

City of Richmond

Report to Council

To:

Richmond City Council

Date:

May 3, 2005

From:

Mayor Malcolm D. Brodie

File:

12-8060-20-

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Chair, General Purposes Committee

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7897/2005-Vol 01

Re:

Property Maintenance & Repair (Grow-Op) Bylaw

The General Purposes Committee, at its closed meeting held on Monday, May 2nd, 2005, considered the attached report, and recommends as follows:

Committee Recommendation

- (1) That the report (dated April 28th, 2005 from the Manager of Community Bylaw and General Manager, Finance and Corporate Services Division), be referred directly to open Council on May 9, 2005; and
- (2) That the following resolutions be forwarded to the open Council meeting:
 - (a) That Property Maintenance & Repair (Grow-Op) Bylaw No. 7897 be introduced and given first, second and third reading, on the understanding that the bylaw will come into effect on July 1st, 2005.
 - (b) That staff develop a communication and education strategy, including the preparation of notices for insertion with the 2005 property tax bills.
 - (c) That letters be sent to the Richmond Member of Parliament and to the Federal and Provincial Solicitor Generals regarding the possibility of funds resulting from the seizure of the proceeds of crime being remitted to the City.

(3) That staff:

- (a) review and report on funding and cost implications which could result from the adoption of Bylaw No. 7897; and
- (b) examine and report on the feasibility of (i) creating an additional 'green team' and the cost of such implementation; and/or (ii) other community safety strategies.

Mayor Malcolm D. Brodie, Chair General Purposes Committee

Attach.

VARIANCE

Please note that staff recommended the following:

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- (1) That the report from the Manager of Community Bylaw and General Manager, Finance and Corporate Services Division be referred directly to open Council on May 9, 2005; and
- (2) That the following resolution be forwarded to the open Council meeting:
 That Property Maintenance & Repair (Grow-Op) Bylaw No. 7897 be introduced and given first, second and third reading.

Staff Report

Statutory Closed Meeting Criteria:

This report meets the following statutory closed meeting criteria:

90(1)(i) the receipt of advice that is subject to solicitor-client privilege, including communications necessary for that purpose

Origin

At the August 23rd, 2004 General Purposes Committee there was a referral requesting staff research and comment upon initiatives in other municipalities in relation to:

- (i) enforcement against "grow-ops", and
- (ii) the cost of such enforcement, and
- (iii) the development of bylaws which are specific to Richmond "grow-ops" which would make property owners responsible and allow property owners to be fined for lack of inspection.

Findings of Fact

Other municipalities have been adopting increasingly tougher bylaws to deal with grow-ops and clandestine laboratories. This will give Richmond a bylaw that parallels those bylaws of neighbouring municipalities and will ensure the City is compensated when dangerous buildings are dealt with. Statistically, as the following figures indicate there is an ongoing problem with grow operations within the City:

2002	67 Warrants Executed	189 Active Investigations
2003	68 Warrants Executed	282 Active Investigations
2004	64 Warrants Executed	187 Active Investigations

Over 20,000 plants have been seized during year 2004.

Analysis

Marijuana cultivation and to a lesser extent chemical drug laboratories are, as the above statistics indicate, a major crime issue within the City of Richmond. In 2002 the RCMP in response to

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this trend established a "Green Team" to specifically target marijuana grow operations. The Controlled Drugs and Substances Act is federal legislation that in part regulates the production and distribution of drugs and cannabis. As the statistics indicate, there is an ever constant number of "grow-op" and illegal drug lab cases due in part by the availability of resources to follow-up on complaints given the competing priorities within the RCMP.

The issues surrounding "grow-ops" extend far beyond the criminal activity and they pose a significant hazard to the health and safety of Richmond citizens, as well as having a detrimental impact on our neighbourhoods. Illegal crops are not limited to the basement or attic areas and every square foot of a home can potentially be used. Operators will often "booby trap" their operations and police investigators must always be vigilant during the entry phase of any operation. Additionally, thousands of dollars of damage are done to houses and apartments as the floors are torn up, walls are broken down, pipes are diverted and wiring is altered. Electricity into a house can be diverted around a meter to minimize suspicion as well as electrical circuits being overloaded, diverted or otherwise tampered with thereby increasing the likelihood of major electrical shock or fire.

Marijuana grow operations are becoming more difficult to detect due to new techniques being employed by the growers to conceal their operations from police and public alike. Such techniques include charcoal filters and ozone generators to mask the odour of growing Marijuana. This year the Richmond RCMP Marijuana Enforcement Team is only forwarding charges on investigations where there is a high likelihood of conviction, in order to avoid flooding the courts with cases that are not likely to obtain convictions against accused persons. From an enforcement perspective Marijuana growers are becoming more innovative and sophisticated in concealing their tracks making it increasingly difficult for police to obtain sufficient evidence, beyond a reasonable doubt, to support conviction. For example, the names on a rental agreement at a grow operation rarely match the names of the persons arrested at the scene, since the growers use nominee renters to rent the properties, or in the event that the owner themselves are growing, nominee landlords are being used to avoid having their properties restrained and forfeited as offence related property.

This bylaw is intended to deal with a number of issues related to grow operations including:

- > Recovery of costs associated with the investigation and the dismantling of grow operations.
- > Inspections of the property where a controlled substance has been traded, manufactured or stored.
- Posting of property that was a noxious or offensive business and the owner shall then be compelled to take the necessary steps to ensure the controlled substance is eliminated, the property is fit for human habitation and complies with the Building code.
- An independent certification as to the cleanliness of the property provided by a qualified professional. Due to the chemical complexity of the substances typically found at a

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grow-op or in an illegal drug lab it is necessary to have qualified professionals clean the building prior to it being re-occupied.

As the noted statistics indicate more enforcement has increased the number of grow-ops attended by the police but have not been able to eliminate this activity within the City of Richmond. It would be unreasonable to expect that this Bylaw will eliminate grow-ops but will allow the City to recover costs directly associated with these criminal activities.

Financial Impact

In accordance with Section 194 of the Community Charter, the fees to be charged under the proposed bylaw were determined by examining the internal costs of staff attendance at the impacted property and the review of the professional reports submitted. Fees for alterations required to the property under the Building Code will be determined by the existing Building Regulation Bylaw No. 7230.

Conclusion

Proposed Bylaw 7897, will provide another means of working towards the eventual elimination of controlled substances in properties within the City and that the accompanying noxious or offensive business is eliminated. The Bylaw also allows for the recovery of specified costs associated with this unlawful activity.

The Bylaw will also serve to make landlords more acutely aware of their responsibilities to periodically check their properties and for the criminals will make Richmond less attractive as a location to set up their businesses.

Don Pearson

Manager, Community Bylaws

(4269)

DP:dp

Rod Kray

General Manager

Finance and Corporate Services Division

PROPERTY MAINTENANCE & REPAIR (GROW-OP) BYLAW NO. 7897

The Council of the City of Richmond enacts as follows:

PART ONE: BUILDING AND SAFETY STANDARDS

1.1 General Prohibitions

1.1.1 A person must not, other than when authorized by the owner or operator of an electrical or water distribution system, disconnect from such electrical or water distribution system, a meter installed for the purpose of ascertaining the consumption of electricity or water.

1.1.2 A person must not:

- (a) divert or install exhaust vents of hot water tanks or furnaces so that they exhaust into or within a **building**, instead of by way of an exhaust vent constructed or installed in compliance with applicable safety enactments;
- (b) **construct** or install any obstruction of an exit or an access to an exit required under the **Building Regulation Bylaw** or other safety enactment:
- (c) remove fire stopping that is provided or required under a safety enactment to contain the spread of fire within a **building**; or
- (d) undertake an **alteration** to a **building** for the purpose of establishing or operating a **grow operation**.

1.1.3 If, as a result of the use of a parcel as a controlled substance property,

- (a) the supply of electricity, water, or natural gas to the **parcel** has been disconnected by the **City** or any other lawful authority; or
- (b) unauthorized **alterations** have been made to structural, electrical, water or gas systems, equipment, appliances, or other accessories of any kind on the **parcel**; or
- (c) a hazardous condition exists on the parcel,

a person must not permanently reconnect the supply of electricity, water, or natural gas and, subject to the *Residential Tenancy Act*, a person must not use or occupy the **parcel** until:

- (i) the **parcel** has been inspected by the **building official** and all other lawful authorities having jurisdiction over the supply of electricity, water, or natural gas, for compliance with all health and safety requirements in the bylaws of the **City**, and any provincial statute or regulation relating to building, electrical, water, health, gas, or fire safety;
- (ii) the **owner** has obtained all permits, approvals or authorizations required to carry out the work necessary to bring the **parcel** into compliance with the bylaws of the **City**, and all provincial statutes and regulations;
- (iii) all of the work referred to in this section has been completed and inspected by the **building official** and all other lawful authorities having jurisdiction, and the **parcel** is in compliance with the bylaws of the **City**, and all applicable provincial statutes and regulations; and
- (iv) the **owner** has paid all **service fees** and other fees imposed by Schedule A of this bylaw and other relevant **City** bylaws in relation to the inspection of the **parcel**, and the issuance of permits, and the Manager, Building Approvals has issued a **re-occupancy permit** for the **parcel** (Schedule F).
- 1.1.4 The **building official** or **Fire Chief** may post a notice containing the words "Unsafe Do Not Enter or Occupy" in a conspicuous place at the entrances to a **controlled substance property** in respect of which the:
 - (a) **Fire Chief** or the Manager, Building Approvals has made an order to vacate, or
 - (b) **Council** has made an order to vacate under the *Community Charter*.
- 1.1.5 A person must not:
 - (a) interfere or obstruct the **building official** or the **Fire Chief** from posting a notice referred to in subsection 1.1.4; or
 - (b) remove, alter, cover, or mutilate a notice posted under subsection 1.1.4, except with the permission of the **building official** or **Fire Chief**, whichever is applicable.

1.1.6 No Person may cause or allow a **building** to become subject to the growth of mould or fungus arising from, or in relation to, the cultivation of marijuana plants, or the production of **amphetamines** or other **controlled substances** in such **building**.

1.2 Fire Protection

- 1.2.1 An **owner** or **occupier** of real property must:
 - undertake any action directed by the **Fire Chief** for the purpose of removing or reducing any thing or condition that the **Fire Chief** considers is a fire hazard or increases the danger of fire; and
 - (b) permit entry by an **Inspector**, who attends the real property at any reasonable time, to determine whether there is compliance with this bylaw.

1.3 Tenancies

- 1.3.1 Every **owner** of **residential premises** or other **building** that is subject to a **tenancy agreement** must inspect such **residential premises** or other **building** at least once every three months to ascertain whether this bylaw has been contravened.
- 1.3.2 Every **owner** of **residential premises** or other **building** that is subject to a **tenancy agreement** who has knowledge of a contravention of this bylaw, in relation to the **residential premises** or other **building**, must:
 - (a) within 48 hours of the discovery of the contravention, deliver written notice to the **City** of the particulars of the contravention, and
 - (b) within two months of the delivery of the notice, subject to the *Residential Tenancy Act*, take any action necessary to bring the **residential premises** or other **building** into compliance with this bylaw.

PART TWO: REMEDIATION REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Owner Obligations

2.1.1 If a **building** has been used for a **grow operation**, and the **City** has delivered to the **owner** of such **building**, at the address shown on the Assessment Roll, a Letter to Property Owner (Schedule B), the **owner** of the **building** must, within fourteen days after the **grow operation** has been removed, subject to the *Residential Tenancy Act*:

- (a) either remove and dispose of all carpets and curtains in the **building**, or have all carpets and curtains in the **building** cleaned by a **professional** cleaner;
- (b) have all air ducts cleaned by a **professional cleaner** or by a duct cleaning company, if the **building** is heated by forced air heating; and
- (c) either remove all mould or water-damaged materials such as, but not limited to, drywall or gyproc, or have all walls and ceilings in the **building** cleaned and disinfected by a **professional cleaner**.

2.2 Inspection and Certification Requirements

2.2.1 After a **professional cleaner** has been engaged by the **owner** and has complied with the requirements of section 2.1, an individual or corporation certified by the Canadian Registration Board of Occupational Hygienists or the American Board of Industrial Hygiene must inspect the **building** and provide a written Certification Form (Schedule E) to the Manager, Building Approvals, confirming that the requirements of section 2.1 have been satisfied, and that the **building** is substantially free of any **pesticides**, fertilizers, toxic substances, moulds, or fungi, prior to the occupancy or re-occupancy of the **building**.

2.3 Occupancy

- 2.3.1 After a **grow operation** has been removed from a **building** and until the remedial measures prescribed by section 2.1 have been completed and written certification has been provided in accordance with section 2.2, the **building** must not be occupied by any person.
- 2.3.2 Before a **building** is re-occupied after removal of a **grow operation**, the **owner** must notify the prospective occupants in writing that a **grow operation** has been removed and that the requirements of this bylaw have been met.

2.4 Alterations

- 2.4.1 A building must not be re-occupied after the removal of a grow operation until:
 - (a) a building permit has been obtained for any proposed or remediation work, including an alteration, which requires a permit under the Building Regulation Bylaw;
 - the **building** complies with the health and safety requirements of the British Columbia Building Regulation Bylaw, the B.C. Electrical Code, the B.C. Gas Code, this Bylaw, and all other health and safety requirements established by law;
 - (c) the **owner** has paid all **service fees** and other fees due and owing under this or any other bylaw of the **City**;

- (d) the Manager, Building Approvals has confirmed that a satisfactory occupancy inspection of the **residential premises** by the City's Building Approvals Department has been completed; and
- (e) a **re-occupancy permit** (Schedule F) has been issued.

PART THREE: FEES

3.1 Establishment of Fees

- 3.1.1 The following fees apply under this bylaw:
 - (a) each time an **Inspector** enters on a **parcel** to carry out an inspection in the exercise of authority by the **City** to regulate, prohibit or impose requirements under this bylaw, or another safety enactment, the **owner** must pay the administration and inspection fee specified in Schedule A, and such fee must be paid before confirmation is provided under clause (d) of subsection 2.4.1.
 - (b) for each inspection prior to the issuance of a **re-occupancy permit**, the **owner** or **occupier** must pay the **re-occupancy permit** fee specified in Schedule A;
 - (c) to obtain a **re-occupancy permit**, the **owner** must pay the fees specified in Schedule A; and
 - (d) every **owner** whose **residential premises** or other **building** is used as a **grow operation** or **controlled substances property** must pay all **service costs** incurred by or on behalf of the **City**, unless that **owner** has given the **City** notice pursuant to section 1.3, prior to any entry by the **City** onto the **parcel**.

PART FOUR: NOTICES AND INSPECTIONS

4.1 Role of the Inspector

- 4.1.1 Subject to the provisions of the *Community Charter*, an **Inspector** may attend or request the attendance of one or more other **Inspectors** to enter onto and inspect a **parcel**, if the **Inspector:**
 - (a) believes the real property is not in compliance with this bylaw;
 - (b) is concerned for the health, safety, or possible injury to a tenant, an occupant, or the public; or
 - (c) believes there is property damage to a **building** which may affect the health or safety of a tenant, an occupant, or the public.

- 4.1.2 Subject to the provisions of the *Community Charter*, an **Inspector** may enter on a **parcel** at reasonable times, and in a reasonable manner, for the following purposes:
 - (a) to inspect and determine whether all regulations, prohibitions and requirements under this bylaw or other safety enactments are being met in relation to any matter for which the **Council**, a municipal officer or employee or a person authorized by **Council** has exercised authority under this or another act to regulate, prohibit or impose requirements;
 - (b) to take action authorized under Part Seven; and
 - (c) to inspect, disconnect, or remove a water service under subsection 1.1.1.
- 4.1.3 The Manager, Building Approvals or a person acting under the direction of the Manager, Building Approvals may post a Notice (Schedule C) on any **building** which has been used for a **grow operation**, advising of the provisions of this bylaw.
- 4.1.4 A person must not interfere with an inspection or proposed inspection under subsection 4.1.2, or remove or deface any notice posted under subsection 4.1.3.

4.2 Discontinuance of Service

- 4.2.1 The **City** may discontinue providing water service to a **parcel** if the water is being used for, or in relation to, a **grow operation** on the **parcel**, provided the **City**:
 - (a) gives the **owner** and **occupier** of the **parcel** seven days written notice of an opportunity to make representation to **Council** with respect to the proposed discontinuance of the water service; and
 - (b) after the persons affected have had an opportunity to make representation to **Council**, the **City** must give the **owner** and **occupier** seven days written notice of any proposed discontinuance of the water service.

PART FIVE: VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES

- **5.1** Any person who:
 - (a) violates or who causes or allows any of the provisions of this bylaw to be violated; or
 - (b) fails to comply with any of the provisions of this, or any other applicable bylaw or statute; or
 - (c) neglects or refrains from doing anything required by this bylaw; or

(d) makes any false or misleading statement,

is deemed to have committed an infraction of, or an offence against this bylaw, and is liable on summary conviction, to the penalties provided for in *the Offence Act*, and each day that such violation is caused or allowed to continue constitutes a separate offence.

PART SIX: INTERPRETATION

6.1 In this bylaw, unless the context requires otherwise:

ALTERATION means any change made to the structural, gas,

plumbing, ventilation mechanical or electrical

components of a building.

AMPHETAMINES include dextroamphetamines and

methamphetamines.

BUILDING means a structure or portion of a structure,

including foundations and supporting **structures** for equipment or machinery or both, which is used or intended to be used for supporting or sheltering a use, occupancy, persons, animals, or

property.

BUILDING REGULATION

BYLAW

means the current Building Regulation Bylaw of

the City.

BUILDING OFFICIAL means the General Manager, Urban Development

for the City, and every employee or agent appointed by the City to inspect buildings in respect of building, plumbing or gas safety

standards.

CONSTRUCT/CONSTRUCTION means to build, erect, install, repair, alter, add,

enlarge, move, locate, relocate, reconstruct,

demolish, remove, excavate or shore.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE means a "controlled substance" as defined and

described in Schedules I, II, or III of the Controlled Drugs and Substances Act (R.S.C. 1996, c. 19), but does not include a controlled substance that is permitted under that Act or otherwise lawfully permitted under the Business

License Bylaw.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE PROPERTY

means:

- (a) a parcel contaminated by chemical or biological materials used in, or produced by, the trade or manufacture of a controlled substance; or
- (b) a **building** altered to trade or manufacture a **controlled substance**; or
- (c) a **parcel** which has been used for the manufacture, growing, sale, trade or barter of a **controlled substance** therein or thereon; and

which does not meet applicable safety standards under the British Columbia Building Codes, Gas Code and Electrical Code per B.C. Safety Standards Act, British Columbia Fire Code, Health Act, or other applicable safety regulations including any bylaw requirements of the City all as amended from time to time.

COUNCIL

means Council of the City.

CITY

means City of Richmond.

FIRE CHIEF

means the person who is appointed to be head of the Richmond Fire Rescue Department and every person designated by **Council** under the *Community Charter* by name of office or otherwise to act in the place of the Fire Chief.

GROW OPERATION

means the cultivation of marijuana plants or the production of **amphetamines**, or the production of other **controlled substances**.

HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS

means:

- (a) any real or potential risk of fire;
- (b) any real or potential risk to the health or safety of persons or property;
- (c) any unapproved or unauthorized **building** alteration; or
- (d) repairs needed to a building,

arising or resulting from the use or contamination of a parcel as a controlled substance property.

INSPECTOR

means:

(a) the Fire Chief;

- (b) the Manager, Building Approvals for the **City**, and every employee or agent appointed by the **City** to inspect **buildings**, in respect of building, plumbing or gas standards;
- (c) a Peace Officer, including a member of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police;
- (d) the Chief Licensing Inspector and licensing inspectors;
- (e) a bylaw enforcement officer;
- (f) the deputy of a person, officer, or employee referred to in clauses (a) through (f);
- (g) other persons designated by **Council** by name of office or otherwise to act in the place of persons, officers, or employees referred to in clauses (a) through (g).

means the Manager, Community Bylaws, the Chief Licensing Inspector, or the Manager, Building Approvals.

means a person occupying a property within the **City** and includes the registered **owner** of the property where the **owner** is the person occupying or if the property is unoccupied.

includes the registered owner in fee simple of real property located in the **City** and those persons defined as "owner" in the *Community Charter*.

means includes land and any improvement comprised in a parcel.

means a substance or mixture, including a chemical, used to destroy, prevent, repel or mitigate fungi or animal pests or microorganisms such as bacteria or viruses, and includes herbicides, fungicides, or other substances used to control pests, plant regulators, defoliants or desiccants.

means an individual or corporation that is experienced and qualified in removing contaminants from **buildings** and is licensed to carry on business in the **City**.

MANAGER

OCCUPIER

OWNER

PARCEL

PESTICIDES

PROFESSIONAL CLEANER

RE-OCCUPANCY PERMIT

means permission or authorization through the issuance of Schedule F by the Manager, Building Approvals to re-occupy any **building**, in respect of which the Manager, Building Approvals has issued an order to cease occupancy because of a **hazardous condition**.

RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

means any **building** that may lawfully be occupied as a dwelling unit by one or more persons.

SERVICE FEES

means fees in respect of all direct and indirect costs incurred by:

- (a) the Richmond Fire Rescue Department;
- (b) the Richmond detachment of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police;
- (c) the Business Licensing Department and Building Approvals Department of the City; and
- (d) administration and overhead associated with the inspection and removal;
- (e) costs incurred for the lawful dismantling, disassembly, removal, clean up, transportation, storage, and disposal of equipment, substances, materials and other paraphernalia associated with the **grow operation**, or with the use, trade, business, or manufacture of **controlled substances**:
- (f) costs incurred from the replacement of consumables used, or the replacement of equipment following exposure to contaminants; and
- (g) costs incurred as a result of the analysis of the materials found at the property and the health and safety conditions at the property,

which are to be determined according to the Service Fees (Schedule D).

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STRUCTURE

means all or part of a **construction**, whether fixed to, supported by, sunk into, or located in, land, water or airspace, and includes freestanding sign structures over 3.0 m in height and supporting structures for such signs, and includes a sewage holding tank, but excludes landscaping, paving, a fence, or a retaining wall under 1.0 m in height.

TENANCY AGREEMENT

means an agreement, whether written or oral, express or implied, having a predetermined expiry date or not, between a landlord and tenant respecting possession of **residential premises**.

PART SEVEN: FAILURE TO COMPLY

- 7.1 If an **owner** or **occupier** of a **parcel** fails to comply with a requirement of the **City** under this bylaw or another safety enactment, the **City**, within the time specified in the order or notice, may enter on the **parcel** and take such action as may be required to correct the default, including to remediate the **parcel** or to have the **parcel** attain a standard specified in any safety enactment, at the expense of the **owner** or **occupier** who has failed to comply, and may recover the costs incurred as debt.
- 7.2 If the **owner** has failed to pay the cost to the **City** incurred under section 7.1 before the 31st day of December in the year that the corrective action was taken, the costs must be added to and form part of the taxes payable on the property as taxes in arrears.

PART EIGHT: SEVERABILITY AND CITATION

- 8.1 If any part, section, subsection, clause, or subclause of this bylaw is, for any reason, held to be invalid by the decision of a Court of competent jurisdiction, such decision does not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this bylaw.
- 8.2 This bylaw is cited as "Property Maintenance & Repair (Grow-Op) Bylaw No. 7897", and comes into force and effect on July 1st, 2005.

FIRST READING		CITY OF RICHMOND APPROVED
SECOND READING		for content by originating dept
THIRD READING		
ADOPTED		
MAYOD	CODDOD ATT OFFICED	
MAYOR	CORPORATE OFFICER	

SCHEDULE A to BYLAW NO. 7897

FEES

- 1. The following fees apply under this Bylaw:
- (a) each time the **City** enters on a **parcel** to inspect in the exercise of the **City's** authority to regulate, prohibit or impose requirements under this bylaw or another safety enactment, the **owner** must pay an administration and inspection fee of:
 - (i) \$300.00; and
 - (ii) an additional \$300.00 for a subsequent inspection undertaken if the **owner** or **occupier** has failed to undertake action ordered by the **Fire Chief**, the **City** or a person authorized under the bylaw to order the action;
- (b) before confirmation is provided under clause (d) of subsection 2.4.1, the **owner** must pay all applicable fees under the **Building Regulation Bylaw**; and
- (c) to obtain a **re-occupancy permit** \$250.00.

SCHEDULE B to BYLAW NO. 7897

LETTER TO PROPERTY OWNER

Re: Property Maintenance & Repair (Grow-Op) Bylaw 7897

This letter is to notify you that Richmond's "Property Maintenance & Repair (Grow-Op) Bylaw No. 7897" establishes regulations concerning the cleaning and remediation of buildings that have been used for marijuana grow operations or amphetamine production.

The City has been advised by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police that the building at (insert address) was in use as a marijuana grow operation (or amphetamine production operation) which has been removed by the police.

The bylaw requires that within 14 days, all carpets and curtains in the premises must be removed or cleaned, any forced air heating ducts in the premises must be cleaned, and all walls and ceilings must be cleaned and disinfected. That work must be carried out by a Professional Cleaner with experience in removing contaminants from buildings. The Professional Cleaner must hold a license to carry on business in Richmond.

After the cleaning is completed, an individual or corporation certified by the Canadian Registration Board of Occupational Hygienists or the American Board of Industrial Hygiene must certify that the premises are safe for human occupancy.

Until the cleaning and certification have been completed, subsection 2.3.1 of the bylaw prohibits occupancy by any person. Before occupancy, you are required to notify prospective occupants that the requirements of the bylaw have been satisfied.

We enclose a copy of the bylaw for your reference. If you have any questions concerning the regulations in the bylaw, please call the City's Business Licensing, Permits and Bylaws Department at (insert telephone number).

SCHEDULE C

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE THAT these Premises have been used as a marijuana grow operation (or an amphetamine production operation).

Pursuant to Richmond's "Property Maintenance & Repair (Grow-Op) Bylaw No. 7897", no person may occupy these premises until cleaning and remediation have been completed in accordance with that bylaw and the Manager, Building Approvals or his designate has confirmed that a satisfactory occupancy inspection has been completed.

It is an offence to remove or deface this notice.

Any inquiries should be directed to Manager, Building Approvals (insert name and telephone number of appropriate City official).

SCHEDULE D

SERVICE FEES

A. Staff Costs (2 hour minimum charge) All fees charge shall be the hourly wage paid for the individual attending as determined by the applicable working/collective agreement or pay grid for nonunion staff plus an amount of \$15.00 per hour per person which equates to the additional personnel and equipment costs incurred by the City for each hour of service provided.

Constable R.C.M.P
Bylaw Enforcement Officer
Bylaw Enforcement Supervisor
Senior Building Official
Building Official
Fire Fighter

B. Equipment

Costs

Fire Truck

\$300.00 /hr or part thereof

Replacement of Equipment by

Cost to City

Exposure to contaminants

Replacement of Consumable Equipment

Cost to City

Analysis and Tests of materials or

Cost to City

Conditions found at the property

C. Administration

Administration and Overhead costs of 15% shall be charged on all of the above fees.

SCHEDULE E

CERTIFICATION FORM

TO:	City of Richmond
FROM:	(insert name of professional cleaner)
RE:	Premises at (insert address)
(a) me (b) has (c) the sub ass	tify that in accordance with sections 2.1 and 2.2 of the "Property Maintenance & Op) Bylaw No. 7897", the professional identified in this certification: ets the requirements for a professional inspector under section 2.2 of the bylaw; s completed an inspection of the Premises on
The undersign	ned professional may be contacted at: (insert business telephone number).
CERTIFIED A	AS OF(insert date)
(insert name o	f professional inspector)
Authorized Re	epresentative

SCHEDULE F

RE-OCCUPANCY PERMIT

Address of Building:	
Legal Description:	
Approved Occupancy (use):	
The Building remediated under the authority of Buis approved for Re-occupancy.	lding Permit Number:
This Permit confirms that inspections pursuant to Bylaw No. 7897 have been completed and remed Permit is not a warranty that the subject Building Regulations governing Building Construction nor comment on the remediated condition of the Buildi	iation requirements have been satisfied. This complies with all Municipal and Provincial that it is without defect. It is only a formal
This certificate must be affixed to a conspicuous a must not be removed.	and permanent place in the said building and
	Manager, Building Approvals
	Data
	Date: