



General Purposes Committee

Date: Monday, February 4, 2019

Place: Anderson Room
Richmond City Hall

Present: Mayor Malcolm D. Brodie, Chair
Councillor Chak Au
Councillor Carol Day
Councillor Kelly Greene
Councillor Alexa Loo
Councillor Bill McNulty
Councillor Linda McPhail
Councillor Harold Steves
Councillor Michael Wolfe

Call to Order: The Chair called the meeting to order at 4:00 p.m.

AGENDA ADDITION

It was moved and seconded
That Chinese Canadian Museum be added to the Agenda as Item No. 6.

CARRIED

MINUTES

It was moved and seconded
That the minutes of the meeting of the General Purposes Committee held on January 21, 2019, be adopted as circulated.

CARRIED

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COUNCILLOR MICHAEL WOLFE

1. CLIMATE EMERGENCY

(File Ref. No.)

Councillor Wolfe provided background information and spoke on the need to declare a climate emergency.

It was moved and seconded

That the City of Richmond declare a climate emergency as climate change is a serious and urgent threat.

As staff review our commitment to the Blue Dot initiative, that, a report be prepared within six months with respect to our municipal climate action plan so that it will be updated with strategies and actions with respect to the climate emergency as outlined by the U.N. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change in their October 2018 report. Richmond City Council will take leadership as our municipality faces immediate threats from sea level rise and coastal weather extremes. Food insecurity, low elevation geography, proximity to earthquake faults, and reliance on energy demanding pump-stations, are a few notable vulnerabilities. It is time to go beyond acknowledgement.

Direction to staff will include:

- (1) accelerated emissions targets to shorten our timeline of reducing greenhouse gas emissions.*
- (2) recommendations to achieve a whole city that is net zero carbon emissions, net zero waste, food self-sufficient and a rapid transition to an energy self-sufficient future.*
- (3) collaboration with the cities of Vancouver, Halifax, London, and Los Angeles, who have recently passed similar declarations of climate emergency.*

It was moved and seconded

That the motion on Climate Emergency be referred to staff.

Councillor Steves reviewed and distributed materials titled “Richmond State of the Environment Report” (attached to and forming part of these Minutes as Schedule 1), and referenced a referral motion made at the January 29, 2019 Parks, Recreation and Cultural Services Committee, noting that it be coordinated with the Climate Emergency referral.

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Discussion took place on the difference between the referral motion made at the Parks, Recreation and Cultural Services Committee and the need to consider the Climate Emergency declaration separately.

There was agreement to revise the scope of the referral motion to include only the portion starting at “As staff review our commitment to the Blue Dot initiative...” as follows:

That the following be referred to staff:

As staff review our commitment to the Blue Dot initiative, that, a report be prepared within six months with respect to our municipal climate action plan so that it will be updated with strategies and actions with respect to the climate emergency as outlined by the U.N. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change in their October 2018 report. Richmond City Council will take leadership as our municipality faces immediate threats from sea level rise and coastal weather extremes. Food insecurity, low elevation geography, proximity to earthquake faults, and reliance on energy demanding pump-stations, are a few notable vulnerabilities. It is time to go beyond acknowledgement.

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- (2) recommendations to achieve a whole city that is net zero carbon emissions, net zero waste, food self-sufficient and a rapid transition to an energy self-sufficient future.*
- (3) collaboration with the cities of Vancouver, Halifax, London, and Los Angeles, who have recently passed similar declarations of climate emergency.*

The question on the revised referral motion was then called and it was **CARRIED**.

Discussion further took place on the motion to declare a climate emergency and it was noted that additional information and time is needed to make an informed decision – one which is robust and not simply symbolic in nature.

The Chair remarked that Richmond has a long history of leading on all facets of sustainability, climate action, environmental protection and so forth, referencing a staff memorandum titled “City of Richmond’s Action on Climate Change” dated January 31, 2019 (copy on file, City Clerk’s Office).

The question, which now reads,

That the City of Richmond declare a climate emergency as climate change is a serious and urgent threat.

was then called and it was **CARRIED** with Cllrs. Au and Loo opposed.

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Discussion took place on the timeline of reporting back and the Chair directed staff to provide a status update in six weeks.

COUNCILLOR CAROL DAY

2. AGENDA PRODUCTION

(File Ref. No.)

It was moved and seconded

That staff be requested to review the current agenda production process and report back with options for earlier distribution of agenda packages.

CARRIED

COMMUNITY SERVICES DIVISION

3. MINORU PARK VISION PLAN UPDATE

(File Ref. No. 06-2345-20-MINO1) (REDMS No. 5785945 v. 18)

With the aid of a PowerPoint presentation (copy on file, City Clerk's Office), Jamie Esko, Manager, Parks Planning, Design and Construction and Miriam Plishka, Park Planner, provided an update to the Minoru Park Vision Plan.

Councillor Steves distributed material regarding the Minoru Park Plan and City Hall precinct (attached to and forming part of these Minutes as Schedule 2). He commented on past planning studies for the area, referring to potential locations for new tall buildings, mixed-use development combining residential and commercial uses, seniors housing, a museum, art gallery and other recreational facilities. Councillor Steves then remarked that, prior to any decisions on the citation of buildings around Minoru Park, the area comprised of the Minoru Aquatic Centre, the Minoru Place Activity Centre, the Brighthouse Library, the former RCMP building, the City Hall parking lot and School District Office should be examined in its entirety as a City Precinct study area.

Discussion took place and the following comments from Committee were noted:

- health and environmental concerns related to the Minoru Lakes have not been adequately addressed;
- cyclists and pedestrians cannot share pathways and therefore cycling through Minoru Park cannot be supported;
- alternate sites, such as the Garden City Lands, for the relocation of the cricket pitch should be examined;

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- the Gateway Theatre's parking should be noted as an alternate parking site for park users considering peak park use is in the daytime and not in the evening when the Theatre has shows;
- it is premature to consider the Minoru Park Vision Plan as a whole when there are unanswered questions such as the relocation of the cricket pitch, the use of the Minoru Aquatic Centre and so forth;
- the level of density adjacent to the Park necessitates that cycling be permitted throughout the Park, particularly for children;
- any additional buildings on the park grounds would take away from the essence of the Park and its open space;
- the Garden City Lands is agricultural land and not parkland; and
- Minoru Park should remain a park and additional buildings should not be considered; instead, in keeping with the City Centre Area Plan, sites identified in north Richmond should be further examined for cultural activities.

In reply to queries from Committee, staff advised that (i) active bike use throughout the entirety of a park is currently not permitted in any other City park, (ii) the fountain currently located at the Library / Cultural Centre's plaza is proposed to be removed to improve the functionality of the plaza, (iii) signage and thoughtful design are some ways to manage the movement of cyclists, and (iv) cycling groups were not consulted as part of staff's review.

As a result of the discussion, the following **referral motion** was introduced:

It was moved and seconded

That the Minoru Park Vision Plan, as detailed in the staff report titled "Minoru Park Vision Plan Update," dated January 14, 2019, from the Director, Parks Services, be referred back to staff.

The question on the referral motion was not called as staff was directed to consider Committee's comments with regard to the Minoru Park Vision Plan under advisement. Also, it was noted that many of the existing buildings in the Minoru Park precinct have large footprints and perhaps their relocation could be examined in an effort to increase green space.

The question on the referral motion was then called and it was **CARRIED**.

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ENGINEERING AND PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION

4. **VIABILITY OF REPURPOSING MINORU AQUATIC CENTRE – LOW COST OPTIONS**

(File Ref. No. 06-2052-55-02-01) (REDMS No. 6119659)

Correspondence related to the repurposing of the Minoru Aquatic Centre was distributed on table (copy on file, City Clerk's Office).

In reply to queries from Committee, Jim Young, Senior Manager, Capital Buildings Project Development, and Elizabeth Ayers, Director, Recreation and Sport Services, advised that (i) at the time of writing the staff report, staff had not received cost related information on the potential conversion of the Minoru Aquatic Centre, (ii) should the conversion be approved, the project would go through to the City's procurement process, and (iii) costs have been estimated utilizing quantity surveyors.

As a result of the discussion, the following **motion** was introduced:

It was moved and seconded

- (1) *That the Minoru Aquatics Centre Demolition (\$3,392,000) be removed from the proposed 2019 Capital Budget;*
- (2) *That the Minoru Aquatics Centre not be demolished; and*
- (3) *That Option 1 – Infill Only (allows for only very limited programming use) as per the staff report titled "Viability of Repurposing Minoru Aquatic Centre – Low Cost Options" dated February 1, 2019 from the Senior Manager, Capital Buildings Project Development be referred to staff for consideration and various groups be invited to make submissions on how to possibly use the Minoru Aquatics Centre.*

The question on the motion was not called as in reply to queries from Committee, Mr. Young advised that if the pool were to be infilled, a geotechnical or structural specialist would be retained. He commented on the cost of mould and asbestos abatement, and stated that asbestos poses health risks when disturbed; therefore, if the building were to be converted, features of the building like accessibility would be examined; for instance, if a new ramp were required, mould and asbestos abatement would be required in the areas disturbed by the construction of the new ramp.

Discussion ensued on the potential to repurpose the Minoru Aquatics Centre and Ms. Ayers advised that a call to various community groups could be placed in an effort to solicit proposals for the use of space; however, she stated that a converted space would not be conducive to vigorous activities like dance; instead, the converted space would be best suited for passive activities.

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The question on the motion was then called and it was **CARRIED** with Mayor Brodie, Cllrs, Loo, McPhail and McNulty opposed.

COMMUNITY SAFETY DIVISION

5. **HEALTH CANADA QUESTIONNAIRE ON CANNABIS EDIBLES, EXTRACTS AND TOPICALS**

(File Ref. No. 09-500-01) (REDMS No. 6105948 v. 4)

It was moved and seconded

That the responses summarized in the staff report titled "Health Canada Questionnaire on Cannabis Edibles, Extracts and Topicals", dated January 22, 2019, from the General Manager, Community Safety be approved for submission to Health Canada.

CARRIED

6. **CHINESE CANADIAN MUSEUM**

(File Ref. No.)

Councillor McPhail distributed a flyer titled "Preserving Chinese Canadian Cultural Heritage in B.C." (attached to and forming part of these Minutes as Schedule 3). She provided background information, noting that the Province of British Columbia and the City of Vancouver are working together to have Vancouver's Chinatown designated a United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) World Heritage site.

Councillor McPhail then remarked that the preliminary vision includes a hub in Vancouver's Chinatown and spokes across B.C.; ideally Richmond could be one of those spokes.

As a results, the following **referral motion** was introduced:

It was moved and seconded

That staff analyze and report back on opportunities to work with the Province regarding the Chinese Canadian Museum.

CARRIED

ADJOURNMENT

It was moved and seconded

That the meeting adjourn (5:39 p.m.).

CARRIED

General Purposes Committee
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Certified a true and correct copy of the Minutes of the meeting of the General Purposes Committee of the Council of the City of Richmond held on Monday, February 4, 2019.

Mayor Malcolm D. Brodie
Chair

Hanieh Berg
Legislative Services Coordinator

TO: Mayor and Councillors

FROM: Councillor Harold Steves

Date: Feb. 4, 2019-02-04

RE: Richmond State Of The Environment Report

At Parks Committee, Jan. 26, 2019 a referral was approved to prepare a "State Of The Environment Report" to meet the five year requirement of the Blue Dot programme which was adopted at Parks committee Sept. 24, 2014. And adopted by council Oct. 14, 2014 (1)

The first State of the Environment Report was prepared by the Advisory Committee on the Environment (ACE) and the City in 1998 (2) It was to be updated every five years.

The 2005 State of the Environment Report added climate change and Richmond's greenhouse gas emissions and recommended a programme to measure them (3)

In 2014 the State Of The Environment Report was called the "Sustainability Progress Report" and the main emphasis was on Richmond's "Climate and Energy Action" to compensate for human-caused greenhouse gas emissions (4) At the same time additional reports were prepared on Richmond's Ecological Network Strategy (2015), district energy, and many other issues. Dyking and sea berm plans to compensate for sea level rise were completed with the assistance of Dutch scientists.

RECOMMENDED:

That copies of various reports on the environment and climate change over the past few years be provided to council and Councillor Wolfes recommendations be adopted as amendments to the referral already approved by Parks Committee.

BLUE DOT

(1)

posted October 14, 2014

Model Municipal Declaration The Right To A Healthy Environment

Whereas the Municipality of Richmond understands that people are part of the environment, and that a healthy environment is inextricably linked to the well-being of our community;

The Municipality of Richmond finds and declares that:

1. All people have the right to live in a healthy environment, including:

The right to breathe clean air

The right to drink clean water.

The right to consume safe food.

The right to access nature

The right to know about pollutants and contaminants released into the local environment.

The right to participate in decision-making that will affect the environment

2. The Municipality of Richmond has the responsibility, within its jurisdiction, to respect, protect, fulfill and promote these rights.
3. The Municipality of Richmond shall apply the precautionary principle: where threats of serious or irreversible damage to human health or the environment exist, the MUNICIPALITY shall take cost effective measures to prevent the degradation of the environment and protect the health of its citizens. Lack of full scientific certainty shall not be viewed as sufficient reason for the MUNICIPALITY to postpone such measures
4. The Municipality of Richmond shall apply full cost accounting: when evaluating reasonably foreseeable costs of proposed actions and alternatives, the MUNICIPALITY will consider costs to human health and the environment.
5. By Dec 31st, 2015, the Municipality of Richmond shall specify objectives, targets and timelines and actions the Municipality of Richmond will take, within its jurisdiction, to fulfill residents' right to a healthy environment, including priority actions to:
 - a. Ensure equitable distribution of environmental benefits and burdens within the municipality, preventing the development of pollution "hot spots";
 - b. Ensure infrastructure and development projects protect the environment, including air quality;

- c. Address climate change by reducing greenhouse gas emissions and implementing adaptation measures;
- d. Responsibly increase density;
- e. Prioritize walking, cycling and public transit as preferred modes of transportation;
- f. Ensure adequate infrastructure for the provision of safe and accessible drinking water;
- g. Promote the availability of safe foods;
- h. Reduce solid waste and promote recycling and composting;
- i. Establish and maintain accessible green spaces in all residential neighbourhoods.

The Municipality of Richmond shall review the objectives, targets, timelines and actions every five (5) years, and evaluate progress towards fulfilling this declaration.

The Municipality of Richmond shall consult with residents as part of this process.

Introduction and Overview

This section covers three issues:

- Why a State of the Environment Report was written;
- How the report was written; and
- A summary of what we found.

1. Why the Report Was Written

Richmond has an attractive natural setting, surrounded by the sea, the Fraser River, and mountains. It includes some of Canada's most productive farmland and habitat for millions of migrating birds. Richmond also offers a high calibre of amenities for its human residents, including a quality network of parks and trails. Yet as more people settle in the Lower Mainland, our resources and quality of life could come under pressure —if we fail to change our consumption patterns. We need solutions to reduce this pressure and protect the things we value. *A State of the Environment Report can help us develop these solutions.*

Richmond City Council and the Advisory Committee on the Environment recognize the value of State of the Environment (SOE)

reporting in monitoring Richmond's environmental health. They have provided the resources and time required to create this report. But this report is just the beginning —it forms part of a broader environmental management system that will be developed over time.

As more people settle in the Lower Mainland, our resources and quality of life could come under pressure — if we fail to change our consumption patterns.

How the Report Fits Into the Environmental Management System

The first step in developing this system involves *clarifying our general priorities* for protecting those resources and reducing pressure on them. The second step is to *quantify the status of those resources and pressure points / stressors*. Both steps one and two were completed in creating this report (see Section 2 of this introduction for further detail).

The third step is to *set targets*, or describe an ideal scenario for our environment. The State of the

Environment Report prepares us for Step #3 by pointing out any targets we are already using, along with targets used in other cities. But more work is required to create a complete set of meaningful, achievable targets for Richmond. The fourth step involves *developing actions* to get us there. Some actions which will help us improve environmental management are already underway;

but once targets have been confirmed, new actions may be required to help us achieve them. The fifth step involves *monitoring the effectiveness of those actions*. If monitoring tells us the actions are working, we should continue them. But if the actions don't work, we can adjust them and then test them with further monitoring.

RRC-5: Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Why is this Indicator Important?

Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions can accelerate the natural ‘greenhouse effect’ (which keeps heat in the earth’s atmosphere) and result in global climate change. Global climate change is expected to have serious impacts on our weather, meteorological and ecological support systems. Potential impacts of climate change include:

- sea level rise and increased flooding risk;
- more extreme weather events like storms, floods, and droughts;
- diminished water supplies;
- diminished fishery resources as a result of warmer oceans and rivers; and,
- diminished forestry resources as a result of increased incident of fire, insect outbreaks and disease.

• The major sources of greenhouse gases are from combustion of fossil fuels such as oil, natural gas or coal, and from the decomposition of organic wastes in landfills. Within Richmond, the primary GHG sources are the burning of natural gas and petroleum.

What is Being Measured?

No indicator was measured for this report as there is currently no reportable data available for Richmond. As Richmond develops its emissions baseline and forecast, there will be information with which to track GHG emissions in future years.

What is Being Done?

- Canada has committed in the Kyoto Protocol (which came into effect in 2004) to reduce total greenhouse gas emissions to 6% less than 1990 levels by 2012. The federal government has been developing actions and program funding to help industries, communities and individuals reduce their emissions.
- Municipalities have an important role to play as much of the GHG emissions are related to vehicles and housing - which can be influenced by municipal actions. In 2001, the City of Richmond joined the Federation of Canadian Municipalities’ Partners for Climate Protection Program. This program is a five milestone framework to define an emissions baseline, establish a forecast of future emissions, define a reduction target, and develop community plans to manage these emissions. Richmond is working to define a baseline emissions inventory and the information from this will be used to help create a forecast and reduction targets.

Summary

Status:

There is currently no complete indicator data of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions for Richmond. The City is working to develop its GHG emissions baseline as part of the Partners for Climate Protection program.

Trend:

No trend data on GHG emissions in Richmond is currently available, but the growth in the population and associated increases in vehicle traffic, housing and commercial activities have likely resulted in increased total GHG emissions over the past several decades.

Outlook:

Unknown.

CITY TARGETS

Reduce community GHG emissions 33% below 2007 levels by 2020, and 80% by 2050.

Reduce community energy use 10% by 2020 below 2007 levels.

KEY DOCUMENTS:

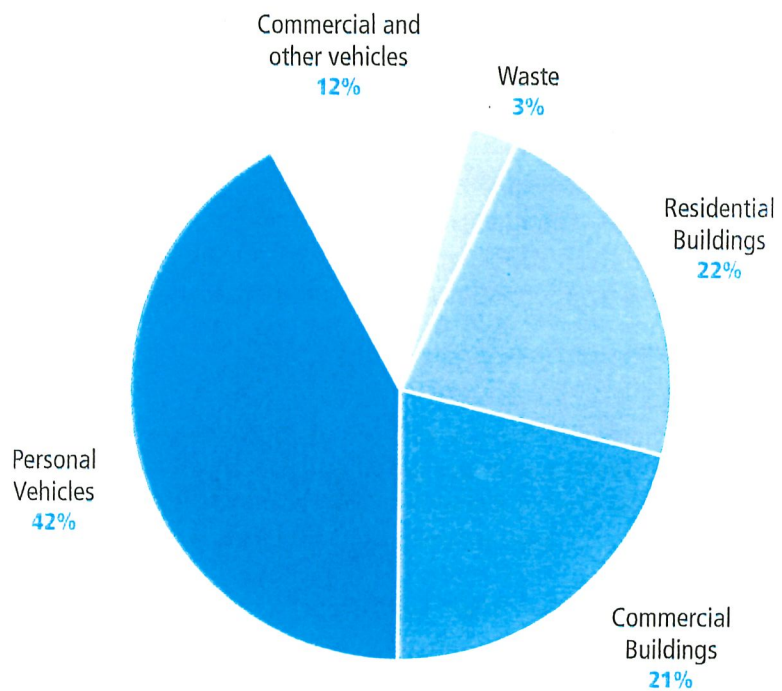
- 2041 Official Community Plan
- Community Energy & Emissions Plan
- Flood Protection Management Strategy

Climate & Energy Action

Human-caused greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions are changing our planet's climate. Communities around the world are acting to reduce the impacts of climate change while anticipating and adapting to a changing climate.

Richmond's 2041 Official Community Plan commits the City to aggressive GHG and energy reduction targets. Encouragingly, the energy actions the City is taking to address climate change will also improve Richmond's quality of life—moving away from fossil fuels to low carbon alternative sources of energy will make the air we breathe cleaner and our streets quieter and more pleasant. Designing walkable, bike and transit friendly neighbourhoods will support healthier lifestyles, and great neighbourhoods with convenient access to amenities. Improving our buildings' energy use can provide healthier indoor spaces while lowering households' and businesses' energy costs. Climate action is already creating a range of new opportunities for Richmond enterprises.

Richmond 2010 Community Emissions



ACHIEVEMENTS

2008	2012
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> City signs Climate Action Charter committing to carbon neutrality in corporate operations 2008–2031 Flood Protection Management Strategy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Launch of Alexandria District Energy Energy and emissions targets adopted in OCP

Schedule 2 to the Minutes of the
General Purposes Committee
meeting of Richmond City
Council held on Monday,
February 4, 2019.

TO: Mayor and Councillors

FROM: Councillor Harold Steves

Date: Feb. 4, 2019-02-04

Minoru Park Plan AND City Hall Precinct. With such short notice I haven't been able to find previous studies. However, until recently a Museum was a priority for the site and an Art Gallery after that.

Years ago we had an architectural study done that combined the cultural centre/library, seniors centre, pool, museum, art gallery, etc on the west side of Minoru Boulevard with the City Hall and School Board on the east side as one City Hall precinct.

On the east side there were supposed to be new tall buildings on the former RCMP building site and the City Hall parking lot with residential or office uses in the upper floors. In a later proposal towers were suggested for the west side for seniors housing with the museum, art gallery and other recreational facilities on the lower floors.

On the east side, city use of the former RCMP building (condemned by the RCMP) was supposed to be short term use. On the west side, some councillors and public were opposed to residential use on city property so nothing happened. One of the most important reasons for keeping the pool is to keep the pool and former seniors centre available for future development similar to keeping the former RCMP building for the same reason.

The Elmbridge building rented to the province is also a holding property and if I remember right we spent \$5 million upgrading it in 1996 (\$25 million now)

Metro Vancouver has shown the way with their Metrotown office tower.

I suggest referring back to staff the area comprised of the pool, former seniors centre, library, former RCMP building and City Hall parking lot, a City Precinct study area, with a full architectural study by a consultant. It could also include the school board building.

TO: Mayor and Council

FROM: Councillor Harold Steves

Richmond Museum Requirements;

DATE: Jan. 19. 2005

In the long term list of priorities a museum was to be constructed after the Gateway Theatre. The museum has been a priority in Richmond longer than the field house proposed for the Olympic Oval, new fire halls or a new police station.

1989 report

After other sports and recreational facilities and the Gateway Theatre had been constructed Richmond Council approved the construction an 8,000 sq. ft. Richmond Museum in the new Cultural Centre at a cost of \$2 million. Construction of the museum was postponed when the \$12 million Arts Centre went \$2 million over budget. That was 15 years ago.

1991 report

In 1991 city staff implored that there was an "urgent need for 5,700 sq. ft. of space". Important artifacts were being turned down, some artifacts transferred to other museums, and some artifacts were outdoors under plastic tarps at Works Yard.

1992 report

In 1992 staff reiterated the need stating that an 8,000 sq. ft. resource centre was required in addition to the 1800 sq. ft. provided at the Art Centre.

"Staff are not acquiring or seeking acquisitions as there is no space." There remains significant gaps in the collection of Richmond's history as staff have not had the time nor the space to secure the required artefacts." The collection gaps include ... textiles...agriculture...food processing...furniture....transportation...industrial objects, etc.

The "resource centre" would be the "hub of activity for museum services", volunteer training, meeting space, exhibit space and "open" storage open for viewing, exhibit preparation, etc.

2005

In 2005 the need is far greater than it was in 1989 and the area needed is much greater than 8,000 sq. ft.. Staffing has been restructured to better curate the collection and preserve the artifacts. Donations have increased and there are substantial fishing industry artifacts from BC Packers. Presently the Richmond Museum is in storage with little opportunity for the public to ever see items in the collection on display, even once, over the next 25 years.



City of Richmond

Report to Committee

To: Parks, Recreation & Cultural Services Committee **Date:** February 10, 2009
From: Vern Jacques
Acting Director, Recreation & Cultural Services **File:** 06-2055-20-INBOX/Vol 01
Re: **Richmond Museum Feasibility Study**

Staff Recommendation

That:

1. The Draft Richmond Museum Feasibility Study (included as **Attachment 1** in the report dated February 10 2009, from Acting Director, Recreation & Cultural Services) be endorsed.
2. The Funding Framework (as included in the report dated February 10 2009, from Acting Director, Recreation & Cultural Services), be endorsed.
3. Funding for a Museum Development Plan be considered within the 2010 Capital Budget program.
4. A submission be included in the 5-year Capital Budget program for a new destination Richmond Museum, with the provision that external funding be required prior to consideration for approval.
5. An advocacy strategy be developed for federal and provincial capital and operational funding for a new destination museum.
6. Staff support the Richmond Museum Society capital fundraising campaign for a new destination museum.
7. Upon endorsement, this report be forwarded to the appropriate ministries of the federal and provincial governments for information.

Vern Jacques
Acting Director, Recreation and Cultural Services
(604-247-4930)

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ROUTED TO:	CONCURRENCE		CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER		
Budgets	Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>		<i>[Handwritten Signature]</i>		
Facility Management	Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>				
CPMG	Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>				
REVIEWED BY TAG	YES	NO	REVIEWED BY CAO	YES	NO
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>JK</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Adony</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Schedule 3 to the Minutes of the
General Purposes Committee
meeting of Richmond City
Council held on Monday,
February 4, 2019.

From: Councillor Linda McPhail

RE: Chinese Canadian Museum

Referral to Staff

Analyze and report back on the opportunities to work with the Province

Preserving Chinese Canadian Cultural Heritage in B.C.

Share your ideas on the design and creation of British Columbia's first

Chinese Canadian Museum

The Ministry of Tourism, Arts and Culture invites you to share your ideas, stories and experiences about Chinese history and culture, both past and present, in B.C. to help us in the design, creation and content that will be the foundation of this museum experience.

Join the online discussion or attend a community meeting

[engage.gov.bc.ca
/chinesecanadianmuseum](http://engage.gov.bc.ca/chinesecanadianmuseum)

Feedback will be summarized and used as input into establishing a Chinese Canadian Museum.



BRITISH
COLUMBIA