

City of Richmond

Report to Committee

To:

Parks, Recreation and Cultural Services Committee

February 11, 2009 Date:

From:

Vern Jacques

File:

Acting Director, Recreation and Cultural

Services

Re:

Britannia Shipyard Historic Zone Exhibits

Staff Recommendation

That the Britannia Heritage Shipyard Historic Zone Exhibit Design and Site Wayfinding Plan (Attachment 1) be approved.

Vern Jacque

Acting Director, Recreation and Cultural Services

(604-247-4930)

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ROUTED TO:	C	ONCURRENCE	CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER
Facility Management		Y 🗹 N 🗆	lileaille.
REVIEWED BY TAG	YES	NO	REVIEWED BY CAO YES NO

Staff Report

Origin

At the Council Meeting of July 14, 2008 the following motion was passed:

That detailed interpretation and exhibit plans for each of the five buildings within the Historic Zone be brought back to Council for approval before tendering Phase 3.

This report presents the exhibit plans for Britannia Heritage Shipyard's Historic Zone and the five buildings for approval. It should be noted that a separate report on the Britannia Historic Zone is being brought forward through the Public Works and Transportation Committee providing an update on the phasing of construction and some additional works included.

Analysis

At the July 8, 2008 meeting of PRCS Committee, the Britannia Historic Zone Interpretation Plan as prepared by Denise Cook Design was presented and positive feedback was received. Subsequently, Denise Cook was retained by Toby Russell Buckwell Architecture Inc. to work with Britannia staff to develop the exhibit themes and concepts component of the third phase of the Historic Zone. The details of the concepts are presented in the Britannia Heritage Shipyard Historic Zone Exhibit Design and Wayfinding Plan (Attachment 1) and are outlined below.

Thematic Framework

The overall theme for the Historic Zone is the residential-cultural theme. This captures the social values and stories of the community, as well as the physical nature of the buildings and their interiors, and the spaces in between. The theme is made richer by the layers of occupation and subsequent capacity for storytelling that each of the buildings holds. The theme is expressed in the overall narrative, which is the experience and way of life of past cannery and shipyard workers. Their lives were much more than menial labour and modest accommodations. The interpretation reveals the sense of community that the cannery experience gave.

The thematic framework has five distinct components that flow throughout the site:

- 1. Ethnicity and cultural diversity
- 2. Society and community
- 3. A typology of housing
- 4. The interconnectedness within the industry
- 5. Cultural expression of the maritime experience

Each building is presented separately but explores topics and ideas based on the residential/cultural theme. Each exhibit stands on its own, which allows each visitor to experience the interpretive areas in any order. Topics or themes are presented in a way that provides the context for understanding and meaning.

A. Overall Historic Zone

The outdoor exhibits provide continuity with the Britannia site. This will include an introduction to the site, life along the boardwalk, the relationships of residents and workers along the River and the cultivated landscape. The outdoor interpretation extends the stories of each building, integrating what is going on inside.

The story line for the overall component presents the broad themes and timelines for the Britannia site. It introduces the boardwalk as a connector, transportation corridor, social space, and play space. It will use front porch furnishings and artifacts to show how the boardwalk was used as an extension of the indoor space.

B. Murchison House #1

This building will provide site orientation, present Steveston's customs office and provide a potential revenue source with a small gift shop space.

The story line will integrate the role of the customs officer with the fishing and canning industries and introduce John Murchison as a character in Steveston's history through his role as customs officer and police chief. The Murchison story is supported by merchandise displays which give the visitor a sense of a small bunkhouse space.

C. Murchison House #2

This building will focus on family life, domesticity, children, recreation and leisure. The use of the building through time will show the relationship with the school operated by the Sisters of Atonement.

The story line will focus on the rituals of daily life: activities of children; influences of cultural diversity; and the industry and waterfront environment. Relationships to the local community stores and businesses in Steveston will also be explored. The activities of the Sisters and what brought them to Steveston as well as their relationship to the local children are part of the interpretation.

D. Stilt House #1

The exhibits for this building will show employment in the waterfront community, living conditions and the relationship to the outside world.

Stories of the fishing and boat-building industries, the seasonality of the jobs and the transient nature of the employees will be the focus. Leisure activities after work, activities reflecting culture and community and activities at different times of the year will be included.

E. Stilt House #2

This building will provide a comparison of residential Architectural Style and company houses and those who lived in them.

The story will focus on the functional design and style for the different residential buildings, the types of materials that were used, the common practice to re-use buildings in different locations and the environmental and political factors that influenced design and construction. The house was originally associated with Chief Point, an hereditary Musqueam chief, who worked in the fishing industry and lived in Richmond.

F. Chinese Bunkhouse

The Chinese bunkhouse will be a multi-functional public space. Main floor exhibits will be movable and invoke the mystery and intrigue of culture, the upper floor exhibits will focus on the personal Chinese experiences and their role in significant Canadian events of the time.

The story line features the role of the Chinese in early BC history and their involvement in the Fraser River gold rush in the 1860s and in the construction of the CPR in the 1880s. The relationship of the Chinese at Britannia to Vancouver's Chinatown, as workers returned there after the canning season to find other jobs as contract labourers. The unique aspects of Chinese culture will be included. The importance of food and cooking, the bunkhouse cook's garden, the accommodations, opium den, gambling hall and the role of the Chinese on the salmon canning lines are part of this story.

Capital Funding

The 2008 Capital program included funding for completion of the exterior and interiors of all buildings in the Historic Zone as well as the exhibits and interpretation for all of the buildings except for the Cannery Office and the Chinese Bunkhouse. A future capital budget funding request to complete the Chinese Bunkhouse and the Cannery Office furnishings, interpretation and exhibits, the last of the work in the Historic Zone will be submitted in the 2010 Capital Budget process.

Financial Impact

There is no immediate financial impact as funding for the exhibits and site wayfinding for the Historic Zone of Britannia Heritage Shipyard was approved as part of the 2008 capital budget.

Conclusion

With the approval of the Historic Zone exhibit plan construction and installation can begin immediately. The Historic Zone buildings and most exhibits are scheduled for opening to the public on May 2, 2009.

Bryan Klassen

Site Supervisor, Britannia Heritage Shipyard

(604-718-8044)

BK:bk

How We Lived: Stories of Work and Play at Britannia Britannia Heritage Shipyard National Historic Site

Exhibit Design Brief + Resource Plan
05 February 2009

1.0 Thematic Framework

not originally from the Britannia site, the theme is made richer by the layers of occupation interiors, and the spaces in between. Because all of the buildings in the Historic Zone are social values and stories of the site, as well as the physical nature of the buildings and their and subsequently the capacity for storytelling that each of the buildings holds. The overall theme for the Historic Zone is the residential-cultural theme. This captures the

sense of community that the cannery experience gave. experience and way of life of past cannery and shipyard workers. Their lives were much not have been possible. Friendships were made, husband or wives found, children born and and every other descent placed side by side, created opportunities that would otherwise raised and assistance given with home or work tasks. The interpretation should reveal the and the designated quarters occupied by cannery workers of Aboriginal, Chinese, Japanese, more than menial labour and modest accommodations. The small scale of the settlements The theme is expressed in the overall narrative thread which is proposed to be that of the

Ethnicity and cultural diversity

Employment patterns were often seen to have significant ethnic components al communities, either specific to those communities or mirroring the larger communities. workers tended to promote patterns of acceptance and interaction among diverse cultural groups. There were, however, patterns of ethnic tensions and conflict within these industri Considered as an aspect of the maritime experience, the experiences of fishery and canner

Sub-themes:

- Workers in the fishing industry, boatbuilding, housing, WWII, Sisters of Atonement Chinese workers and their role, history, living conditions, social life, contract workers
- First Nations in Steveston
- European workers and tradesmen
- Labour issues
- Relationships between the various groups in the Cannery/Shipyard hierarchy
- Cannery workers and fishermen as prospective missionary converts

Society and community

This theme will address the relationships between people – families, cannery workers, fishermen, children, managers and others – as expressed by the stories of the buildings in the Historic Zone.

Sub-themes:

Important stories from a variety of perspectives

- Women and children
- Making a home
- Social life and recreation

A typology of housing

Britannia and elsewhere. The buildings represent the residents of the buildings — from families with children to single workers. Furnishings should take into account the residents' should be furnished to resemble the homes of families who lived in the building at dif-Each of these dwellings tells the life stories of the families who lived here. The rooms the canning and fishing industries, local design influences and a reflection of worker's lives The diversity of housing types now located within the Historic Zone are a reflection of both ferent times with an emphasis on those who worked in the canning fishing industries at background and their different circumstances

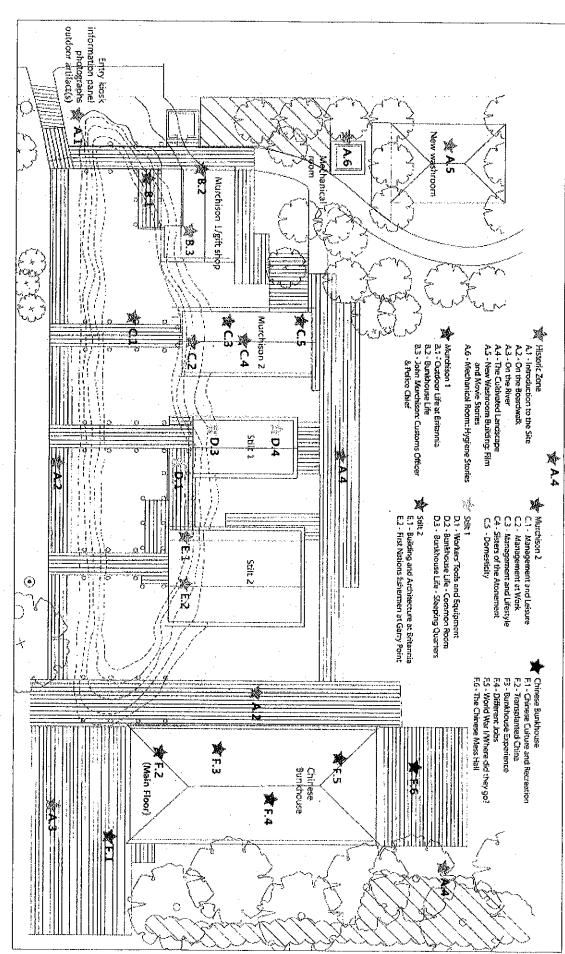
Sub-themes:

- Layout, arrangement, uses for rooms
- Expression of individual social status yet connected to the industry as a whole
- Adaptive re-use of housing over time as demonstrated at Britanni.
- How the buildings and their stories demonstrate the history and changes of the
- fishing and canning industries
- Construction: local materials, pre-fabricated housing, design Housing types representing different social circumstances
- Use of a particular building type
- The cannery experience: interconnectedness within the industry

Sub-themes: This theme explores the way in which the canning industry made the province smaller

- The inter-relationships within the industry
- Connection to the northern canneries
- 5. Cultural expression of the maritime experience

groups involved in these industries. the cultural products of the time. Within this theme is expressed the diversity of the ethnic This theme explores the ways in which the cannery, fishery and boat-building is reflected in



How We Lived: Stories of Work and Play at Britannia Britannia Heritage Shipyard Historic Zone: Exhibit Design Brief and Resource Plan

3.0 Interior Base Paint Colours

Proposed base colours for the building interiors.

All colours are from the Benjamin Moore historical collection

Colours based on proposed use/exhibit themes

specific paint highlights to be specified during detailed design

Neutral colours selected with trim colours, wall coverings, wainscotting, fabrics and site

Murchison 1 - Bunkhouse, gift shop

Gift shop: HC-170 Wedgewood Gray Office and storage: HC-4 Hawthorne Yellow

Murchison 2 - Manager's House

Front area - Parlour: HC-172 Revere Pewter Rear area - Kitchen: HC-5 Weston Flax

Upper Floor

Not part of the exhibit; use the same colour scheme as the caretaker's suite Stilt #1 - Bunkhouse Life

Front area: HC-146 Wedgewood Gray Rear area: HC-27 Monterey White

Stilt #2 - Architectural Styles and Chief Point House

Front exhibit area: HC-171 Wickham Gray

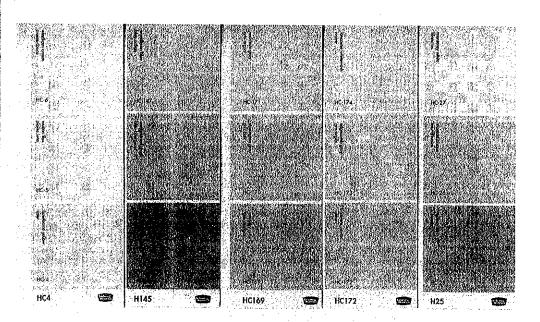
Chinese Bunkhouse

Main Floor: HC-170- Stonington Gray Upper Floor: HC-170 Stonington Gray

Upper floor to be horizontal wood cladding

Wood to have with a warm grey whitewashed look

Highlight colours to be charcoal, browns and reds



4.0 Exhibit Design

Exhibit Approach

The approach to the exhibit design for the Historic Zone focuses on the dialogue between the individual visitor and the displayed objects and cultural environments. This the source of experiencing and interpreting the everyday events, lifestyles and interpreting that took place at the Britannia Shipyard over the course of its history. This strategy requires careful attention to the display of the artifacts and the staging of each sequential space.

The exhibit design uses the narratives of the residents and workers in the Historic Zone to portray living and social conditions during the period extending roughly between 1910 and 1930. This time frame allows the exhibit to express the site during the end of the cannery era and into its recreation as a shipyard, resulting in a richer dialogue about the history of the site, and as a means of expressing the events that saw the transformation of the Britannia Cannery into the Britannia Shipyard.

Because of the nature and layout of Historic Zone as a collection of individual, yet related, buildings and spaces, the exhibit has been designed so that the buildings and outdoor interpretive areas can be experienced in any order and from any direction without a loss of the overall storytelling and impact of the artifacts, graphics and layout.

For this reason, the exhibit has been designed around a parallel thematic structure: Each building is presented separately but explores similar topics and ideas based on the residential/cultural theme. This is necessary because there is no way of directing the visitor along a particular pathway and buildings can be visited in any order. This means each exhibit must stand on its own. Topics or themes are presented within a re-created environment that provides the context for understanding and meaning.

Exhibit Look and Feel

The exhibit focuses primarily on the intimacy of the personal and social experience, and secondarily upon didactic or chronological narrative. The intent is to give the exhibits a rich material quality and create inventive and integrated displays that draw inspiration from the site itself - the materials, landscapes, artifacts and stories - and draw upon the moods and less tangible qualities of the Historic Zone experience, while still presenting factual history. This is to be achieved through the use of texture, colour, lighting and innovative technical installations.

The results, while historically accurate, will have a level of design sophistication that will serve to heighten and enhance the visitor experience through intimate connection to people and place.

Use of Oral Histories

The Britannia Shipyard oral histories have been used to develop exhibit concepts, themes, and storylines. Quotations and ideas from the oral histories will be used extensively to develop the detailed design for each exhibit, and for the exhibit texts and graphics. The use of this material is intended to lend an authenticity to the exhibits.

Seasonality and Changing Exhibits

The themes of the Historic Zone give the exhibit the opportunity to respond to the seasonality of its location. The diverse workforce, the seasonal nature of the work, and the changing landscape all offer ideas for potential changes based on the passage of time and repeating cycles of both nature and people.

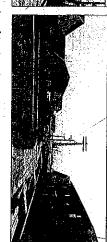


Layout, colour, lighting and artifact display will focus on presenting an intimate and effective cultural experience

Storyline: Historic Zone

Component	Experiential Objectives	Story Outline	No.
A.1 How We Lived The overall theme of the Historic Zone	Excitement, central purpose, introduction of residential and cultural theme Provide orientation information Outdoor interpretation integrates interior stories of each building Seasonal and changing stories	Provide context with a brief history of Britannia Shipyard and how the Historic Zone fits into the history with its multi-cultural/residential/working environment experience Workers in the cannery, fishing and boat-building industries were more than labourers or managers in modest or middle-class accommodations. Small but diverse communities were created with particular relationships between people	Text panel Outdoor artifact
	4		
A.2 On the Boardwalk	Outdoor life in the Historic Zone, showing the boardwalk as connector, transportation corridor, social space, play space	Reveal the comings and goings of people on the Britannia site, from workers going to and from their jobs, people passing through, the outdoor activities that occurred along the boardwalk "What kind of traffic would go along here? Everybody. The Phoenix Cannery's Chinese labour force, people on bicycles, children on their way to school or to the store".	Outdoor artifacts that recreate the busy environment of the Britannia boardwalk
) : F[: 5 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1			
The relationship of residents and workers to the Fraser River	First hand experience of the natural and cultural the natural and cultural environment of the Fraser River Environmental awareness	The tormation of the delta by the flow and siltation of the Fraser River. The use of the river as a means of making a living, an emphasis on fishing and boats. Tidal influences, flooding, marshland, industrial pollution, use of the river, local native flora and wetland environment. Different uses of the river: fishing, canneries, boat-building, recreation. Challenges such as flooding and building construction; the level of the land is lower than the water level.	resident at Britannia to the river resource
	J		
A. 4 The Cultivated Landscape	Interest, curiosity How different people and groups used the landscape at Britannia Awareness of the land's bounty	The cannery and shipyard community was complex and semi-permanent, and people used the land to their advantage. Orchards were planted in cannery communities for use by residents and for canning, livestock was kept, gardens were planted for vegetables and ornamentals. Different groups cultivated the landscape differently. Introduce the idea of the First Nations seasonal round: they only worked in the cannery/shipyard for part of the year.	Many potential hands-on activities
A.5 Film and Movie Stories	Interest, curiosity	Tells the story of the Britannia site used as a film set and describes why it is used and what films/types of films are produced here	Walls and porch of washroom used for interpretation
A.6 Hygiene Stories	Curiosity, shock	Illustrates the ways in which personal hygiene was accommodated on the Britannia site	Re-creation of situation

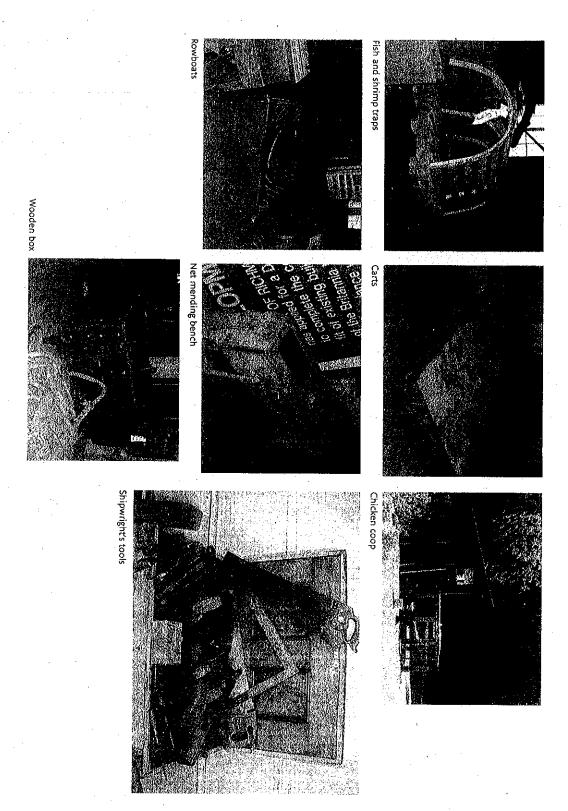




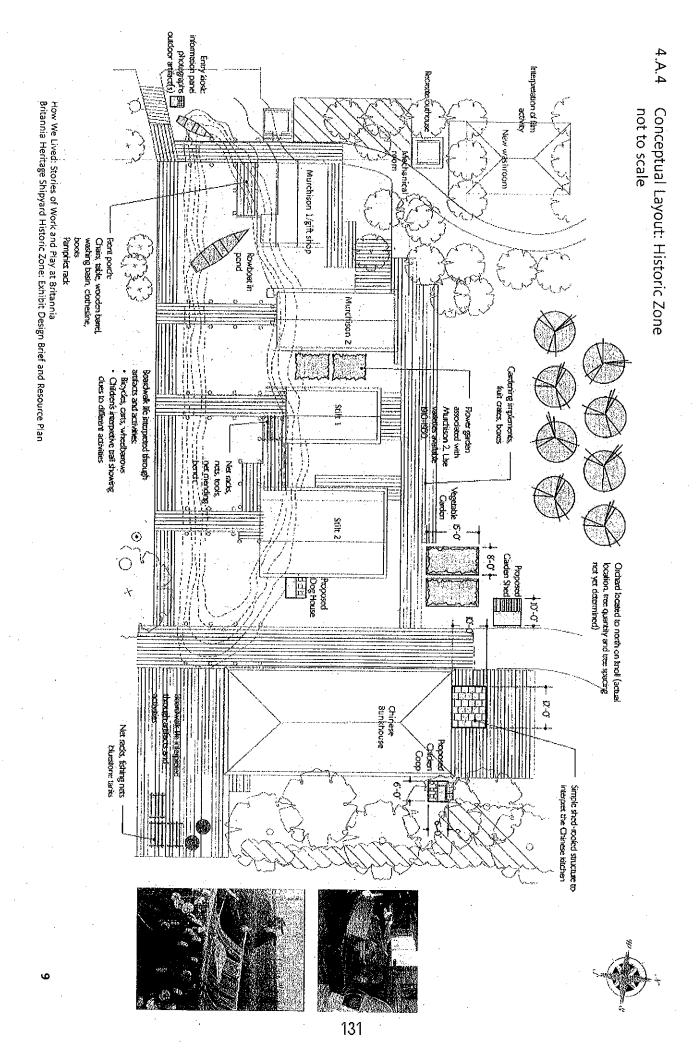
How We Lived: Stories of Work and Play at Britannia Britannia Heritage Shipyard Historic Zone: Exhibit Design Brief and Resource Plan

4.A.2 Exhibit Design: Historic Zone

Component	Means of Expression: Artifacts, props, technical	Text, stories and graphics
		C
A.1 How We Lived	Information kiosk with map, site map brochures	Panels that describe the five components of the Historic Zone and capture
The overall theme of the Historic	Signage	the overall atmosphere of the site
Zone	Clotheslines	
A.2 On the Boardwalk	Dog house	Panels of different sizes and in different locations with quotes from
	Outdoor furniture (especially adjacent to the various buildings)	residents that describe life on the boardwalk at Britannia
	Bicycles	Photographs of the different destinations such as Steveston or the other
	Toys and games - physical artifacts and embedded games like hopscotch	canneries
	Objects hidden in the landscape or embedded in the boardwalk that reflect the activities	
	Children's interpretive trail along the boardwalk and into the various buildings that provides clues to the activities of children as they are followed throughout a typical day.	
	Articles used by nearby workers, or which may have been accidentally dropped by schoolchildren or passersby	
A.3 On the River	Boats (secured) floating in the ponds adjacent to the buildings	
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workers to the Fraser River	Bluestone tank Fishing nets, net drying racks, fishing equipment, net repair stools and equipment, toolboxes	Maps and graphics showing geography, local natural features, sloughs and waterways
		Panels explaining First Nations ethnobotany related to the local flora
A.4 The Cultivated Landscape	Orchard and vegetable garden with heritage varieties Chicken house with live chickens	Ideal situation to express the seasonal aspects of the landscape through concepts of planting and harvest
	Hands-on activities related to the cultivation of the orchard, planting and weeding the garden, and caring for the chickens	First Nations seasonal round: they only worked in the cannery/shipyard for part of the year, at other times they were at their fishing or gathering
	Garden tools and implements, baskets, gloves, hats	camps
	Garden shed for storage	7.7
		ASSE
A.5 Film and Movie Stories	Film posters, quotes from films, acquired ephemera related to the film industry, audio (music)	Text panels describing how films are made at Britannia and how the site accommodates this use while still retatining its historic character
A 6 Harrison Storios		

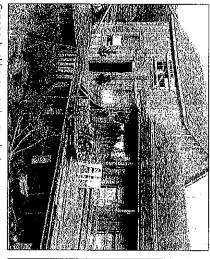


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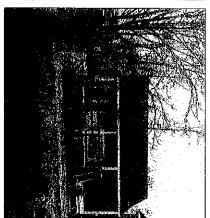


4.B.1 Storyline: The Murchison House Gift Shop - John Murchison

	Notes
The bunkhouses were very small and life was lived both inside and out. Many functions were performed outside on the Britannia site	Retain the functionality of the exterior space as a vicitor arrival centre
Re-create the physical space and feeling of a bunkhouse exterior porch	
the control of the co	
From the whistle that heralded the arrival of the fish to returning to their bunk at night, the cannery worker's day was labour intensive. Breakfast in the mess house, type of work, people he worked with, what he had for lunch and what happened at the end of the day Re-create the atmosphere of a bunkhouse c.1920 Merchandise display methods will give the visitor a sense of living in a small bunkhouse space	Retain the functionality of the information centre/gift shop while expressing the physical aspects of the bunkhouse
Present John Murchison as a character in Steveston's history through his role as customs officer and police chief.	Research photograph of John Murchison
Steveston was a major transportation hub in the early twentieth century. Explore the role of the customs officer with transport and with the fishing and canning industries through regulatory measures such as export duties and smuggling contraband	
ounkhouse c.1920 will give the visitor a sense of living in a small bunkhouse space aracter in Steveston's history through his role as customs officer and tation hub in the early twentieth century. Explore the role of the cu with the fishing and canning industries through regulatory measure gling contraband	ß v



Cannery bunkhouse porch precedent

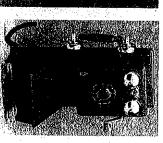


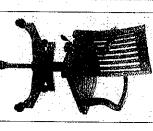
Murchison 1 showing porch and wooden bulkhead

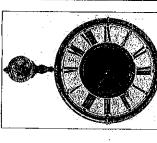
4.8.2 Exhibit Design: The Murchison House Gift Shop - John Murchison

Component	Means of Expression: Artifacts, props, technical	Text, stories and graphics
B.1 Outside	Pamphlet rack to hold brochures and maps. Design as appropriate wooden shelving or cabinet with plexiglass Clothesline	Use graphics on the porch and floor to show quotations, songs, gambling games, spills, burns, boot marks, tobacco stains, and other signs of use
	Provide furnishings that indicate its use as a of the front porch as a functional space for the bunkhouse and invite visitors to use it. Include chairs, table, wooden barrel, washing basin, clothesline, boots or other personal paraphernalia	
	Bench and chairs for seating	
	Clothesline, hat, bottles, mugs, newspaper	
	Hanging nets	
8.2 A Day in the Life	Panels with text and graphics, possibly clear screened plexiglass in the centre of the room Site map Panels with text and graphics which illustrate these relationships Quotations from oral histories Unique display methods reflect living and spragge conditions including these laborations have been been designed.	The merchandise in the gift shop will assist in telling the story of typical bunkhouse life. It will have a nautical theme and include such items as: Sivler Ann postcard "model", Steambox book and CD, History of Britannia booklet, books on the history of Richmond, children's books, Britannia logo merchandise, framed prints, paintings, postcards, rope and knots, ship's wheels
	Unique display methods reflect living and storage conditions, including: chests, lockers, benches, ladders, scaf- folding, hanging clothes Bunk or bed for seating	wheels Create hands-on kits that demonstrate individual buildings, for example, punched and folded cardboard, wooden assembly blocks
	Blankets, washbasins, tools	Architectural kits of blocks or models
8.3 John Murchison: Steveston's Customs Officer and First Police Chief	Integrate the counter into the scenario of the customs or police office Filing cabinet, lampr or appropriate light fixture	A panel describing the life and encounters of Steveston's customs office and police chief
	Desk, safe, brass and rubber stamps, shelving, rulers, pens. blotter, ink and pen, stamps, telephone, typewriter, lamp, clock, maps, books, wall calendar, uniform	Steveston fire insurance plan on the wall
	Flags, offical papers and documents, crates, packages, picture of the King	
	Any documents or objects available relevant to Murchison (see list of Murchison artifacts)	-
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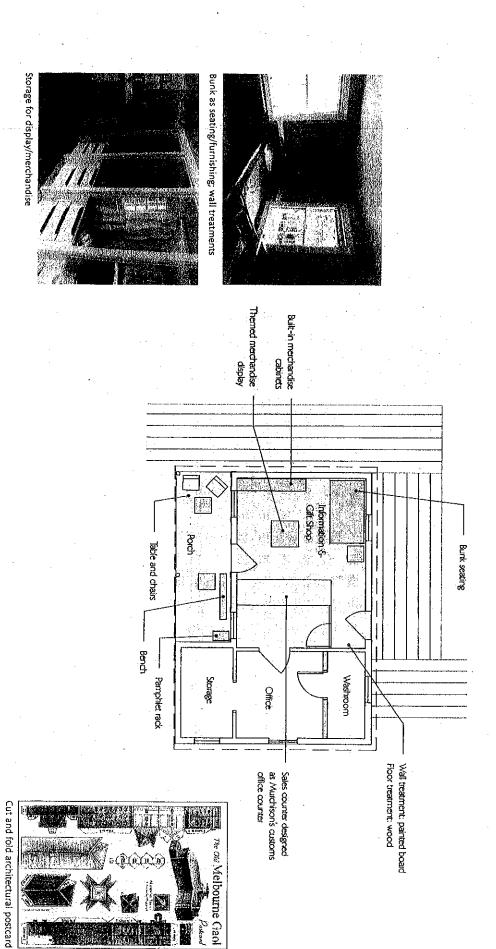




Furnishings

How We Lived: Stories of Work and Play at Britannia Britannia Heritage Shipyard Historic Zone: Exhibit Design Brief and Resource Plan

Conceptual Layout: The Murchison House Gift Shop - John Murchison 3/16"=1'-0"



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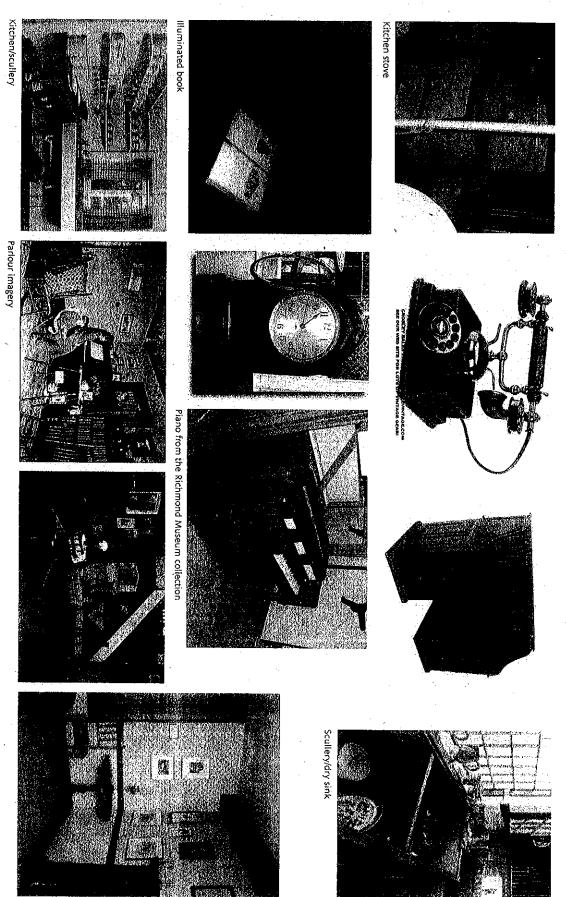
4.C.1 Storyline: The Manager's House - Company Management

	What brought the Sisters of Atonement here; their relationship and service to the Japanese community. The focus of their activites related to children	Child's experience of Japanese kindergarten	C.4 Sisters of the Atonement
	"He had his lathe and did work with the brass, looking after the boats, painting the names on the boats with a stencil"	and cherr lammes at ornannia, as well as the hierarchy of workers that existed	
		foremen, mechanics, shipwrights	
	chanic, painter, carpenter, engine mechanic - the purpose of the work and the tools and buildings needed to do the work	activities of the managers,	
	Describe and illustrate the different types of jobs on the site - machine shop, shipwright, welder, me-	hierarchy	role
	What a shipyard manager or foreman did, as compared to the labourers on the site	Responsibility, importance,	C.3 Company Manager and his
	Day to day life: relationship to the local community such as the stores and businesses in Steveston, daily routine	community	
	and we'd have parties, you know Halloween parties, lovely parties"	Relationship to the wider	
	They had music and held parties and dances: "We had a great many friends that used to come out	that were available for the	
	the Fraser River for recreational activities such as boating, swimming, badminton in the net loft	unexpected) leisure activities	
	They were able to partake in a number of leisure activities, and took full advantage of the location on	Experience of the (perhaps	to the Outside
	The families of management and ckilled workers iving at Britannia had a rich and varied life	Entertainment curiosity fun	C 2 Pecreation and Leisure Ties
			with the
	Remembering the smell of the fish		
	with wooden swords, marbles, falling in the water)		
	The freedom of the children at Britannia and their games and activities (digging for seashells when they		
	Children's activities included swimming, playing on the net racks, going to the corner store		
	"To the children, the buildings and boats seemed very large, and the walk to school, near Steveston seemed very long".		
	Different influences on childhood life from the cultural diversity that existed on the site		
	Explore the life and activities of a child, play and dangers, industry and the waterfront environment		***
	Explain gardening activites, and the kinds of ornamental plants that were available at that time	Britannia	
	English put the original orchard in, which produced apples, plums, and pears	by management families at	
		Experience of the domestic	Children
	"We had one, two, three lovely bedrooms and a very large kitchen and a large living room and back	Nostalgia, intimacy, play	C.1 Family Life: Domesticity,
Notes	Story Outline	Experiential Objectives	Component

4.C.2 Exhibit Design: The Manager's House - Company Management

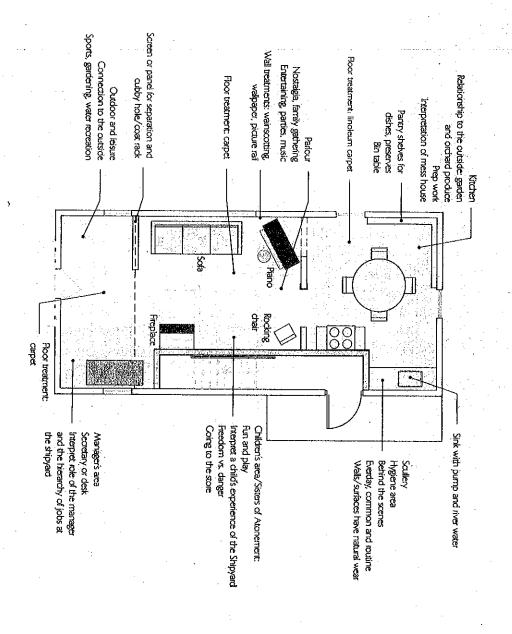
Component		
	means of expression. Arthaets, props, technical	Text, stories and graphics
C.1 Family Life: Domesticity,	Parlor furnishings: piano, chesterfield, dining table and chairs, china cabinet	Hands-on domestic actvities in the kitchen
Children	Luxury items: phonograph, china, decorative collectibles, framed photographs, prints, paintings, vases	Panels describing the use of different objects and telling stories of everyday
	Fireplace	life
	Audio: music appropriate to the era	Hands-on activities such as games, clothing, toys in the children's area
	Changing digital projection: photo album/chronology and recipe book	
	Floor coverings: carpets in the parlour, linoleum carpets in the kitchen	
	Wall treatment: wainscotting, wallpaper	
	Window treatments; curtains	
	Toys, books in the children's area	
	Scullery, sink, shelving, stove, pantry items, ironing board, flour bins, everyday dishes and cooking items, utensils	
	Exterior flower garden, gardening tools	
	Projected digital recipe book	
	Ceiling and baseboard mouldings, chair rails and picture rails	
C.2 Recreation and Leisure, Ties	Sports equipment: baseball bats, badminton rackets	Panels with stories describing the family's relationship to the outside world:
to the Outside	Digital wall frame with changing images	the Shipyard, local farmers, and the local community - Steveston, Hong Wo
	Hopscotch and other outdoor games	
	Gardening implements, baskets	
	Recreation of traditional flower garden	
	Exterior furnishings: table, chairs, tablecloth	
	Children's items that could have been purchased from the local store	
C.3 Company Manager and his role	Small desk with papers, typewriter, lamp, telephone	integrated text, graphics and photographs that describe the manager's role
C.4 Sisters of the Atonement	Integrate the associated artifacts into the children's area	Text and photograph panel describing the activities of the Sisters of the

Artifacts/Design Ideas: The Manager's House - Company Management



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3/16"=1'-0" Conceptual Layout: The Manager's House - Company Management













Parts of the Story:

85% Family Life

Children

5% Sisters of the Atonement 10% The Manager

Ties to the Outside Recreation and Leisure Domesticity

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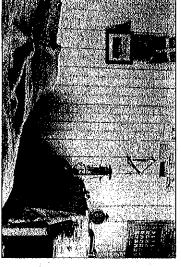
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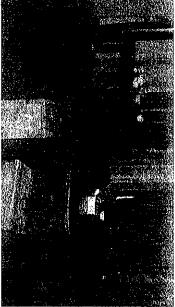
4.D.1 Storyline: The Men's Bunkhouse - Life in the Bunkhouse

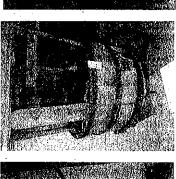
Component	Experiential Objectives	Story Outline	Notes
D.1 Employment: Where Did They	The grit of everyday life	Stories of the fishing and boat-building industries based on oral histories	
Work?		Description and reason for the seasonality of the jobs and how that affected the workers	
	work at the cannery and	The transient nature of the employees and the different types of jobs that were available on the	
	snipyard	For the fisherment, use of the dock outside for mending fishing nets, demonstration of mending the	
:		nets, what the nets were made of, how they were cared for and why they were so important	
		Explanation and demonstration of the boat types, nets, fishing lines and gear, clothing, tools and other equipment used in the fishery, the naming of boats	
		Explanation and demonstration of the tools used by shippard workers	
D.2 Leisure Activities and relationship to the Outside World	Curiosity, surprise Enter the world of the shippard	Leisure activities after work, on site and in Steveston, including descriptions and stories of the rough and tumble of life in Steveston	
	or cannery worker	Activities at different times of the year	
		Activities reflecting culture and community: what did they read, or talk about, hobbies	
		Inter-relationships between people, how they got along in the crowded bunkhouses	
		Day to day life: relationship to the local community such as the stores and businesses in Steveston, daily routine	
		Friendships and animosities that developed	
-		How people felt about their work	
-			
D.3 Bunkhouse Living Conditions	identify on a personal level with the workers. What was their domestic life like?	Reveal through stories a day in the life of a worker on the Britannia site Establish an understanding of day to day activities: Eating meals at the mess house, what types of food were served, clothing, how they got paid	
		Personal hygiene: how they brushed their teeth, took showers, did laundry	
		How they used the common space in the bunkhouse; and what they did there	
		"On windy nights, you could hear the logs bouncing against the stilts, rocking the house, and hear the water splashing underneath"	

4.D.2 Exhibit Design: The Men's Bunkhouse - Life in the Bunkhouse

Component	Means of Expression: Artifacts props technical	Text stories and graphics
		0.1
D.1 Employment: Where Did They Work?	D.1 Employment: Where Did They Video or projection of working experiences and a worker's day including text, quotes and images Work? Localized speakers for audio storytelling	Text panels integrated into the two bunkhouse rooms with photographs and quotations from workers
	Toolboxes Lockers with equipment, uniform, clothing, headgear and footwear	
	Audio that includes the cannery whistle and outside sounds such as wind, water, casual conversation Net mending and tool repair activities outside	
D.2 Leisure Activities and Relationship to the Outside World	Objects that reveal the leisure activities of the workers: Books, decks of cards, bottles, ashtrays, trunks or suitcases	Panels with stories describing the worker's relationship to the outside world: the Shipyard, particularly Steveston
	Localized speakers for audio storytelling	
D.3 Bunkhouse Living Conditions	Lighting to reflect the atmosphere and tight living conditions in the bunkhouses	Integrated text, graphics and photographs that describe the daily lives of the
	Wall treatments that reflect the use of the space by many workers - wear and tear texture to the paint	workers: eating in the mess house, going to work
	Create two separate rooms:	
	Common room:	
	Tables, chairs and benches	140
	Small stove for heat	
	Clean-up or hygiene area, laundry facilities, soap, washtub, mirror, cupboard	
	Sleeping room:	
	Three bunks, shelves and cupboards, blankets	



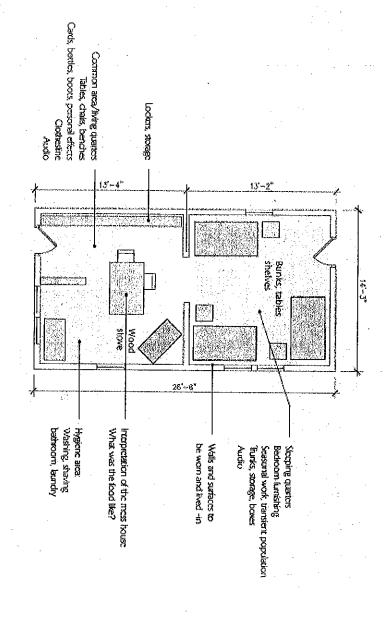








Conceptual Layout: The Men's Bunkhouse - Life in the Bunkhouse $3/16^{\prime\prime}\!=\!1^{\prime}\!-\!0^{\prime\prime}$



Parts of the Story:

40% Employment, the jobs they did, personal stories 40% Leisure, after work life, relationship to Steveston 20% Living conditions



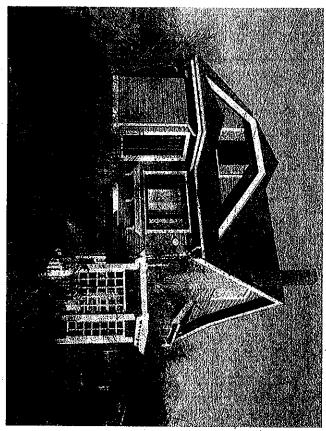


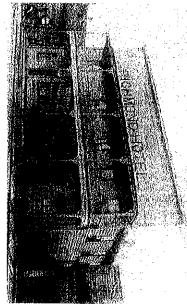
4.E.1 Storyline: Stilt House #2 - The Residential Experience

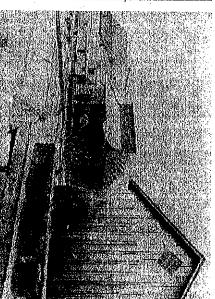
Component	Experiential Objectives	Story Outline	Notes
E.1 Comparison of Residential Architctural Style and Design	Eclecticism in housing, style and structure	Eclecticism in housing, style and Functional design and style for the different residential buildings structure Types of materials that were used and why	
·		Environmental and political factors that influenced design and construction Common practice was to re-use various building for different uses and in different location	
E.2 Company Houses and Who	E.2 Sense of diversity, curiosity	Housing styles reflected ethnic division and company hierarchy and structure	
Lived in Them	Reflect on the changing role of First Nations at the Britannia site	Reflect on the changing role of Comparison of different housing styles between the different ethnic groups and workers First Nations at the Britannia site Contribution to the character of the community	· .
	Onderstand the seasonal nature of the work at Britannia	The seasonal round: First Nations came from various villages along the caost following a seasonal work pattern that brought them to the canneries in the early summer	
		This traditional lifestyle of moving to seasonal camps reflects the cyclical nature of the canneries	
		The house was originally associated with the Garry Point Cannery in Steveston. Chief Point was a hereditary chief from Garry Point, which was First Nations traditional territory, who worked in the fishing industry and once lived in this house.	

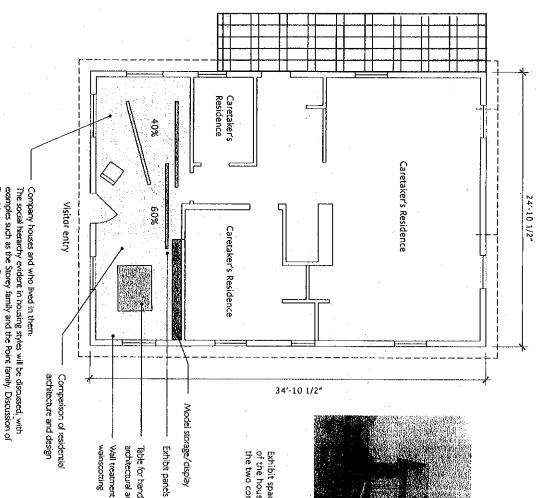
4.E.2 Exhibit Design: Stilt House #2 - The Residential Experience

Component	Means of Expression: Artifacts, props, technical	Text, stories and graphics
E.1 Comparison of Residential	Building models	Text panels that describe the construction techniques and materials of the
Architctural Style and Design	Hands on models	different buildings
	Video projection	
	Before and after photo or video	
	Photographs and computer modelling	
	Full scale portion of building to demonstrate construction techniques, joining, nails and hardware	
	Structure of the dykes, pilings, stilts	
	Dog house constructed outside the building to reflect an earlier use	
E.2 Company Houses and Who Lived in Them	First Nations objects from the Richmond Museum collections	Text and photograph panels that describe the First Nations experience at Britannia
		Text panel that tells the story of the Point family









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First Nations culture at Britannia

Wall treatment: wallpaper, wainscotting

architectural activities Table for hands-on

Exhibit space in Stilt House #2 is limited to the front quarter of the house. This area will be divided into sections to house the two components of the exhibit.

4.F.1 Storyline: The Chinese Bunkhouse - Exploring a Culture

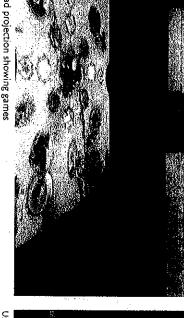
	Changes in the fishing, canning and shipbuilding industries, and in the community, as demographics changed and opportunities may have drawn them elsewhere	Sense of closure, answers to questions about their future	F.6 Where did they go?
	The arrival of the Chinese in British Columbia and at Britannia Impact of political events and community changes of the day	Providing a larger context for the Chinese experience	F.5 Their role in significant Canadian events of the time
	The dominance of the Chinese on the salmon canning lines The role of the Chinese contractor who assembled crews of workers The role of the Chinese contractor who assembled crews of workers Chinese contract labourers lived together in bunkhouses; every cannery, north and south, had a China House. "In those days it was contract work, the contractor contract the labour for, at that time, 35c an hour. They hire mostly Chinese help because they're more energetic, and they go for cheap."	Interest, curiosity. Relat to the rest of the site - the shipyard and cannery	F.4 Different jobs
145	Rare time off, exploring the leisure time of Chinese contract workers. There was little time for leisure and social life amongst the Chinese workers. "Well, they play in the bunkhouse, they're playing Mah long, a Chinese card game to pass the time. Mostly Chinese dominos and Mah Jong" (Jimmy Hing) Food and cooking. The important role of the bunkhouse cook, his garden and his supplies and tools Unique environment: accommodations, opium den, gambling hall What they brought with them	Nostalgia, emotion. Identifying on a personal level. To set the stage - through content and feeling - for the representative bunkhouse experience	F.3 The Bunkhouse Experience - Personal Stories
	the canning season to find other jobs Chinese contract labourers lived together in bunkhouses; every cannery, north and south, had a China House Unique aspects of Chinese culture: games (kites), the arts, spirituality and ceremony	Enter the world of the shipyard or cannery worker	
	The relationship of the Chinese at Britannia to Vancouver's Chinatown, as workers returned there after	Curiosity, surprise	F.2 Ethnicity
	Where did single men come here, where did they come from, and why? Role of the Chinese in early BC history and their involvement Fraser River gold rush in the 1860s and in the construction of the CPR in the 1880s Means and hardships of travel to British Columbia Federal Chinese Immigration Act, the head tax and discrimination The original work force was mostly male as the Chinese were expected to return to China after the completion of the railway	Mystery, intrigue To provide an overview of the history of the Chinese in the province and how their work at Britannia reflects a larger provincial context	F.1 "Here we are in transplanted China"
Notes	Story Outline	Experiential Objectives	Component

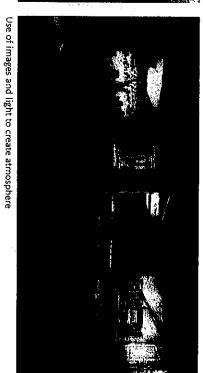
4.F.2 Exhibit Design: The Chinese Bunkhouse - Exploring a Culture

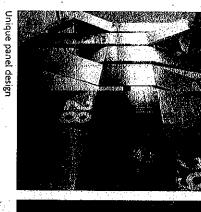
Component	Means of Expression: Artifacts, props, technical	Text, stories and graphics
F.1 "Here we are in transplanted China"	The lower floor of the building to have eight removable panels that interpret, through text and graphics, the history of the Chinese at Britannia	Text panels that describe the Chinese experience at Britannia
	Large moveable exhibit case with dramatic artifact as a focal point Changing images projected onto fabric to create a mysterious interior	
	Audio - music playing, sounds of home and voices in casual conversation	
F.2 Ethnicity	Round table with projected video of a game of Mah Jong and/or a dining table in action	Text and photograph panels displaying traditional foods, religious practices and leisure activities
F.3 The Bunkhouse Experience -	Reconstruct the sleeping bunks on the upper floor	
Letzonal Stoller	Roll blinds for windows Bamboo mats	
	Potential for overnight stays in the bunkhouse	
	Personal effects	
	Clothesline	
	Stove	
	Interactive materials: trunks and crates, mah jong tiles and rules	16
	Tables, chairs and benches	
	Audio with music and storytelling	
F.4 Different jobs	Exterior kitchen constructed as a lean-to on the north side of the bunkhouse	Text panels that describe the Chinese experience at Britannia
	Table, stove, cooking implements, dishes	
	Create a small area that is furnished as the Chinese contractor's office	
F.5 Their role in significant Canadian events of the time	Artifacts that represent Chinese involvement in events in the history of British Columbia	Text and photographs exploring Chinese Canadians during involvement during the gold rush, railway construction, WW1, the depression, WW2, etc
F.6 Where did they go?		Text and photographs exploring the lives of Chinese workers after they left the Shipyard

Artifacts/Design Ideas: The Chinese Bunkhouse - Exploring a Culture







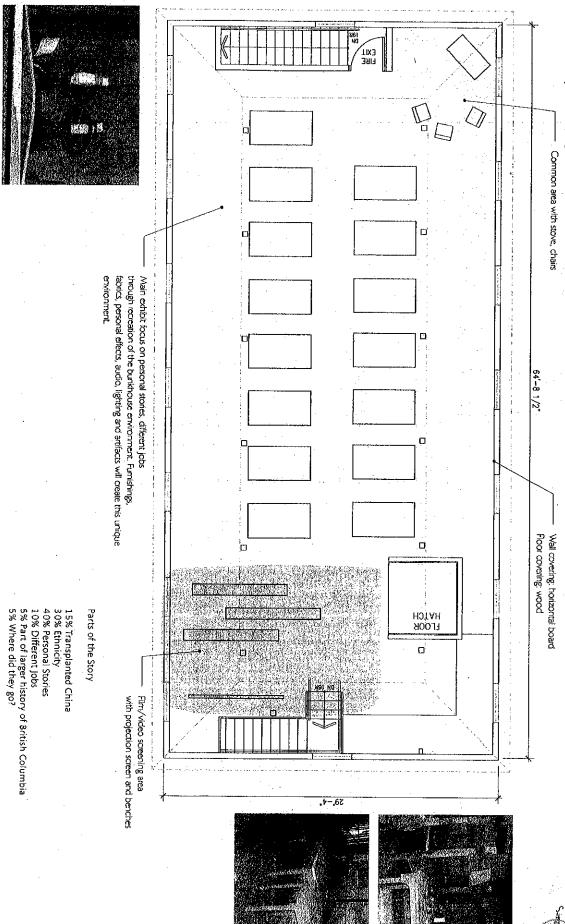




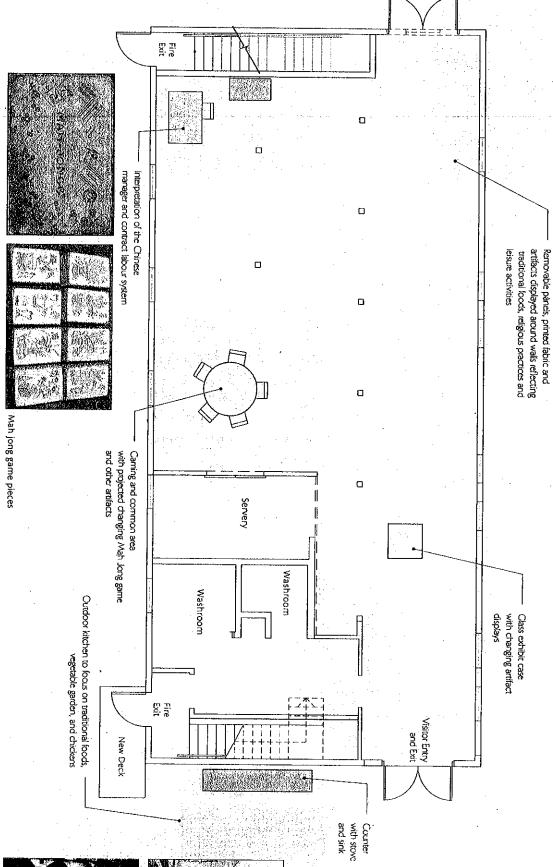


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4.F.4 Conceptual Layout, Upper Floor: The Chinese Bunkhouse - Exploring a Culture 3/16"=1'-0"



4.F.4 Conceptual Layout, Lower Floor: The Chinese Bunkhouse - Exploring a Culture 3/16''=1'-0''







5.0 Site Analysis for Wayfinding

Landmarks and visual clues Destination zones Primary decision points Secondary decision points Views

