

City of Richmond

City of Richmond
Planning and Development Department

To Planning Comm. Tues. June 16/09

Report to Committee

To Council - June 22, 2009

To:

Planning Committee

Director of Development

Date:

June 3, 2009

From:

Brian J. Jackson

File:

RZ 04-270168

RZ 04-270

12-8060-20-8501

Re:

Application by FNDA Architecture Inc. for Rezoning at 9560, 9580 Cambie

Road and 9531, 9551, 9571 Odlin Road from Single-Family Housing District,

Subdivision Area F (R1/F) to Assembly District (ASY)

Staff Recommendation

That Bylaw No. 8501, for the rezoning of 9560, 9580 Cambie Road and 9531, 9551, 9571 Odlin Road from "Single-Family Housing District, Subdivision Area F (R1/F)" to "Assembly District (ASY)", be introduced and given first reading.

Brian J. Jackson

Director of Development

BJ:dcb Att. 6

FOR ORIGINATING DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER

Staff Report

Origin

FNDA ARCHITECTURE INC. have applied to rezone 9560, 9580 Cambie Road and 9531, 9551, 9571 Odlin Road (**Attachment 1**) from Single-Family Housing District, Subdivision Area F (R1/F) to Assembly District (ASY) in order to develop a proposed assembly hall on the subject properties (**Attachment 4**). The property is proposed for a new Richmond Ismaili Muslim Jamatkhana.

Project Overview

The development proposal involves the consolidation of 5 properties totalling approximately 4.17 acres to support the construction of a two storey assembly hall of approximately 24,578 sq. ft. and accommodate up to 291 vehicles. The proposed facility is intended to serve the Ismaili Muslim population in Richmond who have been operating out of a leased premises for over 25 years.

This new facility is intended to meet the needs of the local Muslim community in terms of the provision of prayer space, religious education classes and for seminars and educational sessions. The assembly building will include a 5,500 sq. ft. prayer hall that has been oriented toward Mecca and a social hall on the first level. The second level will support nine class rooms for religious study, a library and a nursery. Outside are three outdoor courtyards adjacent to the building that will serve as gathering places and informal educational use.

The project is being designed with a strong emphasis on sustainability and the Architects have indicated that they intend to make a submission for LEED status. Natural ventilation is being incorporated where possible and all the court yards will utilize permeable paving. The use of swales are being considered to allow water to percolate into landscaped areas. Both the building and the overall site are ringed with generous landscaping to soften views across the site and enhance its appearance.

Several off-site improvements will arise from this rezoning application including:

- Land dedications and partial design and construction of a new road (May Drive) between Cambie Rd. and Odlin Rd.;
- Provision of a 3.0 m wide Right of Way for the future construction of a sanitary sewer along Cambie Rd.;
- Contribution of \$30,476.72 toward the Alexandra Neighbourhood development Agreement;
- Frontage improvements (sidewalk, landscaped boulevard, curbs, lighting etc.) along Cambie Rd., Odlin Rd. and May Drive.

Findings of Fact

A Development Application Data Sheet providing details about the development proposal is attached (**Attachment 3**). Site and building plans are provided in **Attachment 4**.

Under the Local Government Act, institutional uses are not required to obtain a development permit. The proponent has, however, voluntarily presented their plans to Richmond's Advisory

Design Panel for review and comment. The minutes from the ADP meeting, the Panel's recommendations and the proponent's responses have been included in **Attachment 5**.

Surrounding Development

- To the North: single family residential lots zoned Single-Family Housing District (R1/B) (12m wide lots) (north side of Cambie Road);
- To the immediate east, are two adjacent deep single-family lots currently zoned Single-Family Housing District (R1/F) (18m wide lots) which are proposed to become a greenway park with a pedestrian trail under the Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map. Further east is Tomsett Elementary School and four single family lots fronting Cambie Road. Both the school and these four lots are designated as Community Institutional under the Alexandra map (see Attachment 2);
- To the immediate south, are more large single-family residential lots zoned Single-Family Housing District (R1/F). The Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map designates these lots for future park. Similar sized lots to the south-west of the subject property are currently under rezoning and development permit applications (RZ 08-408104/DP 08-432218) for redevelopment to a 4-storey multi-family condominium development with 228 units; and,
- To the west, are deep single-family residential lots zoned either Single-Family Housing District (R1/F) or Comprehensive Development District (CD/137). CD/137 permits the outdoor storage of new cars and trucks. These latter properties are currently under development applications (RZ 07-380198 and DP 08-43155) for construction of a mixed use residential and commercial development with 79 townhouses, 108 condominiums and 1,700 sq. ft. of commercial space. Under the Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map lots to the west will become townhouse and low-rise apartments (4 storey typical). A new road ("May Drive") is planned along the western property boundary of the subject lots.

Related Policies & Studies

Official Community Plan

The Ismaili Muslim Community initially held an information meeting on September 9th, 2004 to inform and obtain feedback from residents and businesses in the area about their proposal. In 2005/06, a detailed land use study with community input was undertaken by the City for the Alexandra Neighbourhood as part of the West Cambie Area Plan review. As a result of these consultations, the subject properties were designated for "Community Institutional" use under the Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map (see **Attachment 2**).

The proposed assembly hall use is in compliance with the Official Community Plan and the West Cambie Area Plan, both of which designate the subject site for Community Institutional uses.

The Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map also shows the approximate alignment of the proposed new road (May Drive) along the western side of the subject properties and the future park running between Cambie Rd. and Odlin Rd. along the eastern side of the subject properties. The proposed development has been designed to respond to each of these land use elements.

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Public Input

Staff have received several calls regarding the project. All of these have been focused on the status of the project. Several developers working in the area have also made enquiries about the project – again regarding its status.

Advisory Design Panel Review

The development proposal was presented to the Advisory Design Panel at their meeting of March 18, 2009, and was well received. Panel members were pleased with the size and design of the building and felt that it would be a good fit for the developing neighbourhood. Panel members made a number of recommendations encouraging aspects such as the incorporation of art elements into gates and signage for the site, integrating disable seating with general seating, diversifying landscaping elements, encouraging sustainability features into the design.

The Panel moved that the application proceed to the Planning Committee upon taking into consideration the Panel's recommendations. Both the Panel's recommendations and the proponent's responses to the recommendations are provided in **Attachment 5**. Staff's assessment is that the proponent has been able to sufficiently address the Panel's recommendations in the revised plans submitted for this rezoning application.

Staff Comments

Fit Within the Alexandra Neighbourhood

As is evident by the development activity of surrounding development, the Alexandra Neighbourhood is undergoing significant change. The applicant has attempted to respond to this context by designing a facility which will fit with and complement this new neighbourhood context. In preparing for their presentation to the Advisory Design Panel the proponents addressed a number of key issues, such as views from street, views along entrances to the site, control of stray lighting from the two storey structure, provision of appropriate vegetative screening to neighbouring lots and the adjacent streets, and ensuring accessibility to the facility by providing extra handicapped parking stalls near the building entrances and a wheelchair ramp to the future trail connection along the east side of the building, etc.

Density and Form of Development

For the size of the site, both the floor area ratio (FAR) and site coverage are well below the Bylaw maximums. The building is situated in the southern half of the land assemblage and meets all required setbacks and height restrictions.

The building utilizes coated architectural concrete interspersed with generous use of lightly tinted glazing and stained wood trim to create an attractive building façade.

As a facility oriented to serving the Muslim community throughout Richmond, the provision of parking is a priority for the owners. The site design incorporates significant landscaping throughout the parking area to avoid the appearance of a sea of asphalt while still maintaining sufficient parking for the facility's needs and thereby minimizing any disturbance to the surrounding neighbours.

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Tree Preservation

An Arborist's report on the condition of both on-site and off-site trees was submitted for this development project. All of the 63 on-site trees and two hedge rows reviewed by the Arborist were rated as either in very poor or poor condition and not suitable for retention due to pre-existing defects (see Tree Inventory and List in **Attachment 4**). A number of off-site trees were also rated in the report as being in very poor or poor condition and were also recommended for removal. Twenty three trees located on a neighbouring property to the west will be impacted by the road construction for May Drive. Prior to construction of May Drive the proponent will be required to secure the removal of these trees or, alternatively arrange an acceptable interim option for their retention pending the full construction of May Drive.

The Arborist's report has been reviewed by the City's Tree Preservation Coordinator who agrees with the assessment and recommendations for the trees on site. Three neighbouring trees (#415, 416, 417) along the eastern property line were found to be in good condition and will require a minimum of 3.66m of root protection onto the development site. The rezoning conditions include a requirement that prior to building permit, the proponent demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Tree Preservation Coordinator how these three trees will be successfully retained.

Installation of boulevard trees will be addressed through the servicing agreement.

Landscaping Plan

The project's landscaping plans fully satisfy the OCP requirement for a minimum of 2 for 1 replacement planting for bylaw sized trees removed with 250 trees proposed for installation on-site. Both trees and shrubs are located around the entire perimeter of the site and around the building itself. Planting strips large enough to accommodate both trees and shrubs are also located at various sites throughout the parking area. The proponents have indicated that with the aid of their community members they anticipate adding even more vegetation to the site over time.

Should the applicant wish to begin site preparation work after third reading of the Rezoning Bylaw but prior to Final Adoption of the Rezoning Bylaw, the applicant will be required to obtain a Tree Permit and submit 100% of the landscape security to ensure the replacement planting is provided.

Flood Management

The Assembly Hall has been designed in accordance with the required Flood Construction Level of 2.6m GSC. Portions of the site are proposed to be raised to gradually bring the site grade up to the ground floor of the building with a comfortable transition. Where necessary, ramps have been provided to accommodate disabled access across any grade changes. Registration of a flood plain covenant on title is required as a condition of Rezoning.

Vehicle Access and Transportation

Vehicle Access to the site will occur via a new road to be called May Drive. As an interim state, this development will dedicated and constructed portions of May Drive (a northern leg and a southern leg) which will provide access to the subject property from both the north and the south. The balance of May Drive will be completed once the adjacent properties to the west of the 2595616

subject site redevelop. Due to the configuration of the adjacent lots, only pedestrian and utility connections will be made between the southern leg and the northern leg of the partially constructed May Drive in the interim state. A right of way will be secured for the interim pedestrian/utility connection as a condition of rezoning. Both the interim and final states are shown in the Conceptual Development Plans (Attachment 4).

Road dedications are also being provided along the site's frontage with Cambie Road to allow for widening of the road and appropriate corner cuts. An additional right of way is also being provided for a future sanitary sewer line along Cambie Road.

The site will have three vehicle accesses all off the future May Drive. All three accesses have vehicle stacking areas to ensure safe ingress/egress to and from the site. On site, parking is provided for 291 vehicles including 9 accessible parking stalls. The provided parking exceeds the parking requirements under the Zoning Bylaw.

<u>West Cambie Supplementary Development Cost Charges and Neighbourhood Development Agreement</u>

In order to advance development in the West Cambie area the Alexandra Neighbourhood Development Agreement was developed to provide necessary infrastructure works in the West Cambie. Subsequent developers in the area are required to make contributions at a prescribed rate. As a beneficiary of the infrastructure the Ismaili Jamatkhana development will be required to contribute to this at the Building Permit application stage of their project. Details are provided in the Rezoning Conditions in **Attachment 6**.

West Cambie Amenity Contributions

The "West Cambie-Alexandra Interim Amenity Guidelines" establishes guidelines for voluntary developer contributions for certain non-DCC and other community amenities. For this development, voluntary contributions would be sought for Community and Engineering Planning Costs (\$.07 / building square foot – i.e. \$1,720.46), Child Care (\$.60 / building square foot – i.e. \$14,746.80) and City Beautification (\$.60 / building square foot – i.e. \$14,746.80).

<u>Aircraft Noise</u>

The subject site is within Area 2 which permits All Aircraft Noise Sensitive Land Uses (Except New Single Family). Other than advising the proponent of the aircraft noise considerations, there are no specific requirements for this development related to aircraft noise.

Servicing Agreement

A servicing agreement for the design and construction of frontage upgrades along Cambie and Odlin plus half road new construction of May Drive is a requirement of the rezoning approval for this project. Provision will be made within this agreement for the interim condition that permits the frontage sidewalk along May Drive and any required utilities to cross into the subject property until such time that 9500 Cambie Rd. is redeveloped and the full road right of way can be completed.

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Some of the key elements that will be addressed via the servicing agreement include:

- Partial design and construction of a new road (May Drive) between Cambie Rd. and Odlin Rd;
- Frontage improvements (sidewalk, landscaped boulevard, curbs, lighting etc.) along Cambie Rd., Odlin Rd. and May Drive;
- Any water, storm and sanitary sewer upgrades which may be required via the Capacity Analysis that will be submitted with the Servicing Agreement application.

Analysis

In terms of the rezoning analysis, no significant concerns have been identified through the technical review. The voluntary submission to the Advisory Design Panel by the proponent has assisted in refining the proposal to ensure that accessibility concerns, material choices, landscaping plant selections and other design elements address both the site/proponent's needs and the community's needs.

Parking provisions, including accessible spaces and loading bay provisions, fully meet or exceed the Bylaw provisions. Transportation staff have concurred with the provision of Class 2 bicycle stalls only for this site.

Financial Impact or Economic Impact

None

Conclusion

Staff are recommending support for the Rezoning of 9560, 9580 Cambie Road and 9531, 9551, 9571 Odlin Road from "Single-Family Housing District, Subdivision Area F (R1/F)" to "Assembly District (ASY)" as the rezoning application has satisfactorily addressed the technical requirements for this site and provided sufficient progress on the design elements to confidently suggest that this project will both fit with, and enhance the Alexandra Neighbourhood.

David Brownlee

Planner 2

DCB:cas

Attachment 1: Location Map

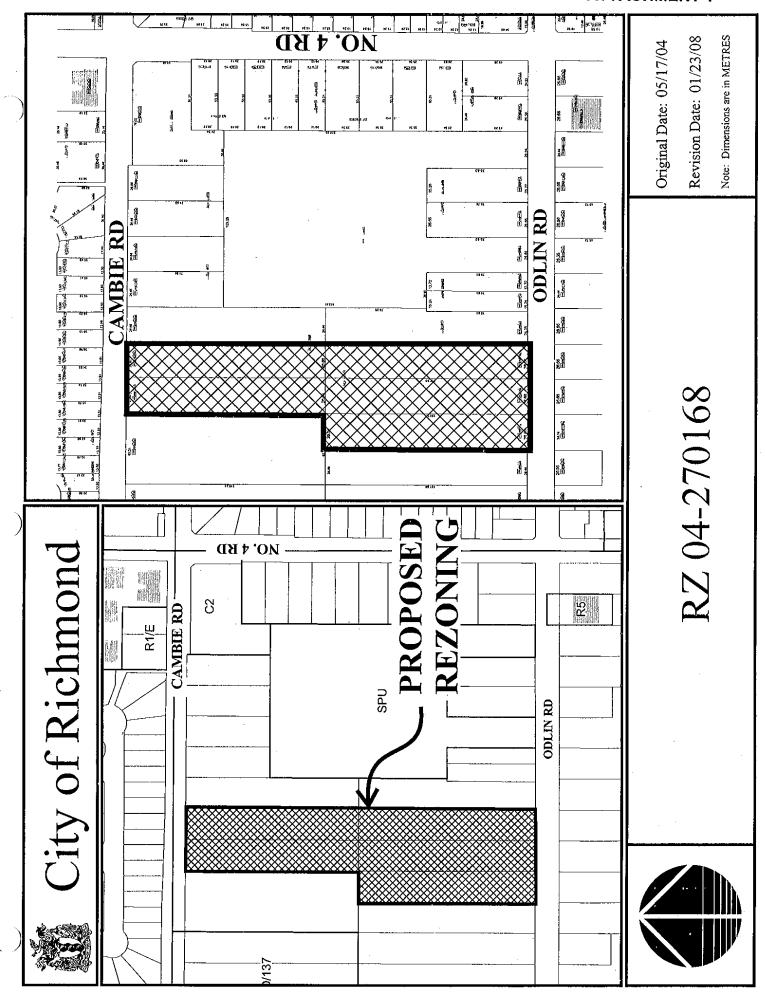
Attachment 2: Alexandra Neighbourhood Land Use Map

Attachment 3: Development Application Data Sheet

Attachment 4: Conceptual Development Plans and Tree Inventory

Attachment 5: ADP Minutes and Recommendations and the Proponent's Responses

Attachment 6: Rezoning Considerations Concurrence





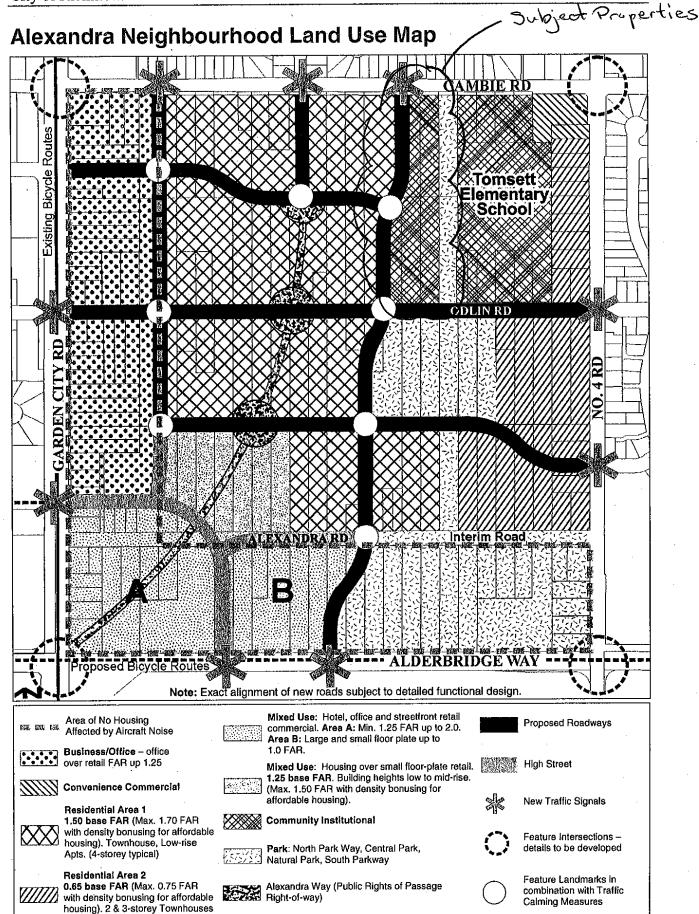


RZ 04-270168

Original Date: 01/23/08

Amended Date:

Note: Dimensions are in METRES





Development Application Data Sheet

RZ 04-270168 Attachment 3

Address: 9560, 9580 Cambie Road and 9531, 9551, 9571 Odlin Road

Applicant: FNDA Architecture Inc.

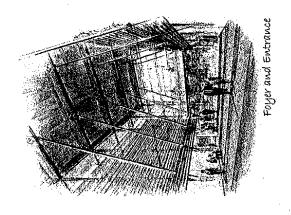
Planning Area(s): West Cambie

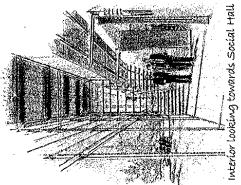
	Existing	Proposed
Owner:	Aga Khan Foundation of Canada	Same
Site Size (m²):	20,082.4 m ²	Land Dedications: 3,195.4 m ² Net Site: 16,887.0 m ²
Land Uses:	Single Family Residential	Assembly
OCP Designation:	Community Institutional	Same
Area Plan Designation:	Community Institutional	Same
Zoning:	Single Family Housing District F (R1/F)	Assembly District (ASY)
Min. Flood Construction Elev.	2.6m GSC Building Min.	Same
Other Designations:	Aircraft Noise Sensitive Area 2 (High Aircraft Noise Area)	Same ·

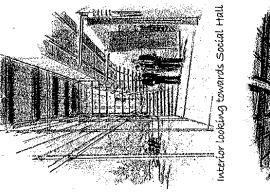
On Future Subdivided Lots	Bylaw Requirement	Proposed	Variance
Floor Area Ratio:	Max. 0.50	0.14	none permitted
Lot Coverage – Building:	Max. 35%	11%	none
Lot Size (min. dimensions):	N/A m²	20,082.35 m² gross 16,887.0 m² net of dedications	none
Road Setback (m):	Min. 6 m	6+ m Min.	none
Setback - Side & Rear Yards (m):	Min. 7.5 m	Min. 7.5 m	none
Building Height (m):	12 m	9.45 m	none
Off-street Parking Spaces:	229 (10 stalls/100 m² gross bldg area) of which 161 must be full sized	291 stalls (incl: 168 full size spaces (Interim condition will provide 289 stalls)	none
Accessible Parking Spaces:	6 stalls	9 stalls	none

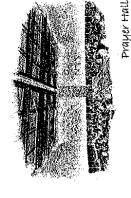
On Future Subdivided Lots	Bylaw Requirement	Proposed	Variance
Loading Spaces:	1 medium stall	1 medium stall	none

Other: Tree replacement compensation required for loss of significant trees. Arborist's report submitted.





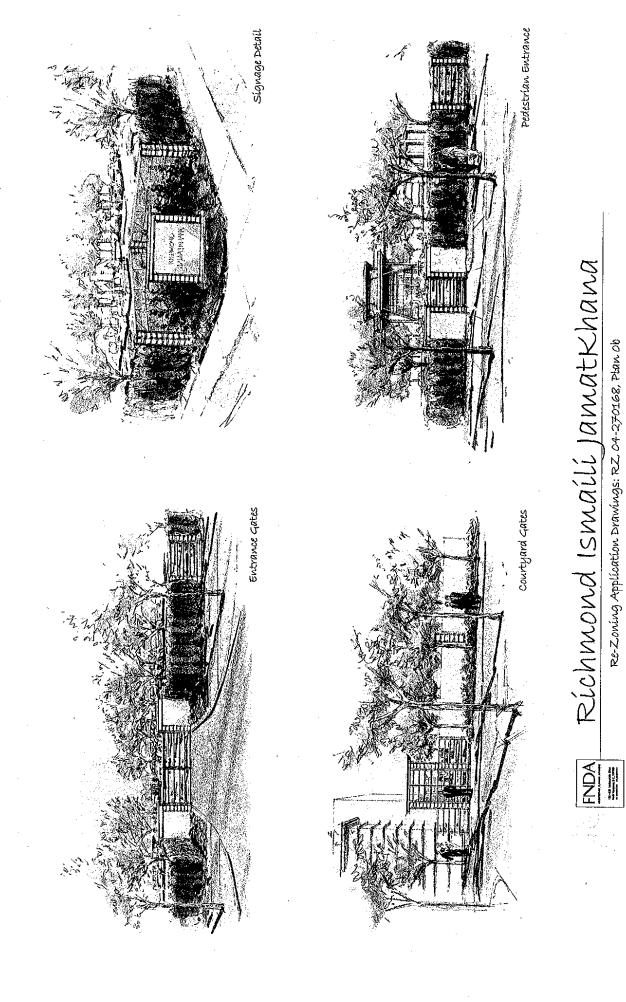


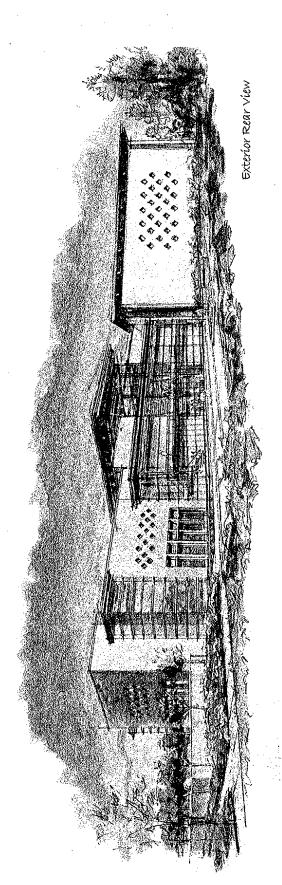


Exterior Front View

RICHMOND ISMAÍLÍ JAMATKHANA Re-Zoning Application Drawings: RZ 04-270168, Plan Oa







Ríchmond Ismaílí Jamatkhana Re-Zoning Application Drawings: RZ 04-270168, Plan Oc

FNDA

Cávíc Address (existing) 1956c g950 Cambic Road, 1955L 9551 g957t Odin Road, Rich

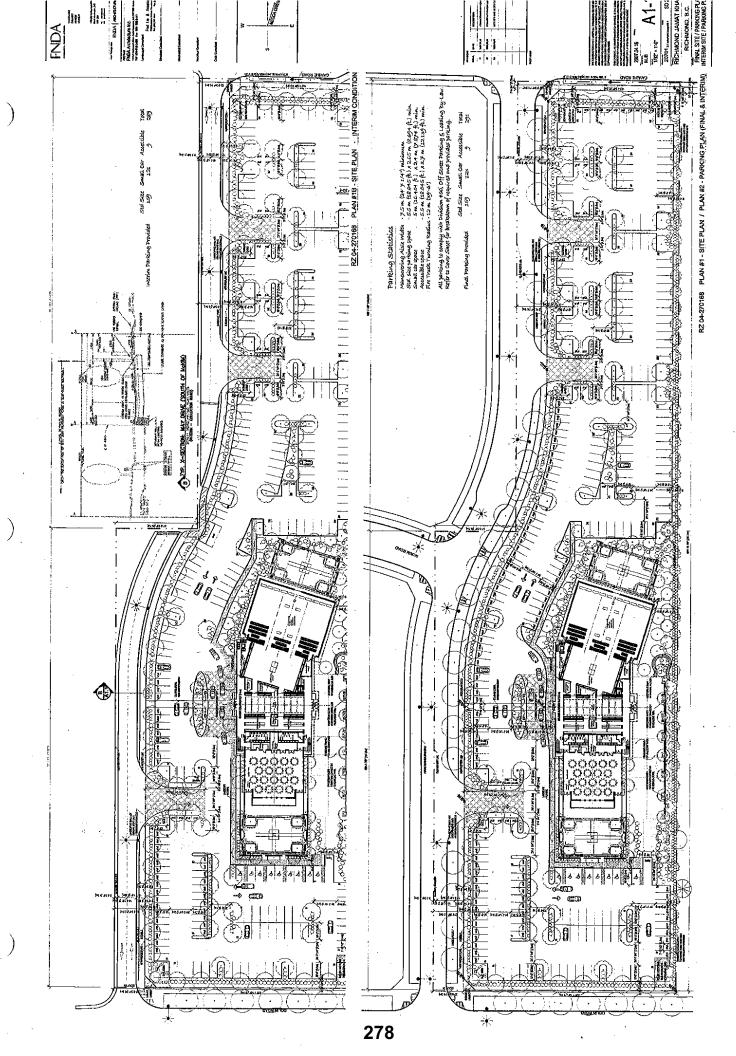
Building Height Euilding Height

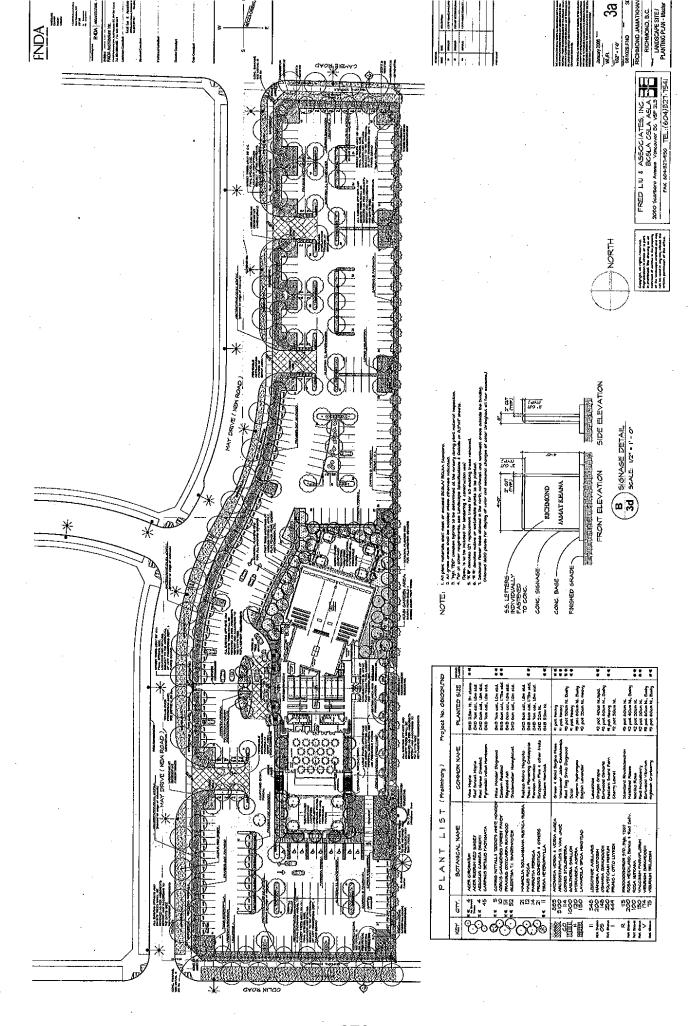
Max. Floor Area Ratio (0.5 x 16.88%) Proposed F.A.R. max. Lot Ceverage (0.25 x 16,887) Proposed Lot Coverage

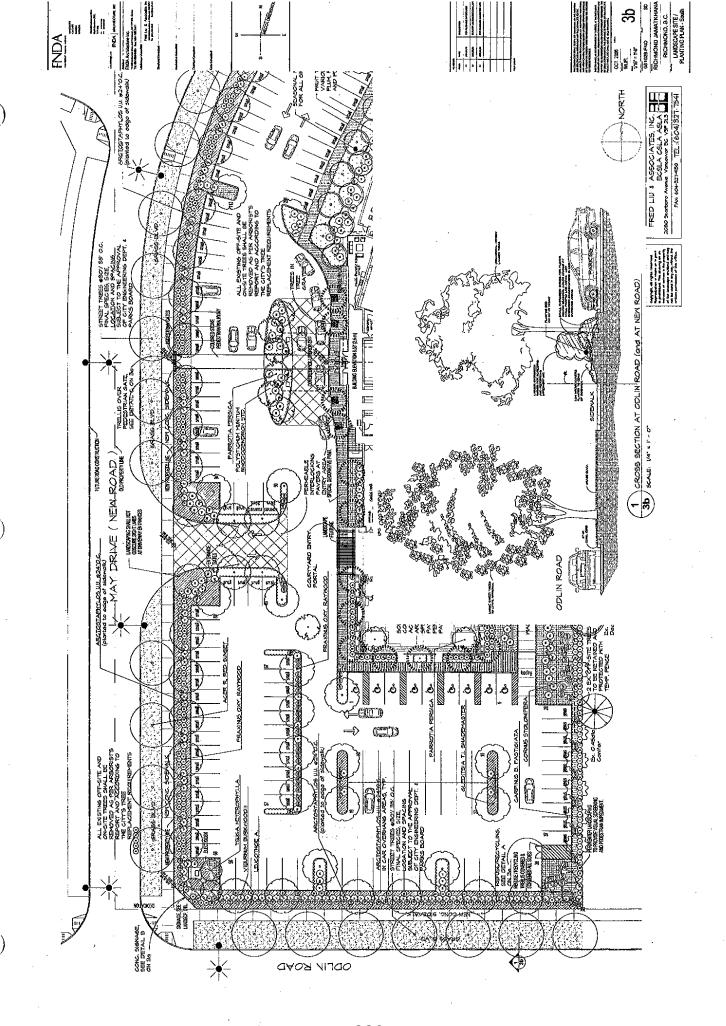
skilding Envelope Setbacks

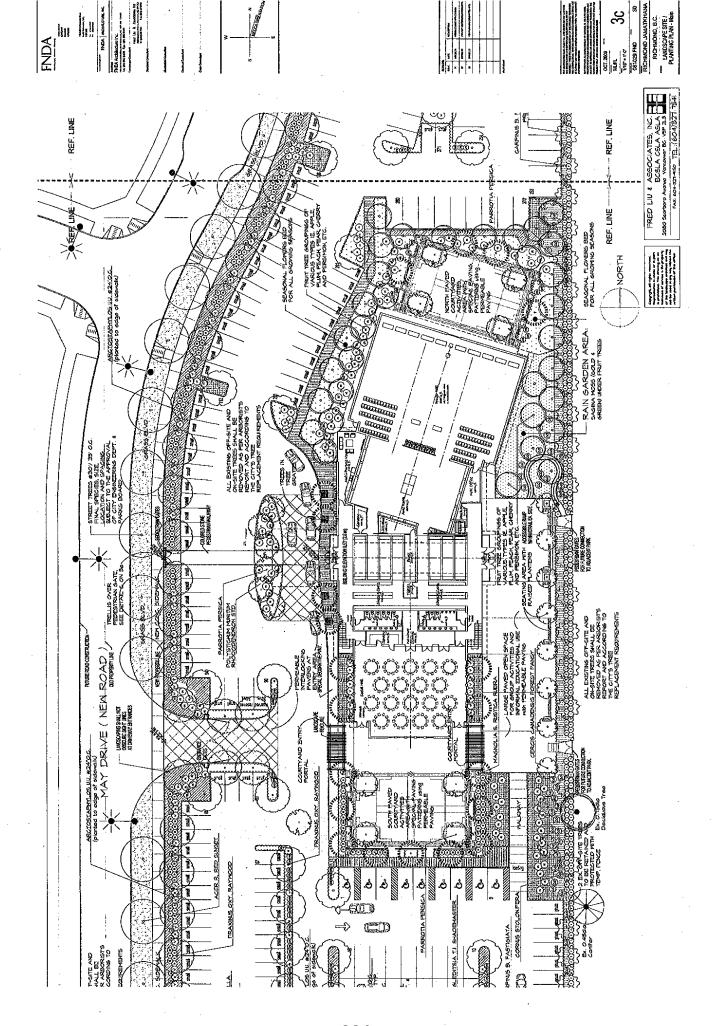
Bioyole Parking

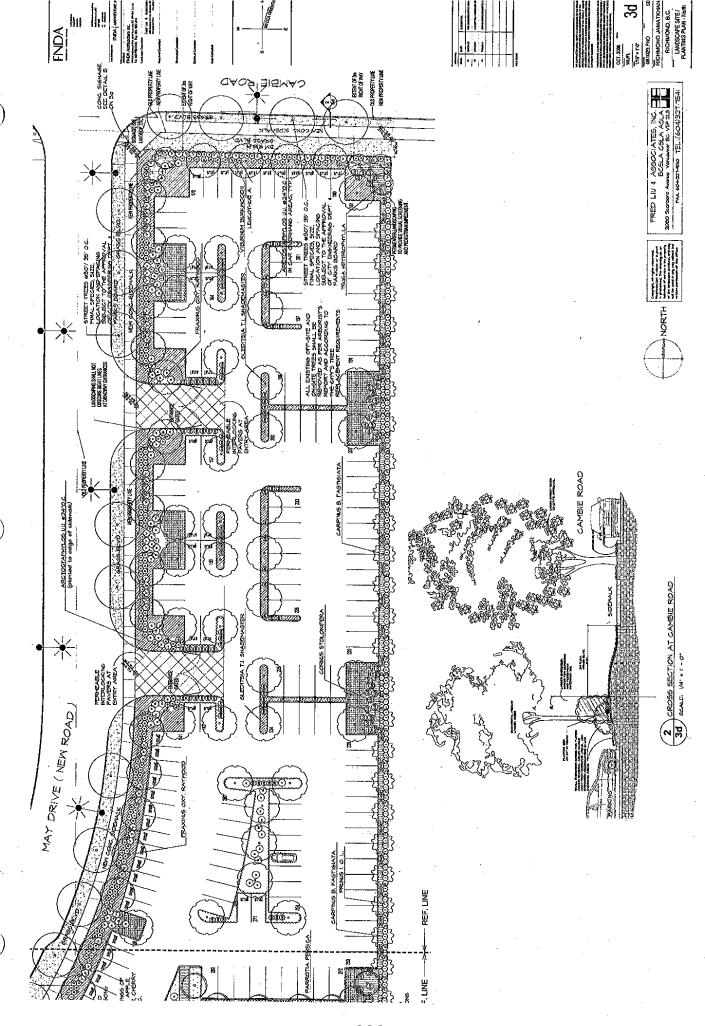
Location Plan

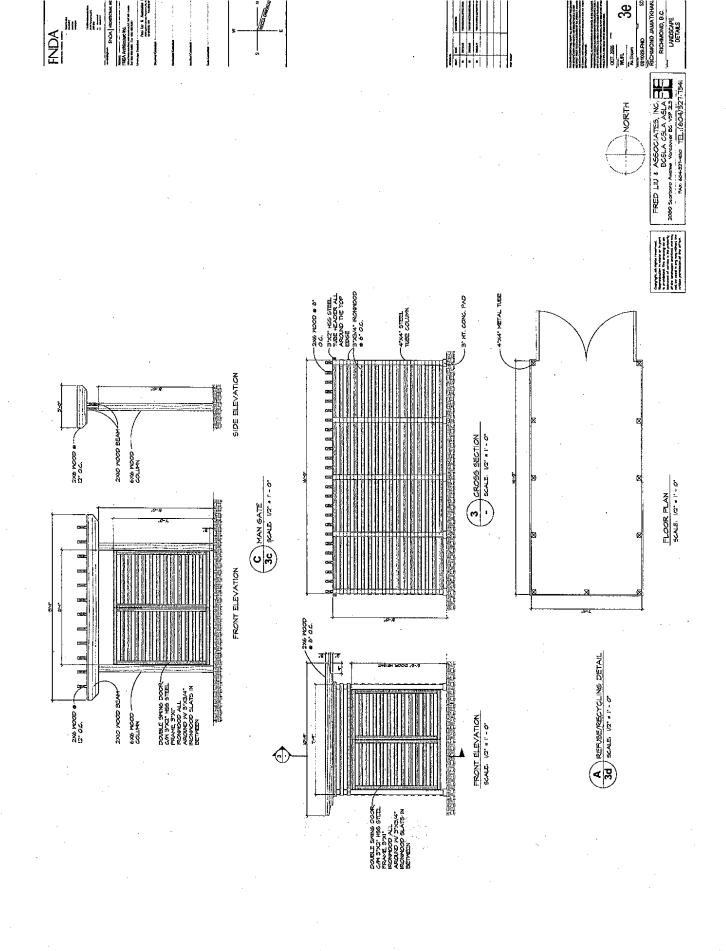


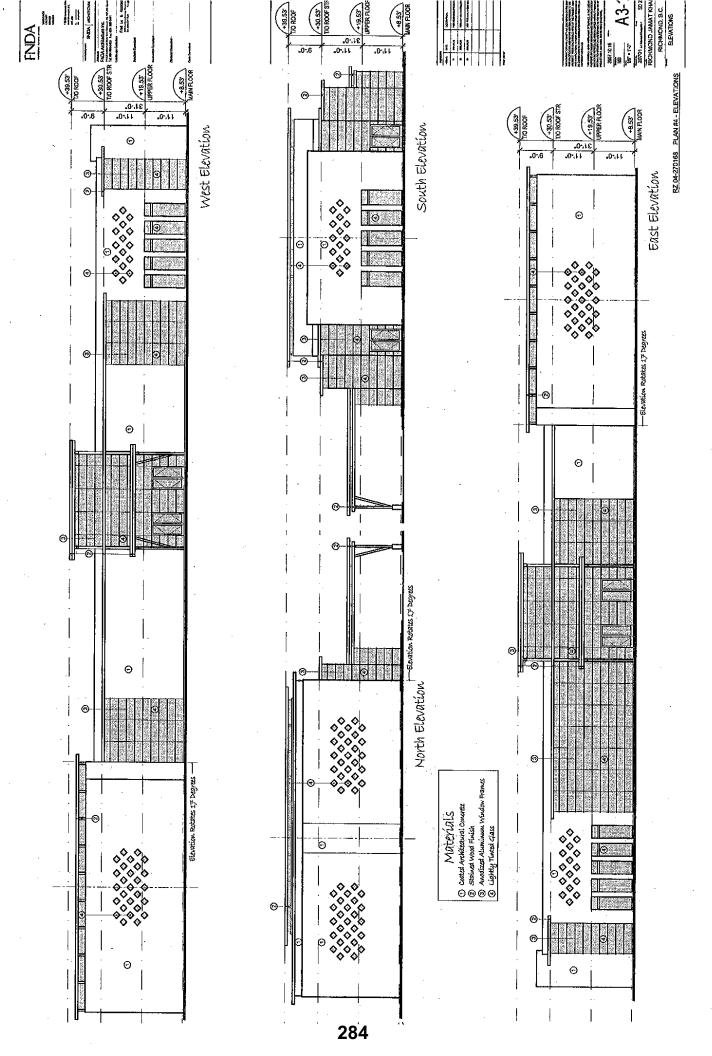


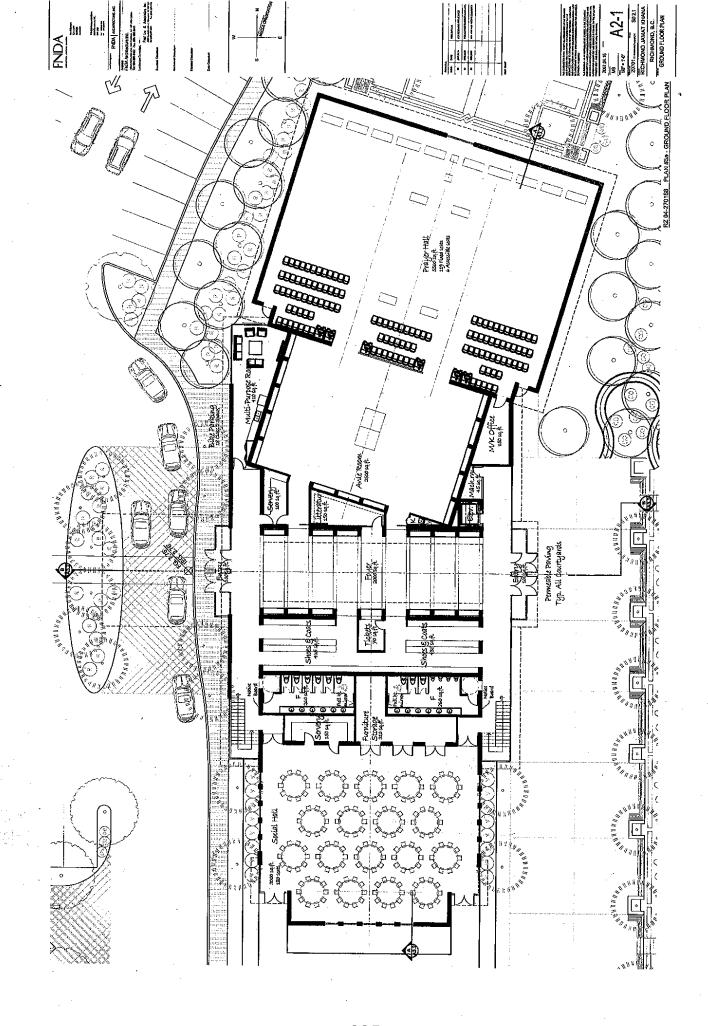


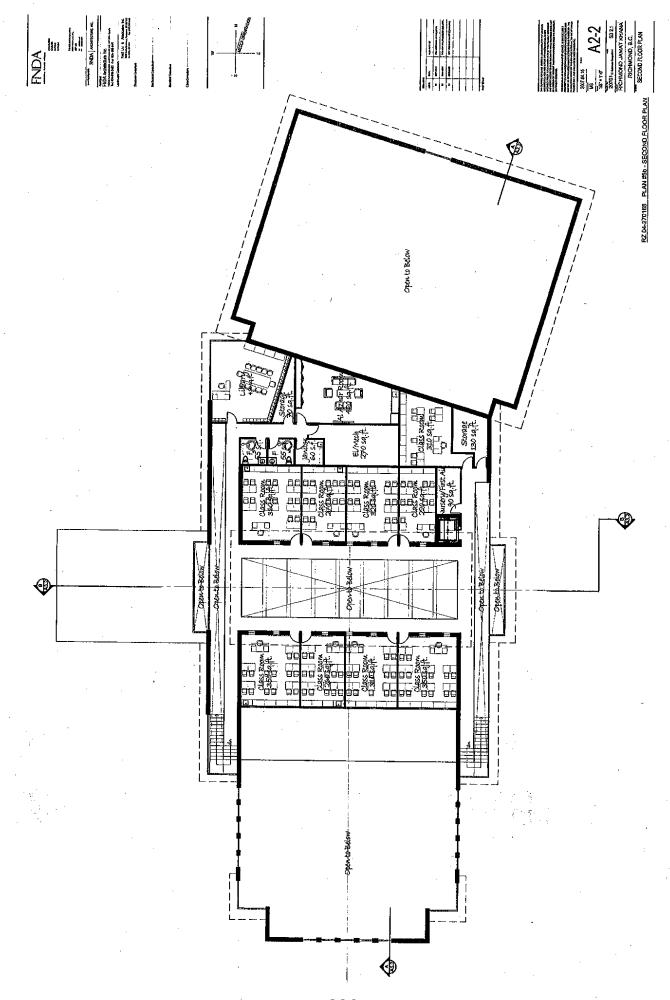


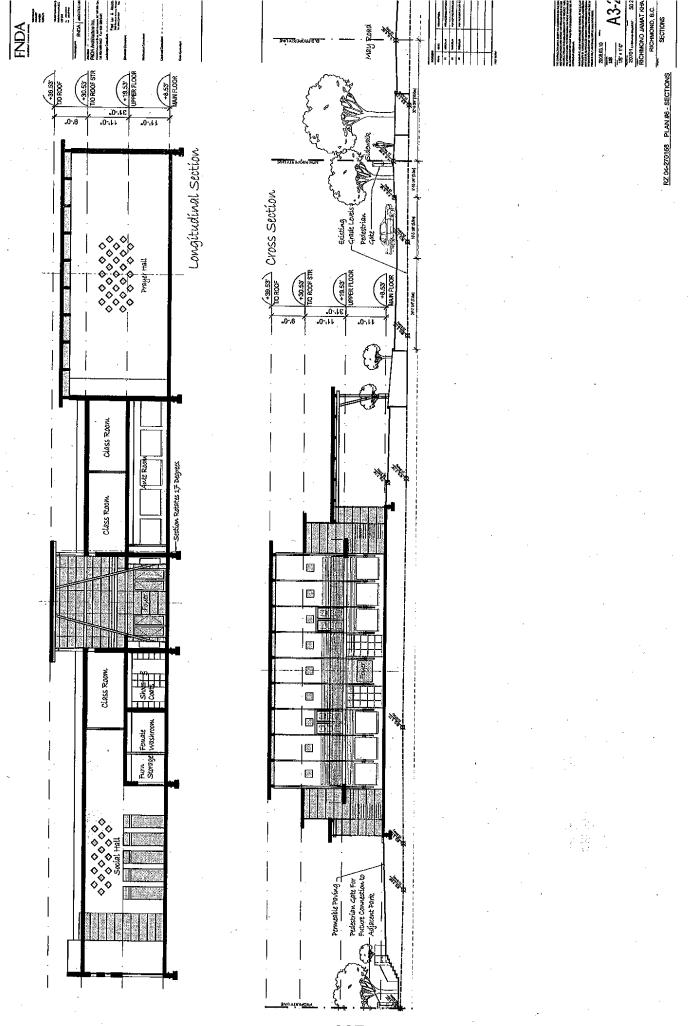


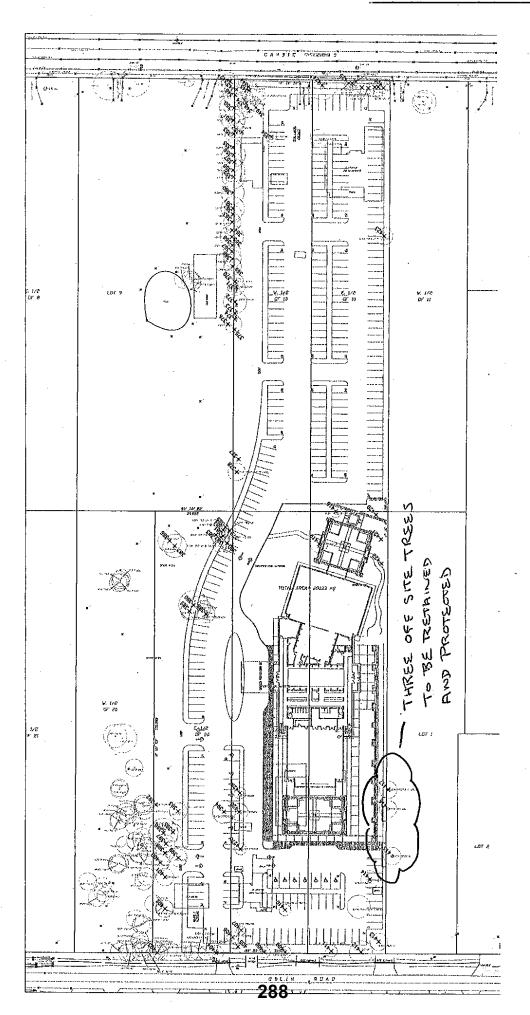












ON-SITE TREES PROPOSED TO BE REMOVED

NOTE

Trees are tagged in the field for identification

Tree numbers refer to the tree assessment plan prepared by Arbortech. Tree locations provided by surveyor.

Dbh denotes the diameter of the trunk, measured in cm at 1.4 m above grade.

Condition Rating scale: Very Poor, Poor, Fair, Good

		or Hydro line	s pruned to	•		le from the	pessed.	pessed.	pessed.	ie from the	is from the n stem.	le from the	le from the	shy form.	
Notes		The main stem and scaffold limbs have been previously headed at 4m for Hydro line clearance	This tree has been previously topped at 10m high and the south side has pruned to stubs for Hydro clearance.	Excessively headed at 6m.	Multi stems at the 6m high union, previously headed.	Previously topped, tree has full crown and the top stem union is not visible from the	ground. The main trunk sweeps from the base and is kinked. Over all crown is suppressed.	The main trunk sweeps from the base and is kinked. Over all crown is suppressed.	The main trunk sweeps from the base and is kinked. Over all crown is suppressed.	Previously topped, tree has full crown and the top stem union is not visible from the	Previously topped, tree has full crown and the top stem union is not visible from the ground, there is 18cm diameter subdominant leader attached to the main stem.	Previously topped, tree has full crown and the top stem union is not visible from the	Previously topped, tree has full crown and the top stem union is not visible from the	ground. Previously headed 3m and the crown has been sheared into compact bushy form.	
Condition		Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	Very poor	
Species		Black Cottonwood	Western redoedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	30+40 Western redcedar	Westem redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	
- Had		8	46	တ္ထ	40	8	30	30+40	25+15	75	65	55	23	Multi	
Tree Tag	,	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	
Treatment	TREES:	Remove off-site	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove	Remove off-site	Remove	

289

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Notes	The crown is sparse and thinning from top down, previously topped and multiple leaders at 10m above grade.	The crown is sparse and thinning from top down, previously topped and multiple leaders at 10m above grade.		The crown is sparse and thinning from top down, previously topped and multiple	leaders at 10m above grade.	The crown is sparse and thinning from top down, previously topped and multiple	reducts at 1011 above glade. The errors is created and thinning from ten down provincials tenance and multiple	leaders at 10m above grade.	The top is dead and the tree appears to be dying from the top down.	The top is dead and the tree appears to be dying from the top down.	The top is dead and the tree appears to be dying from the top down.	This tree is mostly dead.	This tree is mostly dead.	This tree is dead.	This tree is mostly dead.	This tree is mostly dead.	This tree is dead.	The crown is sparse and thinning from top down, appears to be dying from the top	down.	This tree is mostly dead.	This tree is mostly dead.	The crown is infested with ivy.	Severe lean and kink to the east.	Crown is severely suppressed by the cedar trees.	Dead 10m high snag tree. (Hazardous)	Spindly form, infected with bacterial blight, lower 3m covered in brambles.		Spindly form, infected with bacterial blight, lower 3m covered in brambles.	Spindly form, infected with bacterial blight, lower 3m covered in brambles.	,
Condition	Very poor	Very poor .		Very poor	•	Very poor	Vongrador	ood for	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Hazardous	Very poor	Very poor	Hazardous	Very poor		Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Hazardous		Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	
Species	Western redcedar	Western redoedar		Western redcedar		Western redcedar	Mostom rodeodar		Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redoedar	Western redoedar	Western redcedar	Western redcedar	Western redoedar		Western redcedar	Western redcedar	_	Western redcedar	Hawthorn	Bitter Cherry		Bitter Cherry	Bitter Cherry	Bitter Cherry	
엽	72	49		ري م		65	. 4	5	99	93	65	40	75	56	2/	22	33	20		45	7.5	20+18	33	15x4	35	25+15		Multi	25	
Tree Tag	356	357		328		359	360	3	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370		371	372	373	374	375	376	377		378	379	
Treatment	Remove off-site	Remove straddles Property line	· -	Remove off-site		Remove off-site	Domosto off cito	and the state of t	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove off-site	Remove		Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove off-site	Remove		Remove	Remove	

Bitter Cherry Cherry Cherry Bitter Cherry Bitter Cherry Bitter Cherry Bitter Cherry Cherr	Tree Tag		Species	Condition	Notes
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Bitter Cherry C		25	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Spindly form, infected with bacterial blight, lower 3m covered in brambles.
25Bitter CherryVery poor40Bitter CherryVery poor35Bitter CherryVery poor20Bitter CherryVery poor35Bitter CherryVery poor36Bitter CherryVery poor35Bitter CherryVery poorMultiBitter CherryVery poor25x2Bitter CherryVery poor30Bitter CherryVery poor20x2European BirchVery poorMultiNorway MapleVery poor31European BirchVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor		45	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Spindly form, infected with bacterial blight, lower 3m covered in brambles.
40 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Hazelnut Very poor 20 Bitter Cherry Very poor 35 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor 40 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 40 Plum Poor		25	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Spindly form, infected with bacterial blight, lower 3m covered in brambles.
35Bitter CherryVery poorMultiHazelnutVery poor20Bitter CherryVery poor35Bitter CherryVery poorMultiBitter CherryVery poor35Bitter CherryVery poorMultiBitter CherryVery poor25x2Bitter CherryVery poor20x2European BirchVery poorMultiNorway MapleVery poor30Bitter CherryVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor		40	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Spindly form, infected with bacterial blight, lower 3m covered in brambles.
MultiHazelnutVery poor20Bitter CherryVery poor35Bitter CherryVery poorMultiBitter CherryVery poor35Bitter CherryVery poorMultiBitter CherryVery poor25x2Bitter CherryVery poor30Bitter CherryVery poor20x2European BirchVery poorMultiNorway MapleVery poor31European BirchVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor	10	35	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Spindly form, infected with bacterial blight, lower 3m covered in brambles.
Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor 25x2 Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	4 02	Multi	Hazelnut	Very poor	These are clusters comprised of multiple stems.
35 Bitter Cherry Very poor 35 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor 20x2 European Birch Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor Very poor Very poor Very poor	~ 00	30 S	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Triese are cubicers comprised or manaple steries. High % of dieback throughout the crown, infected with bacterial blight and canker, surrounded by heavy brambles.
Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor 25x2 Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor Very poor Very poor Very poor Very poor	6	35	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	High % of dieback throughout the crown, infected with bacterial blight and canker, surrounded by heavy brambles.
35 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor Soz Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor 31 European Birch Very poor 31 European Birch Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor Pour		Multi	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	High % of dieback throughout the crown, infected with bacterial blight and canker, surrounded by heavy brambles.
MultiBitter CherryVery poor25x2Bitter CherryVery poor30Bitter CherryVery poor20x2European BirchVery poorMultiNorway MapleVery poor31European BirchVery poor40PlumPoor30Bitter CherryVery poor		35	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	High % of dieback throughout the crown, infected with bacterial blight and canker, surrounded by heavy brambles.
Multi Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor 20x2 European Birch Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 31 European Birch Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	2	Multi	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Multiple stems at the basal union, spindly stems.
25x2 Bitter Cherry Very poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor 20x2 European Birch Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 31 European Birch Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	က	Multi	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Multiple stems joined at the cracked stem union, 35% dieback, infected with bacterial blight.
30 Bitter Cherry Very poor 20x2 European Birch Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 31 European Birch Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	4	25x2	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Multiple stemmed tree, infected with bacterial canker.
20x2 European Birch Very poor Multi Norway Maple Very poor 31 European Birch Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	Ŋ	8	Bitter Cherry	Very poor	Suppressed and one sided.
Multi Norway Maple Very poor 31 European Birch Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	ယ	20x2	European Birch	Very poor	The top is dead and the twin leaders join at the base.
31 European Birch Very poor 40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	_	Multi	Norway Maple	Very poor	Multi stems at 0.5m high union with visible crackers extending downward.
40 Plum Poor 30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	ω.	83	European Birch	Very poor	Mostly dead - high crown.
30 Bitter Cherry Very poor	တ	4	Plum	Poor	One sided crown to the east.
		ଚ୍ଚ	Bitter Chemy	Very poor	Spindly form with limited crown.

Notes	The very tops are dead and the overall crown is approximately 35% dead.	Twin leaders at the basal union, with visible cracks. There are broken scaffold limbs and several brown patches throughout the crown.	Headed at 5m in height and multi at base.	Headed and falling apart.	This tree is dead.	Both trees have been headed at 6m for hydro clearance and the crowns are	asymmetric to the south.	Both trees have been headed at 6m for hydro clearance and the crowns are asymmetric to the south.	Twin leaders at the basal union, with visible cracks into the stem union.	Headed to 4m above grade.	This tree has been headed at several times for the hydro clearance.	The crown is comprised of end weighted scaffold limbs.	The crown has been headed at 4m with major decay visible at the heading wounds.	This tree has recently been topped within 2m of the original top. Full and healthy crown.		Twin leaders joined at the basal union, the west leader is sweeping over the work site.	Multi stemmed tree with gall infection, and heavy brambles growing around the tree.	Suppressed and infected with bacterial blight	Mostly dead.	Mostly dead.	Mostly dead.	This tree has failed and is growing almost parallel to the ground, there is large crack.	This tree has been previously topped at 4m and 6mhigh for Hydro line clearance, marmed scaffold limbs.	This tree is covered in ivy, and appears to have been topped and now has is comprised of multiple small diameter tops.
Condition	Poor	Very poor	Poor	Very poor	Hazardous	Very poor	:	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Poor	Very poor	Fair	Fair	Very Poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Very poor	Poor
Species	European Birch	40+30 Lawson Cypress	Portuguese Laurel	Pyramid cedar	Cherry	Blue spruce	i	Blue spruce	Cherry	Holly	Western redcedar	Weep Willow	Сһету	Western redcedar	Chestnut	Chestnut	Mountain Ash	Hawthorn	Plum	Pium	Plum	Cherry	Deodara Cedar	English Oak
둲	99	40+30	Multi	10x6	20	40	9	40	30x2	4x20	89	75	45x2	45	75	65+40	20x4	35+20	Multi	Multi	Multi	09	90	45
Tree Tag	401	402	405	406	407	408	•	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	427
Treatment	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	1	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	- Remove	Retain off-site	Retain off-site	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove	Remove

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MAY 23 2008

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	Notes	The lower crown is covered infested with ivy, can't see the quality of the stem	unions. The majority of the tree is covered infested in ivy and the crown is asymmetric.	-		the nedge has been neaded back for hydro line clearance. This hedge is comprised of many small diameter stems. Infected with bacterial
	Condition Notes	Poor	Very poor		Very poor	Very poor
	Species	Weep Willow	25+10 Bitter Cherry		Holly (hedge)	Holly (hedge)
	Dbh	06	25+10		VAR	Multi
	Tree Tag Dbh Species	428	429		403 - 404	425-426
	Treatment	Remove	Remove	HEDGES:	Remove	Remove
- 1	L			1		

blight and Phytophthora ilicis, infested with leaf miner.

EXCERPT FROM THE MINUTES FROM THE DESIGN PANEL MEETING

Wednesday March 18, 2009 - 4:00 p.m.

Rm. M.1.003

RICHMOND CITY HALL

1. REZONING 04-270168 – ISMAILI JAMATKHANA TEMPLE 26,614 SQ.FT. AND 295 PARKING STALLS

APPLICANT:

FNDA Architecture Inc.

PROPERTY LOCATION:

9560/9580 Cambie Road and 9531/9551/9571 Odlin Road

Planner Diana Nikolic presented the site context and provided background information related to the subject sites in lieu of Planner David Brownlee who was unable to attend.

Panel Discussion

Comments from the Panel were as follows:

- pleased to see this project come forward and to see how small the building is in comparison to the size of the lot; the signage could be more artistic in order to avoid bringing in outside works of art; the porte-cochère should not be a concern as often this area is only utilized by those unable to walk or during special events such as weddings;
- this neighbourhood has lots of public art, there seems to be no appropriate area on this site for public art and the building's design includes feature that are significant to the membership; thus, art could be integrated into other structures such as the entrance gates;
- those with disabilities may be more comfortable if their seating arrangement is more inclusive in the prayer hall;

- the architect has addressed staff comments and concerns well, the building is well designed; believe that there is opportunity to showcase culture through art, particularly through integration with the site signage; LEED and sustainability initiatives are very worthwhile and should be pursued; pursue opportunities to have more permeable site coverage; parking exceeds the bylaw requirements, consider opportunities to reduce the number of parking stalls;
- echoed the Panel's comment in regards to signage and art; should investigate digital controls for mechanical systems; openings to allow fresh air into the building;
- consider introducing a variety of tree species in parking area as a way to distinguish drive aisle and parking blocks; it would also help define way finding and increases plant diversity; there are a lot of magnolias around the building, consider a reduction in order to make them more distinctive; concerned with signage and the large wall behind it the wall could be replaced with solid plants; the trees in grates at the front entrance obstruct views; reduce the impact of the blank wall by incorporating foundation planting without reducing the amount of pedestrian movement; consider incorporating rain gardens as a feature to the landscaping; consider setting back entrances from the street; encourage to replace lawn with plant material and planting up to the sidewalk/property line; permeable surface treatment of the porte-cochère is solely decorative as it is covered; and
- echoed the Panel's comment in regards to the aesthetic appearance of the building; maximize opportunity associated with signage at the corners of the lot; the parking area could utilize the medians to drain storm water if the area had a slight downgrade; encouraged greater resolution of the courtyard spaces through simple angles, lesser treatment, and extension of building materials as the area is repetitive; suggested eliminating parking stalls at key locations such as the front entrance.

Panel Decision

It was moved and seconded

That RZ 04-270168 move forward to the Planning Committee taking into consideration the following comments of the Advisory Design Panel:

- 1. explore the possibility of integrating artful elements in gates and signage at the perimeter of the site;
- 2. consider the design of the prayer hall to break up the aisle in order integrate disabled seating with general seating;

- 3. develop or explore opportunities to (i) promote sustainable use, such as reduction of parking, addition of landscaping, (ii) digitally control mechanical systems in particular air and temperature controls of interior spaces; and (iii) utilize natural ventilation;
- 4. consider (i) greater diversity of tree species, paying particular attention to the number of magnolias; (ii) reconsider trees in grates adjacent to the porte-cochère area and parking area; (iii) rain gardens to capture rain off roof; and (iv) replacing lawn with plant material up to the sidewalk/property line;
- 5. consider increasing permeability of the parking area and landscape areas; and
- 6. explore the treatment of the north courtyard space, and the elements of the courtyard wall in order to provide a more cloistered space and further separation from the parking lot.

CARRIED

May 13, 2009

City of Richmond, Planning and Development Department 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond BC, V6Y 2C1



FNDA Architecture Inc.

ARCHITECTURE • PLANNING • INTERIORS

Dear Mr. David Brownlee:

Re: Advisory Design Panel and Staff Comments, April 1, 2009 9560/9580 Cambie and 9531/9551/9571 Odlin Road

Further to your letter dated April 1, 2009,

That RZ 04-270168 move forward to the Planning Committee taking into consideration the following comments of the Advisory Design Panel:

- I explore the possibility of integrating artful elements in gates and signage at the perimeter of the site;
 - We will be accommodating this request during Design Development stage. Gates will be of moderate proportion, and will be mostly transparent.
- 2 consider the design of the prayer hall to break up the aisle in order integrate disabled seating with general seating;
 - We have revised our floor plan accordingly, please refer to 'Plan 5a Main Floor'.
- 3 develop or explore opportunities to (i) promote sustainable use, such as reduction of parking, addition of landscaping, (ii) digitally control mechanical systems in particular air and temperature controls of interior spaces; and (iii) utilize natural ventilation;
 - (i) While we are hopeful that Jamatkhana members will carpool and use public transportation, the current situation with existing Jamatkhanas is that parking is often not sufficient and sometimes spills over off site. The proposed total parking of 291 stalls is already less than the 300 stalls requested in the Owner's design program. For these reasons we feel it is best to accommodate all parking on site.
 - (ii) We expect that having digitally controlled mechanical systems will provide substantial operational cost savings, therefore we plan to set this out as a requirement for our Consultant's design.
 - (iii) We will look to provide natural ventilation wherever possible.

Farouk Noormohamed MRAIC MAIBC

116 - 828 Harbourside Dr. North Vancouver, B.C. V7P 3R9

Tel: 604/990-5400 Fax: 604/990-5441 Toll Free: 1-888-391-7861

farouk@fndesign.com www.fndesign.com 4 consider (i) greater diversity of tree species, paying particular attention to the number of magnolias; (ii) reconsider trees in grates adjacent to the portecochère area and parking area; (iii) rain gardens to capture rain off roof; and (iv) replacing lawn with plant material up to the sidewalk/property line;

The landscape design has been revised to reduce the number of Magnolia trees and replaced with two other types flowering trees; After much review, it was decided that due to the relatively narrow sidewalk, the tree grates adjacent to the porte-cochere are necessary to protect those trees at this high traffic area; Rain Gardens are now indicated in the areas east of the building with appropriate plant materials such as Sagina moss and native plants. All narrow strips of grass areas along May drive and Odlin road have been replaced with more low compact shrubs and evergreen groundcovers planted right up to the edge of sidewalk. After much review, it was decided to maintain the grass along Cambie road because of the size of the planting bed and the width of the 3m wide ROW at that location.

5 consider increasing permeability of the parking area and landscape areas; and

All courtyard areas will have permeable paving. We will consider having permeable paving at the car parking areas adjacent to the courtyards, budget permitting. We will also have our consultant propose a site drainage design that will incorporate swales to allow water to percolate into the soft landscape areas.

6 explore the treatment of the north courtyard space, and the elements of the courtyard wall in order to provide a more cloistered space and further separation from the parking lot.

The comments of the design panel will be taken into account as we go into detail design stage. The idea of walled courtyards is very much a part of the tradition of Islamic architecture and as such will blend seamlessly into the overall design concept.

We greatly appreciate all of the Design Panels' comments and look forward to developing a design focal point for the City of Richmond that will serve as a model within the community.

Please contact the undersigned if any further information or clarification is required.

Yours truly,

Farouk Noormohamed MRAIC MAIBC

FNDA Architecture Inc.

ARCHITECTURE • PLANNING • INTERIORS

Farouk Noormohamed Principal, FNDA Architecture Inc.

C.c. - Owner

Fred Liu & Associates FNDA

Mr. Amin Alidina

Mr. Fred Liu

Mr. Michel Brunet

116 - 828 Harbourside Dr. North Vancouver, B.C. V7P 3R9

Tel: 604/990-5400 Fax: 604/990-5441 Toll Free: 1-888-391-7861

farouk@fndesign.com www.fndesign.com

Rezoning Considerations 9560, 9580 Cambie Road and 9531, 9551, 9571 Odlin Road RZ 04-270168

Prior to final adoption of Zoning Amendment Bylaw 8501, the developer is required to complete the following:

- 1. Road dedications as detailed in the Dev Apps-Engineering Technical Review Comments dated July 18, 2008 (REDMS 2352826) to provide for partial development of May Drive, corner cuts at the new intersections with Odlin Rd. and also with Cambie Road, as well as the widening of Cambie Road along the frontage of the subject properties. The ultimate road dedication requirements may vary according to the ultimate functional road designs approved by the director of Transportation through the Servicing Agreement.
- 2. The granting of a 3.0m wide Sanitary Sewer right-of-way along the Cambie Road frontage property line, if required.
- 3. Consolidation of all the lots into one development parcel (which will require the demolition of the existing dwellings).
- 4. Registration on title of an interim Public Right of Passage and Utility Right of Way to permit continuous pedestrian and utility access connecting the northern and southern portions of May Drive.
- 5. Registration of an aircraft noise covenant on title.
- 6. Registration of a flood plain covenant on title identifying a minimum habitable elevation of 2.6m GSC.
- 7. Installation of appropriate tree protection fencing around all trees to be retained as part of the development prior to final adoption of the rezoning bylaw or any construction activities, including building demolition, occurring onsite.
- 8. Receipt of a Letter of Credit for landscaping in the amount of \$49,156.00. The amount is based on the total floor area, including areas which may be exempt from floor area ratio (F.A.R.) calculations (i.e. based upon a gross area of 24,578 sq.ft.).
- 9. Voluntary contributions for Community and Engineering Planning Costs (\$.07 / building square foot), Child Care (\$.60 / building square foot) and City Beautification (\$.60 / building square foot). These calculations will be based upon the actual building square footage.
- 10. Enter into a Servicing Agreement* for the design and construction of frontage upgrades along Cambie and Odlin plus half road new construction of May Drive. Works include, but are not limited to:
 - General Issues: A Benkelman beam test or other method approved by our
 Engineering Dept, is required, to determine the strength of Odlin Road. Should
 the road "fail", then full road construction is required, but likewise, if the road is
 okay, then only road widening is required with appropriate overlays as determined
 by the developer's engineer. (For context, the two Polygon applications –
 Meridian Gate & Hennessy Green frontages on Odlin both "failed", and full
 new road bases as appropriate are being constructed via their SA process.)
 - <u>Cambie Road</u>: Factoring in the Road Dedication requirements along Cambie, identified in the Dev Apps-Engineering Technical Review Comments dated July 18, 2008 (REDMS 2352826), a new edge is required to be constructed along the

entire Cambie frontage. Works include, but are not limited to, a new 2m concrete sidewalk at the new South PL, with a 1.5m grass and treed boulevard (tree species to be determined), with the new curb and gutter established to create the new 16.7m travel portion of Cambie. The existing davit arm street lighting is to be relocated into the new boulevard. As will be required by all to properties fronting Cambie, the pole line across this frontage must be undergrounded; the developer and their consultants are to work directly with the utility companies (BC Hydro, Telus etc), to achieve this. Transportation Dept has identified the realigned lane widths for Cambie Road in a separate document. The transition from the new to the existing will involve the new May Drive intersection at the west edge. Exact details for the transition at the east edge need to be resolved directly with Transportation Dept as part of the SA process.

- Odlin Road: The ultimate width of Odlin is to be 8.5m, with the road raised to a minimum 2.0m geodetic elevation. Because of the grade change (raising Odlin approximately 0.4 to 0.5m from existing), a 2/3 road cross-section upgrading is required to allow for transitions for safe vehicular travel. The maximum transition grades are at a 6% slope. Frontage upgrades are required up to the edge of the relocated driveway (i.e., approximately half) of 9611 Odlin, which is the future North Park Way greenway. The full magnitude of the off-sites may be offset somewhat as Polygon has applied to rezone 9420-9500 Odlin, so there should be some overlap in Odlin Road upgrades between these two projects. The works to be constructed include, but are not limited to, a 2m concrete sidewalk at the north property line, creation of a 4.817m grass and treed boulevard, curb and gutter and construction of a minimum 6.1m of road improvements and a minimum 1m shoulder to be designed to TAC standards, to meet the existing surface. The tree species is to be 7cm calliper Common Catalpa trees. The streetlights for all internal West Cambie streets are to be Type I luminaires (Spec L12.5), powder coated black and spaced tighter to ensure pedestrian safety. The 200mm diameter PVC watermain being established via SA07-365375 (Polygon's Hennessy Green) may need to be extended from 9671 Odlin, west to the west edge of this site at the established 8.47m offset from the North PL. This is to be determine via the capacity analysis process. The capacity analysis review will determine whether the existing 600mm diameter storm sewer, which commences opposite 9631 Odlin and drains east to No 4 Road is large enough to meet the new needs of this neighbourhood. At the very least, this storm system is to be extended west, to the west edge of this frontage at a minimum 600mm. For the sanitary sewer, a capped stub from the newly installed gravity system is in the immediate vicinity of where May Drive connects to Odlin Road, plus two other stubs, which could be used for service tie-ins. See the Building Permit section below regarding the "Alexandra Neighbourhood Development Agreement" compensation requirements.
- May Drive: This ½ Road will be two separate sections, as the Road tapers at the existing common PL between Odlin and Cambie. There is another proposed new road coming in from the west (McKim Drive), which does not touch any of this development site. Ultimately, May Drive north of McKim will have an 11.2m travel surface, whereas south of McKim it will be 8.5m. There will be grade

differential between May Drive at the adjacent lands at 9500 Cambie and 9511 Odlin, some type of interim standard will be necessary to be implemented. The preferred (ultimate) cross section is a 2m sidewalk at the PL, with a 1.5 grass and treed boulevard (species to be determined), curb and gutter with a minimum 6m asphalt travel surface with a minimum 1m gravel should on the west edge. This adds up to 10.65m with no allowance for lock blocks or other slope control options. This interim design includes the ultimate 2m concrete sidewalk with an interim minimal grass strip (0.6m+/-) including Type I streetlights, an asphalt curb and gutter and with an asphalt swale (low point) about where the ultimate curb line will be placed. Under this 10m interim road, watermain, storm and sanitary sewer systems are to be installed. Both the water and sanitary will need to tie through from Odlin to Cambie, so Utility ROW's will be required through the proposed parking lot to bridge these services, where the road continuity currently ends. The Engineering consultant must show interim and ultimate cross sections for both portions of May Drive as part of the design package. Traffic calming should be implemented or at least design when the ultimate road is built (this should be discussed with Transportation Dept), at the Odlin intersection:

Prior to construction of May Drive the proponent will be required to secure the removal of 23 trees located on the neighbouring property (northern half of the site along the west property line) or, alternatively arrange an acceptable interim option as determined with input from an Arborist for their retention pending the full construction of May Drive.

- May Drive/Cambie Road Traffic Signal: A traffic signal design and its construction may be required at this intersection subject to Transportation Staff review via the forthcoming SA process for this project. Should it be deemed that a signal is warranted, the design and construction would be included in this same SA. If a traffic signal were deemed unnecessary at this time, signal preducting would be required at this location to allow for future signalization of this intersection. The process to determine if a signal is warranted may identify other options for ensuring traffic and pedestrian safety.
- <u>Service Connections</u>: Service connections for the development site are to be included in the SA design drawings set.
- Water, Storm and Sanitary Sewer Upgrades: Any water, storm and sanitary sewer upgrades which may be required via the Capacity Analysis process are to be included via this SA process. At the very minimum, the results of the analysis must be presented as part of the SA design set.

Prior to Building Permit Issuance the following will be required:

 Submission of a Construction Parking and Traffic Management Plan to the Transportation Division. Management Plan shall include location for parking for services, deliveries, workers, loading, application for any lane closures, and proper construction traffic controls as per Traffic Control Manual for works on Roadways (by Ministry of Transportation) and MMCD Traffic Regulation Section 01570.

- To demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Tree Preservation Coordinator how three trees (#415,416, 417 in the submitted tree list) located along the eastern property line will be successfully retained.
- Payment of \$30,476.72 for this site's portion of the Alexandra Neighbourhood Development Agreement based upon \$1.24/sq.ft. and a gross building floor area of 24,578 sq.ft. as per plans dated May 2, 2009.
- Payment of West Cambie Supplementary Development Cost Charges.

Note:

- * This requires a separate application.
- Where the Director of Development deems appropriate, the preceding agreements are to be drawn not only as personal covenants of the property owner but also as covenants pursuant to Section 219 of the Land Title Act.

All agreements to be registered in the Land Title Office shall have priority over all such liens, charges and encumbrances as is considered advisable by the Director of Development. All agreements to be registered in the Land Title Office shall, unless the Director of Development determines otherwise, be fully registered in the Land Title Office prior to enactment of the appropriate bylaw.

The preceding agreements shall provide security to the City including indemnities, warranties, equitable/rent charges, letters of credit and withholding permits, as deemed necessary or advisable by the Director of Development. All agreements shall be in a form and content satisfactory to the Director of Development.

Signed	Date	
[Signed original on file]	*	



Richmond Zoning and Development Bylaw 5300 Amendment Bylaw 8501 (RZ 04-270168) 9560, 9580 CAMBIE ROAD AND 9531, 9551, 9571 ODLIN ROAD

The Council of the City of Richmond in onen meeting assembled enacts as follows:

HIC	Council of the City of Kichinolia, in open incoming assembled, chaots as follows.
1.	Richmond Zoning and Development Bylaw 5300 is amended by repealing the existing zoning designation of the following areas and by designating them ASSEMBLY DISTRICT (ASY) :
	P.I.D. 003-606-163 West Half Lot 10 Block "A" Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 1224
	P.I.D. 003-550-028 East Half Lot 10 Block "A" Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 1224
	P.I.D. 004-870-581 East Half Lot 20 Block "A" Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 1224
	P.I.D. 000-948-837 West Half Lot 19 Block A Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 1224
	P.I.D. 003-666-379 East Half Lot 19 Block "A" Section 34 Block 5 North Range 6 West New Westminster District Plan 1224
2.	This Bylaw may be cited as "Richmond Zoning and Development Bylaw 5300,

Amendment Bylaw 8501".

FIRST READING	JUN 2 2 2009	CITY OF RICHMOND
A PUBLIC HEARING WAS HELD ON		APPROVED by
SECOND READING		APPROVED by Director or Solicitor
THIRD READING		- al
MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION APPROVAL	·	
OTHER CONDITIONS SATISFIED		 .

Bylaw 8501	Page 2
ADOPTED	

CORPORATE OFFICER

MAYOR