stickers and buttons this week. employee events and handing out Harveys also will be the host

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Actual Size: 180 mm x 143 mm



6042785139 P.02

Magn Corneillors (als)

Enough is Enough

The key issue is to determine the net gain for the citizens of Richmond with the proposal to add 300 slot machines. The BC government and the Casino group are not known to give away money without having a much larger return to their own pockets. To give the City of Richmond 6 million dollars they will have to generate at least 60 million dollars in revenues and of this 70% will be attributed to losses by the citizens The 42 million dollars siphoned from here in Richmond. Richmond will mainly come from the seniors, the housewifes, the teenagers, the new immigrants which are the targeted group for the slot machines requiring less sophistication and no language skill needed. Those intimidated by the fast pace of other Casino games will be lured to the slot machines because they can set their own pace and coupled with the low 25 cents per game cost is well suited for the targeted group. Due to the relatively smaller amount of money one can lose each time, the negative addictions and social economical impacts will take longer to be realized and the current reports/studies will not reflect this.

Nevertheless, there is no question that the slot machines are addictive. The guaranteed money lost by the seniors will mean cutting out the trips to the corner coffee shops, spending less on foods, eating out less, gifts and presents to relatives will be cut and worse yet their time spent on volunteering, visiting children and grandchildren and travelling will all be affected. While they could be walking in exercise is now spent on sitting in front of the slot machines in an environment with no social redeeming value other than to promote greed. The same could be cited for the housewifes and teenagers who could, through the slot machines, be initiated to other forms of gambling. The new immigrants with their plentiful time at hand and their better financial backup is certainly ripe for "pick pocketing" by their new host country. Instead of getting involve with their new environment they are locked into the mundane, time wasting gambling. The 6 million dollar dangling carrot will only translate to a mere \$36.00 dollars per Richmond citizen per year (or \$3.00 per month, or 10 cents a day). For this small return we are told to sell our souls and rights to the BC government and Casino groups to freely pick pocket our citizens day in and day out with families and small businesses suffering the most lost. Moreover, the irony of the whole thing is that, we are to built more RCMP, Social service, Hospital facilities FICHMO with the 6 million dollars which potentially is the cause for needing more of those services to start with! I sincerely urge you be smart and responsible gatekeepers for our society and not be swindled by the Gaming Commission and Casino groups which act only to their own benefits and agendas. Enough is enough and do not sell out for a mere 10 cents/per citizen/per day to hounding wolves who have deep pockets and well planned organizations (just think about the patience and money they have to keep Bridgeport market on the wing for one sole purpose - a new casino site all this years sitting empty). It is just poor arithmetic to spend 70 cents and to get 10 cents back in return plus all the inherent headaches!

Richard BC.



From: Mary Louise Hiebert [hiebertml@hotmail.com]

[hiebertml@hotmail.com]

Sent: May 28, 2002 6:58 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: MY OPINION ON EXPANDED GAMBLING

Dear Mayor Brodie and City Councillors: My opinion on the subject of expanded gambling has not changed since I sent a letter to you earlier this year: Please, no expanded gambling in Richmond!

Thank you.

January 18, 2002

Mayor Malcolm Brodie, Richmond City Hall 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Dear Mr Mayor:

RE: EXPANSION OF GAMBLING IN RICHMOND

Richmond has been my home since 1988. I am a 54-year-old mother of 5 young adults, 3 of whom still live and work or go to school here. I want to express my opposition to any further expansion of gambling in Richmond and urge you to stand by your election platform on this subject.

I have a close friend in the Lower Mainland whose husband is addicted to gambling. His first marriage ended because of it. Now only through concerted effort and expert help has he been "clean" for three years now. In addition, I have an uncle whom I never knew because he was addicted to gambling to the extent that he disappeared, leaving his wife and children with his debts.

I realize it is very tempting to increase revenues via gambling; but it is my belief that the health and social costs are high - not only in the way gambling affects the individual and the family but also in increased organized crime. I urge the City to take the high road and come up with more creative and healthy ways of raising revenue. Perhaps part of the solution is trimming spending, being fiscally responsible and keeping costs down etc. I would even be in favour of pay parking if that would help. But please, no expansion of gambling!

I urge you and the rest of City Council to continue to uphold the wish of the majority of Richmond residents and vote against any expansion of gambling in our city. Thank you.

Respectfully,

Mary Louise Hiebert #23 - 8631 Bennett Road Richmond, BC V6Y 3K7

cc: Richmond City Council Finance Committee; Kiichi Kumagai, chairman



Join the world's largest e-mail service with MSN Hotmail. Click Here

From:

Sylvia Thomas [sylviathomas61@hotmail.com]

Sent:

May 28, 2002 10:30 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: 300 Slot Machines

May 27, 2002

Dear Mayor and Council:

We have grave concerns with regard to the prospect of Richmond council allowing slot machines into the city in order to raise revenue. It parallels the concept of selling drugs in order to raise revenue. Many people suffer from the disease of gambling just as many people suffer from addictions to substances. To take advantage of those addictions raises ethical issues. The end does not always justify the means.

With increased gambling comes many negative social woes. It is a fact to which any police officer can attest. To profit from others' misfortunes is unethical. For a body who is voted in to represent the best for its citizens, the council needs to keep in mind their mandate to look after the needs of all Richmond residents. Personally, it would be better to pay more tax than to bring the problems associated with gambling into our community.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Ken and Sylvia Thomas



From:

BILL, ROSE, JOEL AND CANDICE

[brwiedman@telus.net]

Sent:

May 27, 2002 9:55 PM

To:

Mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: To all council members

To all council members:

I would ask that you deny the application before you to allow slot machines and more gambling in the city.

We are a family who chose to live in this fine and beautiful city. The Richmond City Council and Mayors, past and present have done a wonderful job to make our city a very inviting place to live. Being so close to the ocean with its clean cool breeze and beautiful sunsets are ever so inviting. The development of #3 Road in the past 15 years is an asset to the city.

My concern is that if the council allows any more gambling in this fine city it would be the beginning of the end for the City of Richmond.

I could go on with the type of lifestyle that gambling brings to a city but I am more than sure all you councillors know the devastating effects that result from such activities.

There are arguments on both sides, whether gambling is a good or bad influence to a community. Let us lean to the side of safety and not live in the future with the ill effects of a bad decision made now.

Please consider the wishes of the residents of Richmond and vote with a resounding **NO** to slots and future gambling establishments.

Thank you for listening.

Bill Wiedman.



From: Judy Kutny [kutny0626@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 27, 2002 10:00 PM

To: Mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gambling

This email is to let you know that I am **strongly** against slot machines and expanded gambling in our community. On Tuesday evening I expect you to vote against any application to expand gambling in Richmond.

Derrick Kutny



From: Sent:

FFredk3@aol.com May 27, 2002 9:14 PM

To: Subject: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca Special Council Meeting on Gaming Policy

As long-time residents of Richmond, we strongly oppose any further expansion of gaming & especially of slot machines in our city.

Richmond is a beautiful city with a record for healthy living and we would like to keep moving in that direction. We have very reasonable property taxes compared to other cities and would like this to contine; however we definitely don't want to keep low taxes through gaming revenue.

Please take our wishes into consideration.

Fred & Ruth Krause



From:

Phillips, Marylou

Sent:

May 28, 2002 8:22 AM MayorandCouncillors

To: Subject:

Anti-gambling

Please add Joan A. McDermott, 279-0645, to the list of residents who are against gambling. Thank you

Mary Lou Receptionist/Clerk, Administration local 4153



From:

Quamme [quamme@direct.ca]

Sent:

May 27, 2002 7:14 PM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: gambling May 26, 2002

Dear Mayor and Councillors,

This week there will be a public hearing on expanding gambling in Richmond . You will then be deciding whether to apply to bring this into reality . Each of you has a different world view which will influence your decision as to whether it is a good idea or not even though you will all hear and have read similar facts.

I too read some of the material on the web, read the Report to Council re: gaming in Richmond ,read material others sent me by e-mail, read what has been in the papers and talked to Terry Crowe about the Musqueum issue. There were articles on the percentage of problem gamblers, how gambling increased with easier access, how to tell if you are a problem gambler, how much was spent per adult in Canada on gambling , the concerns and the benefits of gambling. One I found interesting was in the Canadian Medical Journal information on health issues, gambling addictions family, and gambling by youth etc.at http://www.cmaj.ca/cgi/content/full/163/1/61

I was shocked to find how much we depend on gambling at the different government levels and how it is interwoven through so much of society .

I was not surprised to read that few problem gamblers seek help which likely helps to explain why we do not immediately see the problems in society. More studies need to be done to actually see what is going on many writers believed.

I am not surprised to learn that the poor or people who do not have much hope spent the highest percentage of any group in society on gambling.

I pondered what was happening to the 96% or so who did not get addicted. What were they missing in the way of alternatives with friends or family?

Over and over I read about slots being highly addictive. I also read too many times how money would solve our problems which takes me to my own world view and where I stand on gambling.

I am a Christian which basically means I believe in relationship both with God and others. I also believe we humans are to be responsible individuals in history. God has things for us to do to bring in His kingdom which is about love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, humility, and self-control. To support gambling you must bow down to another god "Money" and a belief system that say that money will make you happy and solve your problems and that of others. To do so you must reject the Christian belief system and also the belief systems of the major religions of the world, gambling that there is no Supreme being.

I am against further expansion of gambling in Richmond.

Sincerely,

Deneanne Quamme



9917 Ashwood Drive

Richmond , BC

V6Y 2Z4

604-271- 9095

From: Derek Webb [djwebb@shaw.ca]

Sent: May 27, 2002 4:22 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: ADDITIONS TO GAMBLING

May 27, 2002

My name is Joan Webb of #115-8870 Citation Drive, Richmond, B. C. V6Y 3A3, Phone #604-278-2878. I just wish to say that I am very much against any additions to the gambling that we already have. In fact I never wanted it to go in in the first place. I don't think any amount of income from it is worth the cost of people who have gambling problems and what it costs the families involved. Joan Webb



From:

Sent: To:

Phillips, Marylou May 27, 2002 3:20 PM MayorandCouncillors

Subject:

Anti-Gambling

Please add Robin Oakley, Ainsworth Crescent, 275-3197, to the list of people who are against gambling. Thank you.

Mary Lou Receptionist/Clerk, Administration local 4153



From:

Warren L. Dueck, CA/CPA [Warren@Dueck.com]

Sent:

May 28, 2002 9:11 AM

To:

mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject:

Gambling

Dear Mayor and Councillors,

I strongly urge you not to expand gambling in Richmond. Not only is it a regressive tax, but it affects those who can least afford it. While other jurisdictions may seek to expand their gaming activities and the revenues they derive, it comes at a high price to all of us.

Warren

Warren L. Dueck Phone 604-448-0200; Fax 604-448-9294 3640 Blundell Road, Richmond, BC, Canada V7C 1G4 Warren@Dueck.com



From: Kevin Miller [kevinm@vcbc.bc.ca]

Sent: May 28, 2002 9:06 AM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: Gambling

Please consider the best options for our community with a long range plan to keep our families free from more forms of vice. Keeping gaming to a minimal will be healthiest for the citizens of Richmond. Our grandparents and parents worked to build a strong community, let us respect that which they handed to us. Thank you for giving due consideration to the heritage we've been blessed with.



226-8880 Jones Road, Richmond, B.C. May 28, 2002.

Mayor Malcolm Brodie and Councillors City of Richmond 6911 Mo. 3 Road Richmond, B.G.

Dear Mayor Brodie and Councillors: I am concerned about expanding gambling in Richmond I am attaching to this letter a petition that some people signed who are opposed to expanded gambling and a copy of an article about gambling that appeared in Family I believe that it is better to increase taxes than receive money from gambling. Some people have called gambling a tax on the poor when gambling revenues are used by governments. I think many poor people gamble in the hope of being able to live like their more affluent heighbours instead of using money fortinecessitic for their family. Some people who gamble become laddicted and become poor and lose their homes, jobs and families. I think that taxing people and businesses according to the size of thirt homes or businesses is a much fairer. of their homes or businesses is To much fairer levay of obtaining needed revenues for the city. I noted in the attached article the statement that counties that added casings in the early 1990s have experienced no, additional growth in new business, according to U.S. News and I-torld Report analysis. Your sincerely, Orval Chapman

MAY 2 8 2002

I am opposed to expanded gambling in Richmond. Rangaret B. Mª alpine Mara Shine Betty Brunton Jubah Statham Kose Muday, I vonne Bell Detty Low Bereon James Berecy Shley Holleco Wingled Froud Lorraine Bell Chantal Mishler Dienne Bell

indnotes

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Payoff Can You Expect From

That is the question asked and answered by a well-documented article published in the October 1997 issue of Family Forum.

Quoting from independent research by respected scientists and journalists across the United States, the article presents the dismal picture of how people, families, governments and communities change, over time, when exposed to a gambling environment.

Please read the following and consider: Is this what you want for your community?

CAGE
Citizens Against Gambling Expansion
414 - 207 West Hastings Street, Vancouver B.C.

(604) 687-3401

What Payoff Can You Expect From Gambling?

Addiction

When gambling expands, so does the number of gambling addicts. It is estimated that close to 10 million Americans now have a gambling habit that is out of control — and the number is growing daily.

- The number of compulsive gamblers will increase between 100 and 550 percent when gambling is brought into an area, according to University of Illinois Professor John Kindt, ¹
- In Iowa, the number of individuals with serious gambling problems more than tripled after casinos were introduced. 2
 - Casinos carn more than half of their revenues from problem and pathological gamblers, according to Earl Grinols, University of Illinois economist.
- The average debt of a gambling addict in treatment ranges between \$18,000 and \$50,000, according to Illinois State University Professor Henry Lesieur. 4
- ●Twenty percent of compulsive gamblers attempt suicide, according to the National Council of Problem Gambling. 5

Family Devastation

Gambling has proven to be a devastating adversary to an already struggling American family. Thousands of families have been destroyed by gambling addictions; thousands more are in a state of crisis.

- Harrison County, Miss., has averaged 500 more divorces per year since casinos arrived. 6
- A 1995 survey of compulsive gamblers in Illinois found that 26 percent were divorced or separated due to gambling problems. 7

- Domestic violence and child abuse increase dramatically when gambling comes into an area, according to a 1995 report from Maryland's attorney general.
- ■The Gulf Coast Women's Center in Biloxi, Miss., has received an average of 400 more crisis calls per month since gambling's arrival. 9
- •Central City, Colo., experienced a six-fold rise in child protection cases the year after casinos arrived. 10
 - Children of compulsive gamblers do worse in school than their peers, are more likely to engage in substance abuse, are more susceptible to gambling and eating disorders, and are more prone to depression, according to the National Council on Problem Gambling. 11

Adolescent Addicts

Adolescents may be the biggest victims of America's gambling obsession. Despite age restrictions, teens are able to access legalized gambling with regularity — and they are paying a heavy price.

- Roughly six percent of American adolescents (more than one million) are already addicted to gambling, according to Howard Shaffer of Harvard Medical School. One in six teens experience gambling-related problems. 12
- At least three-quarters of high school seniors gamble. 13
- In 1995, University of Minnesota researchers discovered that more than half of underage Minnesota youth surveyed had participated in legal gambling activities. 14
 - Teens are three times more as likely as adults to become addicted to gambling once exposed, according to Loma Linda University Medical School Professor Durand Jacobs, 15
 - At least one in 10 teens engages in illegal activity (stealing, shoplifting, selling drugs or prostitution) to finance their gambling, according to Durand Jacobs. 16

Crime

Crime and gambling are inseparable partners, as communities with gambling can readily attest.

- •The crime rate in gambling communities is nearly double the national average, according to a 1996 U.S. News & World Report analysis, 17
- Three years after casinos arrived, Atlantic City went from 50th to first in the nation in per-capita crime, 18

- Half of Louisiana district attorneys surveyed in 1995 cited gambling as a factor in rising crime rates in their jurisdictions. 19
- Organized crime has infiltrated a number of legal gambling operations, according to a report from Maryland attorney general. 20
- At least two-thirds of compulsive gamblers turn to crime to finance their addictions, according to Valerie Lorenz, director of the Compulsive Gambling Center in Baltimore, 21
- Top law enforcement officials strongly oppose gambling.
 Thirty-year Michigan Attorney General Frank J. Kelley said,
 "There has never been an issue that has disturbed me any more than the proliferation of gambling in our state." 22

Poverty

Legalized gambling makes poor people poorer. It also adds individuals and families to the poverty rolls.

- Gambling is a regressive form of taxation. The poor lose the greatest share of their income to gambling, as various studies show. 23
- A 1995 study of casino gamblers in Wisconsin found that half had household incomes below \$30,000. 24
- Those with incomes below \$10,000 comprise 7 percent of Illinois riverboat gambiers. They report median gambling losses of \$1,900 annually. 25
 - The poor and minorities are more prone to gambling problems, according to Henry Lesieur. 26
- The Minneapolis Star-Tribune reports that more than 1,000 Minnesotans file for bankruptcy annually due to gambling losses. 27
- The Detroit News reports that gambling-related bankruptcies in metro Detroit have increased up to 40-fold since the opening of a large casino in neighboring Windsor, Ontario. 28

Economic Mirage

The gambling industry's mantra of jobs, economic development and tourism is an entiting one -- but it is false. Gambling has failed to live up to its lofty promises time and time again.

- Earl Grinols found that the introduction of casino riverboats in Illinois did not create additional jobs; they merely took jobs away from existing industries. ²⁹
 - ◆Counties that added casinos in the early 1990s have experienced no additional growth in new business, according to a U.S. News & World Report analysis, 30
- Gambling's ability as a tourist draw has been vastly overstated. Surveys in Illinois, Wisconsin and elsewhere show that gambling entrepreneurs make most of their profits from residents, not tourists. 31
 - Though gambling is often sold as a revenue boon to education, it has frequently failed to deliver. Often state legislatures simply redirect funds, resulting in no net benefit for education. 32
 - Each problem gambler costs society an estimated \$13,000 to \$52,000 per year. 33
- John Kindt calculates that for every \$1 the state receives in gambling revenues, it costs the state at least \$3 in increased criminal-justice, social-welfare and other expenses. 34

Government Corruption

The gambling industry exerts tremendous influence in places where it has established itself. Gambling related political scandals have erupted in many states.

- The gambling industry has become the single most powerful lobby in many states, according to U.S. Gambling Study author Robert Goodman. 35
 - In Illinois, gambling lobbyists include a former governor, former attorney general, two former U.S. attorneys, a former director of state police, a prominent former judge, a former mayor of Chicago and seven former state legislators. 36

Dozens of elected officials in Louisiana, Missouri, South Carolina, Arizona, Kentucky and West Virginia have been convicted or forced out of office on charges of gambling-related corruption. 37

Reprinted with permission from the October 1997 issue of Family Focus Magazine

Craig & Linda Boram 9055 Dayton Avenue Richmond, BC V6Y 1E1 Tel:604-275-0420

May 28, 2002

City of Richmond 6911 No.3 Road Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Attention to the Mayor & Councillors

Dear Sir/Madam;

Please reject today the proposal to expand gambling in this city.

We do sympathize with you in the challenge to balance the city's budget, but we would urge you to "PROVIDE THINGS HONEST IN THE SIGHT OF ALL MEN" (Romans 12v17). The lofty promise of \$6 million in revenues from gaming appears to be a quick easy solution, but it would be foolish not to reckon the costs both social, economic & moral. It speaks in Ezekiel 22v27 of some who "...destroy souls to get dishonest gain.". It is your responsibility not to allow this in the City of Richmond!

We are in support of you in our prayers and would gladly pay higher taxes for the privilege of living in a city where the Mayor and Councillors have the courage to stand their ground against increased gambling and the resulting moral decline!

Yours sincerely,

Craig Boram

Linda Boram

Linda Boram

MAY 2 8 2002

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8411 Lunen Road Richmond, BC V6Y 2X1

May 27, 2002

City of Richmond City Hall 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, BC

Dear Council Members:

Re: Expansion of Gaming

Over a period of 5 years, we have personally witnessed the devastation and financial loss to a young household here in Richmond as a direct result of an addiction to gambling.

We therefore strongly appeal to the Richmond City Council to resist any further expansion of gaming in Richmond.

Clan hettaffie Pear mettybie

Yours truly

May 28, 2002

To:

City Clerk

6911 No.3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Fax:

604-278-5139

From:

Chiu Kow Tam Leung

Re:

Casino / Slot Machines

I am unable to attend the special meeting to be held tonight in the council chambers at the Richmond City Hall regarding the captioned issue.

Please take this fax as my official opposition to the building or expansion of any casino in the City of Richmond. I also strongly object to the addition of slot machines in any place within the City.

Chiu Kow Tam Leung

812 - 6631 Minoru Boulevard

Richmond, BC V6Y 1Z1

Tel: 604-273-9528



May 28, 2002

To:

City Clerk

6911 No.3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Fax:

604-278-5139

From:

Kwong-ling Leung

Re:

Casino / Slot Machines

I am unable to attend the special meeting to be held tonight in the council chambers at the Richmond City Hall regarding the captioned issue.

Please take this fax as my official opposition to the building or expansion of any casino in the City of Richmond. I also strongly object to the addition of slot machines in any place within the City.

Kwong-ling Leung

812 - 6631 Minoru Boulevard

Richmond, BC V6Y 1Z1

Tel: 604-273-9528



T-082 P.001/001 F-547

FAX TO: (604) 278-5139

May-20-2002 10:44am

Attention: Mayor and Council City of Richmond c/o Office of the City Clerk City Hall 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, BC May 27, 2002

SUBMISSION TO MAYOR AND COUNCIL REGARDING EXPANDED GAMING IN RICHMOND

Gambling is an addictive vice and not an innocent form of entertainment. Gamblers are not winners; the very odds are against them. They must lose financially, morally and ultimately socially. In the final analysis there is no gain.

By expanding gambling we are approving the crumbling from within of our families and households that form the backbone, the very moral structure, of our human society. This move is clearly anti-Christian and the disastrous effect and results may be without remedy and in the interim are very costly. The revenue potentially generated from this venue cannot be considered viable or worthwhile in the face of associated downside costs that ultimately result in government expenditures.

A compulsive gambler may be forced to steal to support the habit. This affects and costs both financially and psychologically someone else who has been stolen from and increases policing needs and costs. A compulsive gambler may become indebted beyond his financial ability to pay, contributing to family breakdown, mental instability or disorder and suicide or murder.

Please record our two (2) strong votes against expanded gaming in our City of Richmond.

Yours wery truly,

David J. Green

Helen Anne Green

1011 Douglas Crescent, Richmond, BC V7B 1E6

William W. Steinman Nadine A. Steinman #40 - 6600 Lucas Road Richmond, BC V7C 4T1

May 27, 2002

Richmond City Council 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Attention City Clerk's Office FAX (604) 278-5139

RE: SPECIAL MEETING, TUESDAY, MAY 28, 2002 - ISSUE OF EXPANDED GAMBLING

We have been taxpayers in the City of Richmond since January, 1956, and we are totally against expanded gambling in Richmond.

Thank you for your consideration.

W. W. Steinman

W. W. Steinman

N. A. Steinman

ns (604) 272-9255



MayorandCouncillors

From: Brighouse United Church [buc@vcn.bc.ca]

Sent: May 28, 2002 1:02 PM

To: mayorandcouncillors@city.richmond.bc.ca

Subject: EXPANDED GAMING

To our Mayor & Councillors:

Please adhere honestly to Council's previous decision to <u>not</u> expand gaming in Richmond. Using gambling to fill public coffers is a short-sighted, greedy, unhumane policy. Surely our city can provide more wholesome, positive entertainment than this for its residents & visitors! Gambling is known to attract organized crime. Gambling addictions & overspending on gambling brings ruin to lives & families.

Council should "do the right thing"--refuse to expand gambling--and work to eliminate it altogether. A wholesome community and a concern for the well-being of citizens and guests is of far greater value than revenue procured from gambling.

Sincerely,

Rev. Stuart W. Appenheimer Brighouse United Church Richmond



SUBMISSIONS RECEIVED ON GAMING POLICY - "NEUTRAL"

Submissions received prior to and including Thursday, May 23, 2002

1. British Columbia Lottery Corporation, 10760 Shellbridge Way, Richmond

2. Karl Cavanagh, #201 – 7575 – 140 Street, Surrey – (previously listed as "in opposition" – now listed as neutral)

<u>Submissions received after Thursday, May 23, 2002 and</u> prior to the Tuesday, May 28, 2002 Special Council Meeting

- 3. Problem Gaming Program, Ministry of Health Planning, Stn Prov Govt, Victoria
- 4. R. Lockhart, #304 4900 Francis Road, Richmond
- 5. Arne Sanders, 4231 Brown Road, Richmond



Previously distributed to Council members

4040-04

May 24, 2002

Honourable Members of Council:

RE: Casino Gaming Policy

I am writing to follow-up the meeting of the City of Richmond Council on May 13, 2002, in respect to Council's consideration to change its current casino gaming policy in Richmond. A number of presentations were made at this meeting which I believe did not present a comprehensive or balanced view of the most current academic or research information available on the economic and social benefits and costs of casinos.

The purpose of my letter is to present some of the recent research information and to provide a balanced perspective of the issues around casino gambling. I believe it is the Corporation's role to provide you with that balanced information so that you can make an informed decision on behalf of the citizens of Richmond.

References were made to issues concerning crime, and several studies have been conducted across North America to investigate the effect casinos have had on crime. A 1999 study conducted by the Canada West Foundation reviews this issue, and is attached for your information.

With a view to ensuring safe environments at all gaming facilities in BC, the Corporation takes the following precautionary measures:

- registration and investigation of all service providers, employees, and suppliers by Gaming Policy and Enforcement Branch of the Ministry of Public Safety and Solicitor General;
- development and maintenance of facilities that are safe and secure;
- well-developed security and surveillance standards;
- well-established customer service and employee security training standards;
- on-going liaison with local policing authorities, and
- strict adherence to the provincial gaming age of 19 years, about to be proclaimed as law in the Gaming Control Act.

Independent research recognizes that there is a small proportion of about 1.8% of adults in British Columbia who have a serious problem with gambling and a further 2.4% who experience some difficulties controlling their gambling behaviour. Funding of \$4 million is provided annually from gaming revenues to provide programs for problem gamblers under the administration of the Ministry of Health Planning. It is my understanding that issues pertaining to problem gambling have been clarified in a May 21, 2002 letter from Ms. Donna Klingspohn, Manager of the Problem Gaming Program.

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www.bclc.com

Initiatives are also provided by British Columbia Lottery Corporation (BCLC) and Casino Service Providers that actively promote responsible gambling and ensure that people who need help are able to access the appropriate counselling. Available resources include:

- a province-wide 1-800 telephone hotline referral service for clinical counselling;
- access to 41 full time equivalent provincially trained clinical counsellors who offer services throughout BC to problem gamblers;
- awareness material such as problem gambling information brochures and stickers bearing the 1-800 hotline number, displayed in casinos;
- self-exclusion programs; and
- community education and problem gambling awareness programs.

Another area of continued debate surrounds the issue of public acceptance of gambling. While opinions may vary slightly on a community-by-community basis, a 1999 Canada West Foundation study detailed "Canadian Gambling Behaviour and Attitudes" (attached) concluded that:

- 7 out of 10 Canadians participated in some form of gambling, with 17% of adults having visited a casino;
- 68% of adults view gambling as an acceptable activity in their province;
- 63% of Canadians agree that it is their right to gamble regardless of the consequences, while 32% disagree; and
- 60% of Canadians think that gambling has no overall impact on their communities, while 24% perceive a negative impact and 9% say gambling has a positive effect on their communities.

It is important to note that during the past four years, communities in British Columbia which are currently hosting either a community or destination casino, have not indicated either a major increase in crime or any significant increase in social problems associated directly with casinos. As well, I encourage you to speak with your colleagues in other municipalities that host casinos with slot machines, in order to become familiar with the BC experience in casino gaming.

Our Corporation, as the agent of the Crown responsible for casino gaming in the Province, is fully aware of the concerns about the potential social costs of casino gaming. However, we also believe that appropriate programs and measures have been put in place in British Columbia to address these issues. For Richmond specifically, the Corporation in conjunction with the Ministry of Health Planning and local law enforcement authorities, would continue to actively work on a day-to-day basis to address any issues that may arise from the operation of a community casino with slot machines in Richmond.

I have attached a brief synopsis of a number of current issues on casino gambling as well as copies of a number of more recent Canadian research studies on impact of gambling. I believe these research pieces provide a good basis for decision making.

If you have any questions or concerns, I encourage you to contact me directly. I trust that this information will assist you in making an informed decision about gaming in Richmond, and a decision, which regardless of outcome, will be fully respected by the Corporation.

Yours truly,

Vic Poleschuk
President and CEO

British Columbia Lottery Corporation

Attachments

Measuring Gambling and Problem Gambling in Alberta Alberta Gaming Research Institute Executive Summary February 2002

Background

This study is funded by a research grant provided by the Alberta Gaming Research Institute and is the third study in eight years to survey adult Albertans gambling patterns and behaviours (Wynne, Smith, & Volberg, 1994; Wynne Resources, 1998).

The focus of this research project is twofold; that is, to use the newly-minted Canadian Problem Gambling Index (CPGI) to describe the gambling practices of adult Albertans and to gain insight into the extent of problem gambling behaviour in this population. The results are intended to serve as a baseline measure for future Alberta problem gambling prevalence research, and ultimately, it is envisaged that these comparable studies will feed into a database that profiles gambling and problem gambling behavior across Canada.

Key Findings

- Gambling is still a popular leisure pursuit for Albertans, as 82% of the adult population took
 part in some activity at least once in the past year. Despite the widespread availability of
 legalized gambling formats in the province, this participation figure is down 5% from the 1998
 provincial survey (Wynne Resources, 1998) and the decline affects most gambling formats.
- Having gambled in the previous year is pervasive amongst all education and income
 categories, but significantly less so for the highest education attainment category (those who
 hold advanced degrees) and for those at the lowest annual income level (under \$20,000).
- The most popular forms of gambling for Albertans are purchasing lottery and raffle or fund raising tickets. Notwithstanding Albertans preference for these activities, the amount spent per month on lottery tickets (\$7) and raffle or fund raising tickets (\$5) is relatively small.
- Player participation rates for virtually all gambling formats except slot machines have decreased since 1998. Slot machine play has increased significantly because there are 2,673 more machines in the province than there were in 1998.
- The sample was separated into two groups: gamblers (82%) and non-gamblers (18%). Gamblers were further segmented into four categories on the basis of their scores on the Problem Gambling Severity Index (PGSI); these include non-problem gamblers (67%), low risk gamblers (9.8%), moderate risk gamblers (3.9%), and problem gamblers (1.3%).
- Although males and females are equally likely to gamble, males are at a slightly higher risk of becoming problem gamblers. Only at the lower and upper limits of the age ladder are there significant differences in problem gambling behaviour; the youngest age group (19-24) is most at risk for developing gambling problems, whereas, the oldest two age groups (60-69 and 70 +) are least likely to develop gambling problems. Finally, living common-law and being single are the two marital status categories most closely associated with gambling problems.
- Those in the lowest income category (less than \$20,000) are more likely to have a gambling problem or be at risk than members of any other income classification. Six of the twenty-three problem gamblers in the sample (26%) are low-income respondents.
- Aboriginal gamblers are significantly more at risk for developing gambling problems than are gamblers from other ethnic backgrounds.

- Unemployed Albertans who are seeking work, unemployed students, and those unable to work are more at risk than those employed for developing a gambling problem.
- Problem and at risk gamblers in Alberta are more likely than non-problem gamblers to
 participate in every kind of gambling activity, with the exception of buying raffle or fund raising
 tickets.
- Problem and at risk gamblers are more disposed than non-problem gamblers to:
 - 1. make weekly wagers on every form of gambling,
 - 2. play for longer time periods at each gambling session, and
 - 3. risk significantly higher amounts of money per month on all forms of gambling.
- Contrary to the research literature, age of first gambling experience was not related to being an
 at-risk or problem gambler in this study; however, the first gambling activities played by
 problem gamblers were significantly different from those chosen by non-problem gamblers.
- Respondents' most common explanations for gambling are:
 - 1. to win money,
 - 2. for fun and entertainment, and,
 - 3. to support worthy causes.
- Problem and at-risk gamblers are differentiated from non-problem gamblers as a result of their inclination to:
 - 1. Bet more than they can afford to lose and bet more than intended.
 - 2. Increase wagers to maintain a heightened level of excitement.
 - 3. Chase gambling losses by returning another day to win back their money.
 - 4. Borrow money to finance their gambling.
 - 5. Lie to family members about their gambling and hide evidence of gambling.
 - 6. Gamble to escape personal problems.
- As a result of this dysfunctional gambling behaviour, problem and at-risk gamblers are more likely to have experienced the negative personal and social consequences.
- Problem and moderate risk gamblers are generally mindful of their inability to control their gambling; most have considered stopping, but did not think they could, and those who did try curtailing their gambling, were unsuccessful.
- Alberta ranks slightly higher than Ontario in terms of the percentages of at-risk and problem gamblers in the population.

Author

Measuring Gambling and Problem Gambling in Alberta: Garry J. Smith, Ph.D. and Harold J. Wynne, Ph.D.

Gambling and Problem Gambling in Saskatchewan (2002) Dr. Harold Wynn Executive Summary January 2002

Background

This study of gambling and problem gambling in Saskatchewan is large in scope and is intended to be a baseline study against which future provincial gambling trends, program intervention evaluations, policy effectiveness studies, and other research initiatives may be compared. A new measurement instrument, the Canadian Problem Gambling Index (CPGI), is central to the study. Two Canadian provinces (i.e., Ontario and Alberta) are presently completing similar CPGI-based studies, and other provinces are expected to do likewise in the near future, the findings from Saskatchewan will be directly comparable to those from other provinces. The study is guided by five specific research questions and study findings relative to these questions are reported in three main chapters, namely:

- 1. gambling in Saskatchewan,
- 2. problem gambling in Saskatchewan, and
- 3. the health status of Saskatchewan gamblers.

Key Findings

- Gambling in Saskatchewan is clearly a very popular recreational and entertainment pastime as
 it is practised in some form by 87% of the adult population throughout the province.
- Opportunities to gamble are ubiquitous, existing in legalized and provincially regulated venues
 private licensed premises, shopping malls and convenience stores, the family environment,
 illegal gambling establishments, and by Internet access to on-line gambling sites.
- Gambling is equally likely to be engaged in by both men and women, irrespective of their age or marital status.
- While the majority of Saskatchewan gamblers in all education and income groups gamble on some type of activity, those with less than a high school education and who have an annual household income of less than \$20,000 are less likely to do so.
- The most practised form of gambling in Saskatchewan, and the only one that is engaged in by the majority of adult gamblers, is purchasing lottery and raffle/fund-raising tickets.
- Since the 1993 provincial gambling survey, there have been some changes in the types of gambling activities engaged in by Saskatchewan residents, including decreased participation in some activities (i.e., lotteries, sports pools, bets with friends, bingo, Sport Select, and horse races) and increased participation in others (i.e., raffles and VLTs).
- Monthly expenditures on all activities are greater in 2001 than 1993, with the largest monthly
 expenditure in both years being for bingo, and the greatest discrepancy being a three-fold
 increase for VLT play.
- Respondents are classified as either being gamblers (86.6%) or non-gamblers (13.4%).
 Gamblers are further classified using the nine-item Problem Gambling Severity Index (PGSI) into four sub-types, and based on PGSI scores, classification rates for these sub-types are as follows:
 - 1. non-problem gamblers (71.4%);
 - 2. low risk gamblers (9.3%);
 - 3. moderate risk gamblers (4.7%);

- 4. problem gamblers (1.2%).
- At-risk and problem gamblers may be found in both urban and rural communities across the
 province, although residents in Regina and Saskatoon appear to be somewhat more at-risk, or
 to be already experiencing a serious gambling problem.
- Although males and females are equally likely to gamble, males are more likely to have a gambling problem, or to be at risk for developing one.
- Those who have less than a high school education are more likely to have a gambling problem
 or to be at-risk for developing one. Similarly, those who have reported the lowest annual
 household income (< \$20,000) are most likely to have a problem or to be at-risk.
- Aboriginal gamblers are significantly more likely than gamblers in other ethnic groups to be both at-risk for developing a gambling problem and to be experiencing a serious problem.
- There are a substantial number of Saskatchewan minors under 19 years-of-age who live in a home with someone who has a gambling problem or who is at-risk for developing a problem.
- Unemployed Saskatchewan adults in general, and unemployed students in particular, are at greater risk than those who are employed for developing or already having a gambling problem.
- Problem and at-risk gamblers are more likely than non-problem gamblers to gamble on every type of activity, with the exception of purchasing raffle tickets, Internet gambling, and wagering on sports with a bookie (very few respondents gamble on these latter two activities).
- Problem and at-risk gamblers are more likely than non-problem gamblers to wager weekly on every form of gambling activity; wager for longer duration of time per gambling session, and bet substantially more money each month on all forms of gambling.
- The exception is for purchasing raffle and fund-raising tickets, where there is little difference amongst the gambler sub-types.
- Most gamblers are motivated to wager for three main reasons, namely
 - 1. to win money.
 - 2. for fun and entertainment, and
 - 3. to support worthy causes.
- Problem and at-risk gamblers are most likely to endorse the former two reasons and non-problem gamblers the latter.
- Problem gamblers are the most likely to gamble alone, and the least likely to gamble with their spouse or partner. At-risk gamblers are the most likely to gamble with friends or co-workers.
- As a result of this uncontrolled gambling behaviour, problem and at-risk gamblers are more likely than non-problem gamblers to suffer adverse personal and social consequences.
- Most Saskatchewan problem gamblers are aware that they may have a gambling problem, and most want to stop gambling with many having tried to do so unsuccessfully.
- It is not possible to directly compare statistical changes in problem gambling prevalence rates and findings between the first prevalence study done in 1993 and the present study, as different research methods and screening instruments (i.e., CPGI vs. SOGS) are utilized in each study.
- Problem and at-risk gamblers are more likely than non-problem gamblers to experience health-related problems.

Author

Gambling and Problem Gambling in Saskatchewan(2002): Dr. Harold Wynne.

Gambling in Canada 2001: An Overview Canada West Foundation Executive Summary August 2001

Background

Canada has a unique gambling policy structure. Unlike many international counterparts, gambling operates exclusively under the control of the provincial and territorial governments. A consequence of this decentralized structure is a lack of national or comparative data on gambling as a whole. This report addresses that deficiency and provides an all-encompassing snapshot of gambling. It analyzes:

- 1. the number and types of gambling available;
- 2. the amount of revenue provinces and charities receive from gambling;
- 3. problem gambling and treatment;
- 4. participation and attitudes toward gambling; and
- 5. government policy on gambling. Using 37 graphs and accompanying text, the report creates a unique data set that reconciles the different ways in which gambling data are presented in each province.

Key Findings

- There are over 100,000 places to make a bet in Canada. Canadians and visitors can choose to gamble at 38,252 VLTs, 31,537 slot machines, 32,932 lottery ticket centres, 1,880 bingo halls with permits, 59 permanent casinos, 70 race tracks (20 with slot machines) and 107 teletheatres.
- The total net profit, or what the governments keep after expenses and commissions are paid, for
 provincial and territorial governments was \$5.5 billion in 1999/2000. Gambling leads "sin" tax
 revenues for the provinces. At \$5.5 billion, provincial net gambling revenue is just shy of the \$5.9
 billion that the provinces net from the sales of alcohol and tobacco combined.
- Total gross profits, or the amount left over after players' prizes have been paid but before expenses have been paid, were estimated at \$9 billion by Statistics Canada for 2000. Looking at the difference between the gross and net figures, a big chunk of revenue, \$3.5 billion, is the cost of operating gambling.
- On average, gambling contributes 3.41% of all provincial revenue sources. The provinces that benefit
 most from gambling activity are Nova Scotia (5.08%), Saskatchewan (4.68%), Alberta (4.58%), and
 Newfoundland (4.41%).
- The average total loss for each adult on provincially-run gambling is nearly \$400. Manitoba (\$491.87), Quebec (\$475.69), and Nova Scotia (\$470.76) generate the most per adult profit from their gambling activities, and BC (\$181.93) and PEI (277.90) the least.
- Net revenues from EGM (electronic gambling machines like slot machines and VLTs) activity in lounges and racetracks (not including slots in casinos) have risen 1,369% (from \$122 million to \$1.8 billion) over the last 8 years. Over this time, casino activity has increased 573% (from \$270 million to \$1.9 billion) and lotteries rose 19% (from \$1.6 billion to \$1.9 billion).
- Charity-run gambling in Canada generated \$712 million in net revenue in 1999/2000. Combined with the \$5.5 billion in net revenue made by the provinces, total net revenue from gambling in Canada was \$6.3 billion in 1999/00. In total, charities generated about 11% of all gambling revenue and governments the remaining 89%.

- Combined, the provinces spent over \$28 million on problem gambling treatment programs in 1999/2000, or about \$1.20 for every adult Canadian. No province (except PEI) spent more than 1% of their gambling revenue on problem gambling treatment, education or prevention programs.
- Gambling activity in Canada employs an estimated 47,500 persons as either regulators or operators of gambling for government or within gaming management companies.
- In general, gambling policy continues to evolve in Canada with only a minimum of opportunity for public involvement in the decision-making process.

Methodology

The data for this roadmap were obtained by Canada West researchers who canvassed the more than 40 provincial/territorial agencies involved in gambling over a 15-month period starting in May 2000. Initial data requests were followed by re-submissions to different agencies, obtaining departmental approval to release some data, and, in some cases, waiting for missing data. Despite the length of time that has passed since those initial attempts, it was not possible to develop a complete data set for all provinces. The data include the best available estimates when the actual data are unknown.

Author

Gambling in Canada 2001: An Overview was written by Jason J. Azmier, Canada West Foundation Senior Policy Analyst and Director of Gambling Studies (azmier@cwf.ca).

Triumph, Tragedy or Tradeoff? Considering the Impact of Gambling Canada West Foundation Executive Summary
August 2001

Background

Gambling in Canada generated \$5.5 billion in net profit for the provinces and territories in 2000, and revenues have grown in size every year since 1992. With the revenue generated by this expansion, governments have provided opportunities for economic development and employment growth, lowered taxes, paid down debt, funded social programs and provided entertainment opportunities. Gambling expansion can also increase the negative aspects of gambling including higher levels of gambling addiction, bankruptcy, lower job productivity, family and marital stress, and crime. The amount of damage that has been created by this increase in gambling is unknown. The speed at which gambling expanded in Canada has raised concerns about whether due care is being taken in the development of provincial gambling policy. This paper considers the impacts of gambling and addresses the many obstacles surrounding the collection of relevant data, obstacles that hinder our ability to conclude whether gambling expansion is good or bad for Canada.

Key Findings

- The current inability to assess gambling's impact fundamentally clogs the process of developing gambling policy. An understanding of the impact of gambling's expansion is a prerequisite to the development of appropriate policy.
- Research studies have been unable to provide a comprehensive answer to gambling's impact for two reason. First, attributing most gambling related impacts (stress, job loss, entertainment) to the actual act of gambling has proven extremely difficult. Second, even if researchers find costs and benefits that can be linked back to gambling, their ability to value these costs and benefits against one another becomes problematic.
- A public health approach to measuring gambling's impact addresses the problems of valuing the
 cost of gambling by focusing research on what should be the primary goal of gambling policy: to
 maximize the benefit of gambling while minimizing the harm.

Implications for Policy Development

- In order to better understand how gambling impacts communities, efforts to collect data need to
 increase. Our knowledge of the socio-economic impacts of gambling is limited due in part to the
 fact that an active, transparent and uniform attempt to collect data throughout all regions has not
 been initiated. Provincial gaming authorities should be given the mandate and resources to collect
 gambling-relevant data at regular and consistent intervals.
- Data collected should be publicly available for independent analysis so that all stakeholders in regions that are impacted by the expansion of gambling are better informed of the costs and benefits. This will allow communities to make decisions based on their own unique values. A greater awareness of the benefits and costs of gambling would also provide citizens with an opportunity to guide their responses to public referenda and gambling policy reviews.
- While some data do exist to measure the effects of gambling on communities, it is important to realize their limitations. At best, currently available data can be a valuable tool to help identify policy areas that warrant additional research. They should not be considered as wholly predictive or explanatory.

 It is important that the success of policies and effects of gambling are reviewed on a continual basis after gambling has been introduced to a community. Changes in community and economic data and social indicators after gambling has been established in a region should be noted and regularly evaluated. Once gambling has expanded, the direction of future policy should not be seen as wholly irreversible or inevitable. The direction of future policy may be dependent on whether gambling has satisfied the community health goals established when gambling was originally introduced.

Methodology

The information contained within this report came through a detailed review of the Canadian and international gambling research literature, conference summaries, existing gambling impact studies and national gambling policy reviews in Australia and the United States.

Authors

Triumph, Tragedy of Trade-off? Considering the Impact of Gambling was written by Jason J. Azmier, CWF Senior Policy Analyst, Robin Kelley, CWF Policy Analyst and Peter Todosichuk, CWF Intern.

Behaviour and Attitudes Toward Gambling in Canada

Since the introduction of lotteries in the 1970s, Canadians have become increasingly accepting of gambling as part of their culture. During the past 25 years, gaming venues have expanded to include lotteries, casinos, and updated forms of bingo like electronic bingo and linked bingo games which connect many halls for big jackpot games.

The majority of Canadians are comfortable with the concept of gambling and actively participate. According to the <u>Canadian Gambling Behaviour and Attitudes</u> study, seven out of ten Canadians participated in some form of gambling, with 17% of adults visiting a casino. Over two-thirds of Canadians, 68%, view gambling is an acceptable activity in their province. And 63% of Canadians agree that it is their right to gamble regardless of the consequences, while 32% disagree.

It appears that policy debates on gambling are driven by a strongly opinionated and vocal minority. The majority of Canadians – 60% – think that gambling has no overall impact on their communities, while 24% perceive a negative impact, and 9% say gambling has had a positive effect on their communities.

Canadian Gambling Behaviour and Attitudes: Main Report Canada West Foundation Executive Summary December 2000

Background

Gambling is ubiquitous in Canada. Although it has only been 30 years since the first lotteries were introduced in Canada, there are now over 50 permanent casinos, 21,000 slot machines, 38,000 video lottery terminals, 20,000 annual bingo events, and 44 permanent horse race tracks in Canada. Over the same period, a national debate has emerged over the appropriate level of gambling in our communities. To date, Canada's gambling debate has not been informed by public opinion data. The Canada West Foundation's Public Opinion on Gambling survey attempts to fill this void.

The Public Opinion on Gambling survey provides a benchmark of gambling behaviours and attitudes across Canada. The survey findings provide a context for current debate, and can be used to track future changes in gambling opinion and behaviour.

Key Findings

- 72% of Canadians participated in the last year in regulated (e.g., lotteries, casinos, bingo) and unregulated gambling (e.g., sports pools, bets with friends, stock speculating);
- 63% of Canadians feel that, on the whole, gambling is an acceptable activity in their province;
- 68% of Canadians feel that gambling has not improved the quality of life in their community;
- 84% of Canadians feel that government should hold public consultations before introducing new forms of gambling;
- 63% of Canadians agree that it is their right to gamble regardless of the consequences, 32% disagree;
- 77% of Canadians feel that governments should do more to limit the negative effects of problem gambling;
- 92% of Canadians feel that gambling is inevitable and that people will find a way to gamble even if it was made illegal;
- 32% of Canadians indicated that they know someone "who is a problem gambler, that is they spend more than they can afford on gambling."

Conclusions and Implications

- Opinions vary significantly by region. Ontario respondents are the most tolerant of gambling and the least likely to view gambling as a problem, while Atlantic respondents are the least tolerant of gambling and most likely to see it as detrimental to communities.
- The policy debates on gambling tend to be driven by smaller strongly opinionated groups. Sixty percent of Canadians feel that gambling has no overall impact on their communities; 24% perceive a negative impact and 9% feel gambling has had a positive affect on their communities.
- Canadians accept gambling in part because it is seen as an inevitable part of their culture. Within
 this context, they support government regulation and control of gambling; 47% of Canadians are
 satisfied with the current level of restrictions on gambling, 43% would like more restrictions and 7%
 would like to see less restrictions.
- The study found that in some key policy areas public opinion appears at odds with current government policies:

- Video lottery terminals (VLTs) are widely available in bars and lounges in many provinces; 70% of Canadians think VLTs should only be available in casinos and racetracks. Canadians are split (43% disagree, 41% agree) on whether VLTs should be banned altogether.
- First Nation groups have limited opportunities to operate gambling in Canada; 52% of Canadians think that government should license First Nation on reserve gambling, while 34% disagree.
- Provinces currently retain 80-85% of gambling revenue in Canada while charities share 15-20% of this revenue. However, 43% of Canadians believe that charities should be the primary benefactor of gambling revenue; while only 17% believe that the provinces should.

Methodology

The survey interviewed 2,202 Canadians from across the country in June 1999. There is a 95% certainty that the results are accurate to within +/- 2.1%.

Author

Canadian Gambling Behaviour and Attitudes: Main Report was written by Jason J. Azmier, Canada West Foundation Senior Policy Analyst and Director of Gambling Studies (azmier@cwf.ca).

Gambling and Crime in Western Canada: Exploring Myth and Reality Canada West Foundation Executive Summary
September 1999

Background

Gambling and Crime in Western Canada: Exploring Myth and Reality is another study conducted by the Canada West Foundation under its Gambling in Canada project. The study was authored by two of Canada's leading experts on gambling issues, Drs. Garry Smith and Harold Wynne. The report presents a first of its kind examination of the relationship between gambling and crime in Canada. Based on interviews with law enforcement, regulatory and judicial personnel dealing with gambling crime, the authors set out to examine the extent to which illegal gambling, gambling-related crime, and crimes by problem gamblers impact on our communities.

The scope of the study includes

- 1. An examination of the statutes and literature on gambling and crime;
- 2. An analysis of print media coverage of gambling and crimes;
- 3. Illegal gambling;
- 4. Crimes associated with legal gambling;
- 5. Crimes perpetrated by problem gamblers;
- 6. Law enforcement responses to gambling crimes; and
- 7. The impact of gambling-related crime on the court system.

Key Findings

- Illegal gambling is not pervasive throughout western Canada. It is, however, extensive in the four largest cities (Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, and Winnipeg), less so in medium-sized cities, and a minor concern in rural areas.
- There is no evidence that organized crime has infiltrated legal gambling operations in western Canada.
 The legal gambling industry has not been contaminated by organized crime because it is, essentially, a publicly owned, operated and regulated enterprise.
- The dearth of corruption associated with western Canadian legal gambling operations is a result of provincial gaming licensing and regulatory procedures being effectively implemented, monitored, and enforced.
- Gambling venues, notably casinos and racetracks, act as magnets for certain types of crime. For
 instance, it is well known to police that casinos and racetracks are preferred locations for laundering
 the proceeds of crime.
- The types of crimes committed by problem gamblers include theft, forgery, embezzlement, fraud, credit
 card scams, domestic violence, break and enters, and suicide. The consensus of both police officials
 and gaming regulators is that legal gambling formats are well regulated, but that illegal gambling
 enforcement is severely deficient.
- The study concludes with recommendations to limit the harm caused by gambling-related crime and to increase our knowledge of this social issue. The recommendations include:
 - 1. The development of an inter-provincial task force of municipal police, RCMP, and gaming regulators to sort out the roles and responsibilities of each organization and to develop a co-operative approach to policing illegal and legal games.

2. Amending the criminal code to allow single event sports betting, thereby decriminalizing this popular and less harmful activity.

3. The development of a provincial regulatory audit mechanism to review gambling industry contracts

to ensure that gambling's expansion occurs free of corruption.

4. Encouraging the provincial governments to make their own games more consumer friendly (e.g., better odds) and to devote more time to policing the illegal games.

5. Requiring enforcement agencies to gather evidence on the extent of gambling related crime by beginning to record crimes as gambling-related when it is clearly a factor in the investigation.

6. Creating programs to educate citizens about the need to gamble responsibly in order to reduce the crimes perpetrated by problem gamblers.

Author

Gambling and Crime in Western Canada: Exploring Myth and Reality was written by Drs. Garry Smith and Harold Wynne: Canada West Foundation.

The gambling industry: Raising the stakes Statistics Canada Executive Summary August 1999

Background

Growth in the gambling industries has continued to outstrip that of most industries. Gambling has brought such economic benefits as increased revenues and employment to many regions. Although some communities have not embraced the arrival of casinos and video lottery terminals, most households in Canada do participate in and spend money on some form of gambling activity. This report by Statistics Canada presents a statistical portrait of Canada's gambling industry. It examines the economic output, jobs, and government revenues generated by the gambling industry, and also provides provincial comparisons.

Key findings

- Since the 1990s legal gambling has undergone a major surge in growth.
- The first legal VLTs began operating in New Brunswick in 1990. By 1993, every province except Ontario and British Columbia had either open (non-liquor licensed/non-age controlled locations) or restricted access to VLTs.
- Most Canadians, to judge from the participation rates, appear to enjoy risking a little money on the chance of winning prizes or jackpots.
- Among the four gambling activities for which households were asked to report their spending, government lotteries were the most popular (74%), followed by non-government lotteries and raffles (39%), casinos and slot machines (17%) and bingos (12%).
- Among participating households, the highest average expenditure was on bingo (\$677); the lowest, on non-government lotteries and raffles (\$70).
- Men living alone were more likely than women on their own to spend money on those activities (75%, compared with 69%), and spent more on average (\$416, compared with \$270).
- Revenue, GDP and jobs have grown. For 20 years lotteries were the sole source of legal gaming in Canada, bringing in close to \$2 billion in total revenue by the late 1980s. From 1992 to 1997, total revenue from gambling went from \$2.7 billion to \$6.8 billion.
- Profits to provincial governments have increased rising from \$1.7 billion in 1992 to \$3.8 billion in 1997.
- The growth in gambling revenue is reflected in the steep increase in economic output and employment in the industry. Between 1992 and 1997, GDP in the gambling industry increased by 125%, compared with just 14% in all other industries.
- Although [the gambling] industry comprises a small proportion of Canada's overall economic activity (0.1% of GDP in 1997), its representation has been increasing.
- Most [employment is] hourly paid, and permanent. The majority of workers in the gambling industry in 1997 were women (55%), persons under 35 (61%), and those with high school graduation or less (57%) groups whose representation in non-gambling industries was lower.

Author

The gambling industry: Raising the stakes was written by Katherine Marshall, Labour and Household Surveys Analysis Division, Statistics Canada.

Problem Gambling Survey 1996: Final Report Angus Reid Group Executive Summary July 1996

Background

To aid BC Lottery Corporation's strategic planning process of survey research was undertaken to investigate public attitudes towards the entire spectrum of gaming activities in the province was undertaken. This report replicates a 1993 survey in order to assess whether any significant changes have occurred in the prevalence of problem gambling.

Key Findings

- The 1996 survey suggests that there has been no substantial increase in the prevalence of problem gambling in BC since the benchmark measurement in 1993.
- The proportion of current probable pathological gamblers in the 1996 survey (1.1-%) is identical to the benchmark estimate from the 1993 survey.
- The barely measurable increase in the proportion of current potential problem gamblers from the 1993 to 1996 surveys is within the range of the sampling error.
- There is a slight upward shift in the proportion of lifetime potential problem gamblers (from 6% to 8.4%) at the edge of the sample error margin, but the proportion of lifetime probable pathological gamblers shows no significant upturn from 1.8% in 1993 to 2.1% in 1996.
- Comparisons of 1993 and 1996 measurements of past year participation suggest that gambling participation is stable or declining in most categories.
- Past year gaming participation among probable problem or pathological gamblers shows no signs of substantial increase.
- The appeal of BCLC lottery games among probable or pathological gamblers is difficult to measure with any precision because of the small sample size – while participation in some games is slightly higher than the general population, none rival bingo or casinos in popularity.
- The 1996 survey results fail to show any evidence of an appreciable surge in gaming participation and any subsequent growth in the prevalence of problem gambling.
- The steady or declining levels of gaming participation that characterize most comparisons of 1993 and 1996, data support inferences from other BCLC research that the gaming market in the province has reached a plateau or mature phase, where participation is increasingly centred among enthusiasts.
- To the extent that the larger public withdraws from gambling activities, it is very possible that the remaining problem of compulsive gambling will seem more prominent than before.
- More than any other local activity, local casinos appear to be an increasingly likely focus for the individuals at risk for problem gambling.

Author

Angus Reid Group: Vancouver Division

Previously categorized as "opposed," now appearing under "neutral."

B. C. PROBLEM GAMBLING SERVICES

Suite 201 – 7575-140 St., Surrey, B.C. V3W 5J9 E-mail: wcangambler@shaw.ca

Ph: (604) 507-4099 Fax: (604) 507-4099

May 23,2002.

Clerk's Office

Would you please make a copy of the enclosed presentation for all councilors and his Worship, the Mayor, as requested by Ms E. Halsey-Brandt. The large surveys are for Ms. Halsey-Brandt and she can distribute them as she wishes. These papers are very important and need to be studied prior to Tuesday's hearing.

Thank You
Karl Cavanagh

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May 22,2002

Your Worship and Councilors

My name is Karl Cavanagh, executive director for the Problem Gambling Services (B.C.). Last Week I left a package of material for each of you. That included our mandate and a brief outline of myself, and some statistical information. I am neither for nor against gambling but an advocate of responsible gaming. Gambling is a wonderful form of entertainment for 97.5% of the citizens. I would like to address the topic of slots and problem gambling. Please keep in mind that slot machines are NOT VLT'S.

The concept of gambling being a tax on the poor is totally false. I have been a member of a 12 step program for over 18 years and more than 90% of the membership is composed of people who either own their own business or are in upper management. These people have disposable cash and time on their hands. They also have very poor relationship habits. In 1967, there were about 2.3% of the adult population in Canada with a serious gambling problem. Today, we have about 2.35 of the population with a serious gambling problem. The major change is in the gender and that is due to the number of women who have successfully climbed the corporate ladder. Of all the people who are quoting statistics tonight, I am the only one here that I have seen at a meeting.

Pathological gamblers are very seldom slot players. There are a number of reasons for this. 1) The problem gambler cannot be content with playing 3 coins at a time. He/she needs to be able to escalate the amount of money they wager in order to please the dopamine cycle; which I will explain in a minute. 2) playing against a computer chip will not feed the problem gambler's ego. The real gambler needs to prove to himself and all within shouting distance of his superior intelligence. This can only be accomplished by letting everyone know when he makes a great move. An example of this would be drawing a card on 16 because he really knew the dealer had 18 and he draws a 4 for 20. A problem gambler is an egotistical maniac. If other players do not congratulate him then the victory is shallow. The problem gambler MUST have that human element. The problem gambler will travel any distance to gamble.

I would now like to briefly explain the dopamine cycle to you and this is from a clinical as well as personal experience. When a drug addict or alcoholic have too much of a chemical, they either pass out or get sick because the body rejects the excess use. In the case of a gambler, there isn't an outside chemical. The body and mind produce a chemical that is 20 to 100 times greater than any drink or drug. So when a gambler wins \$500, he cannot win \$300 because the brain says to him," This isn't giving me the

pleasure I had yesterday." Therefore the gambler needs to escalate the bet to win more so his brain will tell the body to accept this pleasure and at the same time feed his ego. When a problem gambler has a big when, they dream of all the great philanthropic things that are just around the corner. However, we have a disease of more. Therefore if \$2000 is good then \$5000 is better and so the vicious cycle begins for the gambler and he begins to lose his dream world comes crashing down. Compulsive gamblers love the limos, diamonds, glitter and all that goes with it. In B.C. the industry does not tempt patrons by cashing cheques or issuing lines of credit. It is strictly a cash product.

Can your economic benefits such as jobs, increased retail business, restaurants etc be ignored. The city itself would gain millions of dollars in revenues with no strings attached. Gaming in B.C. is a controlled legal activity when conducted by licensed and registered gaming operators under the auspices of the Government's Agent, the B.C. Lottery Corporation.

WE in the Problem Gambling Service have accepted this government policy and believe that our role is to raise awareness and educate the citizens of B.C. on the dangers of excessive or pathological gambling. If it does occur then we provide effective counseling, relapse prevention, and post acute withdrawal programmes for that small percentage. The gaming industry in B.C. wants to succeed with the customer base whom have fun as a night of entertainment and not those few who have a problem. The ideal situation for a gambler is to bet with his head not over it. WE also provide a number of brochures to the industry on responsible as well as problem gambling.

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Thank You

BRITISH COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROBLEM GAMBLING

The British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling was established for the purposes of conducting, directing and promoting programmes for:

- The treatment of pathological or compulsive gamblers
- The rehabilitation of pathological or compulsive gamblers
- Disseminating information respecting the recognition, prevention and treatment of problem gambling.
- Providing educational materials and on-site assistance to any facility seeking our programmes.

The British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling is a non-partisan, non-governmental organization committed to ensuring healthy individuals, families and communities that are free of the personal, social and economic harm resulting from excessive gambling.

The Association believes that every person is responsible for his/her own actions and that governments, businesses and community services share a collective responsibility to contribute to the building of healthy individuals, families and communities.

The Association believes that the best solutions to most social problems lie in shared action involving all those involved in and affected by the problem.

The Association is thus committed to working with the all Federal and Provincial Government Ministries, the British Columbia Lottery Corporation, the B.C. Gaming Commission, the B.C. Association for Charitable Gaming, private sector gaming operators, charitable gaming operators, and other counseling providers to build a comprehensive and professional service network across the province.

Based on a shared vision and shared organizational values, the British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling strives to provide leadership in the creation and implementation of responsible gambling policies and practices.

Executive Director Karl Cavanagh

American Compulsive Gambling Counselor Certification Board

3635 QUAKERBRIDGE ROAD, SUITE 7 ● HAMILTON, NJ 08619 ● 609-588-9338 www.certificationboard.com

April 10, 2002

Karl Cavanagh Suite 201 - 7575-140 Street Surrey, British Columbia Canada V3W5J9

Dear Mr. Cavanagh:

Congratulations on your election to the Board of Directors of the American Compulsive Gambling Counselor Certification Board (ACGCCB). I am enclosing copies of the ACGCCB by-laws, and a current board list for your review.

The Council has six (6) standing committees, which are more fully described in the bylaws. All board members serve on at least one committee. They are as follows:

Committee	Chairperson
Operations & Finance Education Ethics By-laws Forms Facility & Supervision Criteria	Frank Twiggs Vacant Vacant Jenny Lu Trocchio Harvey Goldberg Ed Looney

Please review the functions of the committees and decide which committee(s) you might like to serve on. Feel free to contact the Chairperson of the committee, if you feel you need additional information. Please let me know your committee preference(s), before the next mandatory board meeting (scheduled for September 19, 2002).

Two mandatory board meetings are scheduled. One is for the first Thursday in March (teleconference) and the other is scheduled when the Council on Compulsive Gambling has their annual statewide conference in September each year. You will receive notification on these meetings when it becomes available.

American Compulsive Gambling Counselor Certification Board

3635 QUAKERBRIDGE ROAD, SUITE 7 ● HAMILTON, NJ 08619 ● 609-588-9338 www.certificationboard.com

April 25, 2002

Karl Cavanagh Suite 201-7575 140 Street Surrey, British Columbia Canada V3W5J9

Dear Mr. Cavanagh:

This letter is to confirm your compulsive gambling counseling certification with The American Compulsive Gambling Counselor Certification Board (ACGCCB). Your certification will expire on November 13, 2003.

As I stated to you on the telephone you will need to submit your continuing education documentation totaling four (4) hours in gambling specific hours and two (2) hours addressing alcohol, drug abuse or addiction, psychology or sociology to extend your certification date to April 1, 2004. (This prorated amount is necessary so that everyone will be on a two-year cycle).

Karl, I hope this will suffice. Please call me if you have any questions or need additional information.

Sincerely,

Shirley Ra∳

Administrative Assistant

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RTIFIED COMPULSIVE GAMBLING COUNSELOR, CO on the recommendation of the Board, addinges all those why and monument that the above ranned has satisfactorily net all the strongeness of the American Compulsive Combling Connector.

Board and in recognition of which the Board has determined to fille the

November 13, 2001

#370

Certification Bate

Member of Certification Boar

April 1, 2002

This certificate is the property of the ACCCCB, Inc.

TRENT UNIVERSITY

The Senate of the University on the recommendation of the Faculty of Arts and Science has conferred upon

Karl Cavanagh

the degree of
BACHELOR OF ARTS
with all its rights
privileges and obligations

PRESIDENT AND VICE CHANCELLOR.

DEAN OF ARTS AND SCIENCE

RECISTRAR

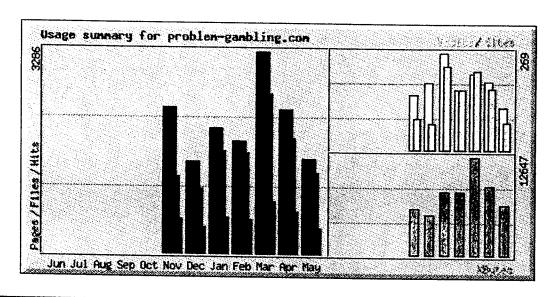
HEAD OF COLLEGE



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Summary Period: Last 12 Months Generated 20-May-2002 00:08 EDT



Summary by Month										
Month	Daily Avg				Monthly Totals					
	Hits	Files	Pages	Visits	Sites	KBytes	Visits	Pages	Files	Hits
<u>May 2002</u>	80	68	21	6	76	6453	118	410	1308	1524
<u>Apr 2002</u>	77	62	22	6	170	8831	189	672	1875	2332
<u>Mar 2002</u>	106	83	26	6	217	12647	211	826	2598	3286
Feb 2002	65	58	19	5	167	8124	166	536	1626	1823
Jan 2002	65	53	18	8	231	8056	269	579	1657	2039
Dec 2001	47	33	13	5	73	5059	185	428	1036	1477
Nov 2001	81	42	19	5	87	5870	152	551	1244	2370
Totals						55040	1290	4002	11344	14851

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it is all around us

Today we live in a gambling culture. Most of us gamble... at least a little. We often gamble for good causes – to support our favourite charity or sports team. Advertising encourages us to view gambling as a normal form of recreation. An increasing number of gambling opportunities are available, and more people are gambling than ever before. The result is an increase in problem gambling behavior among both adults and youth.

We know that more young people who gamble experience problems at levels several times higher than adults who gamble. Research indicates that most adults who develop serious problems started to gamble before age eighteen. For these reasons, youth are identified as a highrisk group targeted for prevention efforts.

Research indicates that gambling at an early age increases the risk of developing gambling problems. Young gamblers are at greater risk than adults of becoming problem gamblers.

Young people are affected by gambling Teens can be affected by excessive gambling, in two major ways. Their parents could have a serious gambling problem, or they could be at risk themselves of developing a problem.

A study reported that students whose parents gamble a lot have almost twice the rate of problem gambling as their friends whose parents don't gamble.

what is problem GAMBLING?

For most kids, gambling is just plain fun. If they win – great! If they lose, it is not a major catastrophe. They go on to other, more productive activities. However, for some teens the attraction to gambling is much stronger. They start to gamble more than they meant to and lose more than they can afford. Their inability to control their behavior is a sign of problem gambling.

Additional signs may include frequent gambling activities and increased absence from home or school. Teens who often borrow money, steal money and use school lunch money for gambling may have a gambling problem. Poor school performance, lack of concentration and a don't care attitude may also indicate problems.

Severe gambling problems can destroy opportunities for self-development and academic achievement, create conflict with the law. Cause depression, and may even lead to suicide. Recognizing early signs of a teen gambling problem can make a significant difference in a young person's life.

How many teens are problem gamblers?
Although studies differ, they all show that problem gambling rates among youth are much higher than the rates for adults. Studies estimate that 1 to 3% of adults are problem gamblers compared to 4 to 8% among youth.

why some KIDS DEVELOP PROBLEMS

Teen gambling problems are known to be affected by:

- parents who gamble
- peers who gamble
- family substance abuse problems
- family preoccupation with material success
- early exposure to gambling
- personal history of alcohol or drug abuse

Video games have a special appeal for vouth.

Many teenagers are pros when it comes to arcade video games. They like the flashing lights, clanging bells and fast excitement. Video Lottery terminals (VLTs) have the same appeal. The instant payout, high action and illusion of control reinforce continued playing.

Researchers and gambling counsclors agree that VLT gambling is the most habit-forming type of gambling activity today. Over half of all calls to Problem Gambling Help Lines are related to VLT playing in some provinces.

Although VLTs are located only in venues where alcohol is served, which makes them off limits to those under age 19, providing students with the facts about VLTs can help prevent future problems.

What you can do to help

We need to start now to prepare teens for what can happen to their lives and their futures if they get too involved with gambling. Prevention efforts designed specifically for adolescents are critical. As teachers, you can play an important role in the prevention of youth and adult problem gambling.

Perhaps the best way to steer your students clear of problems is to do more of what you're already doing. (Keep on being someone who is easy to talk to.)

You can increase your students' awareness
of problem gambling. Incorporate gambling
of issues into lifestyle, health and other
curriculum:

- Brainstorm about the negative effects of gambling. Ask students to tell you what it can do to someone's self-esteem, relationships of financial situation.
- Ask students to come up with some good alternatives to gambling fun activities and talents that can be developed.
- Suggest they read Just of the Fun of It—

 a brochure on teenage gambling especially the tips that show them how to keep it just for fun.

And most important of all,

If you think someone in your class may have a problem, make sure they talk to someone:

- a teacher they trust
- a parent or a counselor

Let your students know there are others who have had this problem and there are people they can talk to who have been through it. There are people just like them who have decided not to let gambling harm their lives.

Your efforts may help to catch a gambling problem before it goes too far. It may even save a life. When it comes to the rewards you get from teaching, this one that is pretty hard to beat.

Anyone who is concerned about their own or another person's gambling can talk to a trained problem gambling crisis counselor through the *British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling*Area Code 604-507-4099

Toll-Free I-866-507-4099

E-mail: 800gambler@shaw.ca

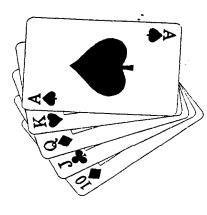
Visit our website at www.problem-gambling.com

Talking

To Students

About

Gambling



Hope for recovery

Compulsive gambling is a diagnosable, treatable the employer and the community. It is called the Nonetheless, it is as debilitating as an alcohol or "hidden illness" since there is no smell on the condition that affects the gambler, the family, breath or stumbling of steps or speech. drug problem.

Here are some questions you should ask yourself if you feel you have a problem with gambling.

- Do you lose time from work due to ganbling?
- Does gambling make your home life unhappy?
- Does gambling affect your reputation?
- Do you ever feel remorse after gambling? 4.
- Do you ever gamble to get money with which to pay debts or otherwise solve financial difficulties? S.
- Does gambling cause a decrease in your ambition or efficiency? ં
- After losing, do you have a strong urge to return and win more? ۲.
- After a win, do you have a strong urge to return and win more? ∞.
- Do you often gamble until your last dollar is gone? 6

- Do you ever borrow to finance your gambling?
- 11. Do you ever sell anything to finance gambling?
- 12. Are you reluctant to use "gambling money" or normal expenditures?

call

- 13. Does gambling make you careless about the welfare of your family?
- 14. Do you ever gamble longer than you planned?
- 15. Do you ever gamble to escape worry or trouble?
- committing, an illegal act to finance your gambling? 16. Do you ever commit, or consider
- 17. Does gambling cause you to have difficulties sleeping?
- frustrations create within you an urge to 18. Do arguments, disappointments, or gamble?
- 19. Do you have an urge to celebrate good fortune by a few hours of gambling?
- 20. Do you ever consider self-destruction as a result of your gambling?

twenty questions you could have a compulsive If you answer "yes" to at least seven of the gambling problem.

(The Twenty Questions of Gamblers

For more information about Problem Gambling

Anonymous)

British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling

E-mail: 800gambler@shaw.ca Area Code 604-507-4099 or Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099

www.problem-gambling.com Visit our website at

The gambler

"I couldn't think of one day of life without gambling"

"I knew if I went on vacation they would find out I had been taking money from the company. I took money from my seven-year-old son,

"borrowed" from my family and took any money I could get my hands on – legal or otherwise to gamble. I was totally out of control. I needed help and I knew it."

Jary C

Who is a compulsive gambler?

A compulsive gambler is a person who:

- is always thinking about gambling or how to get money to gamble with;
- often gambles larger amounts of money or over a longer period of time than intended;
- needs to increase the size or number of bets to reach a high of excitement;
- experiences restlessness or becomes very nervous or upset if unable to gamble;
- repeatedly loses money by gambling and returns another day to win back losses (chasing);
- repeats efforts to reduce or stop gambling;
- often gambles when expected to meet social or work obligations;
- misses important social, work, or recreational activities in order to gamble;

continues to gamble even though they cannot pay back the debts they have or despite other significant social, work, or legal problems that are complicated by gambling.

When a gambling problem exists, many of these behaviours are present well before the gambler suffers a major financial crisis.

Compulsive gambling can be explained by three phases.

1. The winning phase

While the gambler is winning, he/she feels lucky, important, and likes who they are. Their self-esteem is high. The occasional loss is considered just bad luck.

2. The losing phase

When the losses increase, the gambler becomes less confident, begins borrowing money to get even and then hides the losses by borrowing more money. At this point, lies, loan frauds, absenteeism, family disputes and job changes are common danger signals.

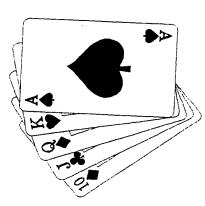
3. The desperation phase

The gambler becomes obsessed with getting even to cover stolen money, hidden withdrawals from family bank accounts and secret loans. The gambler panics at the thought that the gambling action will cease if the credit or bailouts stop. The gambler can experience severe mood swings and suicide may be attempted as a way out.

GAMBLING

CAN BE

ADDICTIVE



You Can Beat It

British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling
Area Code 604 507-4099 or Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099
E-mail: 800gambler@shaw.ca
Visit our website at
www.problem-gambling.com

"how much dya

WANNA BET?"

Gambling is so much a part of our lives, we often don't think of it as gambling. We bet about anything. And everything! We flip a coin to see who pays for the coffee. And join in the office "Baby Pool". Guessing when the baby will be born. If it'll be a he or a she. And how much it will weigh.

You likely agree we all need a little fun in our lives. A "neck and neck" game of cribbage may be all we need to get the adrenaline flowing. Bingo is great at getting rid of boredom. And we laugh when we see how quickly we fall for some of the gimmicks and traps we find in the daily mail. We order things we don't want and books we won't read. And we stick on the "Yes" sticker to let them know that we're still in the running.

It's happening all over the world. It's a form of entertainment. And most of us do a bit of it. We invest a little in the hope of winning a lot.

That's what we're doing when we bet on the outcome of something. Or buy a ticket on a dream house or a car. If the proceeds go to charity, even better! It' fun giving to worthwhile causes when we stand a chance to get something too.

Our kids are quick to pick up on this. With them it may start with marbles for money, a game of bingo, or the annual family pool on the football or hockey finals.

"scratch and win, on their way through the mail. If they win, it could be the money they need to take in a movie. At the very least, they hope they'll get another try.)

And for the most part it's good clean fun. It may even encourage kids to back what they believe in. (Without people willing to take a risk on something, who would ever have the nerve to start a business?)

SO WHAT ARE WE WORRIED ABOUT?

Like most things parents worry about, we're not quite sure. When we're at work, we worry about the things kids can get into. Between the TV ads and game shows, we're afraid that our teens may get the wrong idea. Namely that all you have to do is get lucky. And you'll have all the money you need for the things you want.

Because they're yours and you live them, you want them to grow up to be well-rounded adults. You want them to know what they want. And be willing to work for it. To respect themselves... and others. And (whatever they do) to keep a healthy balance.

Because that's what we want, too, we hope that some of these tips will help you.

how to 'talk' to your kids about betting and playing for money

If you've heard it once, you've heard it a thousand times. Moncy isn't everything. It isn't the answer to all our problems. And people who have a lot of it aren't always happy. Tell your kids that by the way you live. Instead of * going on and on about your budget * wishing out loud for some new clothes, a bigger house, or a better car, try a better way. Have fun with your kids. Do things together. It doesn't have to cost a lot. But it's the kink of thing that they'll remember.

With most children there's nothing to worry about. Kids like to experiment. They can make a bet, buy a lottery ticket or play cards for money. And go on to other, more productive, things if they lose.

With some kids though, it's not that easy. For them, gambling is more than a game.

They start by gambling more than they meant to. And wind up losing more than they can afford.

And once they get started, they just can't quit. It seems that the more they gamble the more they want to. As time goes by, their gambling will involve higher stakes and bigger risks. When they win, they feel like a big shot. When they lose, they lose all caution. They'll go after that loss and do whatever they need to do, to get one more win.

Signs that your teen may have a problem

- they're sick or away somewhere.
 (You feel sick, because you thought that they were in school.)
- A sudden change in their behavior.
 You don't know what it is exactly, they're just not themselves.
 - You hardly ever see them. They fail to show up for a lot of things without even a phone call. This means they let down people they used to care about.
- Something's missing. You're sure you had two 20's in your wallet.

 Now there's only one. The rest of the family starts missing things, too. Ghetto blasters, CDs, leather jackets, silverware. When things they can pawn or sell start disappearing your young person may have a problem with gambling. Or one that sometimes foes with gambling problems drinking.
- what the score was. When your young person flips from channel to channel to get the sport scores, it isn't always the game they care about. It could be they've got some money on the score.
- They show up in new clothes or with something else they've been wanting. If they "traded" it, "borrowed" it, or actually say they "won" it, maybe it's time you had a "what's happening her? Kind of talk

- An urgent unexplained need for money.
 They likely won't tell you why they want it. They'll just tell you they've got to have it, now! OR
- Suddenly they have piles of money. When it's "treat time" for everyone, and you don't know where they're getting the money from. As their parent you'll want to know "how come?"

What else can we do to help them steer clear of problems:

Here are some tips that may help prevent a whole host of teenage problems.

- Find out what they'd like to do.

 Find out what they'd like to do.
- Find out what they'd like to do, and what the plan is. Show them you believe they can "do it" if they try. When they really know you believe in them, they won't need to win at gambling to prove that they're a "somebody."
- Stay up past your bedtime. To get kids to talk, you have to be around when they're in the mood to do it. If this means staying up till one o'clock, it's worth it. Just look interested and let them talk. What they start off with may sound unimportant, but if you wait for it, you may be amazed at some of the things that they're turning over in their minds.

- Help them build confidence other ways. Encourage them to take part in things that interest them. In sports or debating. In the school band or orchestra. Or get them involved in a good youth group, one where the kids look up to their leaders. And have lots of good discussions.
- Build confidence in their ability to make good decisions. A good easy to do this is to play "What would you do?" with your kids, starting when they're little. For example, ask young kids, "What would you do if A stranger pulled up to the curb and said he needs your help in finding a certain address?" If your kids are older, ask, "What would you do if you were all alone in the house when the upstairs smoke detector went off?" (You can likely think of lots of these. Let them ask some of the questions, too.)
- Help them handle money responsibly. Give them their own clothing allowance. Explain when that's gone, that's all they'll get, so be sure to plan for everything. When you go out to eat, give each one their own money. If they're paying, they'll probably order the cheeseburger platter instead of something more expensive... and be happy to pocket the difference.
- Start early to teach them that it's more important to play the game than to win it...to enjoy games for their own sake. Not for the prize that may come with winning.
- Make their friends feel welcome at your place. It may cost you a bit more in milk and cookies (or popcorn) but look at the benefits! You'll know where they-are. Since they'll soon forget you're there you'll know what's going on with them. You may even be able to help

a kid whose parents aren't around that much.

and if you want your kids to take suggestions:

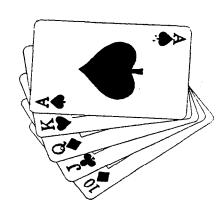
- Turn out for the games and any other event they're taking part in.
 - Respect their opinions
- Praise them even for little things they do well, and make sure that if you criticize, it's constructive (e.g. That's a good essay! I like the way you explained everything creatively. The only thing you may want to take a second look at is that last paragraph on page two. See what you think.)
- Respect their privacy. When they do tell you something that's personal, be sure to keep it to yourself.

Follow these tips. Keep an eye out for any unusual signs. Read our pamphlet, "Just for the fun of it!". Written for kids. And remember, we're here to help. If you think one of your kids may have a problem and you'd like some advice (or you have a question), call us. We have information kits that we can send you. And more than likely, we can set your mind at ease.

When it's more than a game, call.
BRITISH COLUMBIA
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Call 604- 507-4099 or
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E-mail 800gambler@shaw.ca

Visit our website at www.problem-gambling.com

How to talk to your kids about



Why is female gambling a growing concern in British Columbia?

Historically, compulsive gamblers were male. However, with traditional role and lifestyle changes, women have the time, money and inclination to gamble. Gambling now holds the same attraction for women as for men and can be an equally powerful compulsion.

Typically, women turn to gambling for one of two reasons:

First, as a means of escape - gambling provides a way to escape overwhelming problems, childhood disturbances, troubled relationships, loneliness, and boredom.

Secondly, for excitement - gambling creates an aroused state similar to the "high" produced by cocaine or other drugs. In this excited state, women are focused on the game and ignore all other concerns in their lives

Women represent one-third of all problem gamblers, but only one-tenth participate in self-help groups and treatment programs. Women are reluctant to seek help. They tend to feel ashamed of their gambling and often create elaborate stories to camouflage their activities.

How do I know if I gamble too much?

Many women ask this question, and the warning signs vary.

Do you think of gambling as an escape from your life?

Is your personal life falling apart-are your relationships crumbling?

Are you experiencing financial difficulties because of your gambling?

Do you lie about or conceal your gambling?

Do you borrow or steal money from friends and family to support your gambling?

Do you feel guilty about gambling?

Are you neglecting your family or friends?

Do you lose time at work due to gambling?

Do you feel that your need to gamble is uncontrollable?

Profile of a Female Gambler

- Looking for an escape from life
- Looking for excitement- an emotional high

Typically, gambling begins as a recreational activity, often encouraged by family members. Feelings of euphoria come with winning, and the desire for these euphoric feelings begins the three-stage gambling

In the first stage, women conceal minor financial troubles by borrowing from relatives and household expense accounts, or by overstating expenses and understating income

During the second stage, lying becomes a way of life. Women camouflage their gambling by telling lies about their activities. To cover their tracks, they may say they are working late on the job or visiting friends for long talks.

Disaster hits during the third stage- an eviction notice is served for unpaid rent, the electricity is turned off, a job is lost, or checks begin to bounce.

From Female Gamblers

I couldn't think of one day of life without gambling

Even when I didn't gamble that day, my world revolved around it.

And I got so tired and depressed and so emotionally drained. Everything had long since just disappeared from my life. Relationships, friendships, everything. I had no friends except the people I knew who gambled.

-----Kathy-----

In all honesty, I went out gambling when my husband was drunk so we wouldn't fight.

----Susan----

I lost my job, and I am facing possible prosecution for embezzling over four million dollars to finance my addiction to stock options.

-----Karen----

I started out on the nickel slot machines and progressed to the dollar machines... Then I went to a casino where you could write checks...

And that's where I did most of my damage, writing checks.

-----Helen-----

Sources: Women Who Gamble Too Much, National Council on Problem Gambling and Henry R. Lesieur, PhD. Department of Criminal Justice, Illinois State University

Where do I go for help?

The British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling operates a referral hotline for Western Canadians with gambling problems. To help you overcome your gambling problems, the Association provides information on resources in your

Remember, you are not alone.

More women are gambling than ever before, many are experiencing gambling problems, and some find help for their gambling problems.

Don't hesitate. Help is only a phone call away.

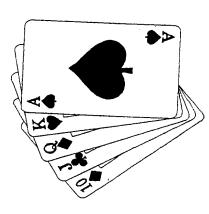
Call (604) 507-4099 Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099 e-mail: 800gambler@shaw.ca

Look for us on the web: www.problem-gambling.com British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling

Women

Cano

Gample



A Growing Concern in British Columbia

What is gambling?

Look around.

Gambling is all around you.

Betting on school or professional sporting events; wagering on video games; playing cards for money; buying lottery tickets; or playing "the horses" are all forms of gambling.

Over one-third of high school and college students polled nationwide gambled before age 11. By age 15, more than 80% had placed bets.

Gambling often begins as a recreational activity, such as pitching coins, playing cards or video games, and betting sporting events. For some teenagers and young adults, gambling can become a problem, like addictions to drugs, alcohol or tobacco. Teens with a gambling problem need help to stop gambling and move forward with their lives.

Do You Have a Gambling Problem?

- Is gambling the most exciting activity in your life?
 - 2. Do you lose time from school or work due to gambling?

- 3. Do you spend much of your free time gambling or daydreaming about gambling?
- 4. Do you lie to your friends or family about how much or how often you gamble?
- 5. Do you have an intense interest in sports related magazines, newspapers or sporting events on TV?
- 6. Have references to gambling increased in your conversation?
- Do you flash large amounts of money or show an exaggerated display of jewelry or clothing?
- 8. Do you gamble to escape worry or trouble?
- 9. Do arguments, disappointments or frustrations cause you to gamble?
- 10. Do you gamble to impress your friends?
- 11. Have you felt "no good", guilty or depressed because you lost money gambling?
- 12. Have your family or friends said that they notice a change in your behavior or personality, such as irritability, impatience or sarcasm?

- 13. Have you borrowed money or used money that was given to you for another purpose to gamble?
- 14. Have you stolen money or property from your parents, employer or anyone else to gamble or pay off a gambling debt?
- 15. When you lose do you want to return to gambling to win your money back?
- 16. Do you feel that making a big win will solve your problems?
- 17. Have you had difficulty trying to stop gambling?
- 18. Have you had self-destructive thoughts because of your problem related to gambling?

If you answered YES to any of these questions, you may have a problem with gambling.

Help Is Available
Call 604-507-4099 or
Toll-free 1-866-507-4099
E-Mail 800gambler@shaw.ca
British Columbia Association for
Problem Gambling

For information on support services near you. Gambling-specific treatment, education, outreach and referral programs, Gambler's Anonymous and Gam-Anon chapters all provide services for teen, young adults and their families.

What's so cool about gambling?

At first, gambling can make a teenager feel good. It can also be among a teen's most exciting activities. Free time may often be spent gambling. A teen's image may be enhanced because of a winning streak. Losses may be seen as "bad luck"

As the gambling addiction gets worse, a gambler may borrow money, skip classes or work, lie about where he or she is going, fight with parents, other family members and friends, or sell possessions to make bets or pay off gambling debts.

A teenager or young adult addicted to gambling may experience severe ups and downs, fail in school, steal money from parents, family members or others; and even commit crimes for money in order to gamble. Nothing or no one will come before a bet. A person addicted to gambling may also consider suicide as a way out.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROBLEM GAMBLING

The British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling is an organization dedicated to increasing public awareness about problem and compulsive gambling and advocating on behalf of problem gamblers and their families. The Association operates a Help-Line service, trains practitioners in the field, and provides assistance to all levels of government, industry, academia and the consumer marketplace on gambling related issues. The Association does not take a position in support or opposition of gambling.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROBLEM GAMBLING

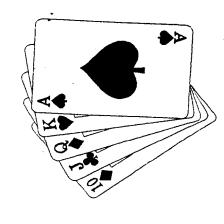
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What's so

Cool

About

Gambling?



Hope for recovery

Compulsive gambling is a diagnosable, treatable condition that affects the gambler, the family, the employer and the community. It is called the "hidden illness" since there is no smell on the breath or stumbling of steps or speech.

Nonetheless, it is as debilitating as an alcohol or drug problem.

Here are some questions you should ask yourself if you feel you have a problem with gambling.

- Do you lose time from work due to gambling?
- 2. Does gambling make your home life unhappy?
- 75 So 3. Does gambling affect your reputation?
- 4. Do you ever feel remorse after gambling?
- 5. Do you ever gamble to get money with which to pay debts or otherwise solve financial difficulties?
- 6. Does gambling cause a decrease in your ambition or efficiency?
- 7. After losing, do you have a strong urge to return and win more?
- 8. After a win, do you have a strong urge to return and win more?
- Do you often gamble until your last dollar is gone?

- Do you ever borrow to finance your gambling?
- Do you ever sell anything to finance gambling?
- Are you refuctant to use "gambling money" for normal expenditures?
- 13. Does gambling make you careless about the welfare of your family?
- 14. Do you ever gamble longer than you planned?
- 15. Do you ever gamble to escape worry or trouble?
- Do you ever commit, or consider committing, an illegal act to finance your gambling?
- 17. Does gambling cause you to have difficulties sleeping?
- 18. Do arguments, disappointments, or frustrations create within you an urge to gamble?
- 19. Do you have an urge to celebrate good fortune by a few hours of gambling?
- 20. Do you ever consider self-destruction as a result of your gambling?

If you answer "yes" to at least seven of the twenty questions you could have a compulsive gambling problem.

(The Twenty Questions of Gamblers Anonymous)

For more information about Problem Gambling

British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling Area Code 604-507-4099 or Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099

Visit our website at www.problem-gambling.com

E-mail: 800gambler@shaw.ca

The gambler

" I couldn't think of one day of life without gambling"

"I knew if I went on vacation they would find out I had been taking money from the company. I took money from my seven-year-old son, "borrowed" from my family and took any money I could get my hands on a legal or otherwise to gamble. I was totally out of control. I needed help and I knew it."

Who is a compulsive gambler?

A compulsive gambler is a person who:

- is always thinking about gambling or how to get money to gamble with;
- often gambles larger amounts of money or over a longer period of time than intended;

needs to increase the size or number of bets to reach a high of excitement;

229

- experiences restlessness or becomes very nervous or upset if unable to gamble;
- repeatedly loses money by gambling and returns another day to win back losses (chasing);
- repeats efforts to reduce or stop gambling;
- often gambles when expected to meet social or work obligations;
- misses important social, work, or recreational activities in order to gamble;

continues to gamble even though they cannot pay back the debts they have or despite other significant social, work, or legal problems that are complicated by gambling.

When a gambling problem exists, many of these behaviours are present well before the gambler suffers a major financial crisis.

Compulsive gambling can be explained by three phases.

1. The winning phase

While the gambler is winning, he/she feels lucky, important, and likes who they are. Their self-esteem is high. The occasional loss is considered just bad luck.

2. The losing phase

When the losses increase, the gambler becomes less confident, begins borrowing money to get even and then hides the losses by borrowing more money. At this point, lies, loan frauds, absenteeism, family disputes and job changes are common danger signals.

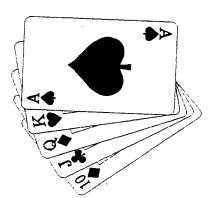
3. The desperation phase

The gambler becomes obsessed with getting even to cover stolen money, hidden withdrawals from family bank accounts and secret loans. The gambler panics at the thought that the gambling action will cease if the credit or bailouts stop. The gambler can experience severe mood swings and suicide may be attempted as a way out.

GAMBLING

CAN BE

ADDICTIVE



You Can Beat It

British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling Area Code 604 507-4099 or Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099 E-mail: 800gambler@shaw.ca Visit our website at www.problem-gambling.com

What is gambling?

Any time you bet money or something of value on an event of uncertain outcome, you are gambling. This includes raffles, lotteries, bingo and sports events.

Problem gambling

Gambling is a problem when it adversely affects: relationships, family, friends; physical, social and mental health; employment; or finances.

Some kinds of gambling

When some people think of gambling, they think only of casino gambling. In fact, gambling occurs in many forms. Here are some examples:

- V Lotteries
- Casinos
 Casinos
- ▶ Bingo
- > Scratch Tickets
- Pull Tabs (Nevada Tickets)
- Race track betting
- Stock Market Speculation
- VLT'S and Slot Machines
- > Card ?ames

- ➤ Betting on Sports Games (Football, Golf)
- Betting on games of skill (Pool, Bowling)

Who is at risk?

The following are some signs that a person may have a gambling problem:

- Seambling for longer periods of timespending long or increasing amounts of time at gambling venues
- Pre-occupation with gambling constantly thinking about and preparing for gambling
- "Chasing losses" gambling more often and playing higher stakes to "win back" lost money
- Frequent, unexplained absences from home or work and undue secrecy
- ➤ Gambling to escape from obligations or life's daily pressure
- ▶ Growing debt from gambling lying or criminal activity to finance gambling
- Neglecting family / personal needs e.g. nutrition, sleep, schooling, general wellbeing

Tips for responsible gambling

For many people gambling is exciting and entertaining. They make careful decisions about spending time and money, where to go and how to have fun.

The following are some ways people gamble responsibly:

- ➤ Gamble for entertainment, not as a way to make money
- ➤ Balance gambling with other leisure activities
- Only use discretionary income, not money for everyday expenses
- Set a budget and stick to it
- ➤ If you are losing, don't chase your losses
- ▼ Set a time limit
- ➤ Take frequent breaks

What you can do

If you think you have a problem or know someone who does, there are many qualified people you can call. We can help you with more information or refer you to the right person in your area.

miscenceptions about gambling Common

believe they can "win big" over time. Gambling is often regarded with a The following are some common sense of mystique. Many people misconceptions about gambling

- > Gambling is an easy way to make money
- Y Gambling is the solution to my problems
- ✓ I believe I can beat the odds
- Borrowing to gamble is okay
- I can always win it back
- This machine is ready for a large payoff
- several times in a row, the next time it is If you flip a coin and comes up "heads" more likely to come up "tails"
- My lottery number is bound to come up if I play it consistently 入
- I don't have a gambling problem, it's a financial problem

If you need to call

There is someone you can talk to at:

British Columbia Association For Problem Gambling

For more information about the Association and its programs and services, you can contact us as follows:

In British Columbia:

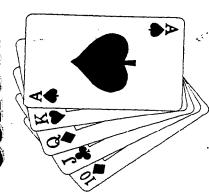
Area Code 604 507-4099 Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099

www.problem-gambling.com 800gambler@shaw.ca Look for us at E-Mail -

PROBLEM GAMBLING BRITISH COLUMBIA **ASSOCIATION FOR**

Gamble With dollars... If You

Sense.



A 24-hour gambling Help Line

provides confidential information and support to people with gambling problems,

CALL 604-507-4099
Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099
E-Mail 800gambler@shaw.ca
Website:
www.problem-gambling.com

British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling provides

information about problem gambling to gamblers and those who are concerned about them.

Information and support are also available from Gamblers Anonymous (GA) and Gam-Anon. Check your telephone directory for listings or contact the British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling to see if there is a group in your

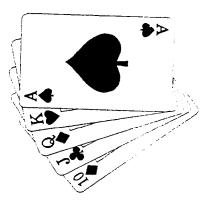
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CALL :604-507-4099 Toll-Free: 1-866-507-4099 E-Mail – 800gambler@shaw.ca

Our Website: www.problem-gambling.com

And Olow Connectined

Co-Worker's Gambling?



If you think one of your colleagues has a gambling problem, you may feel reluctant to say something to the person involved. It is awkward to bring up personal issues in the workplace, and money is a particularly sensitive subject. However, it is possible to express your concern in a caring manner.

Gambling

ticket, or dropping a few loonies into a video Gambling is a popular form of recreation in lottery terminal over the lunch hour. Most people who take part in these activities do British Columbia. At work, it may mean playing the office pool, buying a raffle not develop gambling problems.

Signs of problem gambling

problem with continual losses and mounting For about 5% of adults, however, gambling is a problem. It may be an isolated case of debts. At the extreme end of this range is gathological gambling, where people are Unable to control their gambling much as overspending, or it may be an ongoing those addicted to alcohol are unable to control their drinking.

work. Work and other commitments may be opportunities to gamble. The gambler may scheduled in a way that accommodates the can extend into the workplace. A problem The negative effects of problem gambling gambler may be too distracted to focus on regularly take extended lunch hours, and may even use money from staff funds to gambling - or provides additional gamble or cover debts

Signs of a potential gambling problem are:

> borroy g money frequently

- continually boasting about winnings AA
- complaining about debts more than
- experiencing drastic mood swings
- spending increasing amount of time gambling during lunch hours and after work AA
- making an unusually high number of personal telephone calls Д
 - deteriorate: being distracted, missing allowing work performance to deadlines, having frequent or unexplained absences
- exhibiting personality changes; being irritable, secretive, dishonest A

What can you do?

observations with your co-worker. Don't try to be clear about your role. As a concerned to diagnose the problem, provide advice, or Before you express your concerns, it helps expect any sign that your co-worker has colleague, you could simply share your accepted your expression of concern.

These tips may help you:

- I've been noticing changes in your work, ➤ Be clear, non-judgmental, and speak and I am worried about you only for yourself
 - lunch every day, too distracted to work I see you coming in very late from Use work related observations all afternoon ٨
 - Be positive

- Your work is usually so good, and you always meet your deadlines
- have had to finish two of your projects. Explain how the problem affects you I had to cover up your absence last Monday afternoon A
 - and I won't lend you any more money won't be covering up for you again, Be clear about your position Ā
 - I don't want to pry into your life, but] had to let you know I am concerned Respect personal boundaries
- They all carry the phone number of the which may be of further help to you. There are other pamphlets available Provide information, not advice Canadian Foundation on Problem Gambling
 - Be prepared for denial or a hostile reaction A

It's difficult for me to bring it up, too, It must be uncomfortable to hear this. but I am concerned about

could range from gratitude to denial to open help. Or it may have no noticeable effect at Your co-workers reaction to your remarks eventually motivate your colleague to get immediate action by the co-worker, or it hostility. The outcome is difficult. Your might be one of several messages that expression of concern might result in

you have provided him or her with essential Whatever your co-worker chooses to do, information and support.

How can you prevent problem gambling?

Keep a balance in your life. Make careful decisions about how you spend your time, money and energy.

Here are some ideas that may help:

- Set a limit on the amount of time that you spend gambling, and on the size of your bets. If you go over the limits often, get help.
- Problem gamblers often gamble alone, so get involved in activities with other people. Take an evening class, join a club or sports group, become a volumteer.
- Special instead. Take up a hobby, save for a vacation, or treat your children to a surprise outing.
- books or borrow videos from your local library or community agencies, so you have a complete picture of all aspects of gambling and problem gambling.

Help is available

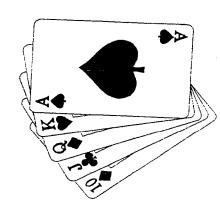
If you are concerned that you or someone you know may have a gambling problem, help is available Call in British Columbia Area Code 604- 507-4099

British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling Call 604-507-4099 or Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099 E-mail80gambler@shaw.ca Visit our website at www.problem-gambling.com

when it's

no longer

a game



problem gambling

What is gambling?

For many people, gambling is something they do occasionally, as a form of recreation. They buy a lottery ticket, bet a few dollars on a horse, or drop a loonie into a machine. When the draw or the game is over, they go on to other non-gambling activities.

What is problem gambling?

For some people, however, gambling becomes a problem, and the problem can range from minor to quite serious.

It could be as simple as gamble a little more often than intended, or spending a little more money than intended – maybe making it hard for you to pay the utility bills or meet a car payment some month.

It could also be more serious than that. It could mean you're spending a lot more time and money than you can really afford on gambling, and it's having a noticeable negative effect in other area of your life – causing excessive debt, marriage problems, even illegal activity.

What are some signs that a person may have a gambling problem?

Spends large amounts of time gambling. This allows little time for family, friends or hobbies.

Begins to place larger, more frequent bets Trager bets are necessary to get the same level of excitement.

Has growing debts

The person with a gambling problem is secretive or defensive about money, and may borrow money from family members or friends.

- Pins hopes on the "big win".

 The problem gambler believes the big win, rather than changing the gambling behavior, will solve financial or other problems.
- Promises to cut back on gambling
 The problem gambler is unable to reduce or stop gambling.
- The person with a gambling problem may be away from home or work for long periods of time, or may make an unusually high number of telephone calls.
- Feels frequent highs and lows
 If unable to gamble, the problem gambler
 misses the thrill of the action and may be
 bad-tempered, withdrawn, depressed or
 restless. During a winning streak, the
 gambler is on a high.
- The person with a gambling problem loves to relive a win but will make light of losses when others express their concern. Wins and losses may also be kept a secret.
- Prefers gambling to a special family occasion

 The problem gambler may arrive late or miss family events such as birthdays, school activities and other family gatherings.
- Seeks new places to gamble close to home and away

 The problem gambler may insist that evenings out or even family vacations be at places where gambling is available.

Are you at risk of becoming a problem gambler?

Anyone who gambles can become a problem gambler. The risk varies from one person to the next. For some it is very low, while for others it is high.

There are many factors which affect your risk of becoming a problem gamblers. These include:

- how often you gamble
- how much money you bet
- what you believe about gambling
- how many of your family or friends gamble
- whether (and how much) you use alcohol or other drugs when you gamble
- how good you feel about yourself
- what kinds of gambling you like
- how you react to the thrill of a big risk

How many of these factors are present in your life? Your chances of becoming a problem gambler depend on the number of factors in your life and the ways these factors interact.

10 Questions

PARTINE PROBLEM GAMBLER

- Have you ever lost time from work due to gambling?
- Has gambling ever make your home life unhappy?
- 3. Have you ever gambled to get money with which to pay debts or otherwise solve financial difficulties?
- 4. After losing, did you feel you must return as soon as possible to win back your losses?
- 5. After a win, did you have a strong urge to return and win more?
- Did you often gamble until your last dollar was gone?
- 7. Did you ever borrow to finance your gambling?
- 8. Did gambling make you careless of the welfare of yourself or your family?
- Have you ever committed, or considered committing an illegal act to finance gambling?
- Have you ever considered self destruction as a result of your gambling?

If you answer yes to any one of these questions, you may have a gambling problem.

WE CAN HELP

The British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling is dedicated to provide education and awareness to all citizens of British Columbia –

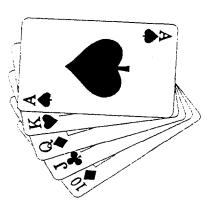
- Educate the private sector, the business communities and school systems
- Establish and maintain statistics
- Early prevention and identification
- Help the families
- Provide contacts to Gamblers Anonymous and Gam-Anon
- Provide a province wide certification program and train health care professionals
- Referrals to treatment providers certified in problem and compulsive gambling
- Strive toward making British Columbia a better place to live and raise our families

BRITISH COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROBLEM GAMBLING

Call 604-507-4099 or Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099 E-mail 800gambler@shaw.ca

Visit our website at www.problem-gambling.com

GAMBLING IS RECREATION



If it becomes a problem....

Call 604-507-4099

THINK ABOUT THIS...

Gambling can be fun, but not when your life is riding on every bet. When your gambling is out of control, the game isn't about fun and winning. It's about having enough money to keep playing. That is the time to find the strength within yourself to say, "it's time I talked to someone."

Compulsive gambling will lead to serious consequences. Most problem gamblers give up hope, thinking there is no escape from their gambling habits. Some lose everything and declare bankruptcy. In extreme cases, they may even be reduced to stealing or considering taking their own lives, just to have their problems end.

break free of your gambling problem. You can talk to people who have been there, have seen what gambling can do and know what it takes to get back to a normal life.

You need to take the first step. No one can help you until you recognize that you want to change. If you think you might need help, call the British Columbia Association for Problem Gambling. In British Columbia call Area Code 604-507-4099 or toll-free 1-866-507-4099. The call is free and confidential. No one will know you called, but you'll feel better knowing that you did.

WHAT IS COMPULSIVE GAMBLING?

Gambling, for most people, is a recreational activity. However, for an estimated 2 to 4% of the general population, gambling results in an addiction. Compulsive gambling is a progressive disease, much like an addiction to alcohol or drugs.

In many cases, the gambling addiction is hidden until the gambler cannot function without gambling, and he/she begins to exclude all other activities. Not all compulsive gamblers show the same signs and symptoms of addiction, there are differences in gender, age or cultural backgrounds, but most will:

- Use gambling as a coping strategy called Escape/Relief to mask underlying emotional pain.
- Rely on the excitement to make themselves feel good.
- Wager higher amounts to win back their losses.
- > Believe that they can get out of debt with a big win.
- White their gambling from family and friends and lie about money.
- Find the financial problem becomes an emotional one.

Eventually become emotionally, mentally and physically distressed.

THERE IS HELP

A TREATABLE DISEASE

Compulsive gamblers, in the grip of this disease, feel trapped and helpless. They often make promises to themselves and to others to stop gambling – yet they will continue to gamble. Willpower alone has proven ineffective to stop gambling. There is hope!

Many compulsive gamblers ask for help only after they have exhausted all means to stay "in action" In many cases they will have lost their home, business, family, friends, self-esteem and have created legal problems along the way. These problems may seem overwhelming.

They can stop gambling, regain their selfesteem and, once again, earn the trust and love of family and friends. Treatment is available by trained and certified counselors who understand this addiction. There is also the twelve-step program of Gamblers Anonymous for continued support.

In British Columbia Area Code 604-507-4099 We understand, listen & can help! Call is free and confidential

Some Problem Gambling Warning Signs

Do you

- gamble more often, or with more money, than you intend?
- Chase losses?
- Neglect family, friends self or work in order to gamble?
- Gamble to escape worries or troubles?
 - Constantly think of gambling?
- Hope for a "big win" to resolve financial or other problems?
- Borrow money or juggle funds to gamble or pay debts?
- Have conflicts with others over money or gambling?
- Have mood swings because of your gambling, or experience anger, depression, suicidal thoughts or anxiety?
 - Continue to gamble despite negative consequences and efforts at control?

If you would like support to cut down, or to stop gambling, please contact:

BRITISH COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROBLEM GAMBLING

Our services are free and confidential

Our programs aim to be accessible and responsive to the unique needs and concerns of women.

We strive to maintain a climate of safety and respect.

We offer:

- Initial counseling (in person or by phone)
- Group workshops for professionalsSupport and information in such areas as:

Relapse prevention
Life enrichment:
Rebuilding relationships
Coping with stress
Leisure and nutrition
Self-esteem
Dealing with guilt and
shame

BRITISH COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROBLEM GAMBLING

Area Code 604- 507-4099 Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099 E-mail – 800gambler@shaw.ca Visit Our Website at www.problem-gambling.com

WOMEN

S S

PROBLEM GAMBLING

When Dreams

Become Nightmares



When Dreams Become **Nightmares**

honest and dependable. All that has changed. chaos. I hate lying to my boss, cheating the bank, scrambling to pay bills, living in fear. The roulette wheel has spun my world into successful career. I was good with money, I used to feel good about myself. I had a

an easy way to get extra money to treat the kids. It started as fun, buying a few scratch tickets. I felt lucky when I won \$1000. I thought it was want to know why we never have any food or spending the little money we had. The kids Soon I was buying tickets every day. I was fun anymore.

lost all the money their father worked so hard to noise, the special treatment. It helped me forget going on my own, and moved from the quarter to the dollar slots. How can I tell my kids I've After my husband died, friends took me to the save? I'm so ashamed. I'm glad my husband casino for a night out. I loved the slots, the my grief and fill the lonely hours. I started sn't here to see what I've done.

Gladys

to desperate efforts to win back the money. The create hopes of even bigger wins. Losing leads through cycles of despair and hope. Over time, the debts mount as self-esteem plummets. The everyday worries, they have become trapped. Winning can create an urge to play more and gambling for money, fun or time out from spiral is downward as the gambler moves These women have run into trouble with gambling. Like many people who begin dreams become nightmares.

Women and Problem Gambling

he gambling current. For some, the high of the create financial and legal problems and impact easy access to it, women have been swept into With increased acceptance of gambling, and action, or the escape of gambling, becomes relationships, disrupt work, damage values, addictive. Ultimately it can threaten spoom uc

affects as many women as men. Sometimes it is mental health concerns or addiction to drugs or relationships, a history of trauma, abuse, loss, Problem gambling can affect any woman. It related to other life issues such as troubled alcohol

often lacks the support to make changes. Family woman struggling with urges to gamble, and the silenced by shame, guilt and fear. She may feel financial, spiritual and emotional losses. She and friends may be judgmental or rejecting. Problem gambling tends to be invisible. A pain of losing control, may be secretive isolated and overwhelmed by mounting

Too often women

suffer alone

even when help

is available.

Turning on the Lights

week. When I was laid off I started to play more women's group, I'm enjoying life without going For years my friends and I played Bingo every changes in our relationship. It was hard to cut My husband worried about the money and the back, but with his help, and the support of my often. The kids were grown and I was bored. crazy at bingo.

June

husband in Vegas. He went to jail for gambling about balance, about being gently but assertive, My whole family gambles. When I was young self-respect. I feel so much more in control of related crimes....I went for help. I'm learning about honouring my needs and feelings, about my mom took me to the track every day. My dad played poker with my uncles. I met my my life and my future.

keep the secret. It's been a journey of discovery broke me. I collapsed in exhaustion trying to I gave everything I had to be the perfect wife. Gambling was my only break. Eventually it to share my struggles with others, to have someone to listen and care.

found the support of a treatment program critical neglecting their own needs. These women have Women often nurture and care for others while to re-establishing a healthy, balanced lifestyle that promotes a sense of well-being.

239

PROBLEM GAMBLING WARNING SIGNS

- INVESTING INCREASING AMOUNTS OF TIME & MONEY GAMBLING
- NEGLECTING FAMILY, FRIENDS, SELF OR WORK IN ORDER TO GAMBLE
- PREOCCUPATION WITH GAMBLING
- HOPES FOR A "BIG WIN" TO SOLVE FINANCIAL OR OTHER PROBLEMS
- DISTORTED OR UNREALISTIC EXPECTATIONS ABOUT WINNING, MAGICAL OR SUPERSTITIOUS THINKING, DENIAL RATIONALIZATION
- BORROWING, JUGGLING FUNDS,
 SELLING POSSESSIONS, AVOIDING BILLS,
 TO FINANCE GAMING OR DEBTS
- ENGAGING IN ILLEGAL ACTS (FRAUD, THEFT; PROSTITUTION)
- MOOD SWINGS RELATED TO GAMBLING (GUILT, SHAME, IRRITABILITY, DEPRESSION, FEAR)
- GAMBLING TO SEEK A HIGH OR ESCAPE
- CONFLICTS WITH OTHERS OVER GAMBLING, LYING, HIDING DEBTS
- CONTINUING TO GAMBLE DESPITE SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES AND EFFORTS TO CONTROL IT

SPECIAL ISSUES FOR WOMEN WITH CAMBLING CONCERNS

Society's stereotype of the gambler, a male image (big shot, big spender, big ego) does not match the female experience. A woman struggling with gambling habits is more likely to be a closet gambler and harbour considerable guilt. Her self-esteem is often low. She is socially stigmatized and holds high expectations of herself, feeling shame about her imperfections. Women often have a strong sense of responsibility for the wellbeing of others but limited permission to nurture themselves. The female gambler is often isolated from supports. The hidden nature of the gambling and low visibility means the problem is often not readily identified.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROBLEM GAMBLING

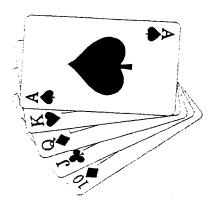
PH: (604) 507-4099 Toll-Free: 1-866-507-4099 E-Mail – 800gambler@shaw.ca

Our Website: www.problem-gambling.com

WOMEN

4

CAMBLING



BRITISH COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROBLEM GAMBLING

I first visited the casino with my mom. We had change my life. My life has changed. Loday, l a great time. I won a jackpot of \$3000 on the am \$35,000 in debt and facing fraud charges. slots. I thought, "Wow, what an easy way to make money". It gave me hope that I could

GAMBLING IN THE 90"S

Twenty years ago gambling was thought to be a little attention. With the legalization of gaming male domain. Gambling by women was given gambling is Canada's fastest growing industry. Gambling engages people of all ages, socioand the increased accessibility of venues,

economic levels and cultures. The number of women who gamble is increasing rapidly and entertainment. It ceases to be fun and population, gambling is a form of

preferences and patterns. * Men are drawn to

now equals the number. For 86% of the adult

progresses to problematic, often desperate,

levels for 2-6% of gamblers. Half of the

problem gamblers in Canada are women.

GAMBLING & GENDER

The research suggests that women are

somewhat different from men in their gambling

stakes. Women prefer a more solitary, less competition and fast action with big money

combative, type of game where luck rather than Women name that they also gamble to escape financial gain and aura of excitement attract both groups, men indicate that they like the challenge, status and ego boost of winning. activities for men are sports betting, table skill is involved. *Although the lure of loneliness, pain). * Favoured gambling unpleasant feelings (anger, boredom,

week. When they brought in the Nevada tickets For years I went to Bingo with my friends every fed up and refused to help. I feel so stupid and pension cheques. After a while my family got lest control, spanding more and more of my

games, lotteries and racetrack events. Women

sometimes prefer bingo, lotteries, slot & video

poker machines.

Gladys

to illegal activity to keep playing or pay debts. Many problem gamblers (2 out of 3) turn Women are more likely to pass bad checks or embezzle than involve themselves in larceny, tax evasion or violence. My relationship was troubled, my job stressful The only thing that made me feel alive and offered some relief was the excitement of the

poker games. It was a way to beat men at their mattered. I neglected the kids and forgot what with shame and feeling desperate, I considered own game. Being in action became all that smotionally and financially bankrupt. really mattered. I ended up morally, suicide.

Laura

the female problem gambler Although most women begin gambling as

addicted or mentally ill parents. There is a high drug/alcohol abuse are 2-3 times higher than in rapid. Women who gamble are more likely to concerns and stress related ailments are higher rate of suicide attempts (17-24%) by problem gamblers. Rates of depression, mental health be alone (single, divorced or separated) than adults, the progression into problems can be the general population. Problem gambling their male counterparts. Research suggests more troubled pasts such as abuse, trauma, psychological and spiritual devastation for than for non-problem gamblers. Rates of orientations..and socio-economic levels. women of all ages, cultures, sexual causes financial, emotional, social,

Things that used to count (friends, sports, and what you want to do with your life) don't matter anymore.

how to keep it "Just for FUN,

to keep gambling where it belongs (just one of the many things you do for entertainment)

Here are some tips that have worked for others.

They may also work for you.

If you're involved in games of chance or betting:

- Expect to lose (The odds are that you
- Set a cutoff point. Decide how much you're willing to lose. (quit while you're ahead)
- credit. If you borrow to gamble, you Make it a private rule not to play on may not be able to pay it back.
- clanging bells look and sound exciting Don't get taken in by the glitz and the glamour. The flashing lights and the when you're winning. They're little comfort to you when you lose.

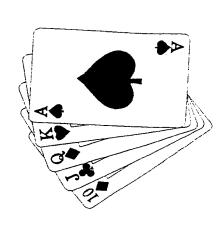
Treat the money you lose as the cost of your entertainment. Look on whatever you win as a "bonus".

OF IT!



Area Code 604 507-4099 or Toll-Free 1-866-507-4099 E-Mail: 800gambler@shaw.ca

www.problem-gambling.com Visit our website at



When you're not in school, there are lots of things you do for entertainment.

You play sports, watch movies or hang around, just talking. Or you may see who can beat who at your favourite video game.

Like most young people you enjoy taking a chance on things. You bet on the high school basketball game. You join in a family pool for the football finals. You scratch and hope you win. (At the very least, you hope you win another ticket!)

What makes this kind of thing so much fun?

It could be because of the risk you take. In most cases, you risk a little...to win a lot.

Or it could be the chance to show your colours. When you make a bet, you go out on a limb for something. You're an all-out fan for the home team. And you're willing to bet that extra \$5 you make that they'll take the game this Friday.

Or you just have this hunch. You're "sure" that this week's draw will make you an easy million. So you plan to buy a couple of tickets. (Just think what you could do with all that money!)

You day-dream a little.

The thing some people like best about betting is the hope it gives you. You may need money for clothes, entertainment, even for college. You see yourself driving a snazzy new car. Or buying nice things for your family. It's fun playing "What could I have to be a start of the st

"What'd I tell you?"

You not only said which team would win the game. You predicted how much they'd win it by. (Isn't it nice for a change to be right?)

It makes you a winner, too!

When you bet on your favourite team, you're part of the action. In a way you're right there on the field with them. You see yourself throwing the ball, or catching it, and weaving your way into the end zone to score the touchdown that wins the game.

and "SO WHAT" IF YOU DON'T WIN?

Since the real fun is thinking about winning, it's no big deal when you get cards that no one could possible win with, or (with just one number to go) someone else yells "Bingo" first.

Since it's only a game, you take it all in your stride. Along with all the other people who didn't win, you shrug it off and move on to other things that are fun to do.

That's gambling for the fun of it.

Too bad it's not always like

While you and your friends may not take gambling all that seriously (and a lot of you don't gamble at all) for some people, losing doesn't come easy. When they bet on something they feel they just have to win. It's this need to win that can lead to problem gambling.

When people feel this way they can develop a gambling problem. Once they're "into it", the more they gamble, the more they want to gamble.

They start by gambling more than they ever meant to. And wind up losing more than they can afford.

As time goes by, they spend more time gambling, and less time enjoying sports, studying, and just having fun with their friends.

That's why it's important to keep an eye on it. Because once gambling problems develop more and more money and time is lost.



May 22, 2002

Mayor Brodie and Council Members Richmond City Hall City of Richmond 6911 No. 3 Road Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1 2040 -04

MAY 2 7 2002

RECEIVED LE

Dear Mayor Brodie and Members of City Council,

I was in attendance at the May 13th council meeting and listened to a number of speakers address the topic of gaming in Richmond. Several of the speakers made reference to the Problem Gambling Program, which I currently manage on behalf of the Province. Several statements about our program were presented as "facts", but were incorrect, and I wanted to take this opportunity to provide clarification.

One speaker commented that the only help for problem gamblers in BC was a toll free line, which sent callers to "volunteers".

Information and Referral Specialists staff the Problem Gambling Help Line and they refer callers to funded counselling agencies across the province for ongoing assessment and treatment for problem gambling. Agencies employ professional counsellors to deliver treatment services. The only volunteer organization for which information might be provided to a caller would be Gamblers Anonymous, a self-help organization designed in a 12-step model similar to Alcoholics Anonymous.

Another speaker stated the Problem Gambling Program had provided information on the "levels of addiction for slot machines" and that slots were "designed to hook women and seniors in particular". There is no evidence to support the speaker's statements.

The Problem Gambling Program takes a gaming neutral approach. We recognize that there are benefits and impacts from gaming in communities. Various biological and socio-economic factors can leave certain groups vulnerable to addiction, whether alcohol, other drugs or gambling. We respect an adult's right to choose how they spend their leisure time. It makes sense that we support healthy lifestyle choices and encourage responsible play for those who choose gambling as a form of entertainment. We are working with the gaming industry, developing awareness initiatives, to ensure that players are fully informed to minimize risks related to gaming.

I will be attending the meeting scheduled for May 28 and will bring some information about our program and some specific data related to Richmond.

Please contact me if you have any questions about problem gambling or about our program. I will be pleased to provide you with any information that will assist you in understanding this issue.

Sincerely,

Donna Klingspohn

Manager

Problem Gambling Program

RICHMOND CITY COUNCIL, TO CITY CLERK, RE-GAMBLING POLICY MAY 24 2002 TO BE DISCUSSED MAY 28 2002 TO THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF PICHMOND AS YOU KNOW OVER THE YEARS FOR A ONE MILE RACETRACK RICHMOND AS YOU KNOW SEVERAL PROPOSALS HAVE BEEN REJECTED FOR DIFFERENT REASONS WOODBINE RACETRACK IN TORONTO MAS RECENTLY AQUIRED HASTINGS PARK RACE TRACK, WHICH HAS SIMULCAST RACING WHERE YOU WAGER DIFFERENT TRACKS AND WATCH THE RACES ON MONITORS BEAMEDIN BY SATTELITE FROM SUCH TOP LINE RACETRACKS AS BELMONT, GUIF THE REASON IS RICMOND FOR THE LOWER MAINLAND A SIMALCAST ONLY DAY PREFERABLY ON AWEEK DAY AND SEE WELL THEY ARE RUN P.S. I HAVE NO K. LOCKHART # 304-4900 ULTERIOR MOTIVE

GAMING POLICY

Input into City Bylaw Respecting Operations of the Great Canadian Casino

With respect to city council desiring public input into a new bylaw governing the operations of Richmond's Great Canadian Casino.

It is imperative that city council include into the new casino bylaw exclusive taxi parking for pickup and drop-off near side the casino entrance.

Previous bylaws have failed to include a taxi policy, this is caused continuous annoyances and aggravation for taxi drivers who are trying to provide a public service picking up and dropping up customers, but continuously being hassled by the casino parking security who are demanding taxis to move away from the casino doors and sometimes parking security go to the extent of asking the taxis to move from the casino grounds altogether.

Taxis are only trying to provide a customer service, and should not be exposed to overzealous security that have nothing better to do with their time but bother taxi drivers.

I have had personal experiences with parking security at 3:00 A.M. To 4:00 A.M. in the mornings and I find that the parking security's attitude repugnant.

This situation can only be resolved with the City of Richmond imposing that the new Great Canadian Casino provide taxi stands.

Since there are two competing taxi companies in Richmond, the Great Canadian Casino bylaw should include that taxis line up on a first come, first serve basis at the taxi stand.

Thanks for taking to reading my input into the casino bylaws.

Sincerely,

Arne Sanders 4231 Brown Road Richmond, B.C.,

V6X 2E9

Phone #: 604-816-3702

