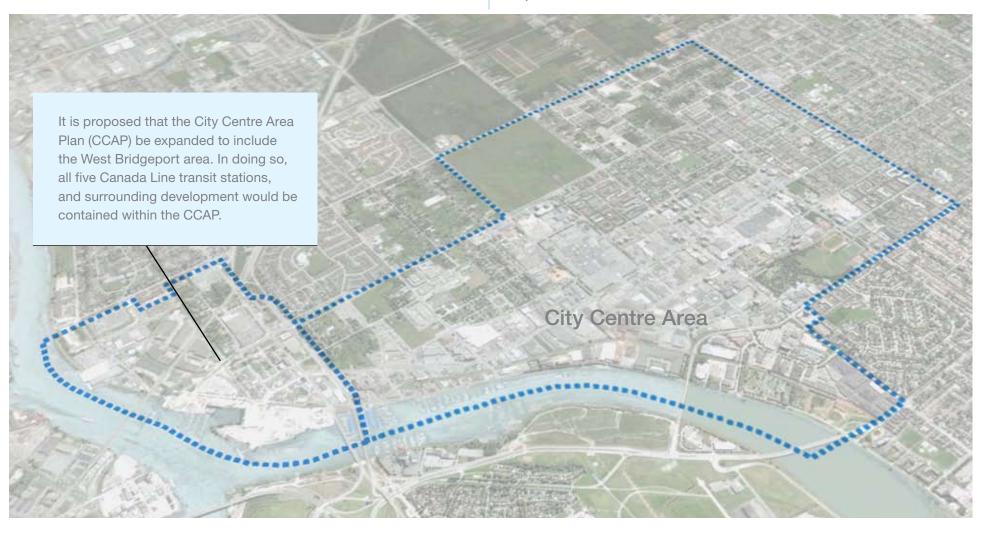
Envisioning Growth

July 2006



Study Purpose

This City Centre Area Plan (CCAP) Update Study will create the framework for future development in Richmond's downtown and outline a preferred scenario for growth within Richmond's City Centre core.

The purpose of the CCAP Update is to:

- Revisit and update the 2021 vision for the City Centre
- Identify a "capacity based framework" for development beyond 2021
- Coordinate land use designations, phasing objectives, and related policies with the "framework"

We are not trying to answer all issues regarding Implementation within the CCAP Study. Implementation will be addressed in more detail during the Official Community Plan (OCP) Update to be started in 2007.

We want to know your views

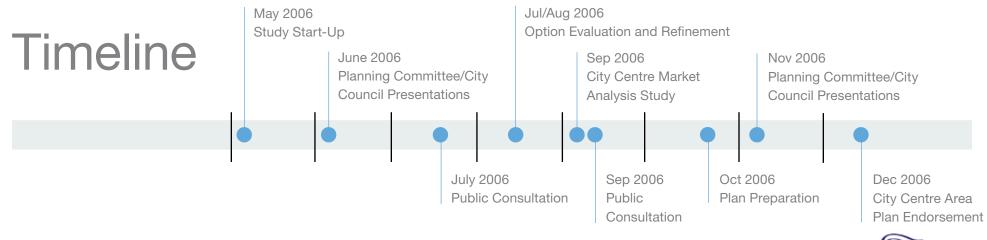


City Centre Growth & Change Since 1995

- Population has doubled from roughly 20,000 to 41,000 residents
- Jobs have remained steady at roughly 30% of Richmond's total, followed closely by Sea Island (Airport)
- High-rise towers have dramatically increased in number
- McLennan North and South, St. Albans, and Moffatt are nearing

regarding downtown growth!

- build-out
- Park space has increased from 169 acres to 189 acres; an additional 65 acres is earmarked for the Garden City Lands





)ND

Better in Every Way

City Centre Area Plan Update Study

IBI GROUP

Vision Goals and Objectives

July 2006



City Centre Area Vision

To be a "world class" urban centre and the centerpiece of Richmond as it emerges to fulfill its vision of becoming the "most appealing, livable, and well-managed community in Canada."

How do we achieve this vision? Smart Growth

Smart Growth involves urban development approaches that are socially, environmentally and fiscally responsible. Smart Growth enhances the quality of life in communities, complements ecosystem function and uses tax revenues wisely. The proposed City Centre Goals are:



Build a Complete Community

Create an inclusive urban community designed to support the needs of a diverse and changing population.

Build Green

Foster a culture that uniquely supports and celebrates Richmond as an island city by nature

- An interconnected network of distinctive, pedestrian-and transit-oriented, mixed-use "urban villages" designed to meet the needs of residents, workers and visitors
- A fine-grained, pedestrian-scale of public and private places and development, parks, open spaces, pedestrian and cycling linkages, and roads
- An balanced approach to current and future amenity needs designed to ensure adequate future capacity of City facilities and services
- A living landscape
- Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) Principles
- A platform for a green economy
- State-of-the-art sustainable development practices





Build Economic Vitality

Promote measures aimed to attract, enhance and retain business as well as measures that help the City Centre achieve a superior competitive position in the region.

Build a Legacy

Establish the City Centre as a premier urban riverfront community and an international meeting place.

- The celebration and enhancement of Richmond and its downtown as the region's "gateway to the world"
- Enhanced livability and the proximity of affordable, attractive housing, amenities, jobs and transit
- A distinctive, high-amenity urban environment that embraces its riverfront and the unique business, recreational, and lifestyle opportunities it offers
- Centre of excellence for sport and wellness
- Centre of excellence for arts, culture, and heritage
- Centre of excellence for sustainability



City Centre Area Plan Update Study



Guiding Principles

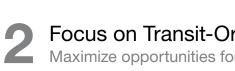
In addition to a strategy of Smart Growth, the following Guiding Principles will be used to help direct growth and development:



Make No. 3 Road the Main Street

Promote the continued growth and enhancement of No. 3 Road as Richmond's downtown "spine" and pre-eminent retail street.





Focus on Transit-Oriented Development

Maximize opportunities for people to live and work in a pedestrian-focused, high-amenity, mixed-use environment near transit.



Promote Urban Villages

Promote the development of Richmond's downtown as a pedestrian-focused, multi-centric network of urban, mixed-use villages and specialty-use precincts.



4 Provide Manage gr

Provide Healthy Housing Opportunities

Manage growth to ensure that the City Centre offers opportunities for a broad range of housing types, including a variety of affordable housing options.



5 Create Special Development Opportunities

Take advantage of the downtown's special attributes (e.g., riverfront, aircraft noise, flood management considerations, the Richmond Oval, and the Garden City Lands) to promote new land uses and niche markets.



Preserve Openness

Be a Garden City

public realm.

Manage high-rise development in a way that enhances the livability and appearance of the downtown, discourages its encroachment into lower-rise areas, and addresses potential impacts on neighbours.

Create a downtown that is characterized by its: • "Great Streets" • High-quality network of parks • Unique and dynamic riverfront • Animated, pedestrian-oriented





Promote A Culture of Walking & Cycling

Take steps to ensure that both the public and private sectors support walking and cycling as fundamental and integral parts of downtown development.

Create a Place, Not a Design

Develop a variety of interconnected outdoor spaces and amenities – urban parks, plazas public art, etc. that foster vibrant human interaction.



Coordinate Development

Ensure that City infrastructure and services can keep pace with growth. Develop "win-win" policies for private industry to pay for public amenities.



City Centre Area Plan Update Study



Site Context

Understanding Richmond's Downtown

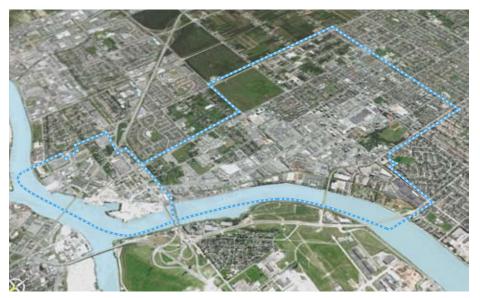
Richmond has recently seen strong residential growth and is expected to meet its 2021 population targets for Richmond's City Centre (62,000) and the city as a whole (212,000).

Comparing Two Cities Richmond City Centre



Vancouver City Centre







Approx. Population:41,000Approx. Area:2,050 ac

Approx. Population:85,000Approx. Area:1,431 ac

While Vancouver's downtown currently accommodates twice Richmond's City Centre population on three-quarters the land mass, there are some basic differences between these two communities could mean their development capacities are quite different.

Unlike Vancouver's downtown Richmond's City

Centre is restricted by:

- Building height "capped" at 15 stories due to YVR flight paths
- Underground parking structures prohibited due to soil conditions/cost
- Aircraft Noise Zones that restrict residential development



City Centre Area Plan Update Study

All information is preliminary and conceptual in nature, and is not meant to indicate intended zoning.

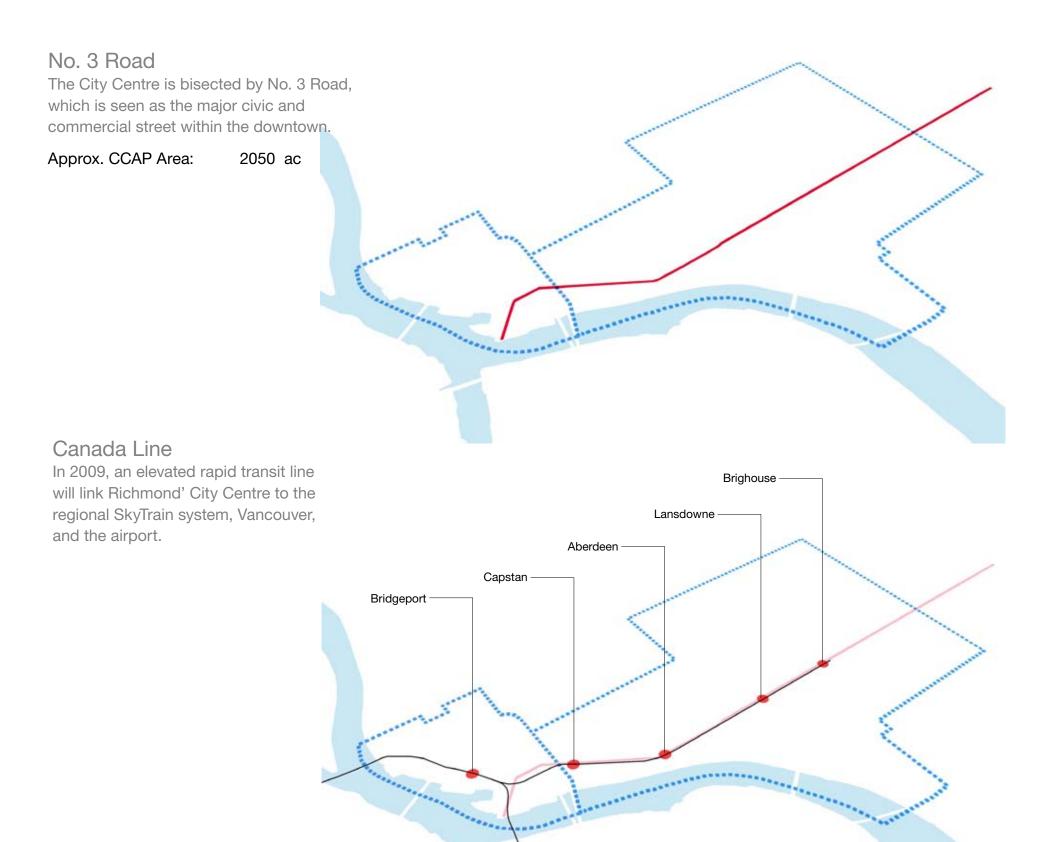


Richmond's City Centre is enhanced by:

- Untapped riverfront and transit-oriented development
 opportunities
- Proximity to YVR (employment, business, tourism)
- Richmond Oval

Study Area Infrastructure July 2006

The following three boards outline Richmond's City Centre Infrastructure to better understand its Development Capacity.



Existing Streets

Richmond's City Centre is further defined by its current pattern of streets that in turn outline its blocks, many of which are considered too long to support pedestrianfriendliness.

5



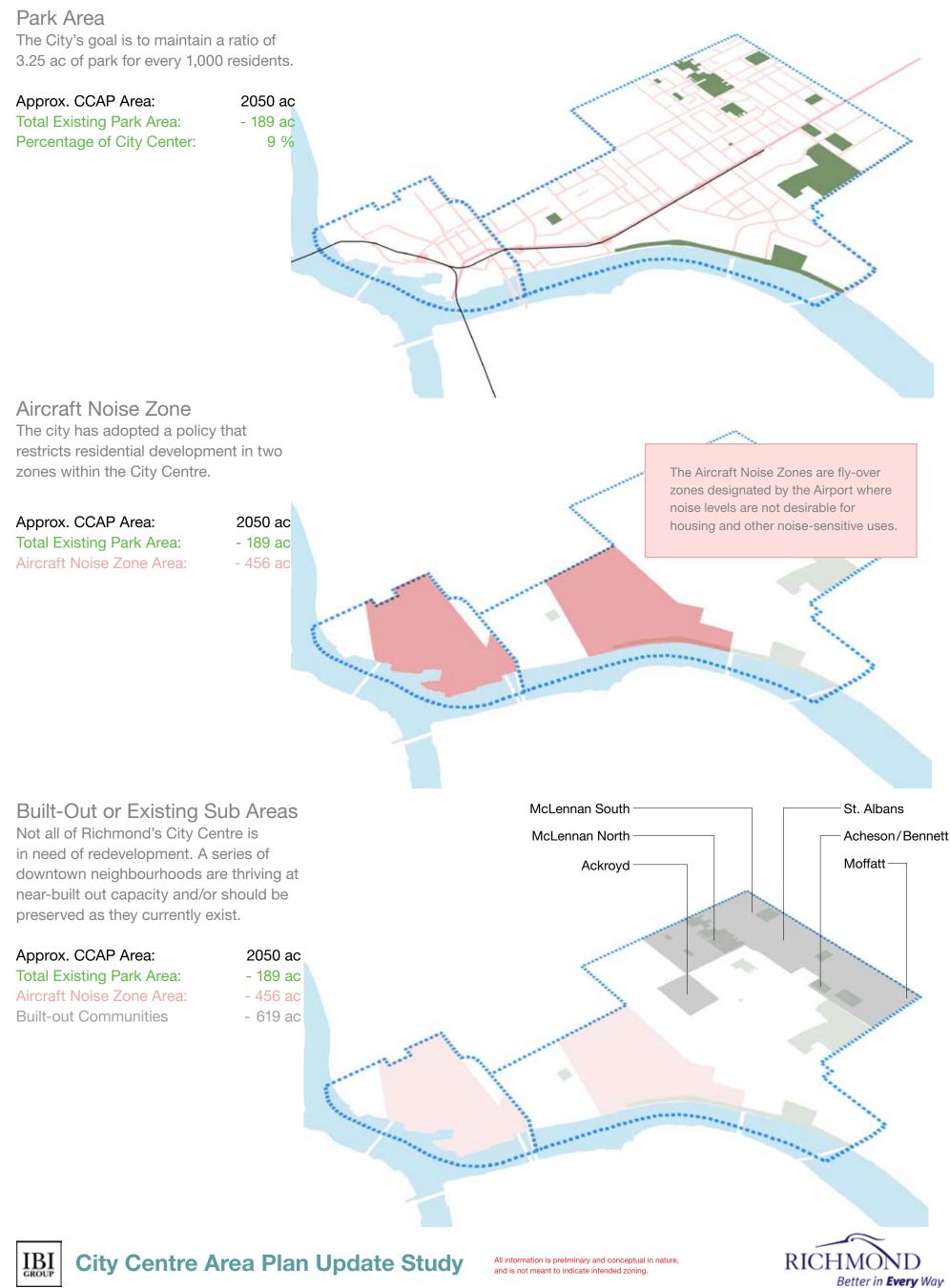


City Centre Area Plan Update Study



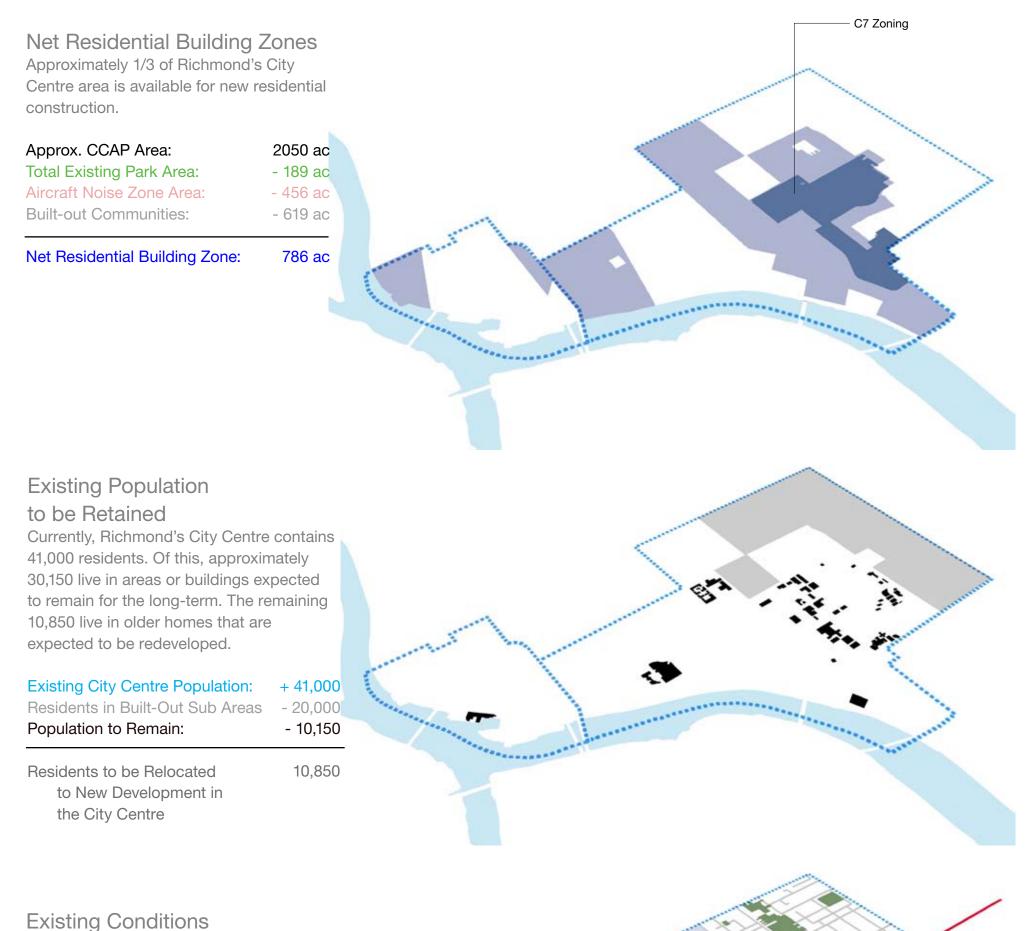
Study Area Infrastructure July 2006

While Richmond's City Centre represents a large land area, not all of it is available to further residential development.



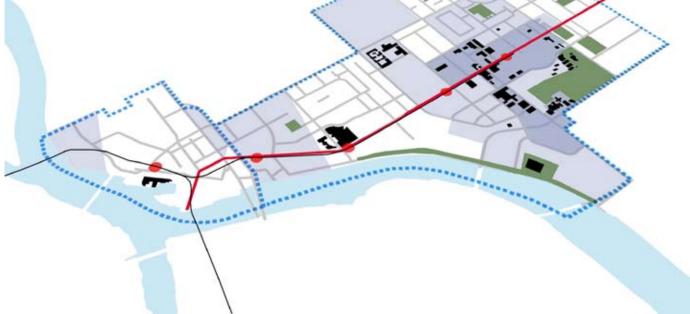
Study Area Infrastructure

By subtracting land required for Parks, restricted by the Aircraft Noise Zones, or eliminated by prior community development, a "Net" Residential Building Zones' figure can be calculated.



The area is a set illustrate law describes

of accommodating future residential growth in Richmond's City Center – approx. 786 acres.





City Centre Area Plan Update Study



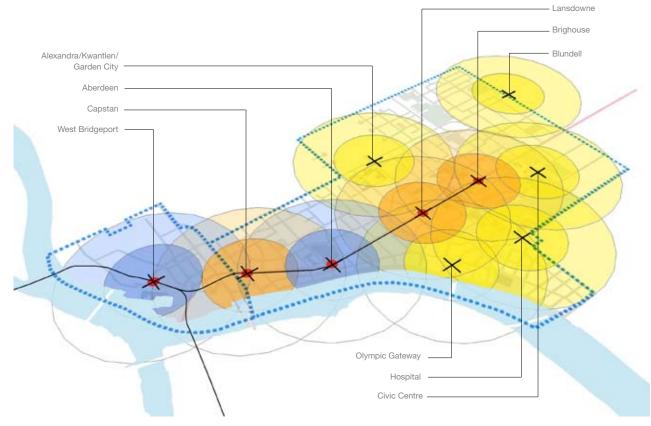
Urban Villages

It is proposed that Richmond's City Centre develop upon the principles of Transit-Oriented Development (TOD), where all residents are within a 5 to 10 minute walk of quick, efficient public transit.

Thus, residents can "live, work, shop, learn and play" in a pedestrian-friendly environment - without the need of a car.

It is suggested, further, that this notion of TOD be accomplished by designating 10 urban "villages" within the City Centre boundaries - half of which would be directly centered upon the Canada Line rapid transit system.

Each village would have unique and distinguishing characteristics. In combination they would form the DNA of a vibrant, walkable downtown core - one capable of meeting the stated "vision" of a "world class" urban centre... the "most appealing, livable and well-managed community in Canada."



Village Attributes

Each Village must provide for:

- 1 Transit Node
- 2 Transit Oriented Development
- 3 "Main Street"
- 4 Convenience Commercial & Personal Service Use
- 5 Specialty Commercial
- & Personal Service Use
- 6 Neighbourhood Parks & Children's Playgrounds
- 7 Affordable Housing

Some of the Villages may provide:

- 1 Branch Library
- 2 Community Centre
- 3 Community Park & Greenways
- 4 Community School 5 Community Police Office

- 8 A Childcare (0-6 years of age)
- 9 A Library Lending Service
- 10 Public Art
- 11 Social/Community Services
- 12 Recreational/Cultural Amenities

Some of the Villages may provide for citywide and regional services:

1 Vancouver Coastal Health "campus of care" (sub-area) 2 City-Wide Park Space (city) 3 Main Library (city) 4 Ice Arenas (city) 5 Aquatic Centre (city) 6 Seniors Centre (city)

7 Youth Centre (city) 8 Performing and Visual Arts Centre (city) 9 Community Service Centre (city) 10 Social/Community Service (city) 11 Community Safety Headquarters (city) 12 Richmond Oval (city/regional) 13 Public Art Gallery (city/regional)

14 Public Theatre (city/regional)

15 Place of Worship (city/regional)

16 Art/Ethnographic/Science Museum (city/regional)

- 17 Trade and Exhibition Centre (regional)
- 18 Post-Secondary Educational Institution
- 19 Cinema/Film Centre (regional)

Developer or property owner initiated changes to the zoning of existing properties must comply with City policies and regulations, which could require, among other things, the dedication and construction of the above characteristics, or the payment of funds in lieu of this.



City Centre Area Plan Update Study



Urban Villages

Urban Village Models

A "Critical Mass" or minimum density of 10,000–20,000 people is required in order to sustain businesses within each Village and the promote the development of amenities within walking distance.

Each of these icons represent possible land uses and are not meant to indicate building design. All numbers indicate general figures regarding job creation and residences for the area; not every building would support this number of jobs or residences.

al building

Major civ

These models are reflective of the potential development at 9 of the City Centres villages. The tenth village–Blundell–would be centered on the area's existing shopping centre, which is outside the City Centre, and will be addressed through the updating of the OCP in 2007.

Canada Line Villages



Minor civic square

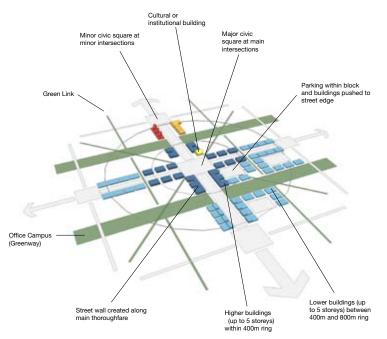
- Linked by the Canada Line
- Mixed-use Villages located around Brighouse (No. 3 Road North of Cook Road, Capstan (No. 3 Road at Capstan), Lansdowne (No. 3 Road at Lansdowne)

High-density residentia buildings within 400m

hehind mixed-use

Limited Residential Canada Line Villages

- Limited Residential development area
 (Due to aircraft noise policy boundary)
- Located around Aberdeen (No. 3 Road at Cambie) and West Bridgeport (River Road east of No. 3 Road) Canada Line Stations



Illustrative Building Models





High-Rise Residential Approx. 15 stories Avg. People/ Household: 2.3

Avg. Units/ Building: 90

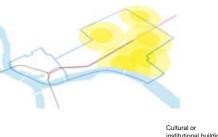
Pop./ Building: 207

Y

Mid-Rise Residential Approx. 4-6 stories Avg. People/ Household: 2.3 Avg. Units/ Building: 45

Bus Link Villages

Major Parks at intersection of Green Links



et wall created al n thoroughfare

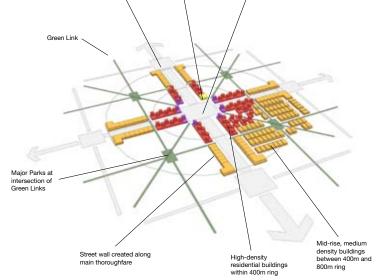
- Cultural or institutional building Minor civic square at minor intersections
- Urban Villages Off the Canada Line Mixed-Use Villages located at Olympic Gateway (Gilbert Road at CP Rail), Civic Centre (Minoru Blvd. at Granville), Hospital (Gilbert Road at Westminster), Alexandra/ Kwantlen/Garden City

sity buildings ween 400m and

Major civic square at main intersections

use buildings 400m ring

> Mixed-Use (60% res./40% jobs) Approx. 15 stories Avg. People/ Household: 2.3 Avg. Units/ Building: 54



Pop./ Building: 124 Commercial ft²: 36,000 Commercial jobs: 72 Retail jobs: 18



Mid Non-Residential Approx. 3-6 stories Commercial ft²: 200,000 Commercial jobs: 400 Retail jobs: 100

Retail jobs: 50

Low Non- Residential Re Approx. 2 stories (co Commercial ft²: 100,000 co Commercial jobs: 200



Recreational/Cultural Amenity (could be a stand-alone or co-located facility)



City Centre Area Plan Update Study

All information is preliminary and conceptual in nature, and is not meant to indicate intended zoning.



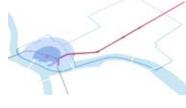
Pop./ Building: 104

July 2006

Canada Line Villages

Centred around a rapid transit station, each village will reflect a unique character and program of uses. Tell us your ideas!

Bridgeport





Entertainment, Business & Transit Hub



Capstan





Gateway, Riverfront Residential Village

Aberdeen





Lansdowne





A New Centre for the City

International Shopping & Arts





Richmond's Traditional Downtown





Bus Link Villages

Centred around a bus link, each village will reflect a unique character and program of uses. Tell us your ideas!

Civic Centre





Mixed-Use Community Amenity Precinct

what words would you use to describe a future vision for this area? Post them here!

Olympic Gateway





Premier Riverfront and International Gateway

Hospital





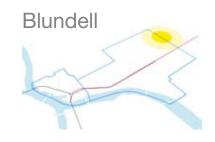
Alexandra/Kwantlen/ Garden City





University and/or Exhibition District

Mixed-Use, Medical Precinct





Neighbourhood Village Centre





Development Capacity

July 2006



City Centre Development Capacity

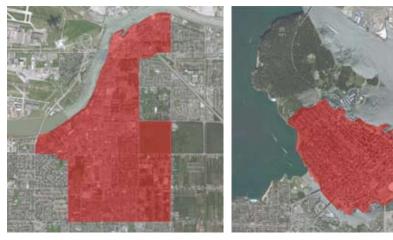
What will the population of the Richmond City Centre need to be in order to create thriving Urban Villages?

If Richmond continues to grow at its current rate, it will meet its current 2021 population target for its downtown core.

What should be the ultimate population "cap" for the City Centre?

- Too little downtown residential population will not provide the **Critical Mass** required to ensure that it becomes a lively and pedestrian-friendly urban precinct.
- Too many downtown residents means that community open space and land for jobs and business will be compromised by the need for land for housing units.

Analyzing Development Capacity



Richmond City Centre

Vancouver City Centre

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City Centre Area	Vancouver City Center	85,000	1431 ac	59 p/ac	2.28	25.9 u/ac
	Richmond City Center (existing)	41,000	2050 ac	20 p/ac	2.3	8.70 u/ac
	Richmond Scenario #1	120,000	2050 ac	58 p/ac	2.3	25.2 u/ac
	Richmond Scenario #2	156,000	2050 ac	76 p/ac	2.3	33.0 u/ac
Comparative Development Vancouver	Coal Harbour	3,000	50 ac	60 p/ac	1.35	44.5 u/ac
	Concord Pacific Place—North False Creek	9,800	110 ac	89 p/ac	1.79	49.7 u/ac



City Centre Area Plan Update Study



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Development Capacity: 120,000?

The next series of boards develop a scenario based upon 120,000 residents living-long term-within Richmond's City Centre.

Street Network

In determining 'Development Capacity" for Richmond's City Centre, one needs to begin with understanding its road network-existing, approved and proposed. In doing so, the "blocks' capable to accommodate buildings are defined.

Approved Streets

Existing Streets

Proposed Streets

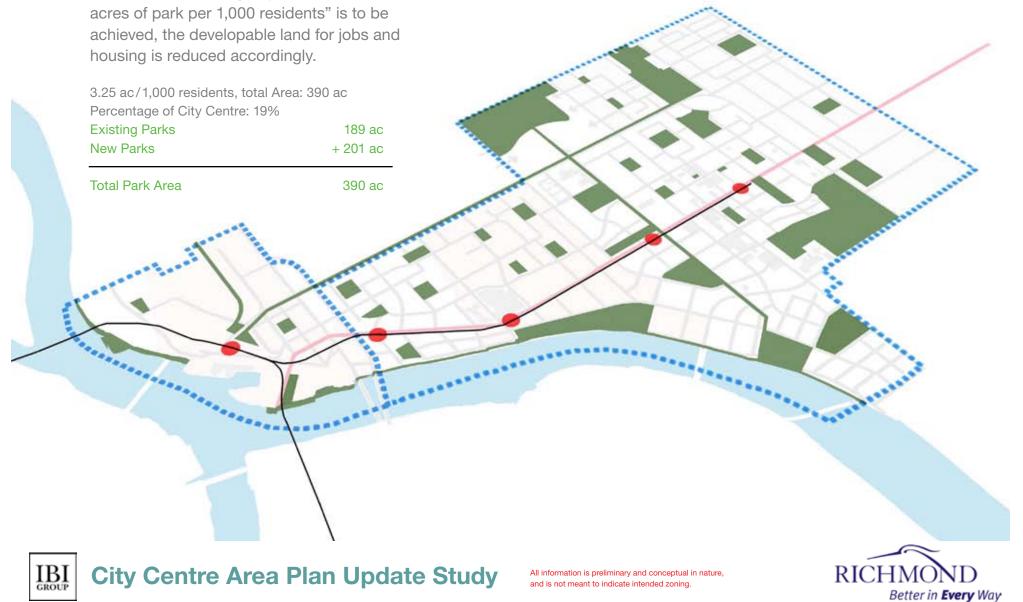
Parks

Next, if the stated city objective of "3.25

3.25 ac/1,000 residents, total Area: 390 ac Percentage of City Centre: 19% **Existing Parks New Parks**

Total Park Area

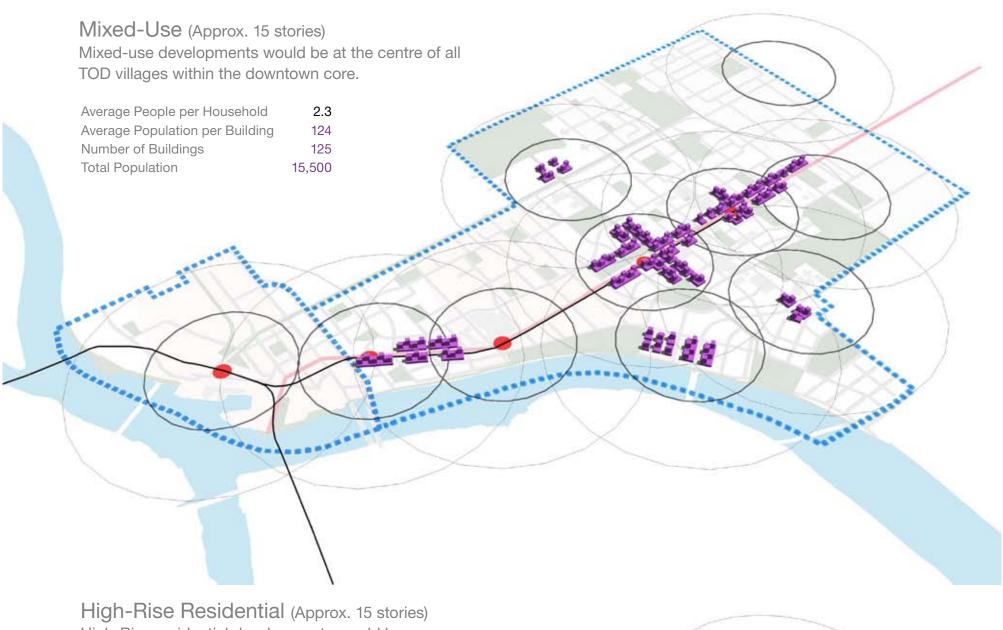
The specific location of parks and proposed streets are subject to further planning, rezoning and financing discussion.



14

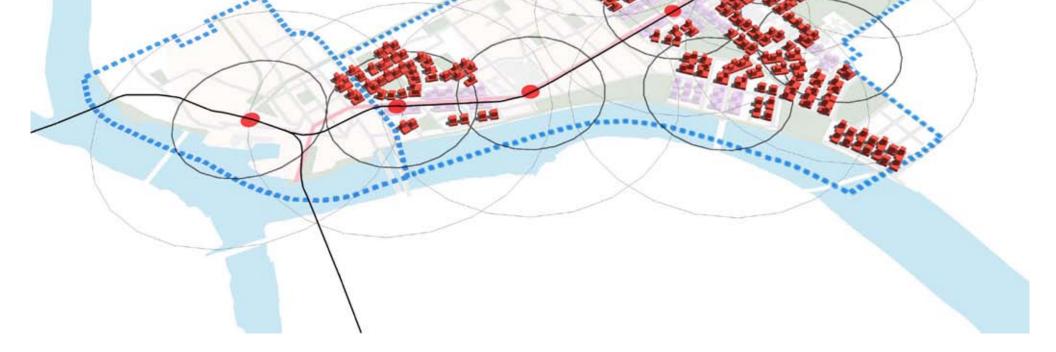
Development Capacity: 120,000?

The Building Block of Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) is mixed-use development, where building types are not segregated, as is the case with conventional zoning, but where residents, retail shops and other commercial activities "co-mingle" both side-by-side and bottom-to-top, all served by pedestrian-friendly streets, transit, and affordable and attractive housing choices.



High-Rise Residential (Approx. 15 stories) High-Rise residential developments would be concentrated within the 400m ring surrounding Village Centres. High-Rise Residential areas could also include some mixed-use and retail and jobs. This distance represents a 5-minute walk to the transit station.

Average people per household2.3Average Population per Building207Number of Buildings260Total Population53,850





City Centre Area Plan Update Study

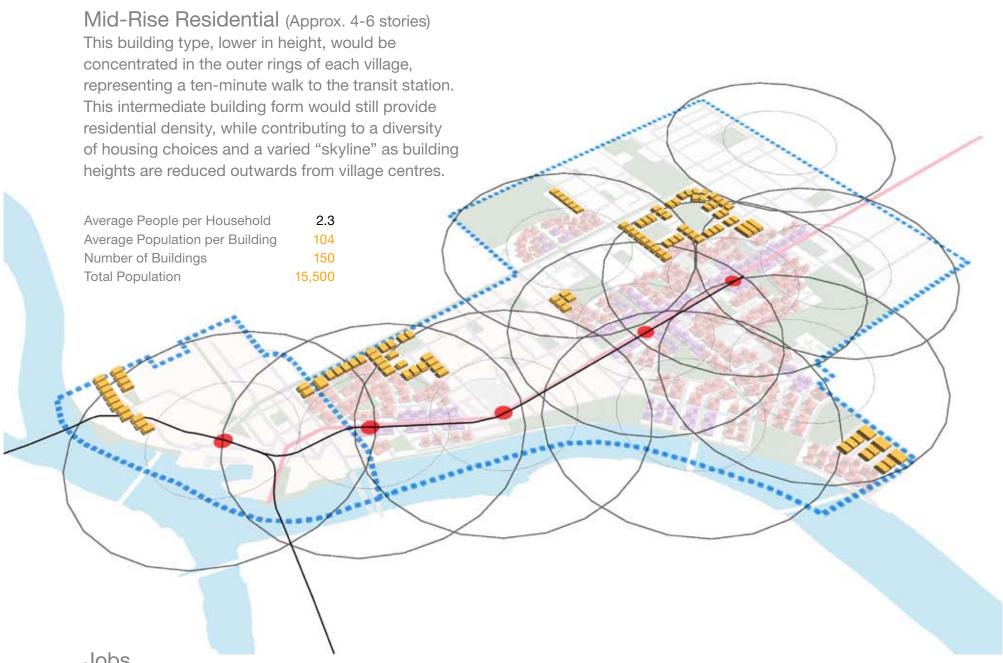


Scenario #1: 120,000 Residents

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July 2006

Development Capacity: 120,000?



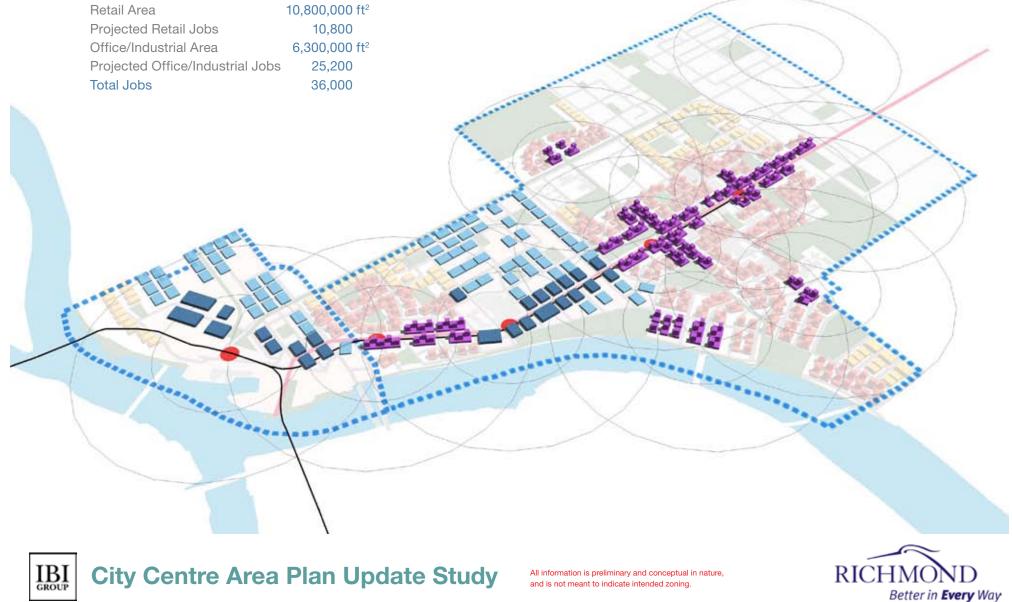
Jobs

Retail/Lodging, Office/Commercial and Industrial jobs are the final building block in envisioning growth in the City Centre. They are calculated using the following floor area ratios:

One (1) job per 1,000 ft² of retail/lodging development; Four (4) jobs per 1,000 ft² of office/commercial/industrial development.

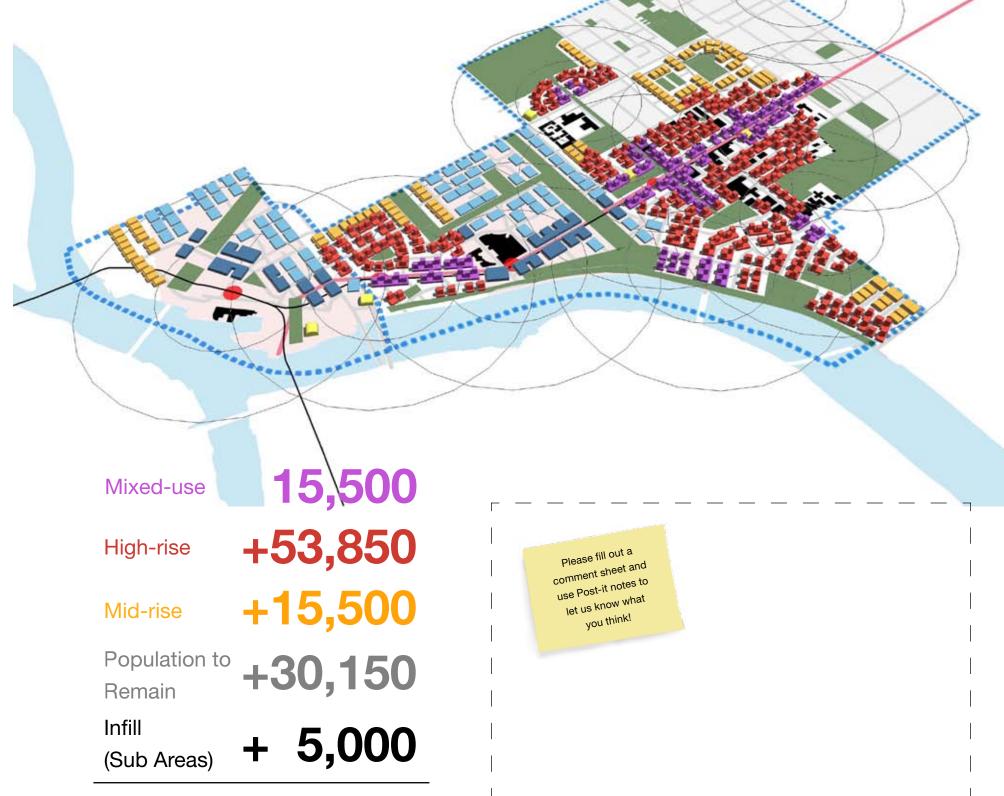
Retail Area	10,800,000 ft ²
Projected Retail Jobs	10,800
Office/Industrial Area	6,300,000 ft ²
Projected Office/Industrial Jobs	25,200
Total Jobs	36,000

- For the purposes of the "Scenario: 120,000", 36,000 jobs were proposed or "tested", in the understanding that an equivalent number of workers will be ultimately employed at YVR and that Richmond's downtown should be capable of accommodating at least a similar number.
- This figure will be subject to further scrutiny later in the CCAP Update Study process, when results for a "Market Positioning Study", aimed at determining the "Jobs/Business Development" picture, is completed.



Development Capacity: 120,000

When all of the variables are considered, it would appear that they can be accommodated, long term beyond 2021, in Richmond's City Centre and that "Scenario: 120,000" is a liveable and workable number to consider.



Total Projected Population

120,000

Total Jobs



Total Park Space

(% of total City Centre)

390 ac (19%)



City Centre Area Plan Update Study

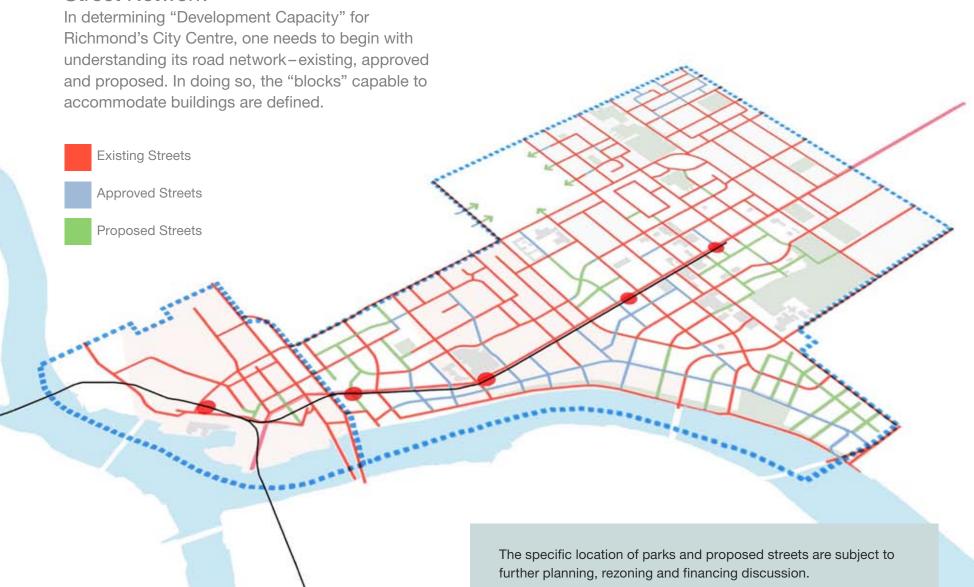


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Development Capacity: 156,000?

The next series of boards develop a scenario based upon 156,000 residents living – long term – within Richmond's City Centre.

Street Network

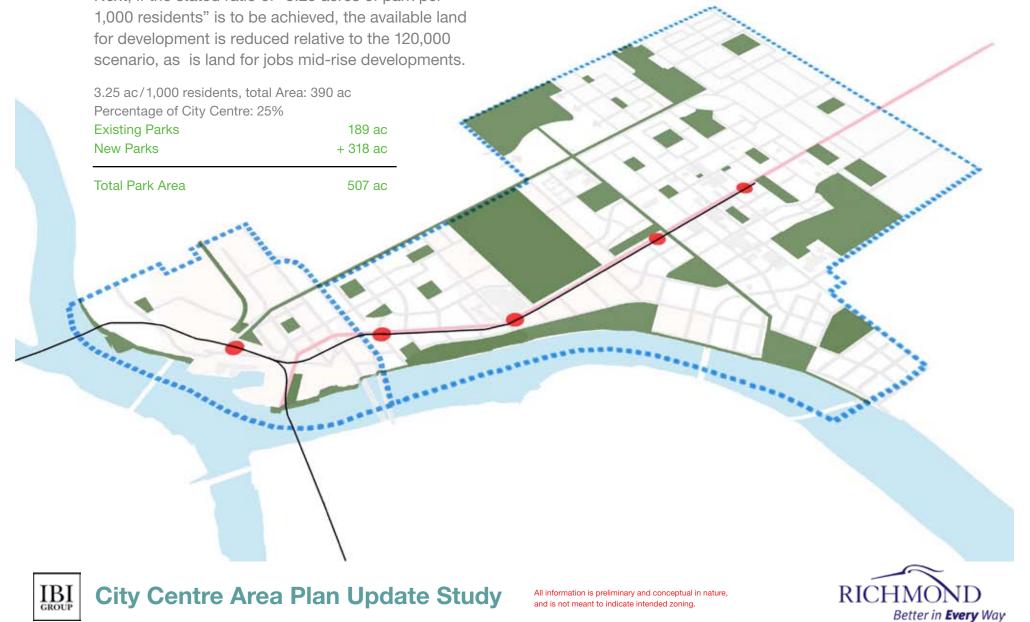


Parks

Next, if the stated ratio of "3.25 acres of park per 1,000 residents" is to be achieved, the available land for development is reduced relative to the 120,000 scenario, as is land for jobs mid-rise developments.

Percentage of City Centre: 25% **Existing Parks**

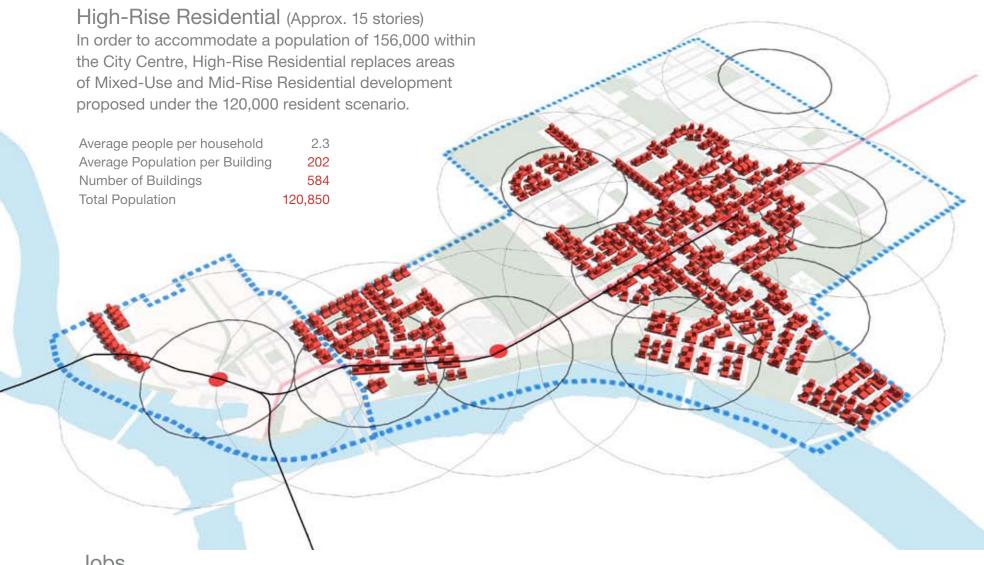
Total Park Area



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Development Capacity: 156,000?

The Building Block of Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) is mixed-use development, where building types are not segregated, as is the case with conventional zoning, but where residents, retail shops and other commercial activities "co-mingle" both side-by-side and bottom-to-top, all served by pedestrian-friendly streets, transit, and affordable and attractive housing choices.



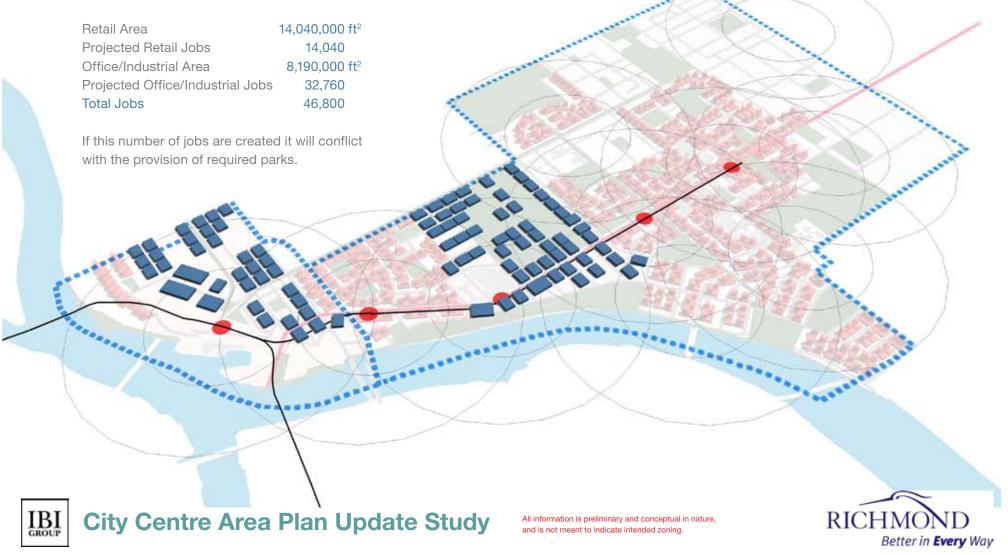
Jobs

Retail/Lodging, Office/Commercial and Industrial jobs are the final building block in envisioning growth in the City Centre. They are calculated using the following floor area ratios:

One (1) job per 1,000 ft² of retail/lodging development; Four (4) jobs per 1,000 ft² of office/commercial/industrial development.

Retail Area	14,040,000 ft ²
Projected Retail Jobs	14,040
Office/Industrial Area	8,190,000 ft ²
Projected Office/Industrial Jobs	32,760
Total Jobs	46,800

- For the purposes of the "Scenario: 156,000", 46,800 jobs were proposedmaintaining a similar ratio of residents to employees that was proposed for "Scenario: 120,000."
- This figure will be subject to further scrutiny later in the CCAP Update Study process, when results for the "Market Positioning Study", aimed at determining the "Jobs/Business Development" picture are forthcoming.



Development Capacity: 156,000 (Parks)

A Greater population requires more land and services. Jobs and/or Park Space will therefore be affected as a result.

Scenario 2A – Parks

In order to maintain the city's stated ratio of "3.25 acres of park per 1,000 residents," 507 acres of park space is required. In order to maintain this ratio while accommodating a population of 156,000, the total jobs provided in the City Centre must be reduced below what is achievable under the 120,000 resident scenario.



Total Projected Population

Please fill out a comment sheet and use Post-it notes to let us know what you think!

156,000

31,000

Total Park Space (% of total City Centre)

507 ac (25%)

Total Jobs

 IBI
 City Centre Area Plan Update Study



Development Capacity: 156,000 (Jobs)

A Greater population requires more land and services. Jobs and/or Park Space will therefore be affected as a result.

Scenario 2B - Jobs

If jobs are to be provided for as proposed, the amount of park space available is reduced to 390 acres, or 2.5 acres per 1,000 residents. In this scenario jobs must be entirely accommodated in mid-rise buildings (rather than a mix of mid-and low-rise, as was possible in the 120,000 resident scenario.



Total Projected Population

Please fill out a comment sheet and use Post-it notes to let us know what you think!

156,000

Total Jobs



Total Park Space

(% of total City Centre)

390 ac (19%)



City Centre Area Plan Update Study

