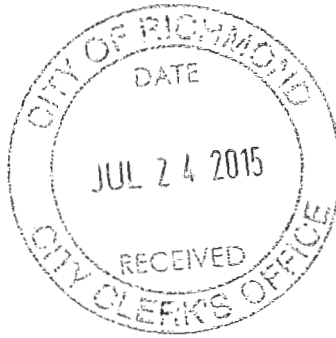




City of  
Richmond



TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

## Memorandum

Planning and Development Division  
Development Applications

To: Mayor and Councillors  
From: Wayne Craig  
Director of Development

Date: July 23, 2014  
File: 08-4430-01/2015-Vol 01

Re: **Proposed Zoning Bylaw Amendments to Regulate Building Massing and Accessory Structures in Single-Family and Two-Family Developments**

This memorandum responds to the Planning Committee motions passed at the July 21, 2015 Planning Committee meeting for the proposed Zoning Bylaw 8500 amendments to regulate single-family and two-family dwelling massing. The following motion was passed by Planning Committee:

- (1) *That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9280 to amend the zoning regulations for building massing, interior ceiling height and floor area calculation, and accessory structure locations within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones be introduced and given first reading; and*
- (2) *That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9281 to amend the residential vertical lot width building envelope within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones:*
  - a) *be updated at section 4.18.2 and 4.18.3 to change the figures "12.5 m" to "15 m"; and*
  - b) *be introduced and given first reading; and*
- (3) *That staff report back to Planning Committee in one (1) year on the implementation of the proposed zoning amendments to regulate building massing and accessory structures in single-family developments.*

### Amendment Bylaw 9280

Proposed Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9280, as presented to Planning Committee, would introduce amendments to prohibit dropped ceilings, revise setback and height requirements for detached accessory structures, revise the maximum height regulations for 2 storey houses to limit the maximum height to 9 m and limit interior ceiling height to 5.0 m before an area with a tall ceiling would be counted twice for the purpose of floor area calculations.

During the Committee meeting, Planning Committee requested clarification regarding the measurement of interior ceiling height as proposed in Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9280, and how it would apply to various architectural details that could be constructed. In response to the questions, staff have reviewed the proposed definition of ceiling height in proposed Bylaw 9280,

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July 23, 2015

- 2 -

and have amended the Bylaw 9280 (attached to this memorandum) as follows, for consideration of 1<sup>st</sup> reading:


**“Height, ceiling** means the vertical distance from top of the finished floor of a storey to:

- a) the underside of the floor joist;
- b) the underside of the roof joist;
- c) the underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss; or
- d) the underside of a structural deck  
above that storey, whichever is the greatest distance from the finished floor.”

Please refer to the cross-section sketches for various forms of construction provided in Attachment 1 for information on how interior ceiling height would be measured. Should Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9280 proceed to adoption, staff will prepare an information bulletin on interior ceiling height measurements to ensure that property owners, home designers and builders are aware of the new regulations.

Amendment Bylaw 9281

Planning Committee passed a motion to amend proposed Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9281 to retain the existing residential vertical lot width building envelope provisions for lots with a lot width of less than or equal to 15.0 m. Staff have revised Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9281 to reflect this change. The revised Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9281 is provided with this memorandum for Council’s consideration.

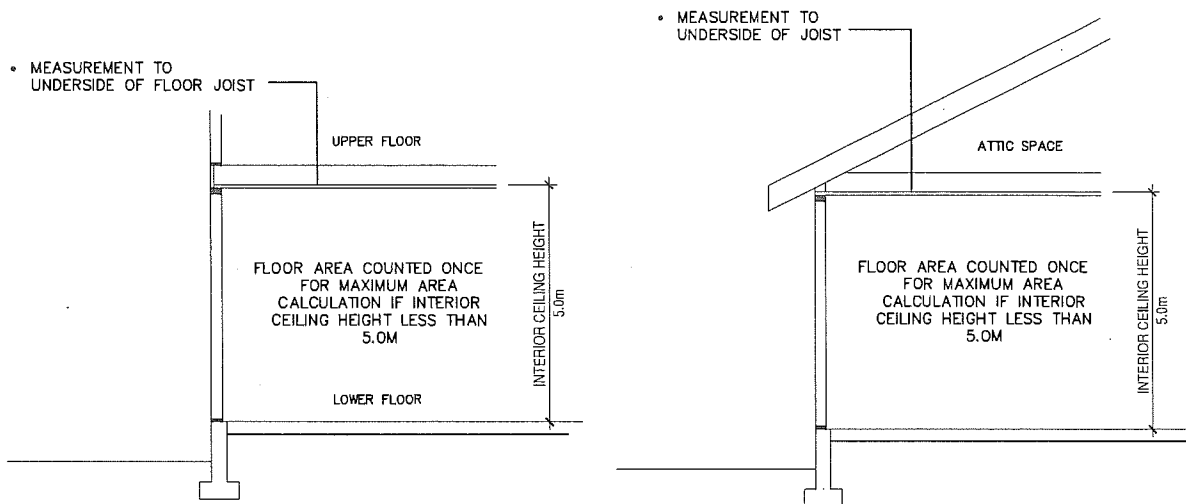
  
Wayne Craig  
Director of Development

BK:rg

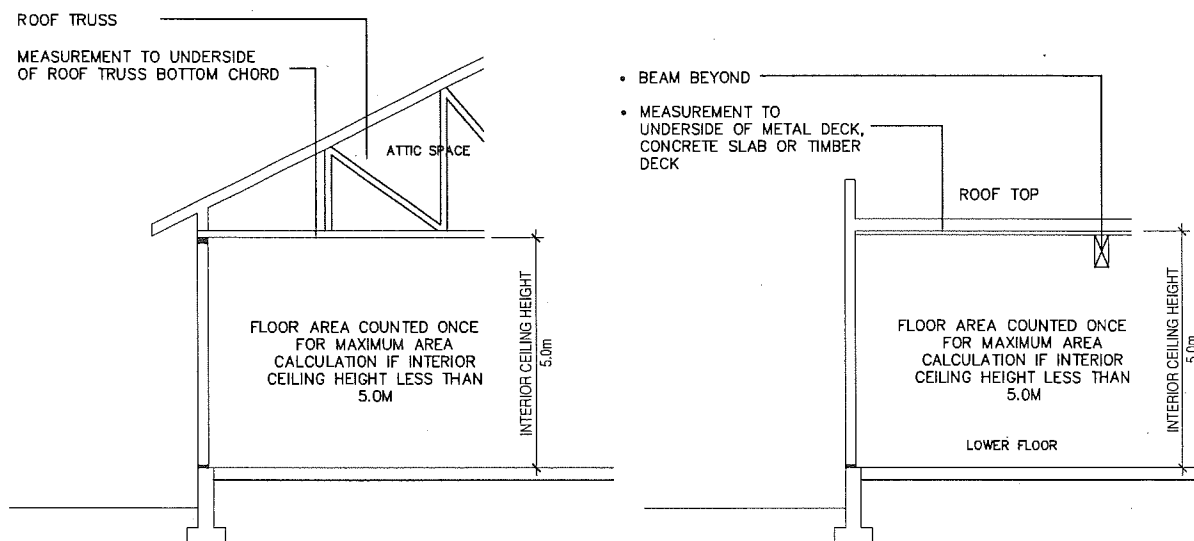
Attachment 1: Potential Ceiling Construction and Height Measurement

# Interior Ceiling Height Definition

## Measurement for flat ceiling situations



### ■ ceiling measurement at joist conditions

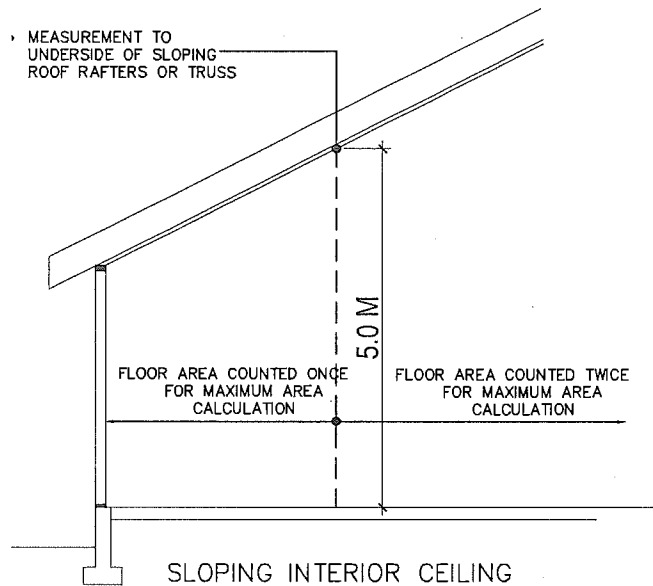


### ■ ceiling measurement at truss conditions

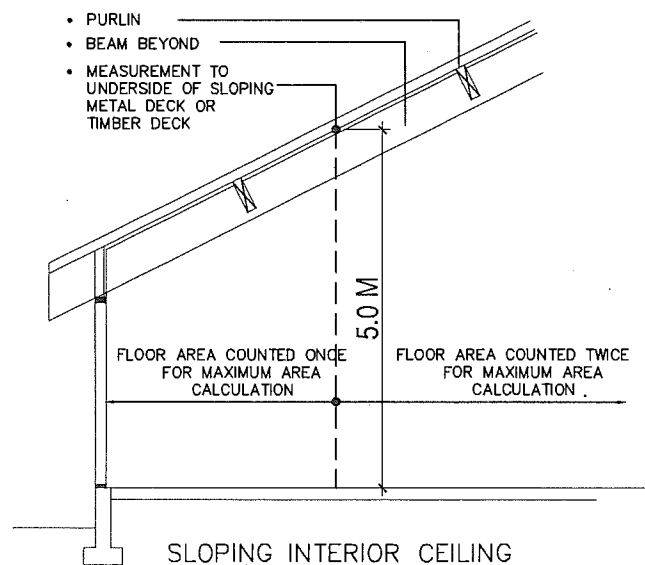
### ■ ceiling measurement at roof slab, and spanning deck conditions

# Interior Ceiling Height Definition

## Measurement for sloped ceiling situations



- ceiling measurement at roof rafter condition



- ceiling measurement at sloping roof deck conditions



# City of Richmond

## Report to Committee Planning and Development Division

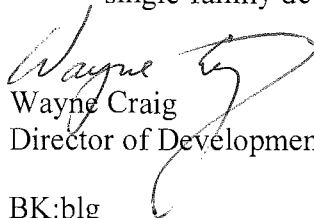
**To:** Planning Committee  
**From:** Wayne Craig  
Director of Development

**Date:** July 15, 2015  
**File:** 08-4430-01/2015-Vol 01

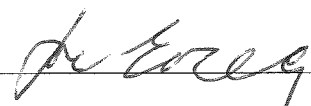

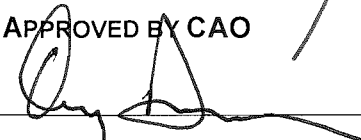
**Re: Proposed Zoning Bylaw Amendments to Regulate Building Massing and Accessory Structures in Single-Family and Two-Family Developments**

### Staff Recommendations

1. That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9279 to amend the zoning regulations for building massing, interior ceiling height and floor area calculation, and accessory structure locations within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones be introduced and given first reading; and
2. That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9281 to amend the residential vertical lot width building envelope within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones be introduced and given first reading.
3. That staff report back to Planning Committee in one year on the implementation of the proposed zoning amendments to regulate building massing and accessory structures in single-family developments.

  
Wayne Craig  
Director of Development

BK:blg  
Att.

REPORT CONCURRENCE		
<b>ROUTED TO:</b>	<b>CONCURRENCE</b>	<b>CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER</b>
Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<b>REVIEWED BY STAFF REPORT / AGENDA REVIEW SUBCOMMITTEE</b>	<b>INITIALS:</b> 	<b>APPROVED BY CAO</b> 

July 15, 2015

## **Staff Report**

### **Origin**

At the June 22, 2015 Regular Council meeting, the following referral motion was passed:

*That Item No. 17 – “Proposed Zoning Bylaw Amendments to Regulate Building Massing and Accessory Structures in Single-Family Developments” be deleted from the Agenda and referred back to staff for further consultation and that bylaws be brought back by the end of July 2015 in order to be considered at the Tuesday, September 8, 2015 Public Hearing.*

This report responds to this referral and brings forward an alternative set of Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaws, based on additional public consultation and feedback from residents and builders. Staff have restructured the proposed Zoning Bylaw 8500 amendment bylaws to address the main areas of the proposed changes.

This report also outlines addition enforcement mechanisms proposed by the Building Approvals Division to ensure plan review and issued permits are consistent with the proposed amendments to Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 and to address non-compliant construction.

### **Background**

This report summarizes the results of additional public and industry consultation, and presents revised Zoning amendment bylaws for Council’s consideration. The recommended proposed revisions include:

- i. A revised maximum interior ceiling height of 3.7 m before areas are double counted for density calculations, with a 10 m<sup>2</sup> exception for entry and stairs and an additional 15 m<sup>2</sup> exception for floor area (subject to additional setbacks);
- ii. Revised Residential Vertical Lot Width Envelope for lots 12.5 or less in width; and
- iii. Revised setbacks for corner lots for detached accessory structures.

The other provisions of Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9249 as presented on June 22, 2015 have not been changed. While the wording of the bylaw provisions is unchanged, the proposed amendments have been re-arranged into two (2) different bylaws for Council’s consideration. This will facilitate discussion of the proposed amendments and will simplify the adoption of the revised zoning regulations. The original staff report presented to the Planning Committee on June 16, 2015 is provided in Attachment 1.

### **Analysis**

#### Consultation Workshops

Two (2) separate workshops were held to seek additional input from interested parties in the community. These workshops were scheduled at City Hall as follows:

July 15, 2015

July 8 – 4 pm to 7 pm – Residents

July 9 – 4 pm to 7 pm – Industry Representatives

Both meetings ran over time and concluded at approximately 8:00 pm both days.

The consultation workshops both followed the following format:

- 4 – 5 pm: Open House with display panels and general questions from participants;
- 5 – 5:30 pm: Presentation of Background Information and Meeting Purpose;
- 5:30 – 8:00 pm: Question and Answers from Participants and General Discussion;  
and
- A comment sheet was provided.

Workshops were advertised in local newspaper, and invitations were sent directly by mail to all residents and industry representatives who took part in the first round of consultation in June 2015. Information on both consultation meetings was made available on the City's website effective June 30, 2015. A copy of the presentation materials used at the Workshops is provided in Attachment 2. All the presentation materials and comment forms were available on the website the afternoon of July 8, 2015, giving all interested parties ample time to review the material.

Both Workshops were well-attended: with 140 participants at the Residents' Workshop and 60 participants at the Industry Workshop. There were six (6) staff members in attendance at both meeting to provide informal comments during the open house portion of the workshop, and three (3) staff fielded questions during the formal presentation and question and answer portion of the workshop. As the workshops were a public event, attendance was open to anyone who wished to participate, and we note that both workshops were attended by both residents and representatives of the building industry, which provided an opportunity for 'cross-pollination' of ideas and comments.

#### Comments Received

The discussion at the Workshops was considerable, and very helpful for staff to develop the proposed revisions to the amendment bylaws. General comments received were:

- Side yard setbacks to an adjacent street for accessory lots should be reduced from the 7.5 m.
- Vertical building envelope changes and lot width should be amended.
- Considerable discussion regarding what the interior ceiling height limit should be.
- Clear preference expressed by the builders present at the workshops that interior ceiling height limit should be 5 m (16 ft.) high, up to a maximum 10 m<sup>2</sup> if that area is used for stairway and entry.
- Concerns that the proposed additional 15 m<sup>2</sup> of over-height interior space exception was excessive.
- The vertical expression limit is too restrictive.
- Ensure better enforcement of the bylaw by Building Approvals Division.

July 15, 2015

Minutes of the discussions at the meetings are provided in Attachment 3. A binder with copies of all the comment sheets submitted following the consultation meetings is available in the Councillor's office and at the Front of House of City Hall. The comment sheet is not a scientific survey and results should be viewed as such. Comment sheets submitted through a public workshop such as the workshops held on July 8 and July 9, 2015 are best viewed as a 'sampling' of opinion in the meeting. While not sufficient to withstand scientific scrutiny, the comment sheets do assist Council to assess generalized community opinion of the issue.

#### Comments Summary:

A total of 106 comment sheets were submitted at the two (2) workshops, and an additional 645 comment sheets were submitted after the meetings. We note that 399 of these comment sheets were submitted in two (2) bulk submissions (369 sheets and 30 sheets respectively) by a representative of the building industry.

From the comment sheets submitted at the July 8 2015 workshops, there was no clear preference for an interior ceiling height, but the comment sheets at the July 9 meeting indicated a strong preference for the a 5.0 m interior ceiling height.

Of the comment sheets received after the meeting date, including the two (2) bulk submissions of 399 sheets, there as a clear preference for a 5.0 m interior ceiling height.

Additional public correspondence submitted after the June 22, 2105 Council referral is provided in Attachment 4.

#### **Recommended Revised Zoning Bylaw Amendments (Bylaws 9279 and 9281)**

To address the Council referral from June 22, 2015 and to reflect the comments received at the two (2) public workshops, staff have re-structured the proposed amendments to Zoning Bylaw 8500 into two (2) new bylaws. Based on the comments received, staff have structured the bylaws to address the two (2) areas of change that resulted in the most public feedback:

- Proposed bylaw amendment for interior ceiling height before double counting over-height areas as floor area; and
- Proposed bylaw amendments to residential vertical lot with envelope

Relatively few comments were received on the other areas of the proposed bylaw amendments, related to accessory buildings and attached garages. Accordingly, staff have restructured the recommended amendments into two (2) separate bylaws as follows:

Recommended Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9279 – this bylaw contains more general bylaw amendments: definition of ceiling height; accessory building height and setbacks; and height of attached garage. The recommended bylaw also contains the proposed amendment to the internal ceiling height to 3.7 m, with an exception of 10 m<sup>2</sup> for entry and staircase before over-height areas are counted as floor area, plus an additional 15 m<sup>2</sup> area up to 5 m in height, subject to additional setbacks.



July 15, 2015

Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9281 – this bylaw contains the revised amendments for the residential vertical lot width envelope and reduction of two-storey building height to 9 m to roof peak and 10.5 m for roof peak for a two and half- storey house. The proposed amendments are based on comments received during the consultation process regarding the potential implications of the revised building envelope on narrow lots and propose to maintain the current residential vertical lot width envelope for lots equal to or less than 12.5 m in width, and amend the building envelopes for lots between 12.5 and 18 m wide, and those lots wider than 18 m. We note that this is a change from the original bylaw proposed, which stipulated an envelope for lots width of 10 m or less.

This report also presents three (3) alternative bylaws that Council could consider, should recommended Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaws 9279 and 9281 not be supported: two (2) bylaws (9278 and 9280) which are alternative bylaws to address the interior ceiling height limit; and Bylaw 9282 which is an alternative bylaw for the vertical lot width building envelope. These optional bylaws are discussed later in this report, and can be selected by Committee and Council should they wish to endorse alternative bylaws.

Recommended Bylaw Amendments for Building Massing and Interior Ceiling Height (Bylaw 9279):

The proposed Zoning Amendments presented to Planning Committee on June 16, 2015 included the following amendments:

- A new definition of ceiling height which will eliminate the use of ‘dropped ceilings’;
- Removed the provision to allow roof height to be measured to the mid-point of a roof for two-storey houses – effectively reducing the maximum height of a two-storey house to 9 m measured to roof ridge;
- A new provision to require the mid-point of the roof to be measured from the underside of eave for two and a half -storey houses;
- New height regulations for detached accessory structures;
- New setbacks, size limit and rear yard coverage limits for detached accessory structures; and
- Height regulations for attached forward-projecting garages.

As these proposed amendments were not the subject of comment or concern from the public or from the builders, staff recommend that Bylaw 9279 to amend the Zoning Bylaw 8500 be introduced and given first reading. These amendments are consistent with the amendments in Bylaw 9249 as presented to Planning Committee on June 16, 2015, with the exception of some minor changes proposed to the required setbacks for detached accessory buildings, as discussed below.

Recommended Interior Ceiling Height: In the report Planning Committee from June 16, 2015, staff proposed that Zoning Bylaw 8500 be amended indicate that the maximum interior ceiling height of 3.7 m before the area is double counted for floor area, with an exception for 10 m<sup>2</sup> for entry and stairs. Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment 9249 also permitted an additional 15 m<sup>2</sup> (161.4 ft<sup>2</sup>) of over-height ceiling to located anywhere in the house, subject to additional setbacks.

July 15, 2015

Staff propose no changes to these proposed regulations, and Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9279 has been drafted to include the following:

- Maximum ceiling height will be limited to 3.7 m (12 ft), before the area is double counted for the purpose of determining the maximum Floor Area ratio (FAR);
- The existing exception from calculation of floor area for 10 m<sup>2</sup> limited to entry and stairs is maintained;
- An additional 15 m<sup>2</sup> of ceiling height up to 5 m can be permitted in the house, with additional 2.0 m rear yard setback; and
- The proposed regulation to limit the exterior expression of the first storey has been removed.

Staff have proposed that the interior ceiling height be a maximum of 3.7 m, and any area beyond the 10 m<sup>2</sup> and 15 m<sup>2</sup> floor area exceptions with a height greater than 3.7 m would be double counted for the purpose of determining floor area. Staff recommend that Bylaw 9279 be supported by Council as the 3.7 m interior ceiling height will have the greatest immediate impact on the concerns raised regarding building massing. Based on the large number of comment sheets submitted, and in particular those submitted after the meeting, there is evidence that there are residents who have a preference for a higher (5.0 m ) interior ceiling height.

As stated in the original staff report, these proposed amendments do not prohibit the construction of a ceiling higher than 3.7 m (12 ft.), but rather, establish the limit in terms of internal ceiling height and clarification of the potential area for exceptions for calculation of floor area of the house. Any homeowner or builder can submit a Building Permit showing a ceiling height greater than the proposed 3.7 m limit, but the overall floor area of the house must be reduced accordingly.

Setbacks for Detached Accessory Buildings: The recommended amendments in the previous bylaw 9249 presented to Planning Committee on June 16, 2015 proposed amendments to regulate the siting of detached accessory buildings proposed minimum setback to an adjacent street of 7.5 m (25 ft). Comments from builders indicated that while they understood the intent of the original bylaw, there would be challenges on narrow lots to accommodate the proposed setback.

Accordingly, Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9279 as recommended in this report revises the proposed setbacks for detached accessory buildings as follows:

- For lots with a width equal to or less than 12.5 m, the minimum front yard setback is 20 m, and the minimum setback to an adjacent street is 3.0 m;
- For lots with a width greater than 12.5 m but equal to less than 15.5 m, the minimum front yard setback is 20 m, and the minimum setback to an adjacent street is 4.5 m;
- For lots with a width greater than 15.5 m, the minimum front yard setback is 20 m, and the minimum setback to an adjacent street is 7.5 m; and

July 15, 2015

- The minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for accessory buildings for all lot widths is 1.2 m.

We note that these setbacks are also contained in the alternative bylaws 9278 and 9280 (Attachments 5 and 6).

#### Residential Vertical Lot Width Envelope:

The amendments presented to Planning Committee on June 16, 2015 were proposed in order to fine-tune the vertical building envelope for a range of lot widths, better capturing the range of lot sizes and geometry in the city. The proposed amendments defined the vertical width envelope for lots less than 10 m in width, between 10 and 18 m in width, and greater than 18 m in width.

Comments from the building industry and home designers have raised concerns with the implications for construction on narrow lots, and specifically point out potential design challenges for lots less than or equal to 12.5 m (40 ft). The building industry representatives who attended the July 8 and July 9, 2015 public workshops requested that the proposed building envelope revisions be amended to leave the residential vertical width envelope unchanged for all lots less than 18 m in width. It is noted that at the time of writing, no evidence had been provided to demonstrate that the proposed amendments are problematic for lot widths greater than 12.5 m.

Staff acknowledge the comments from the builders but are of the opinion that changes to the building envelope are warranted for lots wider than 12.5 m and accordingly, Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9281 has been drafted to change the building envelope categories to lots less than or equal to 12.5 m in width, between 12.5 and 18 m in width, and greater than 18 m in width.

### **Bylaw Enforcement**

#### **Plan Review Stage**

An essential component of bylaw enforcement is having sufficient information to determine compliance at the Plan Review level. To ensure that all applications for single and two (2) family dwellings provide the required information, Building Approvals staff have augmented an already extensive Checklist of required items with additional base information requirements designed for applicants to clearly demonstrate compliance to Zoning regulations. This enhanced checklist will be communicated to all designers and applicants and will be made available and on-line and at the front counter. Plan Review will not proceed until all the required information has been provided.

The enhanced list of submission requirements will result in better information on applications enabling more accurate and consistent plan review for both zoning and building regulations. Improved information on plans will also aid in stricter enforcement in the field inspections for compliance.

July 15, 2015

Additional items proposed include:

- Large scale Plan and Section drawings fully describing any high interior spaces to demonstrate either compliance to maximum ceiling height or be counted twice toward the floor area maximum.
- Additional building cross-sections to completely describe the vertical composition of the proposed design
- Building details to show height and connection point of structural elements supporting interior high ceilings
- Information confirming the area of any high space exempted from being counted twice
- Indication of the vertical building envelope compliance will be required on elevation drawings.
- A Zoning Regulation Summary form affirming compliance to the bylaw regulations shall be filled and signed by the applicant. This additional step is confirmation by the applicant that the proposed development is in compliance to the Zoning Bylaw.

Any discrepancy to compliance identified by Plan Review staff shall be addressed with the applicant with subsequent drawing revisions required. Any ambiguity in construction details showing the height of structural elements supporting interior ceilings shall require additional information to be submitted. The combination of improved submittal information required are intended to compliment improvements to plan review afforded by the clarity provided in the proposed Zoning Bylaw amendments.

### **Field Review Stage**

At the Field Review level, staff will implement new procedures to be clearly followed when construction does not match the approved plans of the building permit.

If a Building Inspector identifies construction not conforming to the zoning bylaw:

- Directs work to stop immediately
- Documents non-compliant work on the approved permit set
- Addresses issues with senior management
- No further inspections available until resolution of issues

Senior staff directs applicant to remediate the non-conforming construction and:

- Construction documents are revised to reflect remediation
- Proposed remediation is reviewed against approved permit drawings
- If Senior Building Division staff approve the remediation, the applicant provides written assurance that the work will be compliant with the zoning bylaw
- Construction may continue upon inspection of remedial work.

If remediation is not possible, inspector directs removal of non-compliant construction:

- Construction may not continue until after removal and directed by the building inspector
- Construction continues only after removal to the satisfaction of the building inspector

July 15, 2015

### **Enforcement by Community Bylaws Division**

Building Approvals staff will work in close collaboration with Community Bylaws to affect enforcement at both construction and post construction stages.

- Community Bylaws staff will prepare legal prosecution leading to court action in those cases where the applicant refuses to remove or remediate construction under the direction of the building inspector.
- Legal prosecution will result in fines and the ultimate removal of non-compliant construction.
- Community Bylaws staff will participate in post construction inspections to verify that there are no non-permitted alterations after approved construction is complete.

We note for Council that non-compliance is enforceable by Court Proceeding and fines up to \$10,000 per day, as per the City's Building Regulation Bylaw 7230.

Staff is of the opinion that the clarity afforded by the new proposed Zoning Bylaw amendments will greatly aid in interpretation and field enforcement.

### **Alternate Bylaw Options**

Staff have attached three (3) additional bylaws to this report, which provide alternative amendments to Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 (Attachment 5, Attachment 6 and Attachment 7), based on comments received through the public consultation workshops. These optional bylaws are discussed below.

**Bylaw 9278 – 3.7 m internal ceiling height and no new floor area exceptions (not recommended)**: Bylaw 9265 (Attachment 5) would establish a maximum permitted ceiling height of 3.7 m (12 ft.) before the floor area would be double counted for the purposes of measuring floor area ratio, and would maintain the area excepted from floor area calculation at 10 m<sup>2</sup>. This bylaw also includes the provisions to clarify how ceiling height is measured, requiring the measurement of ceiling height to a structural element, i.e. use of 'dropped ceilings' is prohibited.

**Bylaw 9280 - 5.0 m internal ceiling height and no new floor area exceptions (not recommended)**: Bylaw 9266 (Attachment 6) would permit a maximum ceiling height of 5.0 m (16 ft.) limit before the over-height area is counted for floor area, and would leave the exemption area at 10 m<sup>2</sup>. This bylaw includes the same provisions to clarify how ceiling height is measured, requiring the measurement of ceiling height to a structural element, i.e. use of 'dropped ceilings' is prohibited.

**Bylaw 9282 – Building Envelope (not recommended)**: Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9282 (Attachment 7) would amend the residential vertical lot width envelope to maintain the status quo for envelope calculations and upper storey massing for lots with a width of equal to or less than 18 m (59 ft), but would amend the vertical lot width envelope for lots greater than 18 m. This bylaw would specifically address the concerns raised by the building industry during the public consultation workshops.

July 15, 2015

### **Financial Impact or Economic Impact**

None.

### **Future Considerations**

Through the consultation held July 8 and July 9, 2015, several issues were raised by the public which, with the benefit of more time, might warrant additional analysis. These issues were:

- Maximum depth of house
- Rear yard setbacks to house
- Front Rear yard setback for larger detached accessory buildings
- Interior side yard setbacks
- Projections into required side yard setbacks
- Secondary (upper floor) building envelope

Should Council so direct, staff would conduct further research and analysis into these items and report back in a subsequent report to the Planning Committee. We note that adopting any of the proposed bylaws attached to this report would not preclude further analysis of these issues.

### **Conclusion**

City Council passed a referral motion that staff undertake additional public consultation regarding proposed zoning bylaw amendments for single-family residential building massing. Staff conducted public workshops on July 8 and July 9, 2015. In response to the comments made at the workshops, Zoning Bylaw Amendment Bylaws 9279 and 9281 are attached for Council's consideration, with revised amendments to regulate massing of single detached and two-unit dwellings.

The proposed amendments amend and clarify the building massing regulations in the Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 to make it easier for Building Division staff to review plans, and ensure that submitted Building Permits conform to the Zoning regulations. The proposed bylaws also provide a number of changes to address the range and scope of issues raised by residents in the recent past.

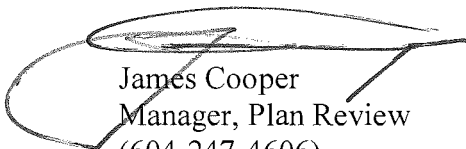
It is recommended that Richmond Zoning Bylaw No. 8500 Amendment Bylaws 9279 and 9281 be introduced and given first reading.



Gavin Woo  
Senior Manager, Building Approvals  
(604-276-4113)



Barry Konkin  
Program Coordinator, Development  
(604-276-4138)



James Cooper  
Manager, Plan Review  
(604-247-4606)

BK:rg

July 15, 2015

Attachment 1: Original Staff Report Dated June 10, 2015

Attachment 2: Presentation Boards from July 8 and July 9 2015 Workshops

Attachment 3: Minutes of Workshop with Residents and Industry Representatives – July 8 and July 9, 2015

Attachment 4: Additional Correspondence Received Following June 22, 2015 Council Referral

Attachment 5: Bylaw 9278 (Not recommended): Ceiling Height Option 2

Attachment 6: Bylaw 9280 (Not recommended): Ceiling Height Option 3

Attachment 7: Bylaw 9282 (Not recommended) Building Envelope Option 2



# City of Richmond

## Report to Committee Planning and Development Division

**To:** Planning Committee **Date:** June 10, 2015  
**From:** Wayne Craig **File:** 08-4430-01/2015-Vol 01  
 Director of Development  
**Re:** **Proposed Zoning Bylaw Amendments to Regulate Building Massing and Accessory Structures in Single-Family Developments**

### Staff Recommendations

1. That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9249 to amend the zoning regulations for building massing and accessory structure locations within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones be introduced and given first reading;
2. That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9249 be forwarded to a Special Public Hearing to be held Monday, July 6, 2015 at 7:00 p.m. at Council Chambers at Richmond City Hall; and
3. That staff report back to Planning Committee in one year on the implementation of the proposed zoning amendments to regulate building massing and accessory structures in single-family developments.

*Wayne Craig*  
 Wayne Craig  
 Director of Development

GW/BK/IE:blg  
 Att.

REPORT CONCURRENCE		
ROUTED TO:	CONCURRENCE	CONCURRENCE OF GENERAL MANAGER
Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<i>De Eusey</i>
REVIEWED BY STAFF REPORT / AGENDA REVIEW SUBCOMMITTEE	INITIALS: <i>WAC</i>	APPROVED BY CAO <i>Wayne Craig</i>



## **Staff Report**

### **Origin**

At the Public Hearing held April 20, 2015, Council passed the following referral motion:

- (1) That staff investigate options to better control issues related to overall building massing and construction of high ceilings, including but not limited to:
  - a. what other municipalities are doing;
  - b. enforcement options; and report back through Planning Committee;*
- (2) That staff consult with stakeholders, residents, architects and home designers on the matter; and*
- (3) That staff refer the matter to the Richmond Advisory Design panel for analysis and comment.*

This report responds to this referral and brings forward a number of proposed amendments to Richmond Zoning Bylaw No. 8500 as follows:

- i. Amend the calculation of density in single-family zones and the exemption clause for over – height areas.
- ii. Revise the permitted vertical and horizontal single-family building envelope regulations.
- iii. Revise the calculation of maximum building height for single-family dwellings.
- iv. Revise setbacks and size limits for accessory buildings.
- v. Introduce new height and massing regulations for attached garages to single-family house construction.
- vi. Presents information related to non-compliant construction.

### **Background**

The referral motion was made in response to recent comments raised by members of the public during the April 20, 2015 Public Hearing regarding the style and massing of new single-family house construction in a number of neighbourhoods in the City. These comments echo similar concerns raised by residents through email submissions to Mayor and Councillors, and recent news stories published in the local media.

Issues regarding the compatibility of new single-family development (largely relating to house size, height and massing) raised by the public are not unique to Richmond, as municipalities throughout the region are facing similar challenges as redevelopment occurs within the context of established single-family neighbourhoods.

The proposed bylaw amendments outlined in this report would be only applicable to lots regulated under Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500. Single-family and two-unit dwelling residential properties regulated by Land Use Contracts would not be subject to the proposed regulations. Should successful early discharge of Land Use Contracts be accomplished and those properties regulated under Richmond Zoning Bylaw No. 8500, these regulations would then be applicable to all single-family and two-unit dwelling residential lots in the City.

## **Analysis**

### Existing Zoning Regulations

Current zoning bylaw provisions regulate building height and massing for single family and two-unit dwellings through a range of measures, including:

- Maximum building height is 9 m, measured to the mid-point of the roof, with an additional 1.5 roof height above the mid-point – to a maximum peak height of 10.5 m for a sloped roof meeting specified slopes of between 4:12 and 12:12 pitch.
- The residential vertical and horizontal building envelopes regulate how and where building massing can be constructed in relation of property lines.
- The calculation of floor area permits an exception for floor area over 5 m (16 ft.) high, up to a maximum 10 m<sup>2</sup> if that area is used for stairway and entry.
- Accessory buildings less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> in area have no minimum required setback from property lines.
- The height of an attached garage can be the same as the principal building.

On April 20, 2015 Council adopted Richmond Zoning Bylaw Amendment Bylaw 9223 which incorporated a number of amendments to regulate 2 ½ storey massing and roof designs. The new regulations are now in effect and regulate building form for single detached and two-unit dwellings.

When first crafted, the Zoning Bylaw regulations regarding building height and massing were generally adequate to address the construction practices and house style of the day. With the passage of time, the fundamental designs of single-family and two-unit dwellings have changed. Recent construction practices have seen an increase in floor to ceiling heights from the ‘standard’ 8 ft. ceiling height of the past, to a more common 11 ft. ceiling height for the ground floor and a 10 ft. height for second floor. The demand for taller interior spaces has raised the basic height and massing of a single-family dwelling.

In addition, there is demand for tall living room, dining room, and ‘great room’ spaces, many of which employ a higher interior space. Designers are also incorporating vaulted, cathedral or coffered ceilings, which may result in increased vertical massing of the building, often expressed as large wall faces and tall entry features.

### **Practices in Other Jurisdictions**

Staff have undertaken a review of zoning bylaws and massing regulations in a number of jurisdictions in the region, and a summary table is provided in Attachment 1. While the City of Richmond is among the cities with provisions to allow an interior ceiling height over 4 m, the 10 m<sup>2</sup> exemption for over-height ceiling areas for foyer and entry is also consistent with several other cities in the region.

### **Proposed Zoning Bylaw Amendments**

To address the Council referral from April 20, 2015, staff have reviewed our existing zoning regulations, and have drafted Zoning Bylaw Amendment Bylaw 9249 to better regulate the

height and massing of single-family and two-unit developments, and address concerns with accessory buildings. The proposed amendments are presented below.

Maximum Height for Single-Family Zones: Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 specifies that the maximum height for a building is measured from finished site grade to the mid-point of a pitched roof at 9.0 m (29.5 ft), with an allowance for an additional 1.5 m (5 ft.) above that point to the roof ridge, so long as specified roof pitch is met. The maximum height is therefore 10.5 m (34.5 ft).

Staff propose that the measurement of maximum height be amended to lower the height for two-storey house to 9 m (29.5 ft.) to the roof peak, eliminating the use of the mid-point of the roof, and the allowed additional 1.5 m (5 ft.).

Staff propose to retain the provision to measure the maximum height for 2 ½ storey single-family dwellings to the mid-point of roof, to preserve the ability to achieve a functional half-storey concealed within a pitched roof. By allowing the additional 1.5 m (ft) above the mid-point of a sloping roof, the half-storey floor area can be more effectively designed to be within the roof line and provide adequate light, air and functional habitable space. The amendments to the Zoning Bylaw 8500 approved on April 20, 2015 through Bylaw 9223 would be applicable to any proposed 2 ½ storey house.

Residential Vertical Lot Width Envelope: Section 3.4 of the Zoning Bylaw provides descriptions and graphic representation of how horizontal and vertical building envelopes are to be determined. Revisions are proposed to increase the spatial separation between houses, reducing the impact of upper storey massing, and allow more light into required yards. Staff propose amendments to better reflect the range of lot widths currently possible under the Zoning Bylaw. The major changes are to change the angle at which the envelope is calculated for wider lots from 45° to 30°, and to clarify the articulation of the building envelope.

In order to accommodate the substantive regulations proposed, it is necessary to remove the definition and graphic from Section 3.4 Use and Term Definitions, and create a new section 4.18 in Part 4 – General Development Regulations. These amendments will re-define the envelope for lots less than 10 m in width, between 10 and 18 m in width, and greater than 18 m in width.

Staff propose to insert the amendments as a new Section 4.18 - Residential Vertical Lot Width Envelope, and these are shown in proposed Bylaw 9249.

Interior Ceiling Height: In response to the referral from Council, staff propose that the Zoning Bylaw be amended as presented in Bylaw 9249 to:

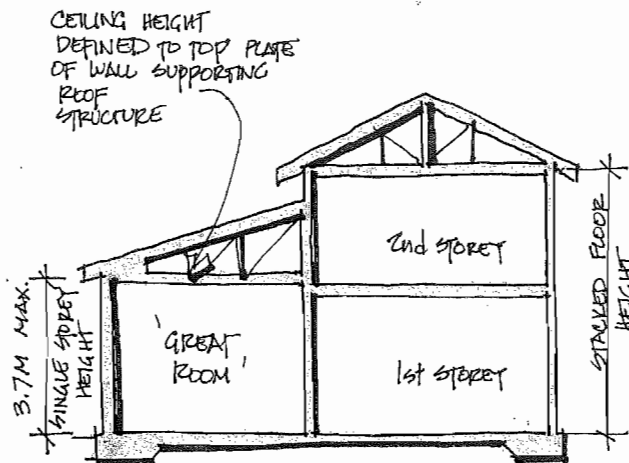
- Create a new definition of ceiling height which specifically ties the maximum ceiling height to a structural component such as roof truss or floor joist above, eliminating the use of dropped ceilings to achieve the height requirement.
- Reduce the maximum ceiling height before the area is double counted for the purpose of determining the maximum Floor Area ration (FAR) from 5 m (16 ft.) to 3.7 m (12 ft.).

In recognition of the importance the building community has placed on tall interior ceiling spaces, the proposed bylaw amendment would allow additional 15 m<sup>2</sup> of higher ceiling area – up to a maximum height of 5 m (16 ft.) located internally to the building to be counted once (rather than double) towards the maximum floor area. This 15 m<sup>2</sup> space must be set back an additional 2.0 m (6 ft.) from any required interior side yard or rear yard setback. This 15 m<sup>2</sup> exception is in addition to the 10 m<sup>2</sup> exception for exclusively entry and stair purposes.

Exterior Wall Ceiling Expression: Recent house trends, including the general increase of the height of the top ceiling plate which has resulted in tall building facades. Proposed Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9249 would address this issue by requiring that no exterior wall that fronts onto the required rear or interior side yard setback can have an eave line or other exterior expression taller than 3.7 m above the finished floor, if the construction takes advantage of the exceptions for interior ceiling height (i.e. 10 m<sup>2</sup> exception for entry and stair purposes and the 15m<sup>2</sup> general exception for ceiling height between 3.7 m and 5 m). This proposed amendment would not preclude a ‘traditional’ two-storey house design with two (2) stacked floors.

A simplified cross-section of how this revised provision would be implemented is shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2 –Interior Ceiling Height Regulation (Recommended)



Staff are of the opinion that the combination of the reduced interior ceiling height of 3.7 m (12 ft.) from 5.0 m (16 ft) before the floor area is counted twice for density purposes, in combination with the proposed additional setbacks for the additional 15 m<sup>2</sup> (215 ft<sup>2</sup>) permitted exception will result in reduced massing on the exterior of the house and should address a number of the concerns raised by Council and members of the public.

We note for Council that these proposed amendments do not prohibit the construction of a ceiling higher than 3.7 m (12 ft.), but rather, establish the limit in terms of internal ceiling height and clarification of the potential area for exceptions for calculation of floor area of the house.

Any homeowner or builder can submit a Building Permit showing a ceiling height greater than the proposed 3.7 m limit, but the overall floor area of the house must be reduced accordingly.

Accessory Buildings: Staff have recently encountered a number of issues arising from the current zoning regulations of accessory buildings on single-family lots. Specific areas of concern are:

- The permitted size of a detached accessory building in rear yards.
- The maximum 5 m (16 ft.) permitted height for an accessory building.
- Existing required setbacks for accessory buildings.

*Size of Detached Accessory Building in Rear Yard:* We note for Council that the BC Building Code does not require a Building Permit to be issued for small accessory buildings of 10 m<sup>2</sup> or less in area. Richmond Zoning Bylaw No. 8500 allows an accessory building to be constructed in a rear yard, so long as any portion of the portion of the accessory building which exceeds 10 m<sup>2</sup> is counted towards the overall floor area of the house. If the detached building is used for on-site parking, the building can be 50 m<sup>2</sup> in area before the building is counted towards floor area of the principal building. There have been recent Building Permits submitted which have resulted in an accessory building used for parking to be only marginally smaller than the single-family dwelling on the property.

*Setbacks for Detached Accessory Buildings:* Richmond Zoning Bylaw No. 8500 currently allows an accessory building of less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> in area to be constructed with no setback to any property line. An accessory building greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> must be constructed at a minimum of 3.0 m (10 ft.) from a constructed road, and 1.2 m (4 ft.) from any other property line. Recently, construction of accessory buildings less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> in area have been sited according to the bylaw, but have resulted in poor interface to adjacent roads and surrounding properties.

To better regulate the size and setbacks for detached accessory buildings, staff propose amendments to General Development Regulations in Part 4 of Zoning Bylaw No. 8500 as follows:

- Detached accessory buildings up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the rear yard.
- The area of all detached accessory buildings located entirely or partially in the rear yard cover no more than 40% of the rear yard.
- The setback from the front lot line must be at least 20.0 m.
- The setback from the exterior side lot line must be at least 7.5 m.

*Height of Detached Accessory Buildings:* Richmond Zoning Bylaw No. 8500 currently allows an accessory building to be constructed with a maximum height of 5 m (16.2 ft.). Recent construction of detached accessory buildings has resulted in unacceptable impacts on neighbourhood character. To better control the height of accessory buildings in residential zones staff propose amendments to General Development Regulations in Part 4 of the Zoning Bylaw as follows:

- The maximum height for detached accessory buildings less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 3.0 m for a detached accessory building with a pitched roof, and 2.5 m for a detached accessory building with a flat roof.
- The maximum height for detached accessory buildings greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 4.0 m to the roof ridge for an accessory building with a pitched roof, and 3.0 m for an accessory building with a flat roof.

Staff are of the opinion that this amendment in tandem with the revised setbacks for detached accessory structures will mitigate the recent issues associated with these buildings.

*Height of Projecting Attached Garage:* Recent construction trends for single-family and two-unit dwellings have seen increasingly tall garage roofs for forward projecting attached garages. These projecting garages are a dominant architectural feature, and have the potential for subsequent illegal conversion to habitable space. This is one of the most common forms of illegal conversion, which results in the overall house size exceeding that permitted by the Zoning Bylaw. Staff propose an amendment to Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 to limit the height of an attached garage:

- The maximum height for an attached garage constructed as part of a principal building is 6.0 m to the roof ridge for a garage with a pitched roof, and 4.5 m for a garage with a flat roof.

We note that the proposed bylaw amendment to limit the height of attached garages is beyond the scope of the April 20, 2015 referral, but staff are of the opinion that tall garage roofs are a contributing factor to the overall massing of a single-family dwelling. Should Council choose to not support the inclusion of this amendment, the bylaw could be amended at the Planning Committee meeting to delete proposed Section 4.14.4 (c) from Bylaw 9249, and the revised bylaw forwarded to Council for consideration of first reading.

### **Richmond Advisory Design Panel Commentary**

These proposed amendments to Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 were presented to Richmond's Advisory Design Panel at their May 21, 2015 meeting. Panel members posed a number of questions, and made a comment that the Richmond Zoning Bylaw interior ceiling height allowance of up to 5 m (16 ft.) was very generous compared to other jurisdictions and suggested that it be reduced. Panel members cited their experience with similar massing regulations and cautioned staff that there can be unintended consequences of massing regulations; such as increased homogeneity of house design or somewhat odd upper storey configurations based on building envelope regulations.

Design Panel comments were generally supportive of the direction proposed. Minutes of the Advisory Design Panel Meeting are provided in Attachment 2.

### **Bylaw Enforcement**

There is a perception that many new homes are being altered after building permit inspections through post-approval changes and/or illegal construction. Staff in the Building Approvals Department has inspection and enforcement powers to address any illegal construction, which is

adequate to address these issues. The Building Approvals Department investigates all claims related to construction that may be occurring without a City issued Building Permit and appropriate action is taken to rectify these situations.

To improve the existing inspection and enforcement aspects of their work, Senior Management in the Building Approvals Department will be implementing new processes to ensure that Senior Management is immediately notified of any field alterations to approved Building Permit documents that result in changes to the calculation of density. Work to those portions of the construction shall stop, and may not resume until revised drawings demonstrating compliance to all zoning and building regulations are submitted and approved. If compliance cannot be demonstrated, the non-approved work will be removed or remediated to achieve compliance.

To further improve compliance at Plan Review stage, staff will request additional drawings and specifications; such as multiple cross-sections and large scale plans of over height floor areas to show accurately their extent and contribution to density. Ambiguous or unclear plans will require revision or supplemental information.

### **Additional Consultation**

Staff presented the suite of proposed amendments to the Richmond Small Builders Group, a representative of the Greater Vancouver Home Builder's Association, the Urban Development Institute, and members of the public.

The Urban Development Institute and the Greater Vancouver Home Builder's Association raised concerns regarding the imposition of additional regulations stifling the creativity of house designers, and commented on the underlying market trends which have led to the current style of house design and massing throughout the City.

A meeting was held with the Richmond Small Builders Group, and with interested members of the public on May 26, 2015. There was general commentary that the visual impact of the over-height ceiling areas was a major concern, along with the general height of new house construction. Members of the public raised questions regarding the use of other planning tools; such as single-family design guidelines in the Official Community Plan (OCP) or various area plans.

Staff note for Council that guidelines for single family development cannot be implemented without designation of single family areas as Development Permit areas, which would result in a Council issued Development Permit being required before a Building Permit could be considered. Pursuing the Development Permit designation would require a comprehensive legal review, considerable community consultation, amendments to the OCP and all areas plan. It is further noted that implementing such an approach would result in significant additional process requirements for single family development and require considerable new staff resources to administer. Staff are of the opinion that the amendments proposed in Bylaw 9249 will address many of the concerns raised by residents. Minutes of the May 26, 2015 meeting are provided in Attachment 3.

The Richmond Small Builders Group expressed concerns with a number of the proposed amendments, including a desire to maintain higher ceilings, and to not make the single-family design process overly complicated. The Small Builders Group have suggested that reducing the height of two-storey houses to 9.0 m, and maintaining the 5 m ceiling height, but requiring measurement from the top of floor to the underside of the floor structure above, would be sufficient changes to address the complaints recently heard by Council.

Some builders in attendance and the public mentioned that a single-family 'Design Panel' could be considered as a mechanism to review house design. Staff do not recommend that a single-family Design Review Panel be pursued, as such a review panel would have no impact unless the Development Permit Area designation described above is implemented. Other correspondence received by staff is provided in Attachment 4.

### **Implementation**

Upon adoption of the bylaw, staff will immediately implement the changes, and all Building Permit applications submitted after the adoption date will be required to meet the amended requirements.

Staff will also assess the changes to building design and massing over a period of one year and will report back to the Planning Committee on the impact of the proposed changes.

### **Alternate Bylaw Options for Interior Ceiling Height and Density Calculation**

Staff have attached two (2) additional bylaws: Bylaw 9265 and Bylaw 9266 to this report, should Council wish to consider other options. Staff are of the opinion that recommended Bylaw 9249 successfully addresses Council's April 20, 2015 referral, and provides a framework for improved single-family and two-unit dwelling massing.

These two (2) bylaws are identical to Bylaw 9249; which staff recommend, save for the clauses related to Interior Ceiling Height. These options are discussed below.

**Bylaw 9265 – 3.7 m internal ceiling height:** Bylaw 9265 (Attachment 5) would reduce the maximum permitted ceiling height to 3.7 m (12 ft.) and would maintain the area exempt from floor area calculation at 10 m<sup>2</sup>. This bylaw also includes the provisions to clarify how ceiling height is measured, and contains the provision limiting the exterior wall expression of top plate of the first storey to 3.7 m above finished floor.

**Bylaw 9266 - 5.0 m internal ceiling height:** Bylaw 9266 (Attachment 6) would permit a maximum ceiling height of 5.0 m (16 ft.) limit before the over-height area is counted for floor area, and would leave the exemption area at 10 m<sup>2</sup>. This bylaw includes the same provisions to clarify how ceiling height is measured, requiring the measurement of ceiling height to a structural element and , and the provision limiting the exterior wall expression of top plate of the first storey to 3.7 m above finished floor.

### **Financial Impact or Economic Impact**

None.



## Conclusion

City Council passed a referral motion that staff examine measures and options to better regulate the massing of new single-family houses. Staff have reviewed current bylaw standards and practices from adjacent municipalities regarding these issues. Zoning Bylaw Amendment Bylaw 9249 is attached for Council's consideration, and presents a range of amendments to better regulate massing of single detached and two-unit dwellings.

The proposed amendments amend and clarify the building massing regulations in the Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 to make it easier for Building Division staff to review plans, and ensure that submitted Building Permits conform to the Zoning regulations. The proposed bylaw also provides a number of changes to address the range and scope of issues raised by residents in the recent past.

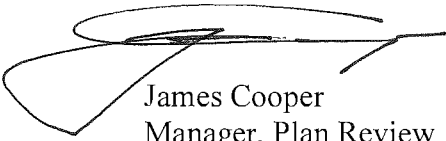
It is recommended that Richmond Zoning Bylaw No. 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9249 be introduced and given first reading.



Gavin Woo  
Senior Manager, Building Approvals  
(604-276-4113)



Barry Konkin  
Program Coordinator, Development  
(604-276-4138)



James Cooper  
Manager, Plan Review  
(604-247-4606)

GW/BK:blg

- Attachment 1: Practices in Other Jurisdictions
- Attachment 2: Minutes of the May 21, 2015 Advisory Design Panel Meeting
- Attachment 3: Meeting Notes from Public Consultation Meeting of May 26, 2015
- Attachment 4: Other Correspondence Received
- Attachment 5: Bylaw 9265 (Not recommended)
- Attachment 6: Bylaw 9266 (Not recommended)

District	Maximum Height (Pitch Roof)	Maximum Height (Flat Roof)	Maximum Accessory Structure Height	Ceiling Height	Exempted Area for Foyer/ Staircase
City of Surrey	9.0 m	9.0 m	4.0 m	> 3.7 m (12ft)	19 m <sup>2</sup>
City of North Vancouver	9.14 m	N/A	3.6 m (12ft)	> 4.57 m (15ft)	Staircase and landings are visible from the street.
District of North Vancouver	7.3 - 8.53 m	6.71 m	3.66 m (for a flat roof) / 4.67 - 5.64 m (to peak)	> 3.66 m	No exemptions.
City of Burnaby	9.0 m	7.4 m	4.6 m	3.7 m (12ft) measured to exterior top plate with an additional 4ft interior allowance (16ft)	9.3 m <sup>2</sup>
City of White Rock	8.5 m	7.7 m	3.0 m	N/A	N/A
City of New Westminster	9.0 m (to midpoint) / 10.67 m (to peak)	6.1 m	4.57 m	N/A	N/A
City of Vancouver	9.5 m (10.7 m at discretion)	N/A	3.7 m (for a flat roof) / 4.6 m (to peak)	> 3.7 m (12ft)	Up to 1% of maximum FAR to improve light and ventilation.
Corporation of Delta	9.5 m	8.0 m	3.75 m (for a flat roof) / 4.6 m (to peak)	> 4.3 m (14ft)	10 m <sup>2</sup>
<b>City of Richmond<sup>1</sup></b>	9.0 m (to midpoint) / 10.5 m (to peak)	7.5 m	5.0 m	> 5 m (16ft)	10 m <sup>2</sup> for entry and stairs.

## **Advisory Design Panel**

**Thursday, May 21, 2015**

Time: 4:00 p.m.

Place: Rm. M.1.003  
City of Richmond

Present: Grant Brumpton, Chair  
Tom Parker  
Xuedong Zhao  
Michael Mammone  
Jane Vorbrodt  
Jubin Jalili

Also Present: Diana Nikolic, Planner 2  
David Brownlee, Planner 2  
Suzanne Carter-Huffman, Senior Planner/Urban Design  
Barry Konkin, Program Coordinator-Development  
James Cooper, Manager, Plan Review  
Gavin Woo, Senior Manager, Building Approvals  
Rustico Agawin, Auxiliary Committee Clerk  
Lisa Jones – Auxilliary Architect, Building Approvals Division

Absent: Matthew Thomson  
Paul Goodwin  
Steve Jedreicich  
Cst. Barry Edwards

The meeting was called to order at 4:04 p.m.

### **1. ADOPTION OF THE MINUTES**

It was moved and seconded

*That the minutes of the meeting of the Advisory Design Panel held on Thursday, April 16, 2015, be adopted.*

**CARRIED**

## Advisory Design Panel

Thursday, May 21, 2015

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- like the variety of different architectural styles; appreciate the idea of extended planes; however, it could be further extended throughout the proposed development to tie together the different architectural styles; consider extended planes of materials other than glass, e.g. concrete, brick, etc.; proposed pillar does not appear to work with the idea of extended planes; consider design development;
- the west tower's curved wall does not appear dynamic in the model; consider applying the idea of extended plane to the curved wall or other measures to make it more exciting;
- Pearson Way (south) elevation/frontage needs more attention; streetscape character with street trees in metal grates is not successful; enhanced landscaping may be an effective way to tie together the different architectural elements and make the street more pedestrian friendly; consider further landscaping treatment, e.g. introducing pockets of greens and shrubs to add layering;
- 
- appreciate the well-resolved programming at the podium level; appreciate the green roofs in the upper levels; however, look at access to the green roofs for maintenance work; and
- review the proposed colour (white) and cladding for the affordable housing units and consider long-term maintenance issues.

### Panel Decision

It was moved and seconded

***That DP 14-662341 be supported to move forward to the Development Permit Panel subject to the applicant giving consideration to the comments of the Panel.***

**CARRIED**

*(At this point, Jubin Jalili rejoined the Panel and participated in the Panel's consideration of Item No. 4)*

#### **4. PANEL REVIEW OF PROPOSED REVISIONS TO SINGLE FAMILY ZONES/ ZONING BYLAW TO ADDRESS HEIGHT AND MASSING CONCERNS**

PROPONENT: City of Richmond (Planning and Building)

# Advisory Design Panel

Thursday, May 21, 2015

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## Staff's Presentation

Barry Konkin, Program Coordinator-Development, advised that as per Council's referral to staff in the April 20<sup>th</sup> Public Hearing, staff is seeking the Panel's analysis and comments on the proposed package of measures to control the overall building height, massing and interior ceiling height of single-family homes. Mr. Konkin clarified that staff proposals labelled as Future Considerations regarding revisions to existing building envelope regulations included in the package circulated to Panel members will still need further study and analysis and will not form part of proposed Zoning Bylaw 8500 amendments to be recommended by staff to Council.

James Cooper, Manager, Plan Review, provided background information regarding the trend in construction of large infill single-family homes and noted the concerns raised by existing single-family. Mr. Cooper mentioned that the goal of the proposed revisions to the existing zoning bylaw is to provide the appropriate controls in overall building height and vertical building envelope to ensure compatibility of new single-family developments within existing single-family neighbourhoods.

Mr. Cooper highlighted the following proposed modifications to the single-family zoning bylaw that would significantly impact on the height and massing of single-family homes:

- for 2-storey construction on lot widths less than 18 metres, reduction of (i) maximum overall building height from 10.5 metres to 9 metres, (ii) vertical perimeter wall height from 6 to 5 metres,;
- for 2 ½ -storey construction on lot widths less than 18 metres, (i) maximum building height is 9.0 metres measured to the midpoint between the highest ridge and eave line and 10.5 m to the peak of the roof, (ii) reduction of angle of vertical plane from 45 degrees from horizontal to 30 degrees;
- for 2-storey construction on lot widths more than 18 metres, reduction of (i) maximum building height from 10.5 metres to 9 metres to roof peak, (ii) vertical perimeter wall height from 6 metres to 5 metres, (iii) angle of vertical plane from 45 degrees horizontal to 30 degrees, and introduction of second-storey setback; and
- for 2.5-storey construction on lot widths more than 18 metres, (i) maximum building height is 9.0 metres measured to the midpoint between the highest ridge and eave line and 10.5 metres to the roof peak, (ii) reduction of angle of vertical plane from 45 degrees from horizontal to 30 degrees, and (iii) introduction of second-storey setback.

## Advisory Design Panel

Thursday, May 21, 2015

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Mr. Cooper added that the above proposals are intended to lower the height of single-family building and transfer the mass away from the neighbours to the middle of the buildable volume.

Also, Mr. Cooper presented (i) three options on maximum height definition of a storey to address concerns on building bulk due to high floor to floor heights, (ii) proposed changes to attached garage construction to control height and massing, (iii) proposed changes to limit the massing and required setbacks of detached accessory buildings with an area of 10 square metres or less, and (iv) massing and setback requirements for detached accessory building greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> in area, limited to a maximum of 40% of the rear yard, and a maximum size limit of 70 square metres. .

*(Jubin Jalili left the meeting at 6:15 p.m. and did not return)*

### **Panel Discussion**

*Comments from the Panel were as follows:*

With regard to the three options presented by staff regarding proposed changes to the current Zoning Bylaw 8500 height definition of a storey, a Panel member commented that (i) Option 1, which allows the maximum height definition of a storey to remain at 5 metres with the height defined to top plate of wall supporting the roof structure but not allowing drop ceiling, is susceptible to manipulations by the builder, (ii) the proposed maximum ceiling height of 5 metres is too generous even for big houses, and (iii) the proposed 3.7 metre maximum ceiling height is more appropriate.

With regard to the proposed amendments to the current Zoning Bylaw 8500 to control the massing of single-family homes, a Panel member noted that the goal can be achieved through a simpler formula which provides flexibility, not stifle creativity, and not cause uniformity of design of single-family homes.

A Panel member noted that staff is going in the right direction and expressed appreciation for their efforts to investigate the design implications of proposed amendments to current Zoning Bylaw 8500. Also, support was expressed for the staff proposal for a maximum building depth of 50 percent of the lot depth. In addition, it was noted that the staff proposals for the secondary vertical building envelope and wall plane articulation to control massing may result in homogeneity of house design.

Panel commented that more time is needed to study and provide their comments regarding the proposed amendments to Zoning Bylaw 8500. In response to the comment of Panel, Mr. Konkin advised that Panel members are welcome to submit their written comments to staff.

# Advisory Design Panel

Thursday, May 21, 2015

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## 5. ADJOURNMENT

It was moved and seconded

*That the meeting be adjourned at 6:50 p.m.*

### **CARRIED**

Certified a true and correct copy of the Minutes of the meeting of the Advisory Design Panel of the Council of the City of Richmond held on May 21, 2015.

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Grant Brumpton  
Chair

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Rustico Agawin  
Auxiliary Committee Clerk



**City of  
Richmond**

**Public Consultation**  
Planning and Development Department

## Summary

### Study on Massing for Single Family Neighbourhoods

**Location:** 2<sup>nd</sup> floor Galleria – Meeting Room 2.004

**Time/Date:** 17:00-19:00, May 26<sup>th</sup> 2015

#### Staff Members Involved:

*Barry Konkin (B)* – Program Coordinator (Development)  
*Gavin Woo (G)* – Senior Manager (Building Approvals)  
*James Cooper (J)* – Manager (Plan Review)

#### Attendees:

Aaron Meier	Kathryn McCreary	John ter Borg
Lyn ter Borg	Martin Woolford	Rod Lynde
Asit Thaliwal	Navtej Dhot	Barry Konkin
Raman Kooner	Khalid Hasan	Parm Dhinjal
Russ Barstow	Gursher Randhawa	Marty Gaetz
Rav Bains	Sam Sandhu	Brad Doré
Rafiq Sahikh	Anne Piché	Mike Mcfarland
Marco Ciciello	Lee Bennett	Timothy Tse
Graham Taylor	Graham Johnsen	Bob Hardacre
Liz Hardacre	Kim Kemp	

#### Goals:

1. To receive input on findings and proposed measures included in the Study on Massing for Single Family Neighbourhoods
2. To share viewpoints related to recent infill development in single-family residential neighbourhoods
3. To present consultation and discussion results to Mayor and Council.

**17:00**—Introductions by City of Richmond staff members. Presentation booklets were previously distributed to individuals present in the meeting.

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**Presentation by James Cooper**

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**17:03 – 17:20**—James Cooper presents “*Study on Massing for Single Family Neighbourhoods*”. Topics related to existing RS1 bylaws include:

- ‘Maximum Overall Building Height’
- ‘Vertical Building Envelope’
- ‘Maximum Storey Height Definition’,
- ‘Height of Attached Garages’
- ‘Maximum Floor Area
- ‘Height of Detached Accessory Buildings Requiring Building Permit’
- ‘Height and Location of Accessory Buildings Not Requiring a Building Permit’.

The proposed measures for bylaw amendment serve to reduce the maximum height of single-family dwellings by:

1. Reducing the maximum height
2. Refining the Vertical Building Envelope to produce better spatial separation and allow more light between adjacent houses
3. Define a maximum height for a single storey before the area is counted twice toward the maximum floor area density

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### **17:20—Floor Opened to Comments from the Audience**

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**Question( John Terborg):** Why are ‘Future Considerations’ being presented in the PDF package?

**Answer (J):** There was a time constraint for the Study and proposed Bylaw Amendments. The additional provisions require more study in order to refine and vet for all lot dimensions.

**Comment(Rod Lynde):** The existing bylaw regulations do not define building aesthetic, and good taste cannot be legislated. Some do look ‘silly as designs are permitted within the regulations. The critical issue is one of appropriate design within the rules.

**Question (Ann Piche):** How will 12m and 10m wide lots be addressed? Current building envelope proposals may be too restrictive.

**Answer (J):** Lots less than twelve-metres wide will be addressed as additional refinement to the measures proposed in response to the comment.

**Question:** What is the easement to a wall?

**Answer (J):** Sideyard setbacks vary depending on the size of a lot. (Proceeded to explain existing sideyard setback requirements as per existing RS1 zoning bylaws).

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**Question:** Why is the first floor constructed at eleven feet and the second floor constructed at nine feet?

**Answer (J):** This is a market trend we're seeing in new home construction for increasingly high ceilings.

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**Comment (Gursher Randhawa):** There should be a collective look at the basic requirements a house needs for it to be considered "marketable". In this way, there is an economic value associated with the changes the City is proposing. At this time, homebuilders need to fit four bedrooms upstairs with three or four bathrooms.

---

**Question:** Why is garage height limited to eight feet or two and a half metres?

**Answer (J):** That is a dimension on the diagram that is not a limiting one. It is not meant that the maximum ceiling height in a garage is 8 feet or 2.5m.

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**Question (Bob Hardacre):** For the City, the Official Community Plan (OCP) provides goals to maintain vibrant, sustainable residential neighbourhoods. Zoning has to support this OCP initiative and must be changed to be in line with preserving residential neighbourhoods. Current construction does not follow the framework provided by the OCP. Can the OCP be changed/amended to better dictate the residential neighbourhood goals?

**Answer (B):** The proposed measures address the regulations of the Zoning Bylaw as they relate to Single and 2 family home construction. The scope does not extend to alterations to the OCP.

---

**Question:** What makes a neighbourhood viable? What makes it liveable?

**Answer (J and audience):** Shadowing caused by excessively large houses has a negative impact on neighbourhoods—views and privacy are affected and massing is too large—which leads to further consequences.

**Answer (B):** The OCP cannot legislate design.

---

**Comment:** People are moving away because of these negative impacts\*.

*\*Anecdotal evidence that will require verification*

**Comment:** In the City, new house construction does not take existing housing stock into consideration when first designed.

**Comment:** Audience member would like to present case study houses, however, was told to wait until other audience members had a chance to speak

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**Question (Marty Gaetz):** One or two "bad apples"—relative to the quality of design today—have created a backlash against new development. Homebuilders, general contractors, and other people who live in the City have a vested interest in the quality of these homes. As such, these groups do not intend to create a negative impact within their neighbourhoods. Perhaps the City should look into neighbourhood specific zoning.

---

**Answer (J):** The proposed changes are a “one size fits all” approach. It is difficult to amend general provisions that pertain to a variety of properties. The goal is to provide a set of regulations that define a buildable envelope that will be viable to both current market trends and the existing urban fabric of single family neighbourhoods.

---

**Comment (Lynda Terborg):** Current construction of massive houses does not respect the existing urban fabric of the City. Although the interior spaces of these homes may function for the owner’s/developer’s needs, the exterior expression of these spaces do not respect the needs of neighbouring homes and the rest of the community. An inquiry was made about providing site plan information.

**Comment (Lynda Terborg):** *(Resident presented case studies on massive homes in various neighbourhoods around the city).* Double height spaces were constructed legally, but floors were added after the fact that increased the square footage of the property. Slight confusion with regard to how setbacks are measured on properties. Resident was frustrated that an approximately 3500 square foot house was constructed on a 6000 square foot lot. It would have been allowed on a 9000 square foot lot, not a 6000 square foot one. Resident expressed a desire to change double height spaces and have the City prevent infilling of double height spaces.

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**Question:** How does the City prevent homeowners from infilling double height spaces after construction and final inspection?

**Answer (G):** The City performs over 300 “building check” inspections a year responding to neighbour complaints, amongst them illegal construction. Only 2 have been detected by inspections in the last 20 years.

**Question:** How will the City control abuses to the 5.0m ceiling height in future?

**Answer (G):** The current bylaw does not prevent drop ceilings being used to define the maximum height of a space. As such, the 5.0m maximum height regulation for a floor area before it is counted twice toward maximum density has been abused resulting in unnecessarily high perimeter walls and unwanted upper level massing. An example of how the City currently interprets drop ceiling designs was illustrated and background information on drop ceilings was provided. The new regulations as proposed by the study will tie the ceiling height to the roof or floor structure prohibiting drop ceilings. This will eliminate the bulk contributed by the high walls that are currently much higher than the maximum allowed ceiling height.

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**Comment:** It is easier to build houses with a consistent roof height due to issues related to truss layout and framing. The efficiency of tying together all the wall top plates at a single height to and the use of drop ceilings have contributed to some of the unnecessary bulk surrounding high ceiling spaces.

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**Question:** In the 1990’s the Zoning bylaw was changed, providing a guide for what is now considered—from an aesthetic perspective—a poorly designed house. Why is this being allowed?

**Answer (G):** The wording in the bylaw is vague on the application of the 5.0m single story height and the City’s hands are tied on the matter.

---

**Comment:** Project specific details should be provided to show: any proposed drop ceilings, roof heights, and other miscellaneous spaces. One builder expressed his desire to have a one-room exemption allowance from the proposed maximum height definition of a storey. It was expressed that the proposed bylaw changes would restrict design and make plan layouts for the family, living, and dining rooms difficult. As a compromise, one of those three rooms should be exempt from the proposed height restrictions to free-up design opportunity.

**Comment:** No pony wall should be permitted above the five-metre height restriction so people cannot abuse the proposed amendments.

**Comment:** New house construction does not respect the existing built fabric. In 2008, Council made a serious error in allowing building heights to reach 10.5 m versus 9.0 m. The 16' double height space allowance should be eliminated since other municipalities enforce a lower maximum height.

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**Question:** The audience was confused about the processes behind changing the bylaws.

**Answer (B):** As such, the administrative processes behind changing the bylaws were explained, including how the public would be involved. Steps include: this meeting and its minutes as discussed in this document will be reported on to a committee who will send its ideas/results to council. From there, Council will vote and a public forum will be held where residents may provide feedback.

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**Question:** Does a house have valid insurance if the house is in-filled post-inspection? Is the 'Declaration of Information' rendered incorrect if a home-owner wants to sell their property at a later date? How does in-fill practice affect fire protection, etc.?

**Answer (J):** If the construction is manifested after final inspection, the home-owner's house insurance is rendered void.

---

**Comment:** The disallowance of 3<sup>rd</sup> floor decks from the zoning bylaw has an undesired impact on the development on Agricultural Land Reserve (ALR) land. These properties should be allowed to have 3<sup>rd</sup> floor decks. In an example, if a deck faces ALR property it does not affect the neighbours—in terms of privacy. At this time, a guest expressed that the proposed bylaw changes scope is too broad in a similar way.

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**Answer (J):** In the case of decks off the uppermost ½ storey in AGR land, an applicant may apply for a development variance to consider the minimal impacts.

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**Question:** The City cannot compare bylaws between other municipalities, since comparing bylaws does not equate to an "apples-to-apples" comparison. Why is Richmond comparing the City's bylaws to bylaws made by other municipalities, when it is clearly not equal?

**Answer (J):** It is true that each municipality's zoning bylaw should be taken as a complete document and not cherry picked. In our approach we did a rigorous analysis of our current bylaw regulations to identify the regulations that may be refined in order to improve control of massing and bulk. The comparative study we used to guide our findings is much more extensive

in scope than the items presented in the table. Our proposed measures result from both a holistic look at our scope of regulations as well as those of other municipalities taken as a whole.

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**Comment:** ‘Average grade calculation’ affects the maximum height of houses constructed in the City of Richmond. ‘Average grade calculation’ effectively reduces the volume of space that must fit within the existing zoning envelope (this is not to be construed as the height is lowered). Can you explain?

---

**Answer (J):** This is a “valid technical point,” since the ‘average site grade calculation’ tends to set the base plane for measurement of maximum height at a level that is lower than the finish grade around the house, acting to slightly lower the maximum height while the flood plain bylaw acts as a plunger pushing up the first floor elevation against the buildable envelope set by the average site grade.

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**Answer (J):** Explained how average grade is calculated, since the process confused audience members. James explained that the floodplain elevation requirements in the City are a maximum of 0.6 m above the highest crown of road and not less than 0.3 m above it.

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**Comment:** It was expressed that there are great designs in the City, as well as some really bad ones.

**Comment:** Decreasing the maximum building height would further “cram” designs. To build what the owner and/or developer desires—within the existing zoning envelope—is what leads to the problem of poorly designed houses. As such, we cannot “have our cake and eat it too.” Residents—as well as developers—must make compromises.

**Comment:** Everyone collectively agreed that the object of the meeting and proposal was to create positive change within the City, however, a misunderstanding by the general public—regarding the intent of the current bylaws and OCP—was raised, voicing general opposition to recent house design.

**Comment:** How can the public provide feedback on design proposals? A homebuilder expressed his desire to work with the City to make his design more responsive to the site. For example, the homebuilder prefers to have James’ input on the design before the construction permit is issued.

**Comment (Sam Sandhu):** The City of Vancouver preforms an inspection one year after construction; however, the City of Richmond does not. Additionally, house design requires attention to detail and a design panel for ‘single family dwellings’ is necessary to eradicate undesirable house design and construction.

**Comment:** The proposed zoning amendments must be “airtight” against possible manipulation primarily because Land Use Contracts (LUC) will expire and are required to be zoned as RS1, which is fast-approaching date. Over one year, 5,000 demolitions have taken place in the City.\*  
*\*Anecdotal evidence that will require verification*

**Comment:** The proposed changes do not represent all of the properties in the City of Richmond and only seem to apply to RS1/ E properties (RS1/ E properties are rapidly redeveloped).

**Comment:** A resident suggested that designers do not visualize their work before it is built. He argued that designers—of recent developments—do not understand the scale of their drawings on paper as they would be in the real-world. The resident expressed that the City needs architectural guidelines.

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**Question:** ‘Infill housing’—when a house is replaced by a new house—does not respect the intention of the neighbourhood’s fabric. In example, the Westwind neighbourhood was initially designed using a set of required materials and typologies, however, new development does not consider the original criteria for new construction, which negatively impacts the neighbourhood visually. What are the criteria?

**Answer:** The City is not aware of a ‘design criteria’ that applies to the Westwind neighbourhood; however, a single developer may have had a specific vision for the neighbourhood, which is what the community sees today.

---

**Question:** A discussion on covenants suggested that the City had design criteria many years ago. What do the regulations say?

**Answer (J, B):** To the recollection of staff, there have never been any aesthetic design criteria in the Zoning Bylaw for new single infill house construction in the City of Richmond. Some Land Use Contracts had limited architectural guidelines.

**Answer (B):** The City currently has no development permit process for individual ‘infill housing’. Design guidelines are created based on a comprehensive development area. However, it is difficult to apply such guidelines to individual lots. As such, design guidelines that are created and/ or proposed will create additional time delays in the construction phase. Since time is measured economically, delays cost homebuilders large sums of money—homebuilders must pay taxes on the land while waiting for a permit. Barry suggested that design trends are changing, which will ultimately impact residents in areas of redevelopment.

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**Comment:** The bylaws are used to control the depth of homes, but not necessarily massing. If the depth of allowable buildable area is controlled, the size of new house construction is constrained and will limit the length of sidewalls that visually affect adjacent properties.

**Comment:** Designers that create aesthetically undesirable houses are not present in the room.

**Comment (Lynda Terborg):** The City of Richmond needs rules and regulations to control the visual impact of single-family residences on the existing fabric of the City.

**Comment:** A design panel would be too time consuming, according to homebuilders. As such, homebuilders prefer access to prescriptive design guidelines that will speed up permit processing and reduce costs.

**Comment (Gursher Randhawa):** Homebuilders have identified already loopholes in the proposed amendments to zoning bylaw. Gursher suggests, that if he can find them design professionals are in a position to exploit these flaws because they are technically trained. As

such, the City needs to slow the amendment process down and consider every option in thorough detail. If the City moves too quickly, there will be consequences.

**Comment (Marty Gaetz):** Homebuilders invest a considerable amount of money in projects before becoming involved with the City. Homebuilders are requesting ample notice before any changes are made to the bylaw. The current limit on double height ceiling design is undesirable and is considered retroactive.

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**Answer (J):** The City will try to work with transition time periods with homebuilders in order to implement fairly future changes to regulations.

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**19:05—End of Meeting**

**Woo, Gavin**

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**From:** Craig, Wayne  
**Sent:** Monday, 27 April 2015 08:58  
**To:** Woo, Gavin; Cooper, James  
**Subject:** FW: Public Hearing follow-up: Town Hall Meeting, Wednesday April 29th - 7pm

**FYI**

-----Original Message-----

**From:** [wrapd193@wrapd.org](mailto:wrapd193@wrapd.org) [<mailto:wrapd193@wrapd.org>]  
**Sent:** April-26-15 5:54 PM  
**Subject:** Public Hearing follow-up: Town Hall Meeting, Wednesday April 29th - 7pm

Hello WRAPd Subscribers,

Flowing out of the events of Monday April 20th's Public Hearing it has been clearly communicated that the public is asking for greater education and opportunities for informed citizen input into the character and shaping of Richmond's single family neighbourhoods.

An informed public is the best resource to hold City Council accountable to what was discussed on Monday April 20th.

This Wednesday (April 29) at 7pm WRAPd is hosting a Town Hall Meeting at Westwind School. We will be able to discuss some of the information presented at the Public Hearing but with ample time for community input and questions from residents.

Forward the invitation to your neighbors and friends in other neighbourhoods (LUC or Zoning) about having their voices heard.

Your participation is appreciated.

The story continues ...

<http://www.richmond-news.com/residents-contend-city-bylaws-being-flouted-by-megahome-developers-1.1831952>

[http://wrapd.org/PDF/Lynda'sPresentation\\_FULL001.pdf](http://wrapd.org/PDF/Lynda'sPresentation_FULL001.pdf)

<http://wrapd.org/PDF/JohnterBorgPublicHearingSubmission2015-04-20.pdf>

<http://wrapd.org/PDF/KathrynMcCrearyPublicHearingSubmission2015-04-20.pdf>

<http://wrapd.org/PDF/JamesStrilesky-LettertoMayorandCouncil2015-04-14.pdf>

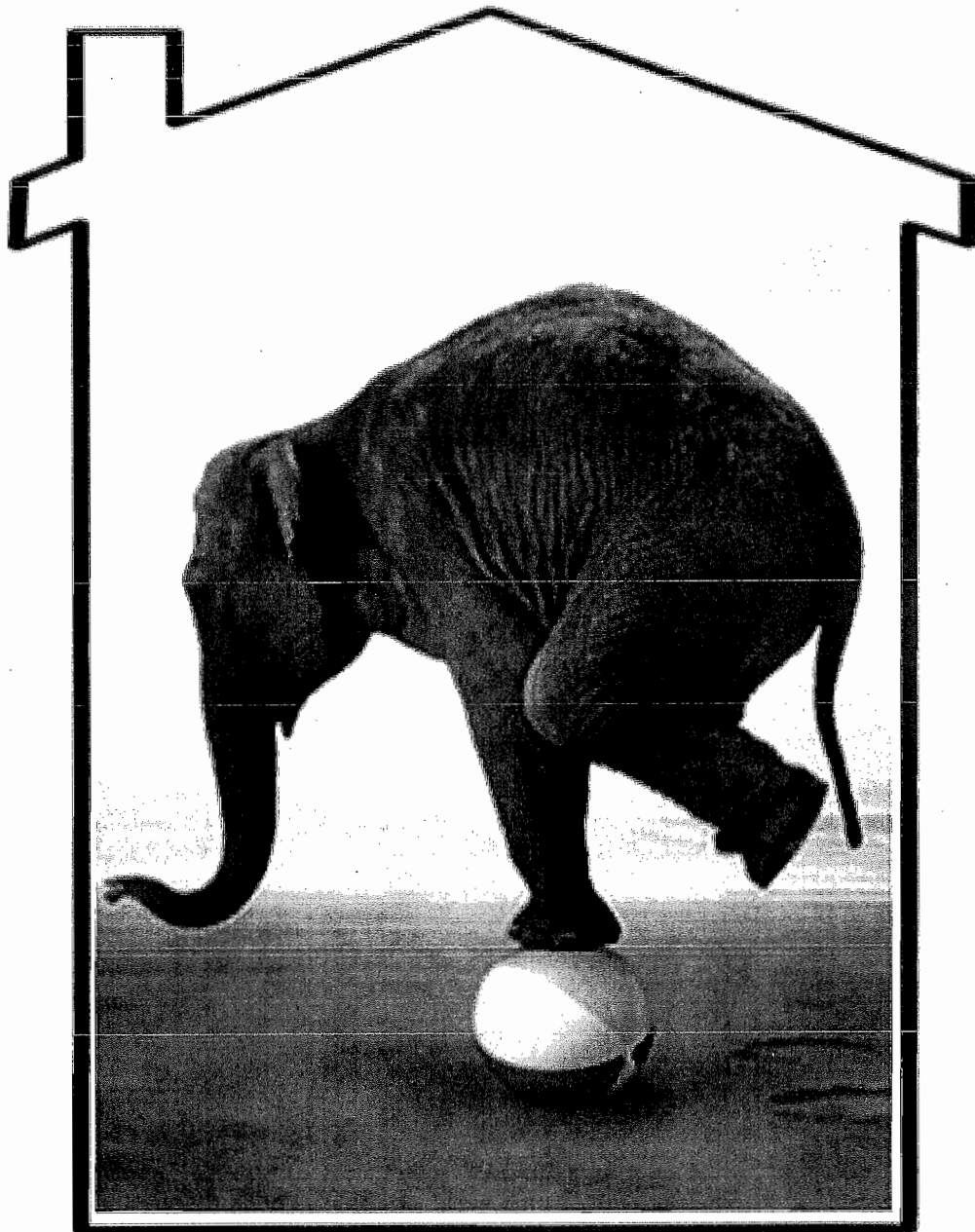
[http://www.richmond.ca/cityhall/council/agendas/hearings/2015/042015\\_minutes.htm](http://www.richmond.ca/cityhall/council/agendas/hearings/2015/042015_minutes.htm)



*You are invited to a ...*

# **TOWN HALL MEETING on "MEGA HOUSES"**

## **Get Informed!**



pc: Joe Erceg

**Brodie, Malcolm**

---

**From:** jsmont@telus.net  
**Sent:** Wednesday, 22 April 2015 20:54  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Cc:** Brodie, Malcolm; Au, Chak; Dang, Derek; Day, Carol; Johnston, Ken; Loo, Alexa; McNulty, Bill; McPhail, Linda; Steves, Harold  
**Subject:** Zoning Bylaw Amendments

Mayor Brodie and Councillors

I am a life-long resident of Richmond, and have lived in our Westwind home since 1972, when we had it built for us. At the time, we were attracted by the prospect of living in a subdivision similar to the developers first two projects - Laurelwood and Maple Lane. There were no protective covenants regarding design principals, but thanks to the good taste and sense of discipline of the developer, a very pleasant community was completed, and remained so for over forty years.

As you heard at the Council meeting Monday night (April 20), our community is under serious threat as a result of a number of "mega houses" being built to designs that may or may not be quite legal according to the rules, but clearly are outside the intention of the of the zoning regulations.

By the end of the meeting on Monday, I was encouraged by the interest shown by the Mayor and Councillors in attendance, and sensed a shared concern for a need to address these issues. The Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9223, along with the additional considerations added during the meeting, are a good start. More study is required, but the sooner this can be completed, the better.

In the meantime, something must be done to stop the carnage. Builders will now rush to demolish and build prior to the changes taking effect. Further, the issue of the Land Use Contract properties has not even begun to be addressed. Even more pressure will be put on these properties once the above Zoning Amendments are in effect.

It seems quite clear these builders, and many buyers, simply don't care about what they are doing to our neighbourhoods, and they are not likely to be "persuaded" to change their practices. While these changes to the Zoning Regulations and Land Use Contracts are being studied and implemented, it is quite conceivable that another ten to fifteen percent of the existing housing stock could be razed. To prevent this, and until the these changes can be made, there are steps that can be taken.

The first, which is the least we can do, is to be much more rigorous in reviewing plans for these large houses prior to issuing building permits, and once issued, to apply the same tough approach to building inspections. I understand you feel that City staff are doing an adequate job, but given some of the examples we saw at the meeting this last Monday, clearly there are elements of the system that are broken.

The second thing we can do is to simply place a six or nine month moratorium on any further demolitions. This may seem extreme, but if we are really serious about the City's objective of preserving the character and desirability of our single family neighbourhoods, this will clearly demonstrate we are serious.

As I mentioned earlier, I was impressed with the nature of the discussion at the Monday meeting, and hope that a high priority will be placed on resolving these issues with the Zoning Bylaws and the Land Use Contracts.

Thank you,

John S. R. Montgomery

5880 Sandpiper Court, Richmond, BC V7E 3P7

2015-04-23 07:10

**Woo, Gavin**

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**From:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Sent:** Thursday, 23 April 2015 15:55  
**To:** 'jsrmont@telus.net'  
**Subject:** RE: Zoning Bylaw Amendments

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of April 22, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Wayne Craig, Director of Development. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Craig at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**

**Manager, Legislative Services**

City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

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**From:** [jsrmont@telus.net](mailto:jsrmont@telus.net) [<mailto:jsrmont@telus.net>]

**Sent:** Wednesday, 22 April 2015 9:06 PM

**To:** MayorandCouncillors

**Cc:** Brodie, Malcolm; Au, Chak; Dang, Derek; Day, Carol; Johnston, Ken; Loo, Alexa; McNulty, Bill; McPhail, Linda; Steves, Harold

**Subject:** Zoning Bylaw Amendments

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In the meantime, something must be done to stop the carnage. Builders will now rush to demolish and build prior to the changes taking effect. Further, the issue of the Land Use Contract properties has not even begun to

be addressed. Even more pressure will be put on these properties once the above Zoning Amendments are in effect.

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The first, which is the least we can do, is to be much more rigorous in reviewing plans for these large houses prior to issuing building permits, and once issued, to apply the same tough approach to building inspections. I understand you feel that City staff are doing an adequate job, but given some of the examples we saw at the meeting this last Monday, clearly there are elements of the system that are broken.

The second thing we can do is to simply place a six or nine month moratorium on any further demolitions. This may seem extreme, but if we are really serious about the City's objective of preserving the character and desirability of our single family neighbourhoods, this will clearly demonstrate we are serious.

As I mentioned earlier, I was impressed with the nature of the discussion at the Monday meeting, and hope that a high priority will be placed on resolving these issues with the Zoning Bylaws and the Land Use Contracts.

Thank you,

John S. R. Montgomery

5880 Sandpiper Court, Richmond, BC V7E 3P7

Sent from Windows Mail

This recent letter (Richmond Review April 23 2015)  
to the editor is so true and the last part  
is referring to future changes that will have to occur if this  
troubled world is to survive. Politicians at this time period  
don't have the necessary wisdom of understanding to realize  
the deeper meaning of what is meant by future changes.

The current mantra of the world is materialism it is fueled by  
greed and mostly governed by incompetency.

Teopea  
Richmond BC  
May 7, 2015

# Elected Politicians not doing their job.

A6 THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 2015

■ **LETTERS** *to the Editor*

## City's sold out

Dear Editor,

The politicians who run the City of Richmond have sold out to property tax revenue greed.

Perfectly good, older homes are being torn down to be replaced by mostly over-sized homes that look out of place in the neighbourhood and out of the market price range for many families.

Developers have taken advantage of the weak mindedness of the politicians and have maximized the usable property space to where some lots are all house and paving stones. (Not good for the environment).

Three-story new homes should never have been allowed. It's a perfect example of politicians not taking their jobs seriously in protecting the best interests of neighbourhoods. They will defend their lack of oversight in this matter with wiggle room excuses.

Now, the politicians have allowed ultra-small two-storey towers to be built on the same property as the oversized home. More property tax revenue for the city but at what expense to the character of the neighbourhoods?

The two most pressing problems of this world, according to a recent UN study, are over population and over development. The Richmond city politicians have no true ethical understanding of what is meant by over development. They are part of the problem because their mindset has been influenced by the relentless pursuit of progress and development. Eventually, a new mindset has to take place, but it certainly won't happen with the current batch of politicians running the City of Richmond.

JG Jardey  
Richmond

City of

**RICHMOND**  
British Columbia

**Performance  
Grade**

**F**  
ailed

Public opinion is in agreement that the tax payer paid politicians have failed in providing for a common sense approach to long term community neighbourhood development planning and environmental concerns for continued neighbourhood development.

## **Richmond Public Hearing – May 20, 2015**

Richmond's new home building trends are for high ceilings, high stair wells to the second floor and high great rooms.

A house on Glacier Crescent near my parents house is shown in the picture. The great room is shown off the kitchen at the middle back of the house and the ceiling is significantly more than 16ft4in. You can see the max 16ft4in ceiling in the entrance to the house and compare it with the much higher ceiling over the railing looking down towards the great room.

Show picture 1

I went to another house on Glacier Crescent with an inspector from the City. The great room is off the kitchen in the middle back of the house. In this example, there was a dropped ceiling that dropped down to 16ft4in directly above the great room. The inspector told me that the ceiling height was dropped to satisfy the "height requirement".

But meeting the maximum storey height by construction of a false drop ceiling below the level of the roof structure contributes to greater massing! Instead of a drop ceiling an arch or barrel ceiling could easily be constructed and still have the same impact on massing as the space taking up volume. As an aside, the builder, I was told, was only required to show one cross section in his submission and so this is the one he most likely presents.

I went to an open house for another new house at 9240 Chapmond Crescent which had a great room next to the kitchen at the middle back of the house like the other two properties mentioned. The real estate agent told me that the height of the ceilings was about 21ft.

I went to another house on Goldstream Place. It had ceilings, that were about 21ft high in the entrance, as well as the two front rooms and the great room off the kitchen.

Show Picture group 2

I have looked at many MLS pictures and the vast majority have great rooms.

**In conclusion, the vast majority of these houses have great rooms that have storeys that exceed 16'4".**

I did a study and searched all 93 houses on MLS in Richmond built since 2008 that had a value of \$1.8 million dollars and above.

I have prepared a spreadsheet, illustrating the relationship between finished floor area and permitted floor area as allowed by the lot size.

**insert word document**

**insert spreadsheet**

**In conclusion, Builders are maximizing the square footage of the houses they are building. Which begs the question, how can they maximize the allowable area of living space and still have these over height rooms?**

The double counting rule says that if the height of the floor exceeds 16'4" than it must be double counted as if there were two floors. This means that if the height of a storey is increased beyond 16'4", than the total floor area of the space needs to be subtracted from the maximum permitted area.

Since we confirmed the vast majority of these homes have great rooms the actual square footage of the house must be significantly lower than the maximum permitted area of the house. The maximum living area of these homes should be reduced by the area of these over height great rooms and other over height rooms.

Also, we confirmed the majority of these MLS listing all were built out to the maximum allowable floor area. The majority all of these houses were non nonconforming visually from the inside and out.

**There is a problem**



Walking my dog in my neighbourhood, a subcontractor allowed me to view one of the Goldstream houses under construction. I walked all the rooms in the house. Again from the second floor looking towards the front of the house I noted the same 16ft4in ceilings dropping down, in the rooms in either side of the foyer, and the great room. The drop in the ceiling was achieved by using large coffers. The coffers were about 5 feet in height at their maximum, in fact the full height of the storey was still about 21 feet.

I alerted City staff and an inspector was sent to take pictures of the ceiling. I requested to know the square footage of the house and he informed me that the actual size of the house was 4,000 square feet. The maximum calculated square footage of the house is 4,019 square feet. So apparently no deduction was made to the size of the house for these oversize rooms.

### **There is a problem**

I have been informed that Staff in the Building Approval Division review all house plans before a Building Permit is issued. All Building Permits issued by the City are reviewed to ensure compliance with the City's Zoning Bylaw and the BC Building Code. Any internal building area with a storey shown on the building permit drawings to be constructed at a height of more than 5 m (16.4 ft) has that area counted as if it is comprised of two floors for the purpose of determining the maximum floor area permitted.

## **There is a problem - it's not happening**

### **Conclusion**

- Enforce the Bylaw
- Stop taking ceiling measurement to false drop ceilings of any kind (barrel, back framed, drop,coffer)
- Require the builder to provide multiply cross sections of a house for review to the City.
- Get rid of 16'4" ceilings all together and change them to 12'1'.  
Result: This will stop new houses from making the leap from 16ft4inch ceilings to 21ft as the new normal.

Kathryn McCreary, P.Eng.

## Calculation

### **Study**

- Looks at 93 houses built since 2008, and
- Houses on the market listed at \$1.8 million dollars or more asking price

### **Example Calculation: 7531 Glacier Crescent**

Maximum Floor Area permitted for Single Family Residential Zoning

- Based on total area of the lot
- Maximum Buildable Area = 55% on the first 5,000ft<sup>2</sup>, and  
30% on the remaining lot area  
=  $0.55 * 5000 + 0.30 * 3556$   
= 3,817 square feet  
Finished Floor Area  
= 3,807 square feet (MLS)

### **Sample Calculation:**

Ratio of Finished Floor Area / Maximum Permitted Buildable Area  
=  $3,817 / 3807$   
= 1.003

### **Conclusion:**

Average of 93 houses on the Market, on April 18, 2015

- Ratio = 1.004/1

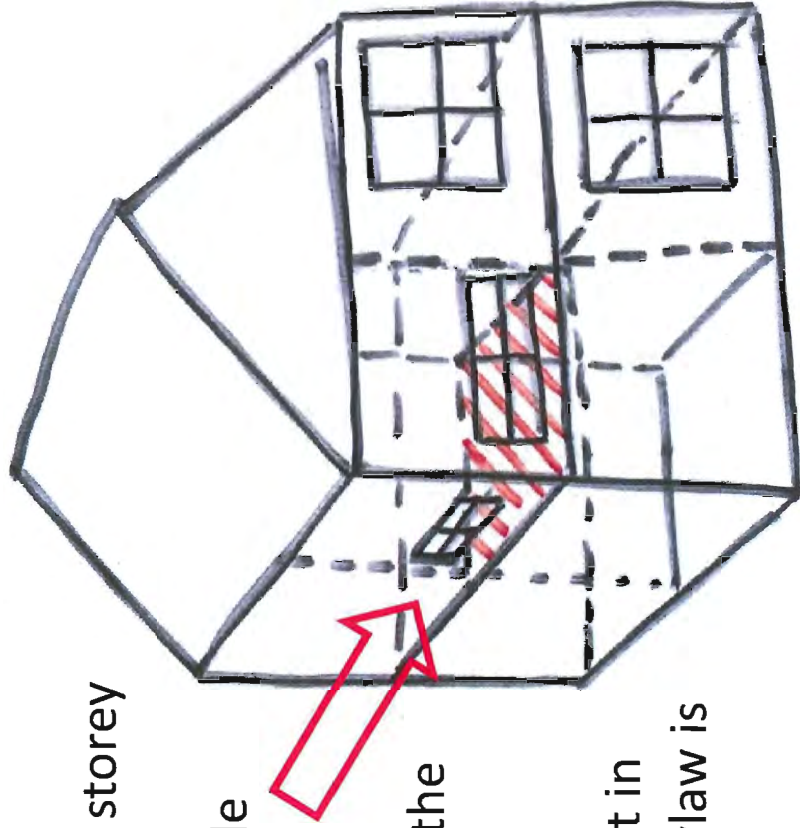
Suggests Builders are maxing out on allowable square footage

### **Source Information:**

- <http://www.realtylink.org/>
- <http://www.bcassessment.ca>

This house has maxed out its FSR (floor space ratio).

This room has exceeded the maximum storey height and the square footage must be counted against the maximum buildable area.



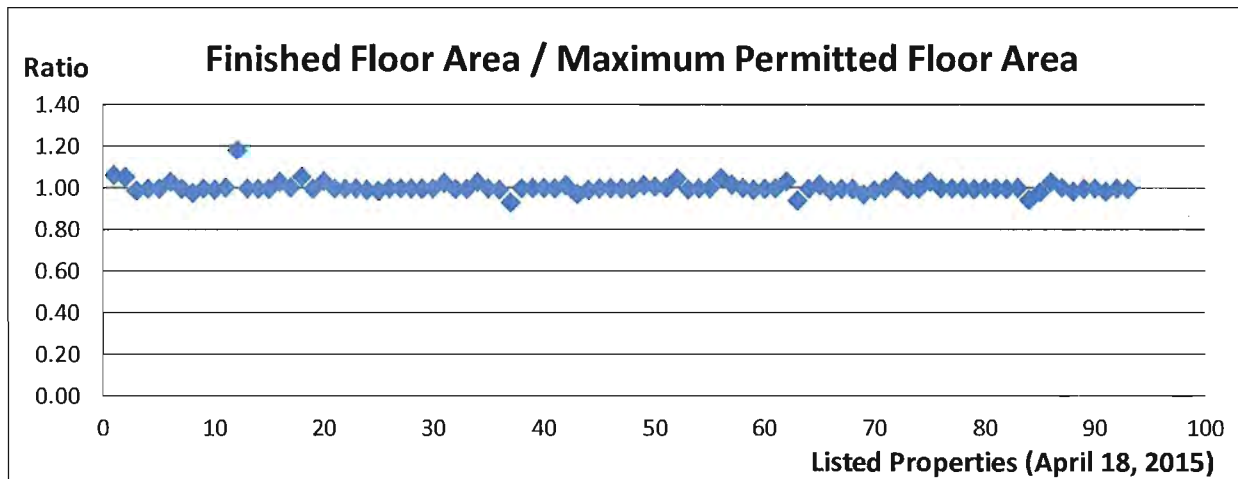
The saleable area must be reduced by the same floor area as this room.

In the vast majority of new houses built in Richmond this section of the Zoning Bylaw is not being enforced.

## MLS Richmond Listings

**Date:** April 18, 2015  
**Price Range:** > \$1,800,000  
**Age:** Houses built after the year 2008  
**Source(s):** <http://www.realtylink.org>  
<http://www.bcassessment.ca>  
Real estate open houses  
**Author(s):** Kathryn McCreary P.Eng.  
John ter Borg B.Eng., MLWS, LEED AP

### Graph:



### Summary:
















































New houses coming on the market in Richmond are being built to maximize 100% of the permitted floor area available.
























The majority of new houses constructed in Richmond are in violation of the double height standard in the Zoning Bylaw.

These new houses in Richmond breaching the double height standard are not sacrificing walkable square footage as required by the Zoning Bylaw.

### Data:

Address		Age	Lot Area (ft2)	Actual Livable Area (ft2)	Maximum Permitted Area (ft2)	Ratio	Breach Double Height	MLS Image
9271 WELLMOND RD	1	4	7,200	3,623	3,410	1.06	?	
9220 WELLMOND RD	2	6	7,920	3,820	3,626	1.05	Y	
3560 FRANCIS RD	3	3	7,920	3,589	3,626	0.99	Y	
5520 CHEMAINUS DR	4	2	7,000	3,347	3,350	1.00	y	
8820 ST ALBANS RD	5	5	7,920	3,625	3,626	1.00	y	
3506 ULLSMORE AV	6	2	7,030	3,462	3,359	1.03	?	
8228 ELSMORE RD	7	3	7,100	3,378	3,380	1.00	y	
9091 WELLMOND RD	8	5	7,920	3,550	3,626	0.98	y	

9411 DESMOND RD	9	5	7,920	3,624	3,626	1.00	y	
9871 PARSONS RD	10	8	7,920	3,604	3,626	0.99	?	
10560 SOUTHDALE RD	11	4	8,118	3,700	3,685	1.00	y	
3240 SPRINGFIELD DR	12	2	6,996	3,961	3,349	1.18	?	
9611 BAKERVIEW DR	13	1	8,694	3,858	3,858	1.00	?/y	
7680 DAMPIER DR	14	1	7,074	3,367	3,372	1.00	?	
9500 PINEWELL CR	15	3	7,920	3,614	3,626	1.00	y	
9240 CHAPMOND CR	16	2	7,551	3,620	3,515	1.03	y	
3191 PLEASANT ST	17	6	5,940	3,042	3,032	1.00	No	
10311 AMETHYST AV	18	1	7,980	3,841	3,644	1.05	y	
3611 LAMOND AV	19	2	7,350	3,447	3,455	1.00	?	
3311 SPRINGTHORNE CT	20	0	6,699	3,370	3,260	1.03	y	
4911 WESTMINSTER HY	21	0	8,177	3,700	3,703	1.00	?/y	
8040 FAIRDELL CR	22	2	7,507	3,498	3,502	1.00	y	
4911 WESTMINSTER HY	23	0	8,172	3,700	3,702	1.00	y	
9740 BATES RD	24	6	6,717	3,241	3,265	0.99	n	
8328 BOWCOCK RD	25	6	8,554	3,766	3,816	0.99	No	
8751 ST. ALBANS RD	26	7	8,580	3,823	3,824	1.00	No	
4891 WESTMINSTER HY	27	0	7,937	3,629	3,631	1.00	?	
9720 HERBERT RD	28	8	7,994	3,646	3,648	1.00	?	
8180 SEAFAIR DR	29	3	7,484	3,490	3,495	1.00	N/?	
9180 WELLMOND RD	30	2	7,919	3,626	3,626	1.00	N/?	
4300 BLUNDELL RD	31	2	9,800	4,295	4,190	1.03	No	
9340 GORMOND RD	32	0	7,262	3,417	3,429	1.00	?/Y	
7660 RAILWAY AV	33	1	9,200	3,994	4,010	1.00	y/?	
7151 MONTANA RD	34	0	7,020	3,450	3,356	1.03	?	
5151 CALDERWOOD CR	35	4	9,207	4,010	4,012	1.00	No	
8800 ST. ALBANS RD	36	0	7,920	3,601	3,626	0.99	y	
9811 PINEWELL CR	37	4	14,777	5,300	5,683	0.93	y	
3500 NEWMORE AV	38	0	7,029	3,358	3,359	1.00	?	
7291 LINDSAY RD	39	1	8,323	3,750	3,747	1.00	y	
10120 LEONARD RD	40	2	8,844	3,907	3,903	1.00	y	
5291 LANCING RD	41	4	8,450	3,782	3,785	1.00	y	
4391 CORLESS RD	42	0	8,778	3,930	3,883	1.01	y	
8711 GARDEN CITY RD	43	3	11,818	4,667	4,796	0.97	y	
9131 DESMOND RD	44	4	7,920	3,595	3,626	0.99	?/y	
3480 FRANCIS RD	45	4	7,920	3,621	3,626	1.00	y	
3320 FRANCIS RD	46	0	7,907	3,622	3,622	1.00	?	
7511 AFTON DR	47	5	7,392	3,459	3,468	1.00	y	
11451 No. 2 Road	48	3	7,202	3,405	3,411	1.00	y	
9131 DIAMOND RD	49	5	8,120	3,737	3,686	1.01	y	
5491 CATHAY RD	50	2	7,854	3,631	3,606	1.01	y	
8191 CATHAY RD	51	1	7,500	3,507	3,500	1.00	y	
10226 BAMBERTON DR	52	1	6,480	3,337	3,194	1.04	?/y	
9120 WELLMOND RD	53	0	7,920	3,603	3,626	0.99	y	
6671 RIVERDALE DR	54	3	7,200	3,408	3,410	1.00	y	
7400 GRANDY RD	55	2	8,040	3,663	3,662	1.00	y	

5771 FRANCIS RD	56	8	10,758	4,690	4,477	1.05	y	
7328 BARKERVILLE CT	57	1	7,000	3,408	3,350	1.02	y	
4300 COLD FALL RD	58	2	9,240	4,024	4,022	1.00	y	
5851 MCCALLAN RD	59	4	8,640	3,811	3,842	0.99	y	
5100 WILLIAMS RD	60	0	10,890	4,500	4,517	1.00	?	
7480 CHELSEA RD	61	3	7,992	3,645	3,648	1.00	y	
9471 PINEWELL CR	62	1	7,955	3,750	3,637	1.03	y	
8531 BOWCOCK RD	63	4	10,688	4,196	4,456	0.94	?/y	
7891 GABRIOLA CR	64	0	8,063	3,658	3,669	1.00	y	
9760 BATES RD	65	0	6,801	3,340	3,290	1.02	y	
9740 GILHURST CR	66	3	9,378	4,015	4,063	0.99	y	
3531 SOLWAY DR	67	4	9,128	3,972	3,988	1.00	y	
8480 PIGOTT RD	68	6	9,768	4,158	4,180	0.99	y	
7900 BELAIR DR	69	5	8,841	3,790	3,902	0.97	y	
7580 REEDER RD	70	7	7,559	3,474	3,518	0.99	N	
7391 BATES RD	71	2	7,257	3,428	3,427	1.00	y	
4388 GRANVILLE AV	72	4	9,728	4,308	4,168	1.03	y	
8620 PIGOTT RD	73	4	8,828	3,885	3,898	1.00	?	
5760 LANGTREE AV	74	0	7,022	3,351	3,357	1.00	?	
7251 LISMER AV	75	2	7,000	3,450	3,350	1.03	?	
8511 CALDER RD	76	0	7,634	3,538	3,540	1.00	?	
5760 RIVERDALE DR	77	1	8,073	3,671	3,672	1.00	?	
6188 Sheridan Rd	78	3	8,580	3,820	3,824	1.00	y	
7520 AFTON DR	79	2	8,118	3,668	3,685	1.00	y	
5780 RIVERDALE DR	80	0	8,073	3,672	3,672	1.00	?/y	
4571 PENDLEBURY RD	81	2	8,910	3,922	3,923	1.00	?/y	
6031 MAPLE RD	82	3	9,243	4,008	4,023	1.00	?	
8880 COOPER RD	83	7	11,696	4,767	4,759	1.00	y	
3240 FRANCIS RD	84	5	7,920	3,428	3,626	0.95	?	
10920 BAMBERTON DR	85	0	8,475	3,717	3,793	0.98	?	
5891 MURCHISON RD	86	1	8,073	3,777	3,672	1.03	?	
7680 RAILWAY AV	87	0	10,147	4,307	4,294	1.00	?	
9620 PINEWELL CR	88	2	14,783	5,600	5,685	0.99	y	
7531 GLACIER CR	89	2	8,556	3,807	3,817	1.00	y	
7440 LUCAS RD	90	2	9,102	3,981	3,981	1.00	No	
7960 SUNNYMEDE CR	91	5	9,741	4,107	4,172	0.98	?	
7720 SUNNYHOLME CR	92	4	9,918	4,220	4,225	1.00	y	
10211 THIRLMERE DR	93	0	8,280	3,719	3,734	1.00	y	
<b>AVERAGE</b>		<b>2.7</b>	<b>8,354</b>	<b>3,766</b>	<b>3,756</b>	<b>1.004</b>		



**7531 Glacier Crescent (Back)**





PH - 284













## 7900 Goldstream Place



**Woo, Gavin**

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**Subject:** FW: Concern with overly large buildings on properties in the Westwind area

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**From:** Patrick Hill [[mailto:pat\\_hill@telus.net](mailto:pat_hill@telus.net)]

**Sent:** Sunday, 19 April 2015 09:41

**To:** [inf@wrapd.org](mailto:inf@wrapd.org)

**Cc:** MayorandCouncillors

**Subject:** Concern with overly large buildings on properties in the Westwind area

I am personally concerned with the overly large new buildings, in some cases the height of 3 stores and covering the very edges of the properties – mega buildings – overlooking all other buildings in the area, they are often ugly (designed) and massive! I agree with your newsletter that the city must make the necessary changes to the zoning rules to prevent this, I am amazed that the city building department has not been more active in monitoring the effect of what they have permitted – is there no architect in the department? We have three massive houses one of which is a flat top box at the end of the court – maybe it is to be a bed & breakfast!

Changes have to made to bring the Westwind in line with what it was originally designed for, a community.

PS I will be out of town when the council meeting is held.

Patrick Hill

**5791 Bittern Court**

**Richmond**

**Woo, Gavin**

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**Subject:** FW: Call to Action on MASSIVE houses

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-----Original Message-----

From: [info@wrapd.org](mailto:info@wrapd.org) [mailto:[info@wrapd.org](mailto:info@wrapd.org)]

Sent: April-18-15 7:32 PM

Subject: Call to Action on MASSIVE houses

Thank you for your support on the MASSING of houses issue.

Public Hearing is Monday 7pm at Richmond City Hall.

City Council is not addressing height and MASSING on Zoning houses, nor will the LUC properties receive any relief from the proposed Bylaw Amendment.

Please plan to attend to share your concern.

I am sharing with you a message sent to the Mayor and Council of well written words from a Westwind neighbour....

I am a 40 year resident of Richmond. I have lived in Westwind for over 30 years. I have watched Richmond evolve into a diverse, cosmopolitan community under civic leadership that has generally been very responsive and wise in steering a course to maintain a vibrant, liveable and welcoming city community. However, I am very disappointed with how our civic leadership has handled the issue of Land Use Contracts and building/zoning bylaws and the negative impact this is having on the liveability and desirability of our established city neighbourhoods.

I am looking to our mayor and councillors to take the following action to reverse the disturbing trend of three story and MASSING homes which are destroying not only the nature of the Westwind planned community which I had bought into but also the fabric of our community and city.

More specifically I am looking for the mayor and council to make the following changes in:

Zoning

-reduce the double height provision in By-law 4.2 from 16.4 feet (5.0 m) to 12.1 feet (3.7 m) to bring us in line with our neighbouring cities and municipalities

-re-establish the measurement criteria pre 2008 to determine the maximum height of a house being built in an established community. Prior to 2008 the maximum height for a house was 29.5 feet. However an amendment in 2008 changed the measurement from the top of the roof peak to the mid-point of the roof permitting the true height to exceed 29.5 feet and climb to 34 feet and beyond. Aside from the questionable process used to implement this amendment, the policy review process promised to review the impact of these changes has never happened.

Land Use Contracts

-LUC properties need a moratorium before any more building permits are granted.

Redevelopment could continue under Zoning By-law 8500 rules or by replacement of the same

square foot livable area currently on the lot, whichever is larger. No more three story building permits should be granted until the problems with the LUC are resolved.  
-Double height provisions need to be reduced to 12 feet and stringently enforced

Over my four decades of working and living in Richmond I know many of you personally. I know you are caring, committed and hard working people. I hope you will focus on this issue and consider the future implications of delaying or not taking action on this important matter to preserve the nature of our neighbourhood and our Richmond community.

signed,  
WRAP'd Group

## Woo, Gavin

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**From:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Sent:** Monday, 20 April 2015 10:20  
**To:** 'VICKI'  
**Subject:** RE: Monster House Next Door

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of April 17, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Gavin Woo, Senior Manager, Building Approvals. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Woo at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**  
**Manager, Legislative Services**  
City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

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**From:** VICKI [<mailto:vicmail@shaw.ca>]  
**Sent:** Friday, 17 April 2015 8:05 PM  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Monster House Next Door

Please read this and drive by the address  
I hope someone has the time to come and look at the house next door to me  
We are zoned LUC and I will be losing the sunshine and privacy of my home  
The excavators said, "Hey, your house just went up \$200,000.00 in value!"  
I said.."I do not care!..This is my home not a real estate investment.."

The address is 10486 Canso Crescent  
My address is 10500 Canso Crescent  
The Monster House is South of me..  
That is where the sunshine comes from  
Now I will have a 26.5 ft. structure that exceeds my home by 40 ft.  
Most of my windows are on the back of the home  
This house will have side windows viewing into my home, patio and garden  
Yes, 40 ft. "longer" than my home....Half of my backyard..I have a 150 ft. deep lot by 40 ft. wide  
Thank you for reading this and I hope someone can take pictures before and after  
You have made my home a teardown due to the structure..  
Victoria Henderson



## Mayor and Councillors

**From:** Kathryn McCreary [kathrynmccreary@hotmail.com]  
**Sent:** Thursday, 16 April 2015 7:42 PM  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Cc:** McPhail, Linda; Steves, Harold  
**Subject:** Maple Lane neighbourhood massive houses

**Categories:** 12-8360-01 - Permits - Building - General, 12-8060-20-9223 - To regulate half-storey in single family dwellings

<b>To Public Hearing</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	April 20/15
<b>Item #</b>	15
<b>Re:</b>	Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9223

Mayor and Councillors,

Following up on my concerns...

Last week I was on site with an inspector from the City to look into the ceiling heights in the new houses being built in our neighbourhood.

It was confirmed that the highest ceiling heights in the house were built to 16'4". But in one of the rooms the ceiling height had been dropped artificially to meet this height standard.

Walking through houses with the inspector and trades people and measuring from the top of the stairs I could see by looking towards the front of the house that 16'4" ceiling height came to just above my head.

Walking my dog in my neighbourhood a subcontractor allowed me to view another house at 7900 Goldstream Place.

I walked all the rooms in the house. Again from the second floor looking towards the front of the house I noticed the same 16'4" ceilings dropping down.

The drop in the ceiling was achieved by using large coffers. The coffers were about 5 feet in height at their maximum.

This describes a 5' + 16'4" = 21'4" room.

I alerted City staff and an inspector was sent to take pictures of the ceiling. A City staff person said we would have an intelligent conversation about this matter. I requested to know the square footage of the house. Staff said that he would pull the drawings to see if the area associated with the 21 foot high ceilings had indeed been double counted.

Could you please ensure that this has been addressed by the April 20th Public Hearing date.

Thank you,

Kathryn

CityClerk

From: Graham Taylor [grahamtaylor1954@yahoo.ca]  
Sent: April 17, 2015 11:48  
To: CityClerk  
Subject: Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9223

Categories: 12-8060-20-009223

To Public Hearing	
Date:	April 20/15
Item #	5
Re:	Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9223

		INT
	DN	
	MJ	
	DB	

Please accept this email as my submission to the public hearing scheduled for April 20. In my view the proposed amendment does not go far enough. The staff report referral motion refers to concerns related to overall building height. The proposed amendment does nothing to deal with building height. I do not know exactly when the roof allowance was raised to 29.5 feet but that was a mistake. As you know, since then most, if not all, new buildings have been built to the maximum allowance. These new buildings block the sun, detract from views and infringe privacy. I am going to try to enclose a picture of the house built to the south of me with this email. It is the view from my second-story kitchen looking south.

To my mind, the current zoning allows the houses to be too tall, too big and too close to its neighbours.

I suspect we are too far gone to erase all these mistakes but as the amendment to the roof height limit is fairly recent, I believe you should go back to the old limits.

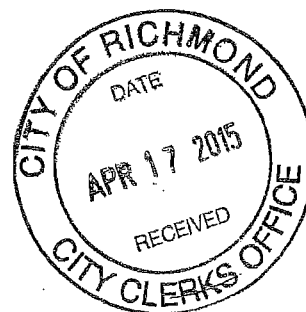
I note to staff report says you are going to consult with the building associations before the public hearing. I hope you will also consider the views of the public, the people that live in the houses next to the new houses.

I also note that the staff report states that homebuilders using the existing regulations build to the fullest which reflects current market land and construction prices. that sentence has it backwards. It is the maximum build that creates the land prices.

I would like council to consider what social good is being accomplished by allowing these new bigger houses. You have a plot of land that is supposedly worth \$1 million. Someone buys it, puts up a bigger house and then sells it for \$2 million. However, it is still just a single-family dwelling so all that has been done is that the price of a house has doubled. What is good about that?

Yours truly,  
Graham Taylor  
8571 Fairhurst Rd.

Sent from my iPhone.



CityClerk

**From:** Graham Taylor [grahamtaylor1954@yahoo.ca]  
**Sent:** April 17, 2015 13:53  
**To:** CityClerk  
**Subject:** Bylaw submission  
**Attachments:** IMG\_0268.JPG; ATT00001.txt; IMG\_0269.JPG; ATT00002.txt

<b>To Public Hearing</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Item #</b>	
<b>Re:</b>	

		INT
	DW	
	MI	
	DB	

Please accept these photos as part of the submission of Graham Taylor emailed earlier. Thank you





PH - 296





PH - 297

## Woo, Gavin

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**From:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Sent:** Friday, 17 April 2015 09:39  
**To:** 'Kathryn McCreary'  
**Subject:** RE: Maple Lane neighbourhood massive houses

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of April 16, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Gavin Woo, Senior Manager, Building Approvals. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Woo at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**

**Manager, Legislative Services**

City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

---

**From:** Kathryn McCreary [<mailto:kathrynmccreary@hotmail.com>]

**Sent:** Thursday, 16 April 2015 7:42 PM

**To:** MayorandCouncillors

**Cc:** McPhail, Linda; Steves, Harold

**Subject:** Maple Lane neighbourhood massive houses

Mayor and Councillors,

Following up on my concerns...

Last week I was on site with an inspector from the City to look into the ceiling heights in the new houses being built in our neighbourhood.

It was confirmed that the highest ceiling heights in the house were built to 16'4". But in one of the rooms the ceiling height had been dropped artificially to meet this height standard.

Walking through houses with the inspector and trades people and measuring from the top of the stairs I could see by looking towards the front of the house that 16'4" ceiling height came to just above my head.

Walking my dog in my neighbourhood a subcontractor allowed me to view another house at 7900 Goldstream Place.

I walked all the rooms in the house. Again from the second floor looking towards the front of the house I noticed the same 16'4" ceilings dropping down.

The drop in the ceiling was achieved by using large coffers. The coffers were about 5 feet in height at their maximum.

This describes a 5' + 16'4" = 21'4" room.

I alerted City staff and an inspector was sent to take pictures of the ceiling. A City staff person said we would have an intelligent conversation about this matter. I requested to know the square footage of the house. Staff said that he would pull the drawings to see if the area associated with the 21 foot high ceilings had indeed been double counted.

Could you please ensure that this has been addressed by the April 20th Public Hearing date.

Thank you,

Kathryn

---

**Subject:** FW: LUC 036 Pintail  
**Attachments:** WESTWIND - LUC 036 - RD22094.pdf; ATT00135.htm

**From:**  
**Date:** February 3, 2015 at 9:23:10 PM PST  
**To:**

**Subject:** Fwd: LUC 036 Pintail

Hey \*\*\*\*,

This is what I got from my realtor. I'm good to share this with you but she asked me to mention that you should do your own due diligence at the city and mentioned that they will give you all the info at the counter. Of course the city doesn't want you to build 7900 sq feet. Lol

I want to make sure you check stuff on your own and make sure you're happy with the pintail lot and it's LUC conditions as I'm not familiar with this stuff and can only pass on what info I have gathered. I want you to be comfortable with the purchase based on your comfort level with the LUC stuff and not what I tell you as I don't represent the seller I'm just a guy putting two parties together. I should get paid though lol

Cheers

Sent from my iPhone

Begin forwarded message:

**From:** "Lynda Terborg" <[ltterborg@shaw.ca](mailto:ltterborg@shaw.ca)>  
**Date:** February 3, 2015 at 6:41:26 PM PST  
**To:**  
**Subject:** LUC 036 Pintail

Hio \*\*\*\*... here is a copy of the LUC... no specific reference to lot coverage percentage so default is back to original by-law ... most probably 40% or 33 % depends how the folks at the city interpret... "and amendments thereto"... some are using date of lot creation and others are using last allowable before by-law was repealed... either way a big lot and a super big rebuild.... as you see by the sales (hummingbird and Woodpecker) the spring market is heating up!... how much are they going to pay???

Cheers, Lyn

**Lynda Terborg**  
Personal Real Estate Corporation  
Re/Max Westcoast  
Cel: 604-250-8676  
Email: [LTterborg@shaw.ca](mailto:LTterborg@shaw.ca)



## Woo, Gavin

---

**From:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Sent:** Friday, 01 May 2015 10:18  
**To:** 'Robbie Sharda'  
**Subject:** RE: Concerned Resident

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of May 1, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Gavin Woo, Senior Manager, Building Approvals. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Woo at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**

**Manager, Legislative Services**

City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

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**From:** Robbie Sharda [mailto:[robbiesharda@hotmail.com](mailto:robbiesharda@hotmail.com)]

**Sent:** Friday, 01 May 2015 1:10 AM

**To:** MayorandCouncillors

**Cc:** AdministratorsOffice

**Subject:** Concerned Resident

**Importance:** High

Hello Mayor Brodie and fellow councillor members,

My name is Robbie Sharda, I live at 11531 Pintail Drive, Westwind, Richmond. I have been a resident of this city for my entire life, born in Vancouver but my family moved here when I was 4 months old. I have grown up in this city and have seen this city change over the last 36 years of my life and over the past 8 years I have been a part of this change. I own a residential development company and have truly enjoyed working with the city in developing new homes for families throughout Richmond. I have completed 32 new homes over the last 8 years and hope to continue to grow my business with this city. The reason for this email is concerning, as a developer it has come to my attention that the City of Richmond is making some drastic changes without sufficient notice to those who will be affected. The movement to amend a certain bylaw has been initiated and pursued by a small group of residents from the Westwind area. This group alleges that they have issues or concerns with LUC lots and also "mega homes" due to their massing. I participated in a developers meeting today at City Hall and in that meeting Gavin Woo (Sr. manager Building Department) made a statement that raised great concern with me and every other developers in the room. We were informed that as of April 21, 2015, all plans that are currently being reviewed in the building department, will have to comply to the 16.4 ft unclear Bylaw and that moving forward all plans being submitted should also comply to this rule.

My concern is not entirely about the changes to the rule itself, rather I am concerned that we have not been given sufficient notice. Consequently, many of us will have to pay high fees to comply to this new rule despite

the fact that we have already submitted the plans. Additionally, I have recently signed on 3 new contracts based on homes viewed by these clients that would fall under the old but unclear bylaw. The clients have requested that I build them a similar home, a condition to which I have already agreed and have already commenced the drawings and taken deposits from them so I can proceed with the application to the city. In one of these cases, I have already submitted drawings to my engineer. I have major concerns with having to inform these clients that I cannot deliver the home that has been promised because the City of Richmond has surreptitiously changed a ruling that has been in place for a long time. I feel that this is unacceptable. I am concerned about the legal ramifications that may arise as a result of a breach of contract due to this Bylaw change. I will be forced to retain legal support to be reimbursed for any losses I have incurred as a result of this change.

There can be a resolution to this issue. I feel that builders/ developers in Richmond should be provided a reasonable date in the future for a more seamless transition to this new unclear Bylaw to take place. As I stated earlier, my concern is not with the 16.4 ft rule, rather it is the manner in which the rule was ushered in-without consultation and sufficient notice. Over the last 8 years of my residential home building experience in Richmond, there has been a set precedence in which it is acceptable for the bottom of the ceiling to meet the top of the wall at 16.4ft, we are considered compliant and within the parameters of the Bylaw. Nowhere in the Bylaw does it state that trusses cannot be in alignment with the rest of the backyard roofline. Furthermore, there are no limitations to the use of the dead space between the bottom of the trusses to the top of the 16.4 ft ceiling within the wording of the Bylaw. It is this dead space that is used to create a decorative space with aesthetic value only. A group which makes up a small minority of the whole of Richmond has raised concerns and suddenly the Bylaw is subject to this abrupt change. I am confused and dismayed.

Richmond is a really unique place to live. I am fortunate to be able to raise my family in a city where the voice of the entire population is heard before decisions to make major changes are made. I trust that this central tenet of our city will go unchanged simply because the squeaky wheel gets the grease. I have listened to the worries voiced by my few concerned neighbours at the Town Hall meeting held at Westwind Elementary on April 29th, 2015 and they appeared to have a preoccupation with comparing Richmond, to Vancouver, Surrey, and Burnaby in regards to lowering the ceiling height limit to 12.1 ft. Bear in mind, the people who attempt to make these comparisons are comparing apples to oranges. We cannot build below ground as a result of our geographical uniqueness. Simply put, we are not Vancouver, Surrey or Burnaby, we are Richmond. We are a city that is known to preserve our agricultural land, a city that thrives on a pluralism of ideas and, yes-a city that is known for elegant, luxury homes. I am invested in Richmond, not just with my money but with my heart. Richmond must continue to shine amongst other cities. I trust you will bring your attention to my concerns given that I too am a tax paying, voting resident of Richmond who has resided here for nearly four decades.

Sincerely,

Robbie Sharda  
[www.infinityliving.ca](http://www.infinityliving.ca)  
Design Build Manage

BOB & ELIZABETH HARDACRE  
5391 WOODPECKER DRIVE  
RICHMOND, BC  
V7E 5P4

April 30, 2015

RE: Massive Houses, Enforcement of the Zoning Bylaw and Land Use Contracts

Dear Councillor:

As Richmond residents for 35 years, we are disturbed by increasingly unconstrained residential development in our community that has resulted in homes that dwarf their neighbours, impede sunlight, alter drainage patterns and eliminate privacy. The massive faces of these homes around their entire perimeters have significantly altered the characters and livability of Richmond neighbourhoods.

Our own neighbourhood, Westwind, is governed by a Land Use Contract (LUC) that was dismembered in 1989 yet remains in effect. Due to legal uncertainty, properties in our area are particularly vulnerable to redevelopment and construction of massive homes that far exceed the limits of the Richmond Zoning Bylaw. In Westwind, it is permissible to build a home up to 39 feet high instead of the maximum 29.5 feet height allowed for properties elsewhere in Richmond governed solely by the Zoning Bylaw.

But we are most indignant to learn that City officials have been remiss in the application of existing zoning requirements, and have allowed many new homes to exceed the maximum 16.4 interior height restriction dictated by current zoning regulations, without imposing the "double height - double count" requirement that is crucial for the determination of the permissible area of the home. Neighbouring communities in the Lower Mainland, specifically Vancouver, Surrey and Burnaby, have a much lower "double height - double count" requirement (12.1 feet) which makes the failure of City officials to enforce Richmond's already over-generous allowance even more egregious.

- We urge Council to direct City officials to begin consistent enforcement of the "double height - double count" requirement immediately.
- Furthermore, we demand immediate action to resolve the legal limbo of Land Use Contracts by the proactive termination of all LUCs by Richmond. This will permit and expedite the consistent application of the Zoning Bylaw, such as the maximum building height of residential homes to 29.5 feet, a measurement that we believe should be taken from grade to the top of the highest peak of the structure. (This is not the case currently).
- We urge you to investigate adjustments to the Zoning Bylaw that will reduce the massive exteriors of new homes that impact nearby homes and alter the streetscape significantly. For example, we believe that reduction of the "double height - double count" standard for interior heights in the Zoning Bylaw to 12.1 feet is a useful regulatory tool. Double height measurements should be taken from ground level to the highest point of the interior ceiling vault. Reducing the permitted interior area will decrease massive exterior appearances of new homes by altering room, staircase and entrance configurations, reducing the height of exterior walls and reducing or eliminating excessively high vaults, domes, false ceilings and inordinately tall windows.

We are not opposed to redevelopment, nor to changing styles and tastes not in keeping with our own. We are opposed to City officials who do not enforce existing zoning rules consistently. We are opposed to current measurements that permit construction of far too tall and far too big homes that directly impact the homes around them. We are opposed to Council's failure to bring in consistent regulations by dragging its feet on the termination of existing LUCs. Meanwhile, many more Richmond homes become bulldozer bait for developers. Councillors and bureaucrats have been listening to the voices of developers, architects and builders and not to those of homeowners. We want to be heard.

We want to hear your voice too. Where do you stand on the issues we have raised? What are you doing to ensure existing regulations are enforced? How do you intend to bring consistency to the zoning regulations? When will you terminate all Land Use Contracts in Richmond? How will you engage, involve and inform Richmond homeowners on these issues?

Yours truly,



Bob Hardacre



Elizabeth Hardacre

Cc:

Mayor Malcolm Brodie

Councillor Derek Dang

Councillor Bill McNulty

Councillor Harold Steves

Councillor Ken Johnston

Councillor Chak Kwong Au

Councillor Linda McPhail

Councillor Carol Day

Councillor Alexa Loo

Westwind Ratepayer Association for Positive Development (WRAPd)

## Woo, Gavin

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**From:** Building  
**Sent:** Tuesday, 19 May 2015 10:50  
**To:** Jaggs, Gordon; Caravan, Bob; Nishi, Ernie  
**Cc:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** FW: City of Richmond BC - Report Problem or Request a Service - Case [0515-BD-CS-E-005447] Received

F Y I and/or action. Laura

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**From:** [donotreply@richmond.ca](mailto:donotreply@richmond.ca) [<mailto:donotreply@richmond.ca>]  
**Sent:** Tuesday, May 19, 2015 10:04 AM  
**To:** Building  
**Subject:** City of Richmond BC - Report Problem or Request a Service - Case [0515-BD-CS-E-005447] Received



**Attention:** Administrator

A problem report or service request has been submitted through the City of Richmond online Feedback Form. Below is the information which was provided by the person making the report.

### Report a Problem - Request a Service

**Category:** Building & Construction Sites

**Sub Category:** Other

**Message:**

We are the owners of 6271 Goldsmith Drive. Currently there are lots of new houses construction in our neighborhood. Among all, the one behind us (now changed to 10200 Addison Street) is the most awful one. We wonder how the City can allow a 3-storey monster house to be built to intrude the privacy of the neighbours as well as to ruin the uniqueness.

We noticed yesterday, that the house beside us (6291 Goldsmith Drive) is listed (and probably sold and to be pulled down as we saw people coming by and discussing in front of that house). We strongly request the followings:

1. The tree between our house and their house NOT to be cut down;
2. Now we have a kitchen window and skylight window on the east side. The to-be-built house SHOULD NOT block the sunlight going through these windows;
3. NO MORE 3-storey houses in our neighbourhood.
4. NO constructions early in the morning or during weekends.

**Location:**

Goldsmith Dr and Addison St

**Uploaded Files:**

**Personal Information:**

Paul Ip and Doris Lau  
6271 Goldsmith Drive  
Richmond  
V7E4G6  
604-270-1028  
604-838-3869

[dorislau66@hotmail.com](mailto:dorislau66@hotmail.com)

Preferred Contact Method: Email

**Tech Information:**

Submitted By: 199.175.130.61

Submitted On: May 19, 2015 10:04 AM

[Click Here](#) to open this message in the case management system. You should immediately update the case status either to Received to leave the case open for further follow-up, or select the appropriate status based on your activity and work protocols. Click Save to generate the standard received message to the customer, add any additional comments you wish to and click Save & Send Email. Close the browser window to exit.

**Woo, Gavin**

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**Subject:** FW: Westwind Ratepayer Association - Real Motivations?  
**Attachments:** DOC004.pdf

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**From:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Sent:** Thursday, 30 April 2015 14:55  
**To:** 'William Cooke'  
**Subject:** RE: Westwind Ratepayer Association - Real Motivations?

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of April 30, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

Thank you again for taking the time to contact Richmond City Council.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**  
**Manager, Legislative Services**  
City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

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**From:** William Cooke [<mailto:wcooke604@gmail.com>]  
**Sent:** Thursday, 30 April 2015 08:47  
**To:** [gwood@richmond-news.com](mailto:gwood@richmond-news.com); MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Westwind Ratepayer Association - Real Motivations?

Hi Graeme & Mayor & Councillors:

I attended the town hall at the Westwind school last night. At this meeting, it was interesting because it seems that Lynda Terborg spoke against land use contracts and "monster houses on steroids", citing that they are bad for privacy, sunshine, and the community. One speaker asked her about the impact on land values. She did not have a direct answer to this. However one must question her motivations. A speaker at the end presented a letter (attached), where she is telling a potential buyer of a property that a "super big rebuild" is possible on the property -- promoting the lot on the merits of the build ability.

I believe that the city is doing a fine job. The city makes the bylaws, and can interpret them as they deem reasonable. I do not have any concern with any zoning, or LUC issues. I am of the mindset that if one does not like living in the city, then one should move elsewhere. I find it interesting how people say Surrey Burnaby Vancouver have different ceiling height restrictions -- but these are areas which allow basements. Also, areas such as Coquitlam allow much larger houses than Richmond as well. Obviously people are building and buying these houses, so there is a demand. On a square footage per lot size ratio, Burnaby actually allows flat 60% (up to 4700sq house) -- which is more generous than Richmond. Vancouver allows 70% (also more generous than Richmond). Every city is different.

Thank-you,

**Woo, Gavin**

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**Subject:** FW: April 20th Councillors - Double Height Referral to Staff

**From:**

**From:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Sent:** May-05-15 10:14 AM  
**To:** 'Bradley Dore'  
**Subject:** RE: April 20th Councillors - Double Height Referral to Staff

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of May 3, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors; in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Wayne Craig, Director of Development. If you have any questions or further comments at this time, please call Mr. Craig at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to contact Richmond City Council.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**  
**Manager, Legislative Services**  
City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

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**From:** Bradley Dore [<mailto:brad.dore@icloud.com>]  
**Sent:** Sunday, 03 May 2015 17:30  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Cc:** Sophie 911 Lin  
**Subject:** April 20th Councillors - Double Height Referral to Staff

At the April 20th Council meeting a referral was made back to staff about the "double height" clause and the massing of single family and two family dwellings. Mayor Malcolm Brodie asked at the meeting that there be input from home designer and architects.

I believe I have valuable technical knowledge that could assist staff and council moving forward. I split my time between documenting & designing residences in the greater vancouver area. The documentation part of my work provides great insight into how other designers and builders have interpreted and had designs approved in cities such as Vancouver, Richmond, Burnaby, Surrey, etc. In my design work I am then challenged to understand what can be designed under the different zoning bylaws.

Though the majority of my design work is done for submissions to the city of Vancouver, I am a long term term Richmond resident, my grandfather was born here in Richmond, I attended McKay Elementary & Burnett Secondary way back when and currently reside here in Richmond. I would like to help residential development



in Richmond balance the benefits of a strong healthy efficient residential real estate market, against the long term livability of the current and future residents of the community.

LinkedIn Profile

Brad Doré  
Residential Designer &  
Building Technologist  
604.782.8240



## Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9249 (Building Height and Massing Regulations)

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions] by:

- a) adding the following definition of “**height, ceiling**”, in alphabetical order:

“**Height, ceiling** means the top of the finished floor of a **storey** to the underside of the floor joist or underside of roof joist or underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss above that **storey**.”

- b) deleting the definition of **Height, building** in its entirety and substituting the following:

“**Height, building** means the vertical distance between **finished site grade** and:

- a) for **single detached housing** with 2 and half (½) **storeys** having a roof pitch greater than 4-to-12 and not exceeding a roof pitch of 12-to-12, the mid-point between the bottom of the **eave** line and ridge of a roof, provided that the ridge of the roof is not more than 1.5 m above the mid-point; and
- b) for all other **buildings**, the highest point of the **building**, whether such **building** has a flat roof, pitched roof or more than one type of roof.”

- c) deleting the definition of **Residential vertical lot width envelope** and substituting the following:

“**Residential vertical lot width envelope** means the vertical envelope within which a **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing** must be contained, as calculated in accordance with Section 4.18”

2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 4.3 [Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing and Two-Unit Housing Zones] by:

- (a) deleting Section 4.3.1(c) in its entirety and marking it as “Repealed.”; and

- (b) adding the following after Section 4.3.1:

“4.3.2 Any portion of **floor area** in a **principal building** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 3.7 m shall be considered to comprise two floors and shall be measured as such for the purposes of calculating **density** in all **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing**, except that, subject to Section 4.3.3, the following **floor area** shall be considered to comprise one floor:

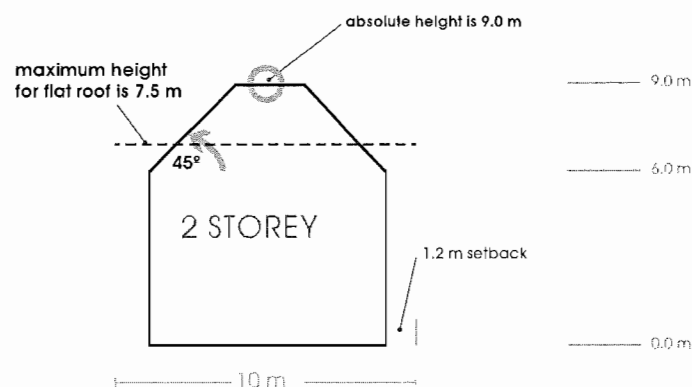
- a) a maximum of 10 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 3.7 m, provided such **floor area** is exclusively for interior entry and staircase purposes.

4.3.3 If the **floor area** to be calculated in accordance with the exception in subsection 4.3.2(a) is located on the **first storey**, the exterior wall of the **first storey** which faces the **interior side yard** and **rear yard**, as measured from finished floor to the bottom of the eave, must be no higher than 3.7 m.”

3. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by adding the following after Section 4.17:

“4.18.1 The **residential vertical lot width envelope** of a **lot** in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing** shall be calculated in accordance with Sections 4.18.2 to 4.18.4.

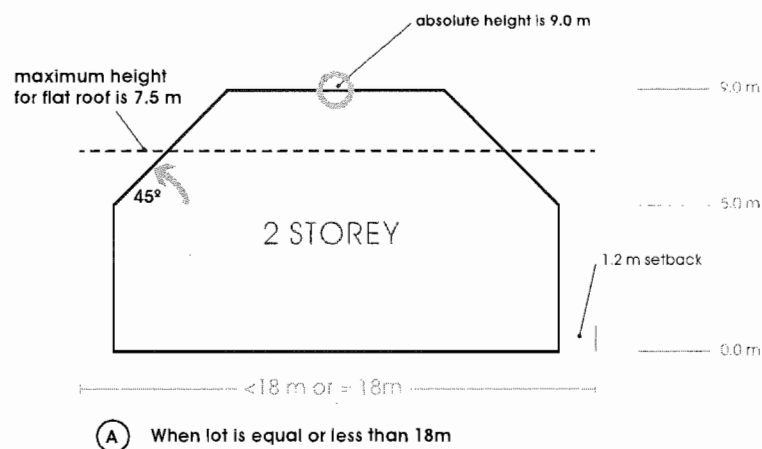
4.18.2 For a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 10.0 m or less, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 6.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of 45° from the top of the 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



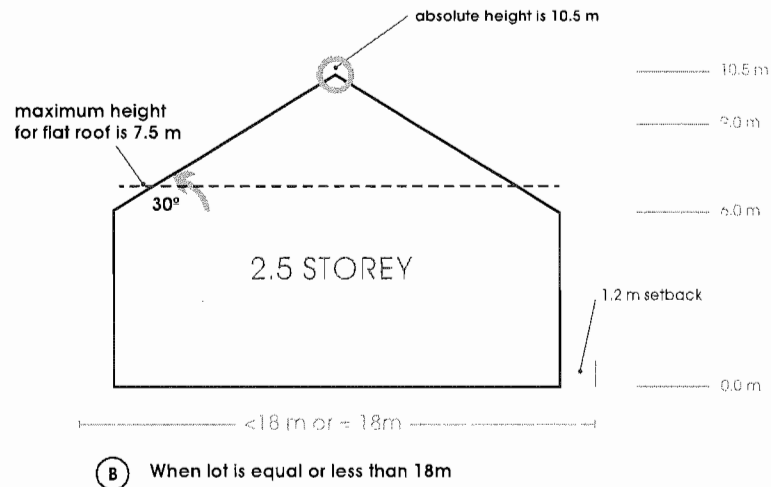
(A) When lot width is 10.0 m or less

4.18.3 For a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 10.0 m but less than 18.0 m:

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two **storeys**, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $45^\circ$  from the top of the vertical 5.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0m, as generally shown in the diagram below:

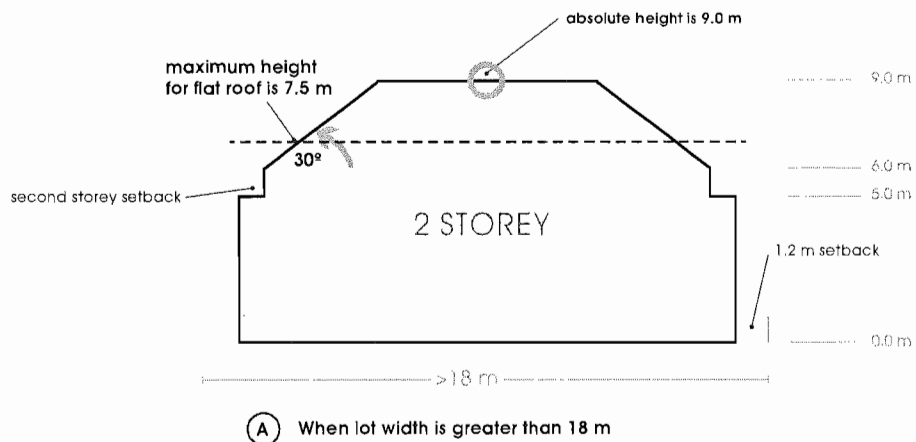


- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) **storeys**, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 6.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



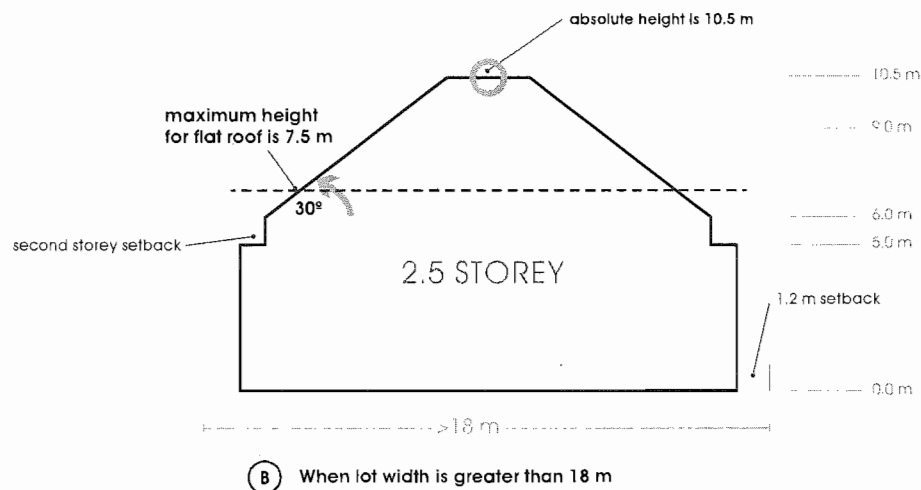
4.18.4 For a lot with a lot width that is 18.0 m or greater:

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two **storeys**, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward (horizontally) by 0.6 m and upward (vertically) by 1.0 m, and then further inward and upward at an angle of 30° from the top of the 1.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and **half (½)** **storeys**, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward by 0.6 m and upward by 1.0 m, and then further inward and upward at an

angle of  $30^{\circ}$  from the top of the 1.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



4. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.7.7 and 4.7.8 and substituting the following:

“4.7.7 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m; and
- c) the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m.

4.7.8 Repealed”

5. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.8.3 and 4.8.4 and substituting the following:

“4.8.3 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m; and

- c) the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m.

#### 4.8.4 Repealed”

6. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsection 4.14.4 and substituting the following:

“4.14.4 Except as set-out in 4.14.4(a) to (c) below or otherwise specified in a **zone**, the **accessory building** or **accessory structures** shall not be higher than the permitted **height** of the **principal building** in that **zone**. The following apply to the **height** of **accessory buildings** in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** and **town housing**:

- a) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 3.0 m measured from **finished site grade** to the roof ridge for a detached **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 2.5 m for a detached **accessory building** with a flat roof;
- b) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 4.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for an **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 3.0 m for an **accessory building** with a flat roof; and
- c) the maximum **height** for an attached **garage** constructed as part of a **principal building** is 6.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for a **garage** with a pitched roof, and 4.5 m for a **garage** with a flat roof.”

7. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.1 [Single Detached (RS1/A-H, J-K; RS2/A-H, J-K)] by deleting subsection 8.1.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.

8. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.2 [Compact Single Detached (RC1, RC2)] by:

- a) deleting subsections 8.2.6.5 and marking it “Repealed.”; and
- b) deleting subsection 8.2.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”.

9. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.3 [Coach Houses (RCH, RCH1)] by:

- a) deleting Section 8.3.7.6 in its entirety and substituting the following:

“6. The maximum **height** for an **accessory building** containing a **coach house** shall be:

- a) in the RCH **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 7.4 m, whichever is less, measured to the roof ridge; and

- b) in the RCH1 **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 6.0 m above the highest elevation of the crown of the **abutting lane** measured to the roof ridge, whichever is less.”
10. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.4 [Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1, RD2)] by deleting subsection 8.4.7.3 and marking it “Repealed.”
11. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.13 [Residential Child Care (RCC)] by deleting subsection 8.13.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”
12. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.14 [Single Detached with Granny Flat or Coach House – Edgemere (RE1)] by deleting subsection 8.14.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”
13. This Bylaw may be cited as “**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9265**”.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

## SECOND READING

### THIRD READING

ADOPTED

MAYOR

CORPORATE OFFICER

CITY OF  
RICHMOND

APPROVED  
by  
GW PLK

APPROVED  
by Director  
or Solicitor  
as





**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500  
Amendment Bylaw 9249 (Building Height and Massing Regulations)**

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions] by:

- a) adding the following definition of “**height, ceiling**”, in alphabetical order:

“**Height, ceiling** means the top of the finished floor of a **storey** to the underside of the floor joist or underside of roof joist or underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss above that **storey**.”

- b) deleting the definition of **Height, building** in its entirety and substituting the following:

“**Height, building** means the vertical distance between **finished site grade** and:

- a) for **single detached housing** with 2 and half (½) **storeys** having a roof pitch greater than 4-to-12 and not exceeding a roof pitch of 12-to-12, the mid-point between the bottom of the **eave** line and ridge of a roof, provided that the ridge of the roof is not more than 1.5 m above the mid-point; and
- b) for all other **buildings**, the highest point of the **building**, whether such **building** has a flat roof, pitched roof or more than one type of roof.”

- c) deleting the definition of **Residential vertical lot width envelope** and substituting the following:

“**Residential vertical lot width envelope** means the vertical envelope within which a **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing** must be contained, as calculated in accordance with Section 4.18”

2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 4.3 [Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing and Two-Unit Housing Zones] by:

- (a) deleting Section 4.3.1(c) in its entirety and marking it as “Repealed.”; and

- (b) adding the following after Section 4.3.1:

“4.3.2 Any portion of **floor area** in a **principal building** with a **ceiling height** which

exceeds 5.0 m shall be considered to comprise two floors and shall be measured as such for the purposes of calculating **density** in all **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing**, except that, subject to Section 4.3.3, the following **floor area** shall be considered to comprise one floor:

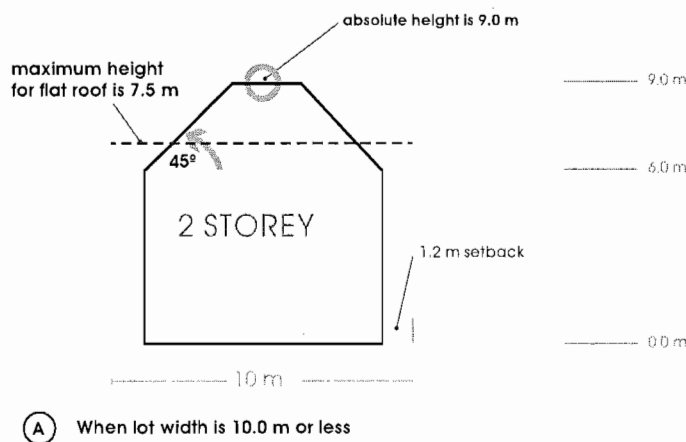
- a) a maximum of 10 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 5.0 m, provided such **floor area** is exclusively for interior entry and staircase purposes.

4.3.3 If the **floor area** to be calculated in accordance with the exception in subsection 4.3.2(a) is located on the **first storey**, the exterior wall of the **first storey** which faces the **interior side yard** and **rear yard**, as measured from finished floor to the bottom of the eave, must be no higher than 3.7 m.”

3. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by adding the following after Section 4.17:

“4.18.1 The **residential vertical lot width envelope** of a lot in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing** shall be calculated in accordance with Sections 4.18.2 to 4.18.4.

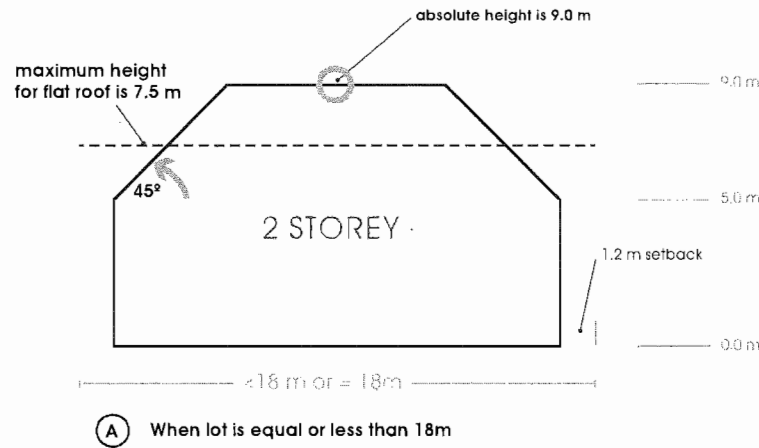
- 4.18.2 For a lot with a **lot width** that is 10.0 m or less, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 6.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of 45° from the top of the 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



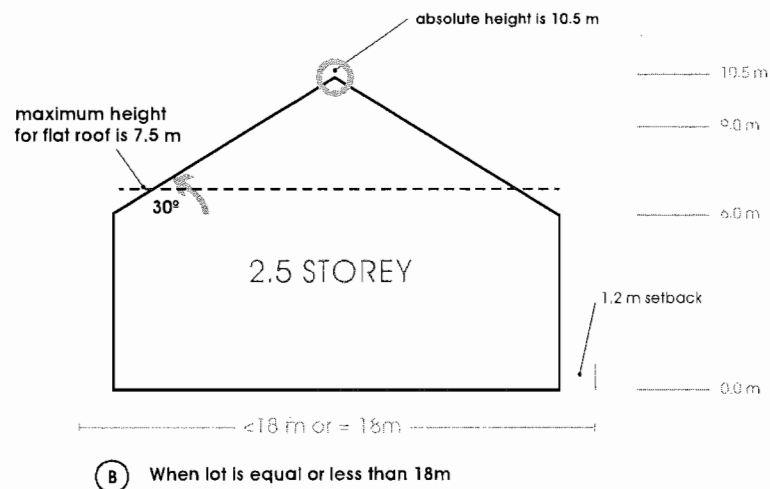
- 4.18.3 For a lot with a **lot width** that is greater than 10.0 m but less than 18.0 m:

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending

inward and upward at an angle of  $45^\circ$  from the top of the vertical 5.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



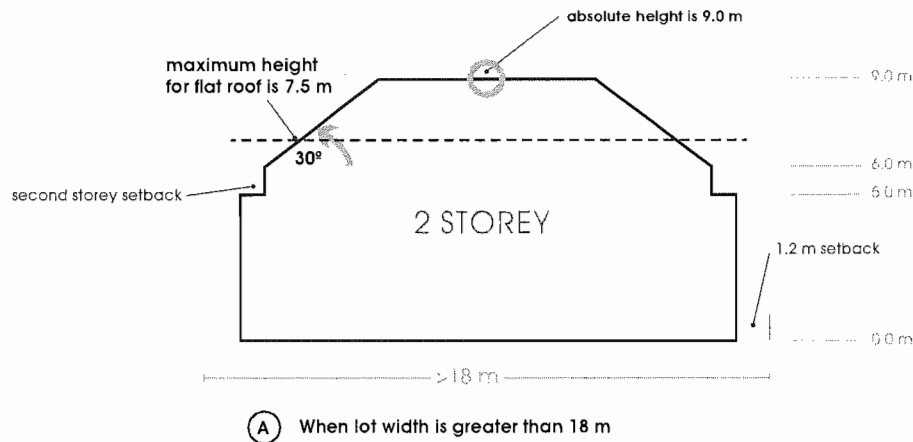
- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 6.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



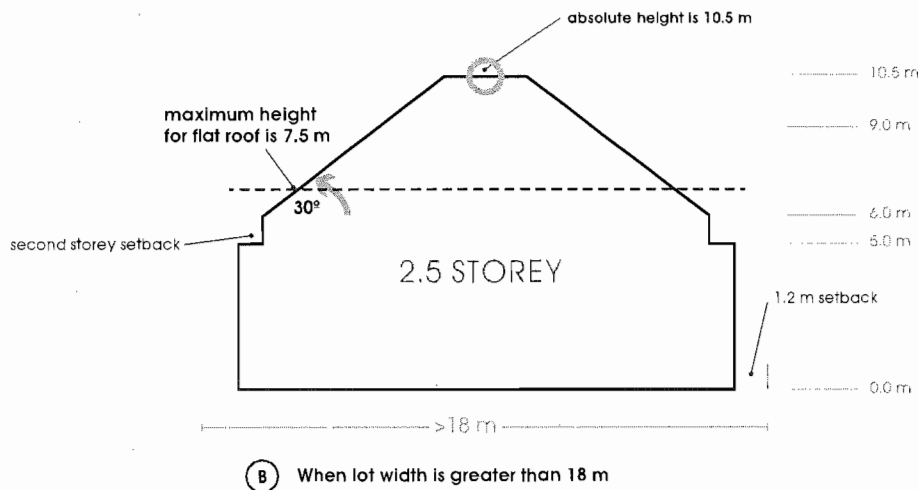
4.18.4 For a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 18.0 m or greater:

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two storeys, the

**residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward (horizontally) by 0.6 m and upward (vertically) by 1.0 m, and then further inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the 1.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) **storeys**, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward by 0.6 m and upward by 1.0 m, and then further inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the 1.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



4. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.7.7 and 4.7.8 and substituting the following:

“4.7.7 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m; and
- c) the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m.

4.7.8 Repealed”

5. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.8.3 and 4.8.4 and substituting the following:

“4.8.3 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m; and
- c) the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m.

4.8.4 Repealed”

6. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsection 4.14.4 and substituting the following:

“4.14.4 Except as set-out in 4.14.4(a) to (c) below or otherwise specified in a **zone**, the **accessory building** or **accessory structures** shall not be higher than the permitted **height** of the **principal building** in that **zone**. The following apply to the **height** of **accessory buildings** in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** and **town housing**:

- a) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 3.0 m measured from **finished site grade** to the roof ridge for a detached **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 2.5 m for a detached **accessory building** with a flat roof;
- b) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 4.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for an **accessory**

**building** with a pitched roof, and 3.0 m for an **accessory building** with a flat roof; and

- c) the maximum **height** for an attached **garage** constructed as part of a **principal building** is 6.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for a **garage** with a pitched roof, and 4.5 m for a **garage** with a flat roof.”

7. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.1 [Single Detached (RS1/A-H, J-K; RS2/A-H, J-K)] by deleting subsection 8.1.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.
8. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.2 [Compact Single Detached (RC1, RC2)] by:
  - a) deleting subsections 8.2.6.5 and marking it “Repealed.”; and
  - b) deleting subsection 8.2.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”.
9. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.3 [Coach Houses (RCH, RCH1)] by:
  - a) deleting Section 8.3.7.6 in its entirety and substituting the following:
    - “6. The maximum **height** for an **accessory building** containing a **coach house** shall be:
      - a) in the RCH **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 7.4 m, whichever is less, measured to the roof ridge; and
      - b) in the RCH1 **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 6.0 m above the highest elevation of the crown of the **abutting lane** measured to the roof ridge, whichever is less.”
10. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.4 [Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1, RD2)] by deleting subsection 8.4.7.3 and marking it “Repealed.”.
11. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.13 [Residential Child Care (RCC)] by deleting subsection 8.13.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.
12. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.14 [Single Detached with Granny Flat or Coach House – Edgemere (RE1)] by deleting subsection 8.14.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”.
13. This Bylaw may be cited as “**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9249**”.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

SECOND READING

THIRD READING

ADOPTED

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CITY OF RICHMOND
APPROVED by <i>cw</i> <i>hk</i>
APPROVED by Director or Solicitor <i>hy</i>

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MAYOR

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CORPORATE OFFICER



**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500,  
Amendment Bylaw 9249  
(Building Height and Massing Regulations)**

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions] by:

- (a) adding the following definition of “**height, ceiling**”, in alphabetical order:

“**Height, ceiling** means the top of the finished floor of a **storey** to the underside of the floor joist or underside of roof joist or underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss above that **storey**.”

- (b) deleting the definition of **Height, building** in its entirety and substituting the following:

“**Height, building** means the vertical distance between **finished site grade** and:

- a) for **single detached housing** with 2 and half (½) **storeys** having a roof pitch greater than 4-to-12 and not exceeding a roof pitch of 12-to-12, the mid-point between the bottom of the **eave** line and ridge of a roof, provided that the ridge of the roof is not more than 1.5 m above the mid-point; and
- b) for all other **buildings**, the highest point of the **building**, whether such **building** has a flat roof, pitched roof or more than one type of roof.”

- (c) deleting the definition of **Residential vertical lot width envelope** and substituting the following:

“**Residential vertical lot width envelope** means the vertical envelope within which a **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing** must be contained, as calculated in accordance with Section 4.18”

2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 4.3 [Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing and Two-Unit Housing Zones] by:

- (a) deleting Section 4.3.1(c) in its entirety and marking it as “Repealed.”; and

- (b) adding the following after Section 4.3.1:



“4.3.2 Any portion of **floor area** in a **principal building** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 3.7 m shall be considered to comprise two floors and shall be measured as such for the purposes of calculating **density** in all **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing**, except that, subject to Section 4.3.3, the following **floor area** shall be considered to comprise one floor:

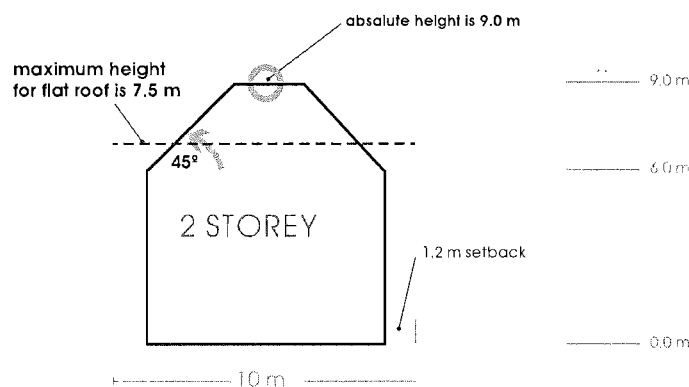
- a) a maximum of 10 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 3.7 m, provided such **floor area** is exclusively for interior entry and staircase purposes; and
- b) an additional maximum of 15 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** between 3.7 m and 5 m, provided the **floor area** is located at least 2.0 m from the **interior side yard** and **rear yard**.

4.3.3 If the **floor area** to be calculated in accordance with the exception in subsection 4.3.2(a) or (b) is located on the **first storey**, the exterior wall of the **first storey** which faces the **interior side yard** and **rear yard**, as measured from finished floor to the bottom of the eave, must be no higher than 3.7 m.”

3. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by adding the following after Section 4.17:

“4.18.1 The **residential vertical lot width envelope** of a lot in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing** shall be calculated in accordance with Sections 4.18.2 to 4.18.4.

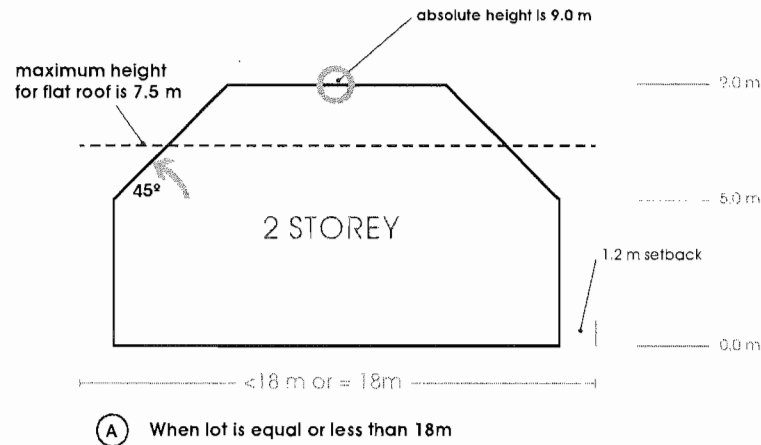
4.18.2 For a lot with a **lot width** that is 10.0 m or less, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 6.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of 45° from the top of the 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



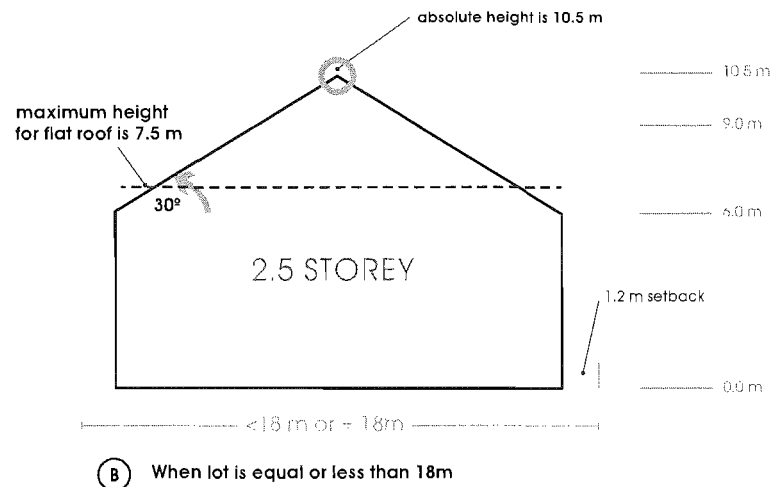
(A) When lot width is 10.0 m or less

4.18.3 For a lot with a lot width that is greater than 10.0 m but less than 18.0 m:

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two **storeys**, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $45^\circ$  from the top of the vertical 5.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0m, as generally shown in the diagram below:

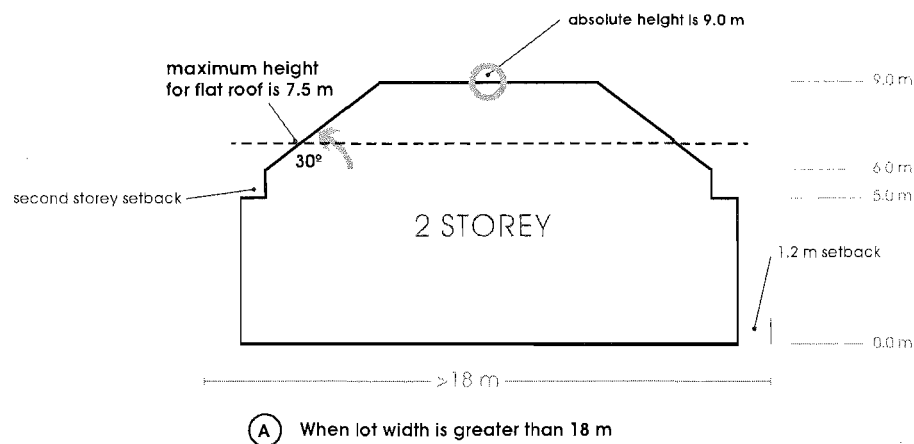


- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) **storeys**, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 6.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



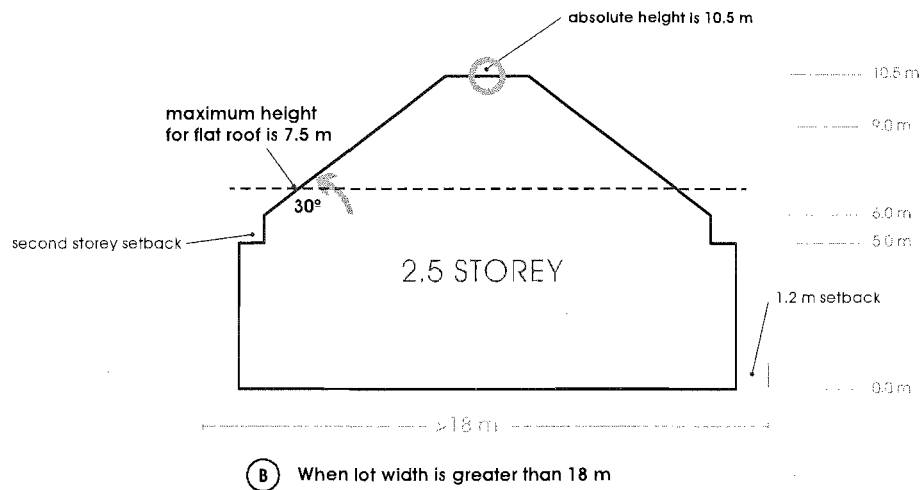
4.18.4 For a lot with a lot width that is 18.0 m or greater:

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward (horizontally) by 0.6 m and upward (vertically) by 1.0 m, and then further inward and upward at an angle of 30° from the top of the 1.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half (½) storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward by 0.6 m and upward by 1.0 m, and then further inward and upward at an

angle of  $30^{\circ}$  from the top of the 1.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



4. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.7.7 and 4.7.8 and substituting the following:

“4.7.7 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m; and
- c) the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m.

4.7.8 Repealed”

5. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.8.3 and 4.8.4 and substituting the following:

“4.8.3 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m; and

- c) the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m.

#### 4.8.4 Repealed”

6. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsection 4.14.4 and substituting the following:

“4.14.4 Except as set-out in 4.14.4(a) to (c) below or otherwise specified in a **zone**, the **accessory building** or **accessory structures** shall not be higher than the permitted **height** of the **principal building** in that **zone**. The following apply to the **height** of **accessory buildings** in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** and **town housing**:

- a) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 3.0 m measured from **finished site grade** to the roof ridge for a detached **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 2.5 m for a detached **accessory building** with a flat roof;
- b) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 4.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for an **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 3.0 m for an **accessory building** with a flat roof; and
- c) the maximum **height** for an attached **garage** constructed as part of a **principal building** is 6.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for a **garage** with a pitched roof, and 4.5 m for a **garage** with a flat roof.”

7. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.1 [Single Detached (RS1/A-H, J-K; RS2/A-H, J-K)] by deleting subsection 8.1.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.
8. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.2 [Compact Single Detached (RC1, RC2)] by:
  - a) deleting subsections 8.2.6.5 and marking it “Repealed.”; and
  - b) deleting subsection 8.2.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”.
9. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.3 [Coach Houses (RCH, RCH1)] by:
  - a) deleting Section 8.3.7.6 in its entirety and substituting the following:

“6. The maximum **height** for an **accessory building** containing a **coach house** shall be:

- a) in the RCH **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 7.4 m, whichever is less, measured to the roof ridge; and

- b) in the RCH1 **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 6.0 m above the highest elevation of the crown of the **abutting lane** measured to the roof ridge, whichever is less.”
10. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.4 [Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1, RD2)] by deleting subsection 8.4.7.3 and marking it “Repealed.”.
  11. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.13 [Residential Child Care (RCC)] by deleting subsection 8.13.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.
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  13. This Bylaw may be cited as **“Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9249”**.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

SECOND READING

THIRD READING

ADOPTED

CITY OF RICHMOND
APPROVED by <i>GW</i>
APPROVED by Director or Solicitor <i>h2</i>

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MAYOR

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CORPORATE OFFICER

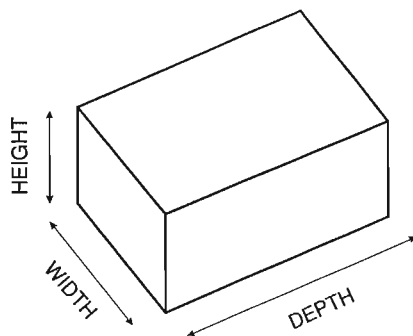
**STUDY ON MASSING FOR SINGLE FAMILY NEIGHBOURHOODS****Why Are We Proposing Changes to the Zoning Bylaw?****1. HOUSING FABRIC IN 2015**

CONCERNS OVER RECENT TRENDS IN NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION INFILLING EXISTING NEIGHBOURHOODS HAVE PROMPTED COUNCIL TO DIRECT CITY STAFF TO STUDY PROVISIONS IN THE EXISTING ZONING BYLAW CONTROLLING THE BULK AND MASSING OF BUILDINGS.

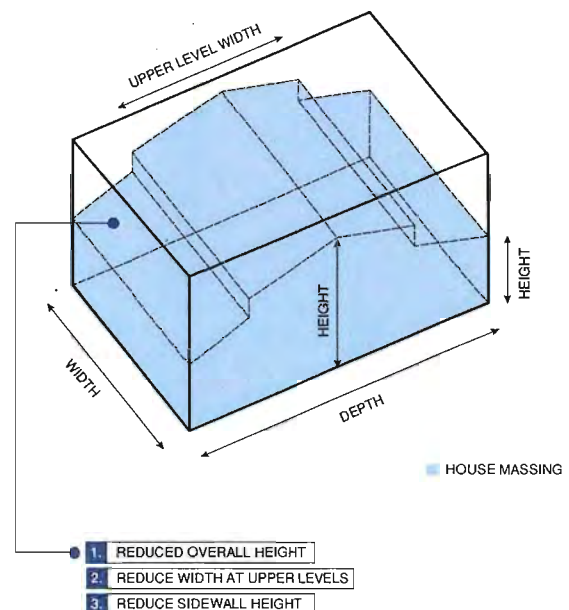
THE PURPOSE OF THESE PUBLIC WORKSHOPS IS TO GATHER INSIGHT AND OPINIONS FROM CONCERNED RESIDENTS AND INDUSTRY STAKEHOLDERS IN ORDER TO ENSURE THAT THE PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS TO THE ZONING BYLAW ARE RESPONSIVE TO THE OVERALL OBJECTIVE OF MAKING NEW HOUSES MORE COMPATIBLE WITH EXISTING NEIGHBORS.

**2. DEFINE MASSING**

VOLUMETRIC EXPRESSION OF THE BUILT FORM IN RELATION TO THE SIZE AND SHAPE OF BUILDING.

**3. PROPOSAL GOAL**

TO REFINE CONTROLS ON MASSING TO MAKE NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION MORE COMPATIBLE WITH EXISTING NEIGHBOURS.



## **Relation Between Interior Height and Building Massing: Effect of Maximum Ceiling Height**

### **1. INTERIOR CEILING HEIGHT**

DROPPED CEILINGS ARE CURRENTLY BEING USED TO PRESERVE 5.0M INTERIOR CEILING HEIGHT RESULTING IN HIGH WALLS THAT LOOK LIKE TWO STOREYS, WHICH MAKE HOUSES LOOK MORE MASSIVE.

THE PROPOSED BYLAW AMENDMENTS WILL TIE THE INTERIOR CEILING HEIGHT TO STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS WITHIN THE BUILDING, ELIMINATING USE OF DROPPED CEILINGS. ANY FLOOR AREAS EXCEEDING THE MAXIMUM INTERIOR CEILING HEIGHT AS PROPOSED BY THE BYLAW AMENDMENTS WILL BE COUNTED TWICE TOWARDS THE MAXIMUM FLOOR AREA.

#### **A. EXISTING ZONING BYLAW ALLOWANCE**



#### **B. POTENTIAL BYLAW TYING 5.0M INTERIOR CEILING HEIGHT TO STRUCTURE**



#### **C. STAFF RECOMMENDED BYLAW TYING 3.7M INTERIOR CEILING HEIGHT TO STRUCTURE**



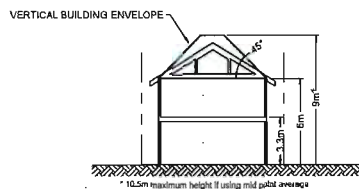


# Proposed Vertical Building Envelopes

## 1. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPES

THE PURPOSE OF THE VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE IS TO DEFINE WHERE PERMISSIBLE FLOOR AREA MAY BE DISTRIBUTED, DIRECTING THE HIGHEST PORTIONS AND UPPER FLOORS TOWARD THE CENTER OF THE HOUSE AWAY FROM THE SIDE BOUNDARIES AND NEIGHBOURS. THIS HAS THE EFFECT OF SHAPING THE HOME IN ORDER TO IMPROVE THE SEPARATION AND ACCESS TO DAYLIGHT BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS.

### A. LOT WIDTH $\leq 10\text{M}$

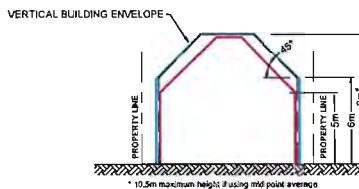


#### 1. ZONING BYLAW 8500, UNCHANGED IN PROPOSED JUNE 16TH AMENDMENT

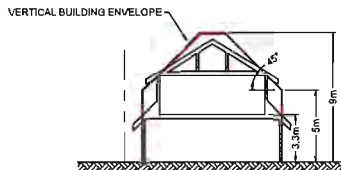
ZONING BYLAW 8500

ACKNOWLEDGING THE DIMENSIONAL CONSTRAINTS FOR DEVELOPMENT ON NARROWER LOTS, CITY STAFF DID NOT PROPOSE ANY CHANGES TO THE VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE FOR LOTS HAVING WIDTHS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 10M.

### B. LOT WIDTH $> 10\text{M} \leq 12\text{M}$

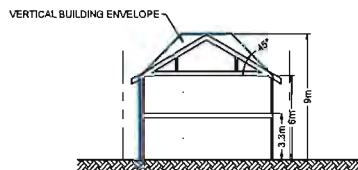


#### 1. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPES



#### 2. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE RECOMMENDED BY STAFF ON JUNE 16TH

ZONING BYLAW 8500  
JUNE 16TH PROPOSAL

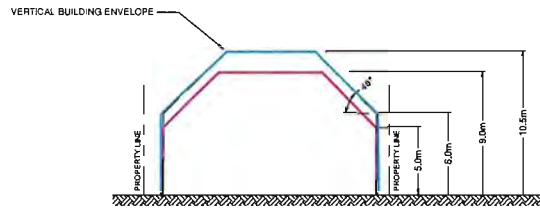


#### 3. EXISTING VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE

AFTER RECEIVING MULTIPLE COMMENTS ON THE EFFECT OF THE PROPOSED VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE CHANGE ON LOTS WITH WIDTHS BETWEEN 10M AND 12M, A POTENTIAL ALTERATION TO THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT AS PRESENTED ON JUNE 16 WOULD BE TO RETAIN THE EXISTING BUILDING ENVELOPE PROVISIONS FOR LOTS LESS THAN 12M WIDE.

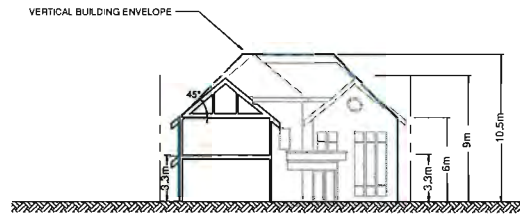
## Proposed Vertical Building Envelopes:

### C. LOT WIDTH > 12M ≤ 18M



1. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPES

■ ZONING BYLAW 8500  
■ JUNE 16TH PROPOSAL



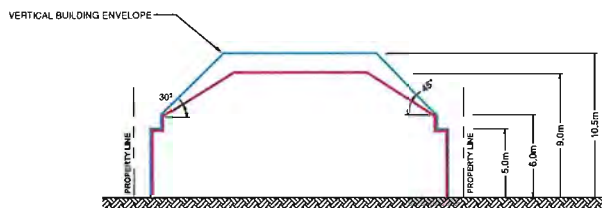
2. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE ZONING BYLAW 8500



3. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE JUNE 16TH. NO PROPOSED CHANGE

THERE ARE NO CONTEMPLATED MODIFICATIONS TO THE VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE TO LOTS WITH WIDTHS OF GREATER THAN 12M AND LESS THAN AND EQUAL TO 18M AS PROPOSED IN THE ZONING BYLAW AMENDMENT ON JUNE 16.

### D. LOT WIDTH > 18M



1. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPES

■ ZONING BYLAW 8500  
■ JUNE 16TH PROPOSAL



2. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE ZONING BYLAW 8500



3. VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE JUNE 16TH. NO PROPOSED CHANGE

THERE ARE NO CONTEMPLATED MODIFICATIONS TO THE VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE TO LOTS WITH WIDTHS OF GREATER THAN 18M AS PROPOSED IN THE ZONING BYLAW AMENDMENT ON JUNE 16.

## Accessory Building

### Proposed Setbacks

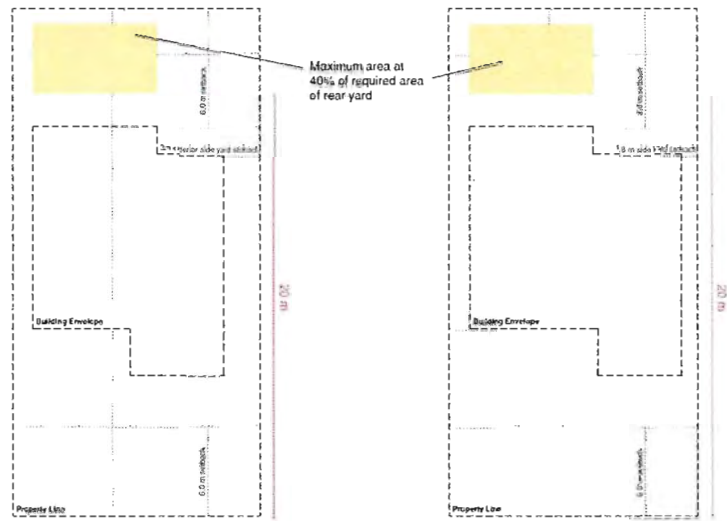
#### 1. Accessory Building greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup>

Proposed Changes to limit massing of detached accessory buildings:

- 1 Size of detached Accessory Building limited to 40% of the area of the required rear yard up to a maximum of 70 square meters.
- 2 Maximum Height for sloped roofs to highest peak is 4.0 m.
- 3 Maximum Height for flat roofs is 3.0 m.
- 4 Location for accessory building within the rear yard as per drawing.

#### PROPOSED SETBACKS FROM ADJACENT STREETS

1. LOTS LESS THAN 12.5M REQUIRE 3.0M SETBACK
2. LOTS GREATER THAN 12.5M AND LESS THAN 15.5M REQUIRE 4.5M SETBACK
3. LOTS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 15.5M REQUIRE 7.5M SETBACK



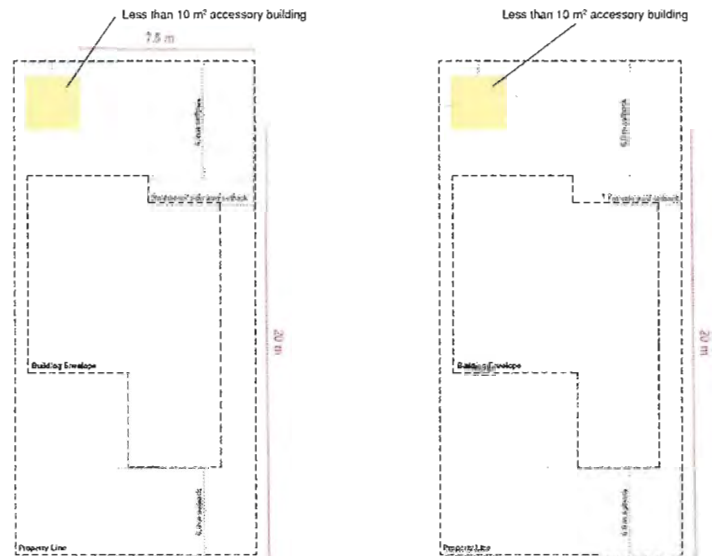
Exterior side yard scenario

Interior side yard scenario

#### 2. Accessory Building less than 10 m<sup>2</sup>

These accessory buildings do not require building permit, but their height and location within the rear yard will be defined by the following measures:

- 1 Maximum Height is 3.0m for sloped roofs
- 2 Maximum Height is 2.5m for flat roofs
- 3 Location in rear yard shall be as per drawing



Exterior side yard scenario

Interior side yard scenario

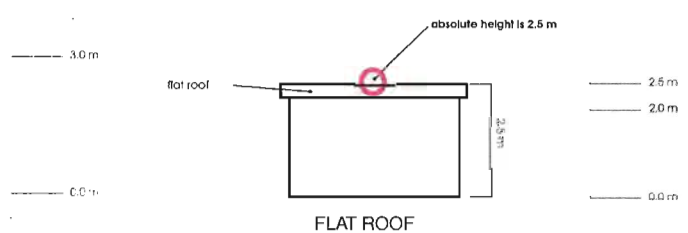
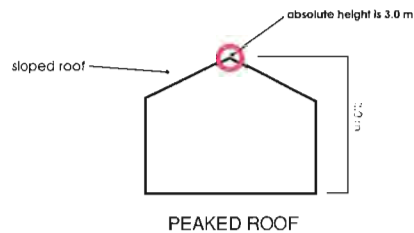
## Accessory Building and Garage

### Height Requirements

#### 1. Accessory Building less than 10 m<sup>2</sup>

Accessory buildings less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> do not require a building permit, but their height and location within the rear yard will be defined by the following measures:

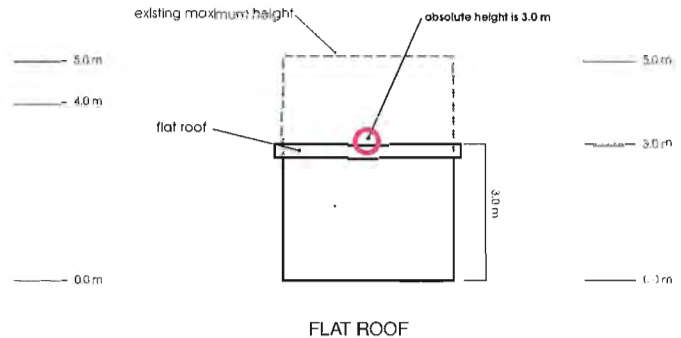
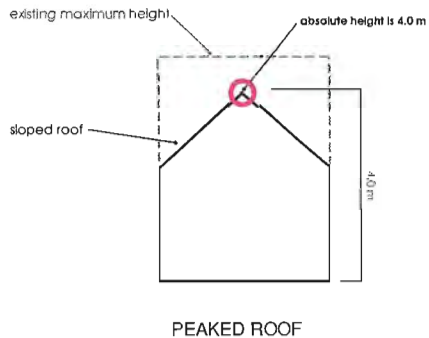
- 1 Maximum Height is 3.0m for sloped roofs
- 2 Maximum Height is 2.5m for flat roofs



#### 2. Accessory Building greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup>

Proposed Changes to limit massing of detached accessory buildings greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> requiring a building permit:

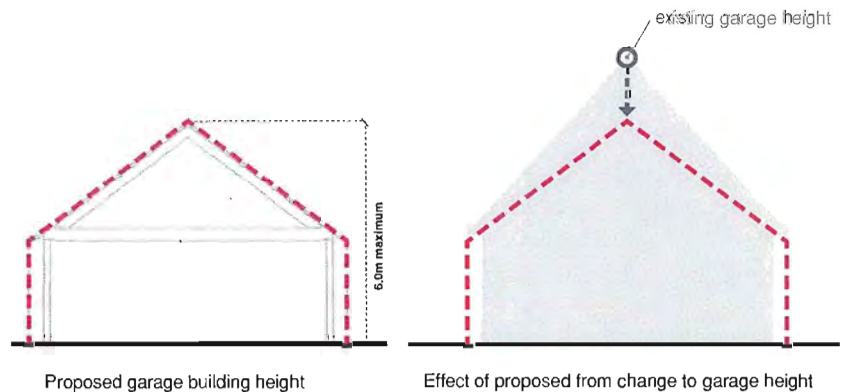
- 1 Maximum Height for sloped roofs to highest peak is 4.0 m.
- 2 Maximum Height for flat roofs is 3.0 m.



#### 3. Attached Garage Height

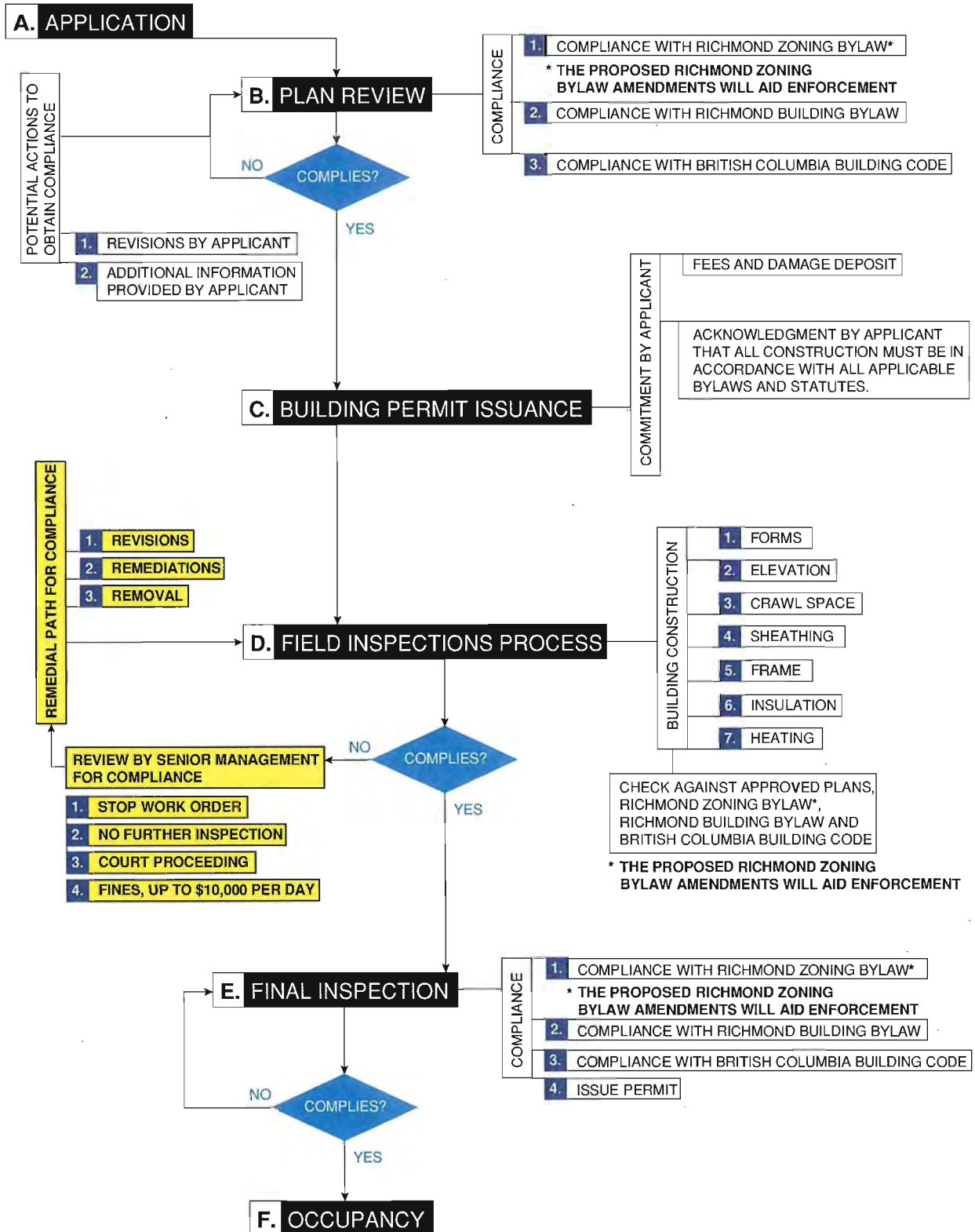
Proposed Changes to Attached Garage Construction:

- 1 Maximum Height to highest peak of sloped roof at 6.0 m
- 2 Maximum Height of flat roof at 4.5 m



## Enforcement By Building Approvals: Building and Zoning Regulations

NEW PROCESS



**STUDY ON MASSING FOR SINGLE FAMILY NEIGHBOURHOODS**

# Enhanced Building Permit Application Checklist:

## Submission Requirements to be presented in Document

**A. DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS**

- \* ITEMS CRITICAL FOR INTERIOR CEILING HEIGHT CHECK
- \*\* ITEM CRITICAL FOR COMPLIANCE TO VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE

- |                             |  |   |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| 1. ADMINISTRATIVE ITEMS     | A. OWNER OR OWNER'S AGENT (FREEHOLD OR AUTHORIZATION)<br>B. HOMEOWNER PROTECTION OFFICE (HPO) FORM<br>C. CONFIRMATION OF INSURANCE COVERAGE BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL (SCHEDULE E)<br>D. OWNER'S UNDERTAKINGS (SCHEDULE F)<br>E. BUSINESS LICENSE<br>F. TWO (2) COMPLETE DRAWING SETS   | 1. DRAWINGS MUST BE SCALE TO SCALE<br>2. DRAWINGS MUST BE CLEARLY DIMENSIONED<br>3. SITE PLAN<br>4. PLANS SHOW HEIGHTS AND AREAS<br>5. BUILDING SECTIONS<br>6. SECTIONS SHOWING INTERIOR CEILING HEIGHTS*<br>7. SECTION SHOWING ALL INTERIOR VOID SPACES*<br>8. ENERGY DETAILS AND CALCULATIONS<br>9. SITE SURVEY<br>10. ELEVATIONS<br>11. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS<br>12. ELEVATIONS MUST SHOW PROPOSED VERTICAL BUILDING ENVELOPE** |
| 2. LOT SERVICES             | A. PROVIDE DAMAGE DEPOSIT (PUBLIC WORKS)<br>B. INDICATE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS<br>C. INDICATE DRIVEWAY AS NEW, EXISTING OR RELOCATED<br>D. INDICATE WATER SERVICE TYPE<br>E. INDICATE SANITARY SEWER OR SEPTIC TANK<br>F. INDICATE STORM SEWER OR DITCH   |   |
| 3. SOIL CONDITIONS          | A. INDICATE SOIL CONDITIONS AND AMOUNTS OF PEAT, CLAY, FILL<br>B. PROVIDE SOIL REPORT IF NECESSARY<br>C. PROVIDE ASSURANCE OF SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SCHEDULE D)<br>D. CONFIRMATION OF INSURANCE COVERAGE BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL (SCHEDULE E)<br>E. INDICATE METHANE GAS / HOG FUEL AMOUNT<br>F. SOILS COMPACTION REPORT<br>G. PROVIDE DEMOLITION CARD  |   |
| 4. LAND TITLE AND COVENANTS | A. PROVIDE LAND TITLE RECORD<br>B. NOISE EXPOSURE FORECAST (NEF) AREA IF APPLICABLE<br>C. DEFERRED DEMOLITION  |   |
| 5. PROPERTY INFORMATION     | A. PROVIDE CORRECT PERMIT NUMBERS<br>B. PROVIDE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF LOT<br>C. INDICATE IF SUBDIVISION<br>D. PROVIDE SERVICING AGREEMENT<br>E. PROVIDE FINAL APPROVAL FOR DEMOLITION<br>F. INDICATE RIGHTS OF WAY (ROW) / EASEMENTS / SERVICES<br>G. PROVIDE HERITAGE STATUS IF APPLICABLE<br>H. INDICATE ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS (ESA) IF APPLICABLE<br>I. PROVIDE RIPARIAN MANAGEMENT AREA (RMA) IF APPLICABLE |   |

**B. BRITISH COLUMBIA BUILDING CODE COMPLIANCE**

- |                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| 1. BCBC PART 9 REVIEW | A. INDICATE UNPROTECTED OPENINGS<br>B. PROVIDE STAIR DESIGN INCLUDING RISER, WIDTH, RAILS<br>C. PROVIDE MEANS OF EGRESS INCLUDING DOOR SIZE, HALLWAY WIDTH, NUMBER OF WINDOWS IN BEDROOMS<br>D. INDICATE SMOKE AND CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS<br>E. IDENTIFY SAFETY GLASS IN ENVELOPE OPENINGS<br>F. SECURE HOT WATER HEATER AND SOLAR HOT WATER IF APPLICABLE<br>G. IDENTIFY HEATING TYPE FOR BUILDING<br>H. VENTILATION TO COMPLY WITH BCBC SECTION 9.32<br>I. ENERGY EFFICIENCY TO COMPLY WITH BCBC SECTION 9.36<br>J. MINIMUM ATTIC ACCESS COMPLIANCE (20" x 28")<br>K. INDICATE FUME SEPARATION IN GARAGE<br>L. PROVIDE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS INCLUDING RAINSCREEN AND CULTURED STONE<br>M. PROVIDE SOFFIT VENT NOTE |
| 2. STRUCTURAL REVIEW  | A. PROVIDE STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING DESIGN<br>B. PROVIDE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT IF APPLICABLE<br>C. PROVIDE ACOUSTICAL ENGINEERING REPORT IF APPLICABLE<br>D. IF NO ENGINEER CONSULTED, DESIGN IS PRESCRIBED BY PART 9 OF BCBC<br>E. PROVIDE INFORMATION ON UNIFORM LOADS ACROSS STRUCTURE AND POINT LOADS<br>F. IDENTIFY SHEAR WALLS, LINTELS, BUILT-UP BEAM SPANS, JOIST SPANS<br>G. IDENTIFY STRIP FOOTING (8" x 20") AND PAD FOOTINGS<br>H. INDICATE LARGE SPAN OPENINGS<br>I. PROVIDE ROOF OF OR TRUSS LAYOUT UP TO 40' SPAN<br>J. INDICATE BEARING PRESSURE LESS THAN 800 PSF   |



## STUDY ON MASSING FOR SINGLE FAMILY NEIGHBOURHOODS

# Enhanced Building Permit Application Checklist:

## Submission Requirements to be presented in Document

### C. RICHMOND BYLAW REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. ZONING REQUIREMENTS

- A. PROVIDE FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR) CALCULATIONS
- B. PROVIDE GARAGE AREA
- C. PROVIDE TOTAL AREA OF COVERED OPENINGS
- D. PROVIDE TOTAL AREA OF PROJECTIONS INTO REQUIRED YARDS
- E. PROVIDE BOARD OF VARIANCE (BOV) RULING IF APPLICABLE
- F. PROVIDE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (DP) / DEVELOPMENT VARIANCE PERMIT (DVP) IF APPLICABLE
- G. INDICATE LETTER OF CREDIT IS RECEIVED
- H. INDICATE SECONDARY SUITE
- I. FULFILL LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS
- J. PROVIDE LOT COVERAGE CALCULATIONS
- K. INDICATE LOT DIMENSIONS, SET BACKS AND BUILDING SEPARATIONS
- L. INDICATE MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT
- M. INDICATE RESIDENTIAL VERTICAL ENVELOPE COMPLIANCE
- N. INDICATE FENCE HEIGHT
- O. INDICATE ALL ACCESSORY BUILDINGS OVER 10M<sup>2</sup> IN AREA

#### 2. SITE PLAN

- A. INDICATE PROPERTY ZONE OR LAND-USE CONTRACT
- B. INDICATE LAND USE
- C. PROVIDE TOPOGRAPHICAL PLAN WITH TREES, MATERIAL COVERAGE, GRADE
- D. INDICATE LOT DIMENSIONS, AREA, SETBACKS, LOT COVERAGE AND BUILDING SEPARATIONS
- E. INDICATE AVERAGE GRADE, ELEVATION STAMP / MINIMUM FLOOD CONTROL LEVEL (FCL)
- F. ENSURE SPOT ELEVATIONS AND HEIGHTS ARE IDENTICAL ON ALL FLOOR PLANS
- G. PROVIDE PERIMETER DRAINS FOR ALL IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND OVERALL SITE DRAINAGE
- H. INDICATE AND DIMENSION ALL ROOF OVERHANGS ON SITE PLAN

### D. EXTERNAL CONFIRMATION BY APPLICANT INDICATING ZONING BYLAW COMPLIANCE

#### 1. ZONING REGULATION SUMMARY, TO BE FILLED BY APPLICANT

City of Richmond		Zoning Regulation Summary	
www.richmond.ca		Building Approvals Division 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1 Tel: 604-276-4000 Fax: 604-276-4052	
<b>Property Information:</b>			
1. Street Address: _____			
2. Legal Description: _____			
3. Lot Area: _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
<b>Zoning Bylaw Analysis</b>			
1. Proposed Use: _____ Zone: _____			
2. Density Floor Area Ratio (F.A.R.):			
Permitted F.A.R.: _____ % x _____ m		_____ m <sup>2</sup>	
_____ % x _____ m		_____ m <sup>2</sup>	
Total F.A.R. Permitted: _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
<b>Exemptions:</b>			
All Exterior Covered Areas (Max. 10 % of Floor Area)	Area: Entry/Staircase	Total Garage Area (Vehicle Parking Area Only)	
1. _____ m <sup>2</sup>	_____ m <sup>2</sup>	_____ m <sup>2</sup>	
2. _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
3. _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
Main Floor Area: _____ m <sup>2</sup>	(Including garage/corridor area of 10 m <sup>2</sup> )		
Upper Floor Area: _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
1/2 Storey Area: _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
Total Building Floor Areas: _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
Plus Covered Area: (Over 10%) _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
Plus Entry/Stair: (Over max. 10 m <sup>2</sup> ) _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
Plus Garage: (Over 50 m <sup>2</sup> ) _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
Total Proposed F.A.R.: _____ m <sup>2</sup>			
<p>3. Maximum Lot Coverage:</p> <p>Permitted: _____ % x _____ m _____ m<sup>2</sup></p> <p>Proposed: _____ m<sup>2</sup></p> <p>4. Landscaped Area:</p> <p>Required: _____ % x _____ m _____ m<sup>2</sup></p> <p>Proposed: _____ m<sup>2</sup></p> <p>5. Building Height:</p> <p>Permitted: _____ m Proposed: _____ m</p> <p>Finished Average Grade: _____ m High Point of the Building: _____ m</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Show the "residential vertical lot width and depth envelopes" on the elevations.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Sections show different interior ceiling heights.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Sections show interior void space.</p> <p>6. Secondary Suite Area: Maximum 40% of floor area, or 50 m<sup>2</sup> whichever lesser.</p> <p>Suite Area: _____ m<sup>2</sup></p> <p>Suite to be "roughed-in" for future completion: Yes</p>			
<p>Building Designer (Print name): _____ Date: _____</p> <p>Signature: _____</p>			

## STUDY ON MASSING FOR SINGLE FAMILY NEIGHBOURHOODS

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Thank you for attending this public workshop to share thoughts, ideas and comments about the form of our residential neighbourhoods.

For further information please visit:

<http://www.richmond.ca/plandev/planning2/projects/buildingmassingstudy.htm>

In order to express your thoughts and views on the material presented and discussed in this workshop, please take with you a Comment Form and return to City Hall, attention Mr. Gavin Woo, Senior Manager of Building Approvals **by July 15.**







## Public Consultation on Proposed Bylaw Amendment

Held July 8<sup>th</sup> 2015 and July 9<sup>th</sup> 2015, 4:00PM – 7:30PM  
Council Chambers  
Richmond City Hall

### 1. July 8 2015

1. Should allow neighbourhood to grow but also maintain look and feel of existing neighbourhood (retention of existing housing and construction of new to meet existing look). What happens after bylaw is changed? What is the next step?
  - *Present to Council, monitor and track changes, modify and evolve bylaw as we go along*
  - *Short term win is seeing a change in the massing of houses*
2. Worst aspect is in the backyard. Loss of sunlight, privacy, etc. Devastating to people with a garden. Proposed shaping of backyard?
  - *Proposed shaping of backyard was in a massing study. Tabled for future study.*
  - *Present bylaw has requirement of shaping of backyard; high space in building to be facing rear or side yard with additional rear/side yard setback.*
3. Poor inventory of real estate in Richmond. Either small townhouse or very large houses only available.
  - *Direction to staff include development of smaller lots and developments.*
  - *City would support smaller houses, but builders and market tends to drive towards larger homes*
  - *This is a first step and bylaw will evolve to address further issues*
4. First step far too late. Neighbourhood should maintain image. Outsides of houses should maintain a certain look.
  - *Trying to set ground rules on compatibility of homes*
5. 5 of 9 houses are under construction in a particular neighbourhood. How soon will changes be implemented? Multiple large houses in neighbourhood sitting empty.
  - *Getting back to Planning Committee July 21<sup>st</sup>, Council Committee July 27<sup>th</sup>. Public hearing September.*
  - *Council aware of the issue of vacant houses.*
6. Resident's house next to a LUC. Can't wait until 2024 for implemented changes to LUC. Setbacks of large houses also an issue. Massive homes not about densification; all about private ownership and money. No community.

- *Staff instructed to start discharging LUC before 2024. All former LUC will be subject to standard zones.*
  - *When LUC comes in, staff talks to designer and owner to see if changes can be negotiated to see if building can more easily fit the look of the community.*  
*Voluntary for applicant/builder*
7. Want feedback that public is being heard in terms of concerns. Design tends to be based on technical policy and guidelines, resulting in big box houses that look intimidating in a community with smaller houses. Large houses imply a statement of affluence that breaks up the culture and breaks up the community. Suggest that look of houses match neighbouring. Suggest a vision for the neighbourhood. Suggest go back to previous bylaw that determined how much of a lot a house could cover (percentage). Also concerned about people who modify property after construction (remove grass, trees, etc).
- *Committed to a process. Timeline not available. Comments to be summarized and presented to planning committee and council.*
  - *Boards of this project are available tomorrow.*
  - *Defining character: no authority to impose look of houses. Can't do it under local gov't act. No opportunity to secure legal agreement to control design.*
8. 28<sup>th</sup> of Nov 1992 presentation made before council regarding today's comments. Resident at on mega-house committee. Richmond Fire Department had talked about safety concerns. Insufficient side yard setback for set-up of rescue ladder.
- *Will note comments and address*
9. Can freeze be implemented for BP until bylaws in effect? Issue in effect for 23 years.
10. OCP affords great safeguards to individual rights to quality of life, access to light, safety, etc. Most recent developments not in line with concepts of OCP. OCP should protect individuals, especially people who already live there. Feedback mechanism not working. Guidelines not in accord with constitution. Bylaw creators should base bylaw to make it work for people.
11. Need to address setbacks for backyard of house. Any restrictions on setbacks of new house? Concern about fleet of garages at the front of the house. Concerns about houses being built too close together. Concern about amount of densification; Richmond no longer a garden city.
- *Yes, minimum front, rear, side yard setbacks exist.*
  - *Permits issued must meet bylaw*
12. Setbacks with rear yard, 40' backyard for certain zones, but adjoining lot has much shorter yard.
13. Height of site grade requirement caused older lots to be in a hole due to floodplain bylaw.
14. Want fast action and don't want gift of bonus space of high spaces. Houses too high.
- *2.5 Storey houses maintained at height currently noted in bylaw*
15. Want to build new house to existing regulations; build large house with high ceilings.
16. California has a storm fee to address non-permeable ground. Flooding issues. New bylaw that was passed recently had new items that were not previously discussed. ALR properties that looked suspicious were discussed during planning meeting with no investigation or evidence as to their use
17. Builder would love to build bungalows but land prices are so high that it is not financially feasible. Demand is so high for large homes.

18. Builder hears the need to build smaller houses, but this is a prevalent problem throughout the project. Can't make houses so small that it becomes restrictive. Concerned that the proposed changes will make all new houses look the same. Majority of buyers want to buy larger houses. Richmond is a luxury market now.
19. City has developed, why go back to old requirements for older houses.
20. Interest in seeing changes happening sooner. Suggest trade-offs for grand/large rooms and something that is workable for everyone.
21. New houses being built does not foster community. Houses built are catered to off-shore buyers. Off-shore buyers lured into buying large houses.
22. Builders can make recommendations on how houses designed. Builders should explain to buyers the animosity that may come with having massive house. Builders should educate potential buyers of what they should be asking for to maintain a sense of community.
23. Dropped ceilings not typically allowed in Bylaw. Why were they allowed?
  - *History of allowing it. It was not so bad before with previous stacked design.*
  - *Ambiguity of bylaw being amended to address this.*
24. Sideyard projections could result in two houses being only 4 ft apart. Safety issue.
  - *Will be reviewed.*
25. City needs to do more to notify public of meetings.
26. Richmond originally built with a mix of housing (back in 60's) to prevent ghetto. People in some big houses are embarrassed about their homes due to lack of fit in neighbourhood.
27. Some houses lit up; perimeter and fence posts. Impacts neighbouring properties. Lots of emphasis on luxury but it's not something everyone wants. Some large houses in neighbourhood become rental places.
28. What is a single family home? Some houses divided into multiple family homes and hotels.
  - *Single family house is a single house that can contain a secondary suite.*
  - *Planning committee gave staff referral to follow up on hotels*
29. Builders and realtors have a responsibility on how Richmond is presented.
30. All houses are the same now and unfriendly (gates closed, don't care about vegetation, no responsibility to community). Need public input on how things should change. Should consist of long term members of the community.
31. Some neighbourhoods are already built (over half) and these new changes can affect the look of the neighborhood. These are housing trends.
32. Stakeholders have leaders. Suggest more emphasis on hearing from these leaders (?)
33. Neighbours should be consulted on changes. Cited North Delta example.
  - *North Delta is a DP area. Not a process that has been legally explored in Richmond. Have not considered advising neighbours, but proposal will be noted.*
34. Change in appearance of homes and some people like it. High ceilings bring in more natural light. Security cameras installed to protect themselves and not to invade other people's properties. Support living in a city with more green space.
35. Can't turn the clock back on progress. Need to understand the needs of other cultures. Richmond is now an international City with different cultures and wants. Benefit of increased land value.
36. Large houses being built as rooming houses.

37. There are nice houses being built in Richmond. Proposed bylaw is to deal with excesses. How does regulations deal with discharge of LUC and yard issue?
  - *Bylaws do try to address LUCs. To be dealt with on an ongoing basis.*
38. Between bylaw and floodplain bylaw regulations, new houses end up being very tall in comparison to adjacent house. Also issue with flooding on older lots with new houses built adjacent. Suggest some way to accommodate older houses to prevent flooding issues or build additional drainage or pay for damages.
  - *Perimeter drains are supposed to be designed and installed to prevent overland drainage to adjacent property.*
39. Variety of concerns beyond massing: look of the house, cost of living, cost of house. Suggest creating a website to allow for votes that indicate what the major concern is and what should be addressed.
40. Suggestion that presentation documents be available in advance of the actual meeting.
41. Are trees allowed to be cut down for new houses without permit?
  - *When trees need to be cut down, the trees are measured to determine whether or not they require a permit. If permit required, City investigates whether or not it is a healthy tree and if it impedes construction. Permit posted every time tree is to be removed.*
42. Why nothing going forward for new houses to be sustainable? Why not build better houses or move towards more sustainable homes.
  - *Ongoing process. Will move in that direction in the future.*
43. Resident got involved because her group wants fairness for all. Finds it disturbing that existing bylaw allow high ceilings will continue.
44. Builders want to listen to suggestions and find a solution that works for everyone.
45. Concern with building large houses is when it impacts neighbouring properties.

## **2. July 9 2015**

1. Agree that the top plate should be brought down to eliminate the void space. Supported in general by builders. But bringing the top plate down to 12' would make the house imbalanced and less visually appealing. Suggest that people can do whatever they want on the inside as long as it does not contribute to massing. Suggest the middle option (5m ceiling attached to structure).
2. Suggest elimination of changes for lots smaller than R1E (?) due to difficulty in workable layout. Concern with proposed changes to the smaller lots is that house would be pushed further back
3. Proposed change to accessory buildings – agree, but concern with impact of setbacks on corner lots will result in decreased back yards.
4. Appreciate bringing in more enforcement.
5. Want larger setbacks; concern about decreased daylight due to smaller setback.
6. For wider lots, side yards should be more generous, allowing wider houses
7. Any complaints about the 2.5 storey has been about mega homes. Houses built in 60's and 70's also have lack of day lighting. Lots under 18m, proposed changes to building envelope will not work with a current marketable floor plan. Marketable is 4 bedrooms and 3 bathrooms upstairs.
8. 6'8" already on either side of the property lines. Need to determine what the overall objective is: affordable houses? Sunlight?

9. Proposal for 14m lots will not work. Current bylaw makes it difficult for these lots. Sunlight difficult to achieve unless bungalows built and bungalows are not feasible due to cost of lots.
10. 8' ceilings are not marketable.
11. Suggest the City show a plan that works for these smaller lots.
12. Houses built on No 1 Rd – Nobody complains that they are built to the maximum size. Biggest complaint is that they are mirror image or cookie cutter houses.
13. Sunlight is still an issue. Should not be trivialized.
14. Detached accessory building – concerns are in the backyard where garages are being detached and houses are being pushed further back. Concern that the 40% allowance of backyard space to be useable as accessory building.
15. Building envelope change may negatively impact rear yard and could cause more complaints. This will not deal with social issue of new residents coming into the City.
16. Are we here to discuss technical solutions that builders can all follow? Why will proposed changes to building envelope not work for smaller lots? Won't people still buy a house with 9ft ceilings?
17. Marketability is a valid concern but must keep things in context and determine how it applies as priority. Must not supersede rights of residents who have lived in Richmond for decades and want a certain lifestyle committed by City in the OCP.
18. Nothing worse than when we are in a reactive situation. Approach is a knee-jerk reaction to what is happening. Why hasn't City come up with a proactive approach to this problem of monster homes? Why not have stricter controls for neighbourhoods? Why not reward programs for homes that suit the neighbourhood? Need to take a different approach that would address all the problems.
19. Trying to fit one solution to the whole City. Due to diverse opinions, suggest that each subdivision be surveyed as to the type of homes they prefer in that area and bind them for 5 years. Neighbourhood specific zone.
  - *If a neighbourhood wants to come forward to do the specific zone then bring it to council.*
20. People want bigger kitchen or higher ceiling. Don't want design to be dictated. Should focus on the exterior of the homes only and not the inside. Acknowledge that some few builders have built rooms that are not supposed to be there. Suggest that Richmond do inspections up to 1 year after Final Occupancy granted to aid enforcement and propose hefty penalty for non-compliance.
21. Marketability – People are moving forward, builders are building what sells.
22. Port Moody has good neighbour policy that is formalized with signage and has formal inquiry and response method if there are concerns – encourages communication. Port Moody's policy is voluntary; suggest that Richmond makes it a requirement for dialogue between builder and resident before BP issued.
23. Recommend that future be considered when planning the solutions; some people may not want large houses.
24. Current bylaw produces both beautiful and ugly homes. Problem is with the designer and not the bylaw.
25. Small lots – if floor area maxed, the house will either go up or go out. If houses brought forward and garages attached you will have vertical solid wall.

26. The reason why 2<sup>nd</sup> floor spaces not available for extra bathrooms and bedrooms are the areas with high ceilings.
27. Has anyone from City Hall conferred with RFD regarding these sideyards.
  - *Side yard separation addressed in BC Building Code*
28. The only solution is to rezone neighbourhoods accordingly to address the problem. These issues are causing divisions. Proposed changes to the bylaw will not be effective long term.
29. Problems not typically in smaller lots.
30. Because of changes to building envelopes it is more difficult to follow direction of council of buying larger lots and subdividing to smaller lots and more affordable homes.
31. Don't look at the frontage of the lot, look the size of the lots when considering building envelope
32. Suggest wording and documentation in bylaw is very diligent and exact.
33. Rear yard is shallow and has a negative impact on neighbours.
34. Design in Richmond is very isolated. Does not deal with rear and front yard compatibility of neighbours. Compatible building will help deal with problems.
35. Suggest an experiment be conducted in a certain neighbourhood. Work as a building industry to develop house design that works with the consumer as well as existing residents.
  - \*General interest noted.*
36. Richmond's differences from other municipalities in terms of ability to build are what make houses here appealing. Other than Tsawwassen, Richmond has lowest FAR. High ceilings make it appealing.
37. Building the houses for the community as much as ourselves.
38. Massing – Large houses impact neighbours; what is being given back to the community? Interested in solutions that make neighbours happy such as retention of trees or additional trees?
39. Why didn't the City increase enforcement?
  - *City is introducing a level of increased enforcement. More requirements from designers and more enforcement during inspection*
40. During construction trees may be "protected" but end up getting cut down.
  - *There is a tree protection bylaw in place. Trees removed reviewed by arborist; determined to be diseased. Some trees removed as they are in the proposed building envelope.*
41. Regarding trees that are supposed to be protected, suggest reinspection to ensure the trees are actually supposed to be cut down and not done so illegally.
42. Do existing homes meet bylaw?
  - *There was ambiguity in bylaw resulting in some construction that may not have the proper ceiling heights*
43. Enforcement – found many houses with 20' undropped ceilings, knock-outs, 3<sup>rd</sup> levels, other non-compliance. Must strengthen enforcement.
44. Massing – Considering coach houses to reduce FAR? (not specifically as an offset)
45. Good neighbour policy brought to council previously – progress?
  - *Working towards it. Will be preparing a report that requires signage per good neighbour policy, that indicates contact numbers for City and contractor so people can be notified of issues.*

46. How many additional drawings are required to comply with new check list?
  - *currently at least two, but plan reviewers ask for more if unclear. New requirements would ask for additional documentation.*
47. Suggest City wide bylaw be implemented, rather than test market proposed experiment in Westwind
48. Bylaw restricting creativity (due to restrictions to envelope) will cause more trouble.
49. 5m ceiling height too high, 3.7m ceiling height acceptable as determined by design panel and professionals retained by City.
50. Builders want 5m ceiling height.

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Wesley Lim  
Recorder & Chairman

:lw

pc: <enter text here>

**Woo, Gavin**

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**From:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Sent:** Tuesday, 14 July 2015 14:43  
**To:** 'Michael Seidelman'  
**Subject:** RE: Richmond Neighbourhoods

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of July 14, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Gavin Woo, Senior Manager, Building Approvals. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Woo at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**  
**Manager, Legislative Services**  
 City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
 Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

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**From:** Michael Seidelman [<mailto:bat1734@telus.net>]  
**Sent:** Tuesday, 14 July 2015 12:35 AM  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Subject:** Richmond Neighbourhoods

Dear Mayor and City Council,

I currently live in a condo (Apple Green complex) in Richmond but grew up on Coventry Road not far from Grauer Elementary School and before that Craigflower Drive, which is two block away. My parents still live in their house and as I live just a few minutes away and am close with my family, I am there visiting several days a week as are my sisters and my nephew, visiting with my parents, former neighbours and enjoying the quiet and spacious backyard. My parents may be the only ones to sleep there but it really is a "family home" and I hope to own a nice house in Richmond myself one day. I also keep in touch with my former neighbours and hear the concerns they and my parents share with me.

My concerns are the exact same ones my parents and neighbours have. No one I know really has a problem with large homes (mega homes), especially on main streets or in remote areas like Finn Road. We may not like to see completely good homes that are no more than 35 years old being torn down but understand the reality of the matter. The problem is that many of the new homes don't fit into the existing neighbourhoods for various reasons. Personally, I wouldn't say size is the problem. I have seen some nice new homes that fit in well that are in the 4000 sq range. My main concerns are the following.

- Lack of green space and excess of concrete: Older neighbourhoods are very green, with large front lawns and plant life. many newer homes have three-car that unlike most existing homes, have garages that face the house next door so the concrete driveways are larger to allow the cars drive straights and then turn right or left into the garage, as well as to allow more cars to park on the driveways. With double the concrete, there is obviously less



green space and houses don't match the existing neighbourhood. Three-car garages don't need such large concrete driveways if they face the street like the older houses. I think new homes in subdivisions should have to maintain at 85-90% of the front green space to blend into the current neighbourhoods and keep the neighbourhood streets aesthetically pleasing.

- Houses that go further back: Many new homes start further from the street (often because of the large driveways needed for side-facing three-car garages) and because they are larger, go much further back and have smaller yards. The problem with this is that the houses behind these homes are now closer to their neighbours than they ever used to be and the homes next to them lose their sun and feel more like a courtyard when their yard is surrounded by homes rather than other yards. I would like to see homes not allowed to go back as far so they don't close in on existing yards and homes.

Metal fences: Growing up, there was a real neighbourhood feeling but many new homes have metal fences that separate them from the rest of the neighbourhood. Besides not being very "neighbourly", these fences don't fit in with the older homes and block the view of what little greenspace these new homes have from other neighbours. Backyards are fenced in but front yards need not be. I'd like to see this practice stop and over a period of time (10 years perhaps), have the new houses that have popped up with un-friendly and unsightly metal fences be made to remove them so they fit in with their neighbourhood.

I was unable to attend the public hearing but ask ask council to please consider my input. To clarify, these concerns are regarding subdivisions, not main roads which i believe are a little bit of a different matter. Many long-time residents feel like they are being pushed out of their neighbourhoods and it's time their voices are heard.

Thank you for taking the time to read this.

Sincerely,  
Michael Seidelman

**Woo, Gavin**

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**From:** Marion Bellis [wmbellis@shaw.ca]  
**Sent:** Saturday, 04 July 2015 12:27  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Mega houses

Dear Mr. Woo

I am unable to attend Public Workshop on Mega houses so I would like to take this opportunity to give my 2 cents worth to this problem as on my south side we have a Mega House.

My husband and I bought this house (a 3 bedroom bungalow) in 1962 when this subdivision was developed. All the houses on this street, the east side of Ainsworth Cres., were bungalows, as the west side of Ainsworth Cres. was developed the house built were two level and back split. All front yards were unfenced but the back yards had fences. Neighbors met one another and helped on another.

About 10 years ago the neighborhood started to change. Large houses with fencing all around were being built. About 6 or so years ago the house on our south side was torn down and a mega house complete with complete fencing went up. Our first problem was our tv was not cable but satellite so lo and behold no tv reception. Cost to us \$485 to move the receiver to the north west corner of our house and to raise it. Our second problem was the next door property was raised about 30 or so inches then a 6 ft fence went up, then a mega house went up almost to the property line, so now the garden area on the south side of our house became shade and I could no longer grow my tomatoes and beans there.

I know the property is occupied but a it is impossible to meet the people because a garage door opens, the gate opens a car drives out, the garage door closes and the gate closes with nobody being seen. Because of these large houses and in some cases with spaces in them being rented, we have a parking problem with so many cars. A good example is coming off Williams Road turning south onto Aragon there are so many cars parked one car only can pass, just be extra vigilant coming around the corner. Alas with so many changes my friendly neighborhood is no more and as a senior we become isolated because we cannot ask a neighbor for help is we need it which we could do before when we checked up on one another.

Thank you for the opportunity of saying my peace.

Regards

Mrs Marion Bellis,  
10440 Ainsworth Cres.  
Richmond, B.C.  
V7A 3V6  
604-277-8518

**Woo, Gavin**

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**From:** Lois & Gilles Bouchard [glbouchard@telus.net]  
**Sent:** Friday, 03 July 2015 15:50  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Cc:** gwood@richmond-news.com  
**Subject:** Richmond Building Sites ...

Mr. Woo,

I may be unable to attend the July 8 public consultation, so wish to submit the following:

From Fairdell Crescent, to Seafair Drive, Francis and Blundell to Number 1 Road, a great number of properties are in redevelopment status. New home sizes, lot coverage, fencing/gates, endless construction noise and absentee owners are significant and unpleasant neighbourhood changes. We are disappointed in City management that has allowed this to happen.

Equally distressing is the often twelve-month or more development time of projects where neighbours witness absolute neglect and disrespect – grossly unattractive construction fencing and excessive signage; filthy site management habits: garbage tossed and abandoned for weeks at a time to blight the landscape of otherwise tidy neighbourhoods and blow across neighbours' lawns; grass and weeds gone wild.

As Buildings Approval Manager, I ask you to share this message with relevant City authorities. We see City vehicles all around the neighbourhoods – they should be reporting these conditions and new builders/owners should be charged with the responsibility of maintaining clean sites. It's all a very sloppy mess!

Regards,

Lois Bouchard  
8800 Fairdell Crescent, Richmond  
604.275.3309

Woo, Gavin

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**From:** Brandt Lorne [brandte1@telus.net]  
**Sent:** Friday, 03 July 2015 10:21  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Cc:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Housing bylaw changes.

Dear Mr. Woo,

I want to share with you and the mayor, staff and councillors of our city my thoughts on housing in Richmond. I am also copying it to our other city representatives at other government levels.

As so many have been saying for so long, the current building trend - which has already gone on far too long - **must stop**.

As a Christian who also is aware of and supports First Nations views on our need to care for our earth and try to keep it beautiful and sustainable for all, the way our Creator made it, I also believe I need to make my voice heard.

What we are doing to our city is destructive to the environment and contributing to global warming. Is that what we want to be remembered for? What we are doing is also **obscenely socially unjust**. If we had prophets as in biblical times, they would be calling judgment on our heads for what we are doing to the environment and to those who cannot afford any longer to live in their homes because of the greed of too many.

There are many groups involved. First is the federal government, who lets too many wealthy immigrants in, ostensibly to invest or get jobs. But that is another level of government beyond you all. However, I think it is the responsibility of city councillors and staff to bring citizens concerns on federal matters to that government.

Then there are the immigrants who build what are now often referred to as these monster houses. Indeed, some are bigger than small hotels in other parts of our country. These people often do not end up working here because in the end they really do not have the language skills and because they can make more money in Asia, so they contribute little to our economy besides what they spend on houses, cars and other purchases. They generally keep all their other assets offshore, nontaxable for Canada there. Therefore, they claim low income and drain our social welfare coffers. I have close ties to the new immigrant community and I know how they count the days until they can get the maximal benefits from our system - OAS, GIS, Sales tax rebate etc, not to mention low-cost bus and community amenity passes and extra medical care - all the benefits that accrue to low income. They are well-informed about these things by their immigration advisers and often know more about these things than many who grow up here. They also thus inflate our poverty figures, including for children, as again, many of these wealthy parents don't work here and claim no income here as it is still being earned and kept offshore.

We need to educate these newcomers about our Canadian values at the stage where they are expressing interest in coming here. They come here for our education and health care but, as I said, contribute little to its upkeep. They come here for our beauty and clean air, but are speeding up the process of changing all that by their driving and housing habits.

Then there are the realtors who are just too happy to let home prices go up and up so they can make more. This is driving away many of our citizens; those who have lived here for years and those who have grown up here and have every right to keep living here in this beautiful environment. Instead, we sell out to wealthy

immigrants at overblown prices. If the market cannot correct this, government needs to step in somehow. There are ethics involved here.

Then there are the developers and builders. Again, why not, they will build what the customer wants. More money is made that way. Maybe the architects and developers need to teach their clients that large house are giving them a bad name in the eyes of fellow Canadians and making them unwelcome. I have taken guests around our city and heard them and other newcomers comment on how ugly many of these new homes are with their mix of old, new and pretentious. It is again, **socially and morally obscene** the way we tear down perfectly sound homes in this city to make way for these monstrosities. In any other part of this country these homes would be kept up and renovated over time. Here? Why bother, let it deteriorate and we can sell it for a fortune. Four hundred homes gone in a year? That's a whole village in other parts of our land. We need to encourage preservation of our homes, not destruction. At least these older homes would be more affordable to those who now cannot afford to live here.

Here is where the city comes in. We need to turn the tide on the increasing growth of our carbon footprint because of these building methods. Every tree cut down - and our tree bylaws and their reinforcement, I'm sorry, are just a window-dressing joke in far too many instances - contributes to loss of oxygen and increase in carbon dioxide in our environment. It also directly drives up the temperature because trees give off water vapour which has a cooling effect. They also provide shade which further cools. They way some trees repeatedly have their limbs amputated - I won't give the practice the dignity of calling it pruning - even right on Number 3 Rd. almost in sight of city hall, is contrary to city bylaws, not mention that it eventually kills the trees. Our newcomers come from cities and places where they are not used to greenery and trees. They are not used to looking after yards (mowing grass and raking up leaves), so they want no big trees that might cause more work such as pruning and cleaning up fallen leaves. We need to teach them (and many of our so-called arborists and gardeners, who are too often tree butchers - look at what they do to trees near hydro lines etc. - overkill and then some) the value of trees.

Environmentally, lawns make no sense either - cutting, watering, fertilizing etc. However, one can plant ground cover, flowers and shrubs. One can make gardens, what with all our concern about food safety, transportation costs and loss of farmland. Every square foot of green replaced by paving stone and pavement, or larger house, again contributes to global warming. This calls for more air conditioning... see the energy usage and costs increase? These homes must be ovens inside in the summer with no trees or greenery around to absorb heat and provide shade and cooling.

Surely the City also realizes that many of these large homes with their large car-filled driveways are so made to accommodate the many illegal renters housed there. Many are also indeed unofficial hotels for tourists. All of this needs to stop or be controlled and monitored.

Every time I go for a walk in the neighbourhood and see more developer signs and orange fencing etc., a little bit of me dies along with our city. Is this what our city representatives want to be remembered for - the death of Richmond and loss of many of its citizens to the rest of the country? we need some major changes at City Hall... I know there are some allies there, but obviously still not enough.

Lorne Brandt, MD, FRCP

307-8300 Bennett Rd.

604-276-9304

Richmond BC.

E-mail: [brandte1@telus.net](mailto:brandte1@telus.net)

Twitter: [@elbrandt](https://twitter.com/elbrandt)

Blog: <http://reflect-lulu-isle.blogspot.ca>

**Woo, Gavin**

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**From:** Penny Charlebois [pennycharlebois@telus.net]  
**Sent:** Thursday, 02 July 2015 19:38  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Mega homes

I am in favour of changing the residential zoning bylaw. This city only seems to favour the developers and not the people such as myself who have lived in Richmond and paid taxes for many years. So far I am very fortunate that I have not had a mega home built next to me. I moved from my previous neighbourhood (broadmoor) because I feared for my children's lives with all the construction trucks going by our home.

I do not for a minute buy Alexa Loo's argument that we should build them because people want them, that is the most ridiculous statement I have ever heard. I know of someone building one right now, the first floor is the living area, the second are the bedrooms and the third is the builders "playroom". So this guy gets a playroom and his neighbours get to look at an eyesore and ruin there backyard.

My neighbourhood is not zoned for the three level homes, but close by it is and some are doing the slanted roof line but one in particular looks like a condo it is a full three stories high (this house is just being built but the top floor caught fire) it is so close to the road, I couldn't believe it when I first laid eyes on it. I feel so sorry for the neighbours.

No more Mega's

Penny Charlebois and Family

Sent from my iPad

**Woo, Gavin**

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**From:** Ryan Bullard [ryan09560@gmail.com]  
**Sent:** Sunday, 05 July 2015 21:20  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Development bylaws

Just don't bow down and cater to the developers any longer.

Please, for the sake of my city, do the moral and right thing.

Thanks,

Ryan

**Woo, Gavin**

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**From:** Woo, Gavin  
**Sent:** Friday, 10 July 2015 16:25  
**To:** 'WILDE DEBBIE'  
**Subject:** RE: Mega home consultation

Dear Ms. Wilde,

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email on July 7, 2015. We are reviewing all comments and will be bringing this information and providing recommendations in our proposed amendments of the Zoning Bylaw to our Mayor and Councillor.

If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please give me a call.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Gavin Woo, P. Eng  
Senior Manager, Building Approvals Division  
City of Richmond  
604-276-4113

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**From:** WILDE DEBBIE [<mailto:debralynnwilde@hotmail.com>]  
**Sent:** Tuesday, 07 July 2015 20:45  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Mega home consultation

Dear Mr. Woo:

I write as a 50 year plus resident of Steveston/Richmond and, although I've come to learn that deaf ears often hold these consultations with no intention of "hearing" or changing the feedback (with them mostly for show and to cover bases), that must change. We, the people who made these communities what they are today, will not settle for any less.

Our children no longer can find "homes" as what is being built here are palaces, castles and hotels. This was recently confirmed by a report of an advertisement in Asian promoting a home on Gilbert Road as just that. Someone is turning a blind eye and will be held accountable. People building these homes are not invested in the community, they are simply looking for profit through quick turnover investments. It is for profit, but at such an expense. For what has made Richmond so appealing is the sense of safety and community that has been established over the years here. That's because families all have reached out to one another in modest family homes, joining together in backyards for barbecues and gatherings. That is changing, as greed and profit pave the way over homes where memories were made.

It is a huge imposition and intrusion to have these gigantic fortresses placed beside homes that families have been raised in, forcing them out when they can no longer see the forest for the trees. The mountains beyond the buildings. The sunsets.

We will continue to strive for what is so treasured here and insist it is preserved. It is not too late, but once it's gone it'll never come back. We will never come back. And the Richmond that was formed on families will



be just another city of concrete. And the legacy will be gone...but not forgotten. We will be sure to spread the word on how some have failed us...have stripped from us what we so cherish.

I have a following of 50,000 people on a site where my profile is viewed daily. I will continue to speak out about the injustices I'm seeing and will not rest until this is put to a halt. There is no need for monstrosities that we are seeing here. And we're wise to how they're being bought, sold, rented and promoted. Someone has to step up and lead the way.

And, if they are to be "hotels", they must be taxed and monitored as such with business licenses and zoning regulations in place. Audits and reports on revenue. Who's steering the ship here (and turning a blind eye)?

Please, preserve this beautiful community by reeling things back in and permitting "homes" not "buildings". It is your duty to do so.

I have to work (overtime, just to now make ends meet here). But I will be there in spirit, and my voice is to be heard. I will make sure it is.

Debbie Wilde

Woo,Gavin

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**From:** Kelly Greene [kelly\_jelly@hotmail.com]  
**Sent:** Tuesday, 07 July 2015 15:48  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Out of scale new home development

Hello Gavin,

I'm writing in response to a call for comments (Richmond Review, July 1, 2015) regarding new home development in established neighbourhoods.

I'm disappointed that some established neighbourhoods, like Westwind and Steveston North (Diefenbaker), have been allowed to become "Franken-hoods." The damage to established neighbourhoods is two pronged: inappropriate design from the street, affecting the entire neighbourhood, and inappropriate design from the rear of the property, affecting adjacent owners.

To understand what I mean by inappropriate design from the street, I would encourage you to drive down Freshwater Drive, where exactly two homes ruin the streetscape. You will not have any question which ones they are. They use two design features that are employed extensively (to the detriment of all neighborhoods in Richmond), namely a garage turned 90 degrees to the street, and a mortar and iron fence. I understand on arterial roads that these features may be desirable, for example, allowing a driver to enter/exit the road safely, or keeping errant pedestrians from loitering on their property. However, these design features have NO place inside a neighbourhood.

A garage turned 90 degrees is just an excuse to pave (in a variety of mediums) the whole front yard. Often developers leave a token tree, leftover from the demolition of the old home. This utterly decimates the collective urban garden we all have a duty to provide and maintain for all of our benefit. The strip of grass between the cinderblock and iron fence is not an adequate contribution, and in fact is often sorely neglected. And the "fence" effectively cuts a line around the house from the rest of the neighbours. They might deign to live there, but surely will not allow themselves to belong to a greater community. Although if not allowed a fully paved front yard, perhaps the "fence" would disappear as a natural consequence?

With regards to inappropriate design from the rear of the property, this naturally stems from the feature where the garage is turned 90 degrees. By turning the garage, the entire home is pushed as far back into the lot as possible. As a consequence, now the entire front yard is paved and nearly the entire lot is covered by a home. (Not to mention the additional accessory building which is also allowed.) I cannot imagine how much a huge home looming over an existing owner's yard would devalue that person's property, but I imagine it is significant. Who would want to spend quality time outside next to a home which, from the sides and rear, appears commercial rather than residential? Playtime with your kids or a barbecue with friends literally shadowed by a stucco wall?

Perhaps the issue is partly massing, but I believe a major portion of it is positioning the new home correctly on the lot. If the back wall of the new home is roughly in line with the neighbours, would anyone feel crowded out of their green space? If the front of the home had a garage which faced the street, and landscaping, rather than pavers, cinderblock and iron, would residents feel unwelcome from their own neighbourhoods?

I call on city council to make corrections to the building bylaws to address the erosion of existing neighbourhoods. **There is value** in maintaining mutually beneficial green spaces in our front yards. **There is**

**value** in ensuring all homeowners, old and new, have the ability to enjoy outdoor recreation in their backyards. This value can be measured with both financial benefits and intangible benefits, individually and collectively.

I trust city council to implement changes to protect our neighbourhoods for the betterment of all Richmond residents.

Sincerely,  
Kelly Greene

Woo,Gavin

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**From:** WILDE DEBBIE [debralynnwilde@hotmail.com]  
**Sent:** Tuesday, 07 July 2015 20:45  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Mega home consulation

Dear Mr. Woo:

I write as a 50 year plus resident of Steveston/Richmond and, although I've come to learn that deaf ears often hold these consultations with no intention of "hearing" or changing the feedback (with them mostly for show and to cover bases), that must change. We, the people who made these communities what they are today, will not settle for any less.

Our children no longer can find "homes" as what is being built here are palaces, castles and hotels. This was recently confirmed by a report of an advertisement in Asian promoting a home on Gilbert Road as just that. Someone is turning a blind eye and will be held accountable. People building these homes are not invested in the community, they are simply looking for profit through quick turnover investments. It is for profit, but at such an expense. For what has made Richmond so appealing is the sense of safety and community that has been established over the years here. That's because families all have reached out to one another in modest family homes, joining together in backyards for barbecues and gatherings. That is changing, as greed and profit pave the way over homes where memories were made.

It is a huge imposition and intrusion to have these gigantic fortresses placed beside homes that families have been raised in, forcing them out when they can no longer see the forest for the trees. The mountains beyond the buildings. The sunsets.

We will continue to strive for what is so treasured here and insist it is preserved. It is not too late, but once it's gone it'll never come back. We will never come back. And the Richmond that was formed on families will be just another city of concrete. And the legacy will be gone...but not forgotten. We will be sure to spread the word on how some have failed us...have stripped from us what we so cherish.

I have a following of 50,000 people on a site where my profile is viewed daily. I will continue to speak out about the injustices I'm seeing and will not rest until this is put to a halt. There is no need for monstrosities that we are seeing here. And we're wise to how they're being bought, sold, rented and promoted. Someone has to step up and lead the way.

And, if they are to be "hotels", they must be taxed and monitored as such with business licenses and zoning regulations in place. Audits and reports on revenue. Who's steering the ship here (and turning a blind eye)?

Please, preserve this beautiful community by reeling things back in and permitting "homes" not "buildings". It is your duty to do so.

I have to work (overtime, just to now make ends meet here). But I will be there in spirit, and my voice is to be heard. I will make sure it is.

Debbie Wilde

July 06, 2015

To whom it may concern,

I Harjinder Vinepal resident of 3620 Blundell Rd is concerned about the new changes the city is planning which will limit the high ceilings. I am particularly in favour of these high ceilings which can amount up to 16 feet in height. These ceiling make the house look more open , bright and more appealing. The High ceiling have no effect on the exterior of the house. These houses are just as solid as others, even engineers sign off on them. These wonderful homes existed for the last 20 years and I do not see a problem in the future of these homes. As some say they look massive or big I personally feel they fit right in with the rest of the subdivision. I would personally love to raise my kids and family in this type of home. They do not seem to encroach on other homes, everyone still keeps their privacy .So I do not find a concern of any type with this type of land use. If there is any question or concerns please feel free to contact me at 604 729 0198 or harryvinepal@hotmail.com at anytime Thanks.

Harjinder Vinepal

Concerned Resident

## Comments for Public Workshop, July 8, 2015 Building Height and Massing

### The bylaw:

- Is too subjective—open to abuse. Language must be tightened so that the intent of the bylaw cannot be ignored.
- Is not being enforced.
  - Example: A house under construction on Granville at McCallan has an attached garage at the back of the lot. There is no lane, so the garage should not be so far back.

### The building approval system:

- Must be flawed. It is too easy for builders to get anything and everything approved.
- Appears to allow builders to apply pressure on employees. Separate the intake process (with the builder/applicant) from the checking and approval process (without the applicant).
- Seems to be no one's responsibility. Make every employee down the line responsible for ensuring the bylaws are followed. What we see now is an attitude of "I don't know how this happened". Nobody takes ownership of the problem.

### Megahouses:

- Are too large for their lot sizes. They are shoehorned into lots, spoiling the look of established neighbourhoods. Expanded volumes and roof heights cause new houses to dwarf neighbours.
- Affect quality of life. Houses are set far back on the lots so that the neighbouring homes lose privacy and the feeling of open space in their back yards.
- Block neighbouring houses' sunlight.
  - Example: Long-time neighbours moved because the new megahouse cast a permanent shadow on their swimming pool. The pool no longer had sun to warm the water.
- Send water runoff to the neighbouring lots.
  - Example: At least two blocks in our subdivision have noticed higher water levels after construction of megahouses on each block. Higher water tables can drown established gardens.
- Begin a domino effect on a neighbourhood. Long established neighbourhoods come apart as people decide to sell and leave Richmond.
  - Example: On just one side of my street, of the original twelve houses, seven have been replaced in the past couple of years. One of these new houses has already clearly been abandoned by its owner.

### Cheating:

- Megahouses are built with void spaces to be filled in after final inspection.
- Houses are built with knock-out trusses meant to be removed after inspection.
  - Example: A house on Riverdale Drive had the garage roof trusses removed last fall/winter. The windows are now covered with blinds.
- Extra-high rooms are converted to two rooms, one above the other.
- Double height spaces are not counted as double floor area.
- Ceilings are pushed higher than the nominally accepted height.

#### Fire hazards:

- Void spaces between false ceilings and attics are a fire hazard because they aren't obvious.
  - History: Sometime ago, there was a condo fire on or near Minoru Blvd, where there was a hidden hallway that had been built into the building but not connected to the suites. The fire was difficult to contain because of that hidden space.
- Megahouses have very minimal side yards.
  - Some houses are only an armspan apart from each other
  - Side yards are made even narrower by projections on the house, making the space between the fence and house difficult to access.
  - History: Many years ago, the Richmond Fire Department attended a city meeting about a new subdivision. The fire department stated the houses were so close together that if one were to catch on fire, it would be very difficult to keep others from also burning. Megahouses are much larger and closer than houses were in those days.

#### Richmond has a big problem:

- Builders regularly use the terms *teardowns* and *shacks* to convince Richmond's council and planning department that older homes should be demolished.
- We are losing the truly affordable homes—those in middle income neighbourhoods that have been owned for many years. We have also lost many affordable basement suites that were in now-demolished homes.
- We will lose even more citizens who have tried to make Richmond a liveable community. People want to live in a city where everyone lives by the rules.
- Richmond is now the wild west of building construction. Anything goes. If it isn't already, it will soon be impossible to reign in uncontrolled construction.

Marion Smith  
[marionsmith@shaw.ca](mailto:marionsmith@shaw.ca)

## Woo, Gavin

---

**From:** Ryan Bullard [ryan09560@gmail.com]  
**Sent:** Sunday, 05 July 2015 21:20  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Development bylaws

Just don't bow down and cater to the developers any longer.

Please, for the sake of my city, do the moral and right thing.

Thanks,

Ryan



Woo, Gavin

---

**From:** Marion Bellis [wmbellis@shaw.ca]  
**Sent:** Saturday, 04 July 2015 12:27  
**To:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Mega houses

Dear Mr. Woo

I am unable to attend Public Workshop on Mega houses so I would like to take this opportunity to give my 2 cents worth to this problem as on my south side we have a Mega House.

My husband and I bought this house (a 3 bedroom bungalow) in 1962 when this subdivision was developed. All the houses on this street, the east side of Ainsworth Cres., were bungalows, as the west side of Ainsworth Cres. was developed the house built were two level and back split. All front yards were unfenced but the back yards had fences. Neighbors met one another and helped on another.

About 10 years ago the neighborhood started to change. Large houses with fencing all around were being built. About 6 or so years ago the house on our south side was torn down and a mega house complete with complete fencing went up. Our first problem was our tv was not cable but satellite so lo and behold no tv reception. Cost to us \$485 to move the receiver to the north west corner of our house and to raise it. Our second problem was the next door property was raised about 30 or so inches then a 6 ft fence went up, then a mega house went up almost to the property line, so now the garden area on the south side of our house became shade and I could no longer grow my tomatoes and beans there.

I know the property is occupied but a it is impossible to meet the people because a garage door opens, the gate opens a car drives out, the garage door closes and the gate closes with nobody being seen. Because of these large houses and in some cases with spaces in them being rented, we have a parking problem with so many cars. A good example is coming off Williams Road turning south onto Aragon there are so many cars parked one car only can pass, just be extra vigilant coming around the corner. Alas with so many changes my friendly neighborhood is no more and as a senior we become isolated because we cannot ask a neighbor for help is we need it which we could do before when we checked up on one another.

Thank you for the opportunity of saying my peace.

Regards

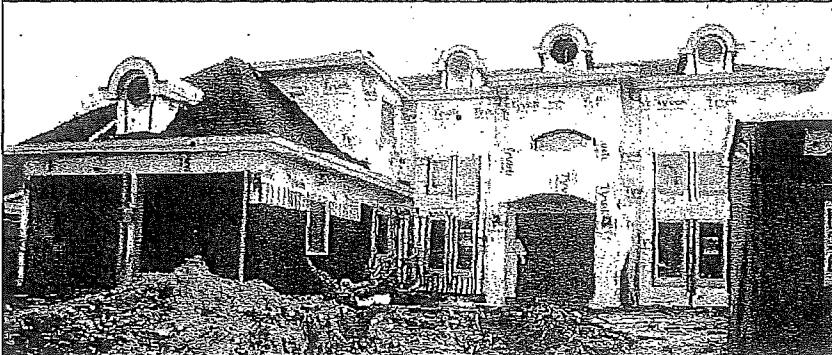
Mrs Marion Bellis,  
10440 Ainsworth Cres.  
Richmond, B.C.  
V7A 3V6  
604-277-8518

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## Why are Richmond houses so massive?



## Have you lost your sunshine? Your privacy?

**LEARN** about back framing, filling in void spaces, knock out trusses, double height calculations with false dropped ceilings that circumvent the intent of our City's Zoning Bylaws

### City's Proposed amendments don't go far enough!

- Extra Free Bonuses to double height void spaces on the second floor are counter productive to limiting excessive massing of new houses.
- Large allowances for detached accessory buildings, are not precluded from front yards, and further push back houses to maximum depth.
- No change to 2-1/2 storey peak height at 34.5 feet differs from the proposed 2 storey height reduction. Both were the same pre-2008 at a maximum of 29.5 feet to peak.
- Dropping double height calculations to 12 feet is a step in the right direction.

### BRING your backyard pictures...TALK about your concerns...

- Richmond size control of LUC properties is deferred. (Surrey has started process)
- SEND a copy of your backyard pictures to [info@WRAPd.org](mailto:info@WRAPd.org)

### MAKE YOUR VIEWS KNOWN DIRECTLY to the CITY:

City Sponsored Meetings July 8 (Public) & July 9 (Builders)  
(both meetings are open to the public)  
4 to 7pm at the Richmond City Hall, Council Chambers

This ad is paid for by the West Richmond Association for Positive development.

[www.WRAPd.org](http://www.WRAPd.org)

**DELIVERING FRESHNESS**

PH - 366

## Woo, Gavin

---

**From:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Sent:** Thursday, 02 July 2015 15:20  
**To:** 'Tessa D'Aguiar'  
**Subject:** RE: Mega Houses

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of July 2, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Gavin Woo, Senior Manager, Building Approvals. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Woo at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**  
**Manager, Legislative Services**  
City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

---

**From:** Tessa D'Aguiar [<mailto:skydogs@telus.net>]  
**Sent:** Thursday, 02 July 2015 12:11 PM  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Cc:** Woo, Gavin  
**Subject:** Mega Houses

It appears that again the mayor and his band with the exception of Carol Day is not getting the issue of mega houses and just how invasive they are to other taxpayers. These houses are too BIG, TOO LONG, TOO WIDE FOR THE LOT THAT THEY ARE ON. They are multi dwelling homes with no where for their tenants to park as the roads in these residential areas are too narrow. They are houses on my street of Aintree Crescent where nine cars can be found parked in front of one house all at the same time. As massive homes are being built on my street at this moment they is no conformity, they all look massive with no class or decorum to them. Contrary to what one developer said we are not envious nor are we jealous of these big homes and it is not in our culture to have many families living under the same roof. No one is saying these large homes should not be built but they belong on lot sizes that are much bigger than what they are on. We are taxpayers too and the time has come to stop this mega home building on too small a lots. Listen to the people to Richmond, we put you there and we can

take you out. this has been a long standing issue which you all have ignored over the years and now you are forcing people to leave this city because you refuse to do nothing in favour of the almighty dollar. Richmond has become a disaster and if you are proud of what you have done you are all misguided and totally oblivious to the wants and need of the people living here. The signage issue is another subject where we English speaking people have rights too and since when is Canada a country of English & Chinese. Even with this public forum you all will still go ahead and allow the developers to build ugly big homes so you don't have to deal with affordable living while turning Richmond into the uglier city it is becoming

Sincerely,  
Tessa D'Aguiar.



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**Click Here!**

**Woo, Gavin**

---

**Subject:** FW: Zoning Bylaw Amendments Building Height and Massing

---

**From:** Lynda Terborg [<mailto:lterborg@shaw.ca>]  
**Sent:** July-02-15 9:12 AM  
**To:** Erceg, Joe; Craig, Wayne  
**Subject:** Zoning Bylaw Amendments Building Height and Massing

Good Morning gentlemen,

Members of the WRAPd group who have been involved in providing concerned citizen inputs to the staff recommendations for controlling building height and massing since the April 20<sup>th</sup> Council meeting, understand senior staff have had follow-up meetings with the small builders group, and others subsequent to the Planning meeting of June 16<sup>th</sup>.

We have reviewed the material posted on the City's website and do not find any updates from the June 16<sup>th</sup> planning committee recommendations. The material posted does not include Wayne Craig's memo to Council dated June 19<sup>th</sup> that was not addressed at Council due to Item 17 (the Planning Committee report) being deleted from the agenda.

Are we going to see any changes to the proposals presented with the story boards provided at workshop meetings?

We would like to request a meeting with you, at your earliest convenience, and prior to the proposed workshops next week July 8 and 9 to discuss the recommendations, and provide our input and concerns directly.

Thank you

Lynda Terborg  
WRAPd Steering Committee  
West Richmond Association for Positive development  
604-250-8676

## Mayor and Councillors

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

**From:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Sent:** Monday, 22 June 2015 9:59 AM  
**To:** 'Robert Ethier'  
**Subject:** RE: Council Meeting to be held on June 22, 2015.

cc: Gavin Woo  
Wayne Craig  
Joe Erceg

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of June 21, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Gavin Woo, Senior Manager, Building Approvals. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Woo at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

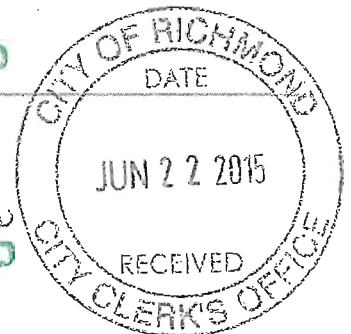
**Michelle Jansson**  
Manager, Legislative Services  
City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

PHOTOCOPIED

**From:** Robert Ethier [<mailto:rethier@shaw.ca>]  
**Sent:** Sunday, 21 June 2015 9:12 PM  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Cc:** 'Ajit Thaliwal'; 'Raman Kooner'; 'SAM SANDHU'  
**Subject:** Council Meeting to be held on June 22, 2015.

JUN 22 2015

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Dear Mayor & Councillors

This email is sent to City of Richmond Mayor & Councillors as a record and to be filed accordingly.

Thank you for taking the time to read this email. I do understand the high demands placed on all our City's Public members for their time.

After reviewing the Agenda for the Council Meeting to be held on the 22nd June 2015. I also read Linda McPhail's Memo to motion the item to be deleted on the agenda and to be referred back to staff for further consultations and be brought back to Council Meeting at the end of July and moved forward to Sept 8th 2015 Public Hearing.

We as the Small Builders Group, would also like to make a commitment to Council Members that we would like to do our part for the community and the concerned residents, by hiring a reputable Architectural Design Firm, to further study the proposed staff recommendations that were made by City Staff to the Planning Committee.

The Richmond Small Builders Group, will without hesitation, commit to pay for all the costs associated in this process. The Architectural Design Firm will be able to go into further details and

examine the impacts of each option presented in the Staff report at the Planning Committee on the 16th June 2015, which may pose on the design styles and functionality of our future homes.

The Firm will also be asked to look at the various Residential Zoning's for Single Family Detached Dwellings and demonstrate in a visual format, the implications of the proposed changes and also advise on their recommendations.

For the Firm to properly assess the proposed changes in a thorough and meaningful way, and to properly assess their impacts (if any) on our current neighbourhoods, we ask Council to allow us more time before staff brings this to a Council Meeting at the end of July 2015.

We believe that the Architect's reports could be ready by the end of August, given that July and August are typically months when many individuals take their yearly holidays.

Kindest Regards,

Bob Ethier

Reliable-Value Homes, Inc.  
10471 Truro Dr. Richmond, BC  
Mobile: 778-865-2428



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[www.avast.com](http://www.avast.com)

## Mayor and Councillors

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

**From:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Sent:** Monday, 22 June 2015 9:42 AM  
**To:** 'Jim Wright'  
**Subject:** RE: procrastination motion re oversized-houses bylaw

PC: Gavin Woo  
Wayne Craig  
Joe Erceg

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of June 21, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Gavin Woo, Senior Manager, Building Approvals. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Woo at 604.276.4000.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

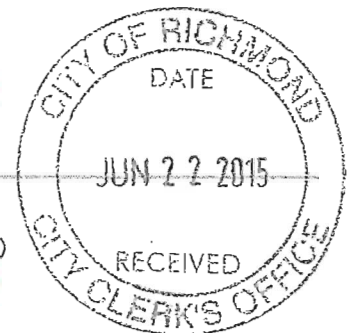
Yours truly,

Michelle Jansson  
Manager, Legislative Services  
City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

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JUN 22 2015

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**From:** Jim Wright [<mailto:jamesw8300@shaw.ca>]  
**Sent:** Sunday, 21 June 2015 11:29 PM  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Subject:** procrastination motion re oversized-houses bylaw

Mayor and Councillors,

I've been trying to figure out what's going on with oversized-houses bylaw. As far as I can tell, there's a late addition to the June 22 council agenda to give developers an extra two months to get permits to oppress our city's family neighbourhoods with oversized houses. The procrastination motion appears to be one more example of putting developers first instead of putting Richmond first.

When I looked through the meeting agenda and noticed the procrastination motion, it immediately brought to mind what happened with the tree bylaw in the fall of 2007. There was a long period between the time when the bylaw provisions were known and the time when they came into effect. As a result, everyone whose business included tree removal was working from dawn to dusk six days a week to meet the demand to cut down trees before the deadline. The sound of chainsaws was everywhere. I hope the equivalent won't happen with applications to build oversized houses, but it's likely that it will if the regulations are put off for the proposed procrastination period, a period of more than two months.

In this case, though, the rush during the summer procrastination period would be to get permits for oversized-house building, not necessarily to begin the construction. If builders are close to being fully occupied over the summer, a good guess is that much of the actual additional construction of oversized-houses would occur later, with any new law—passed in September at best—NOT applying to the oversized-houses that got permits over the summer.

The oversized-houses bylaw will always need refining. Furthermore, even if it could actually ever become perfect, there would be no value in making the perfect the enemy of the good at this time. (This is the kind of situation that makes that cliché true.) Passing the procrastination motion that's been added to the June 22 council agenda would intensify the killing of neighbourhoods. In contrast, acting decisively to protect neighbourhoods can only have good effects. The precautionary timely action can always be reviewed in the fall to make the protection laxer again if a council majority prefers that.



Sincerely,  
Jim Wright  
8300 Osgoode Drive, Richmond, B.C. V7A 4P1

Re "procrastination motion," the reference is to the motion described in the memorandum on page 52 at [http://www.richmond.ca/agendafiles/Open\\_Council\\_6-22-2015.pdf](http://www.richmond.ca/agendafiles/Open_Council_6-22-2015.pdf).

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

**Mayor and Councillors**

**From:** Bradley Dore [brad.dore@icloud.com]  
**Sent:** Monday, 22 June 2015 8:17 AM  
**To:** Cooper, James  
**Cc:** Mayor and Councillors; Day, Carol  
**Subject:** Where in current zoning is the Single Storey Floor to Ceiling Definition  
**Attachments:** Sec431c Defined.pdf  
**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9249

PC: Gavin Woo  
Wayne Craig  
Joe Erceg

As we are about to move to a new set of bylaw clauses addressing building massing one critical question needs to be answered, as it demonstrates staff's bias in the interpretation of the current zoning bylaw.

**Where in current zoning is the "floor to ceiling definition" for a single storey?**

Attached is the pdf showing the only applicable "**height**" definition in the bylaw available to be used.

Please forward the staff's interpretation memo and/or bulletin showing how the zoning bylaw permits height to be defined from floor to ceiling.

Brad Doré  
Residential Designer &  
Building Technologist  
604.782.8240

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JUN 22 2015

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# Maximum Allowable Height of a Single Floor Area

## Sec.4 General Development Regulation

### Sec.4.3.1(c) Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing

4.3
Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing and Two-Unit Housing Zones

4.3.1
The following items are not included in the calculation of maximum floor area ratio in all residential zones and site specific zones that permit single detached housing and two-unit housing:

- a) 10% of the floor area total calculated for the lot in question, which must be used exclusively for covered areas of the principal building which are always open on two or more sides and are never enclosed;
- b) 50.0 m<sup>2</sup> for use only as accessory buildings and on-site parking, which cannot be used for habitable space;
- c) an area of up to 10.0 m<sup>2</sup> used exclusively for interior entry and staircase purposes where the interior entry and staircase exceeds 5.0 m in height (the remaining portion of floor area which exceeds 5.0 m in height shall be considered to comprise two floors and shall be measured as such); and
- d) one accessory building which is less than 10.0 m<sup>2</sup>.

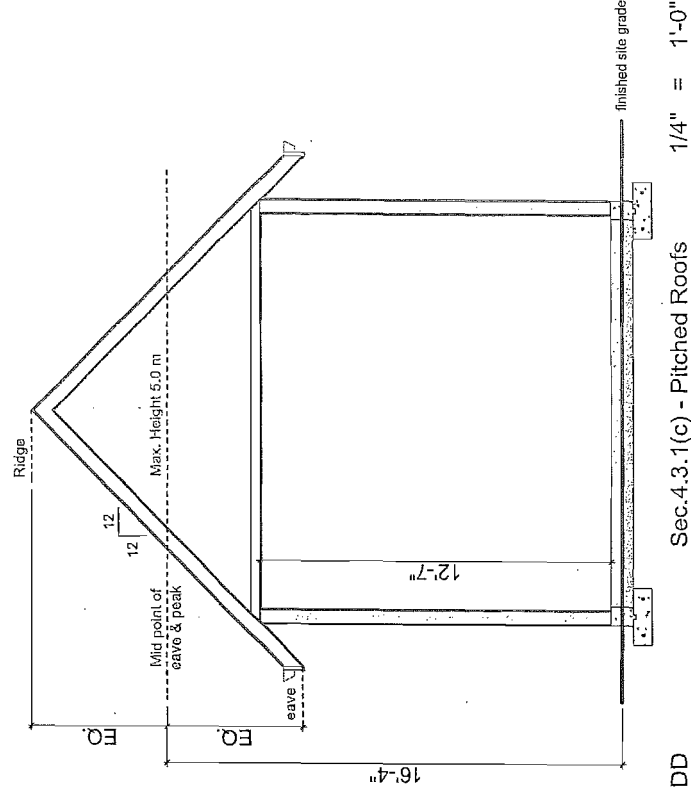
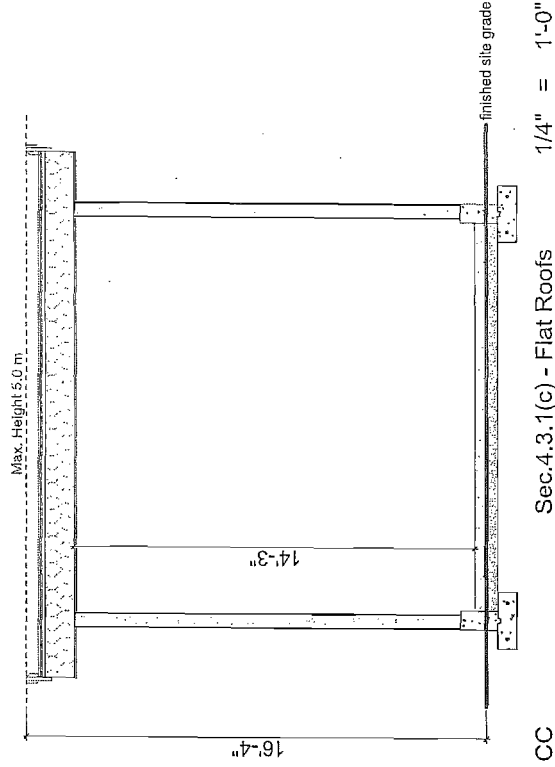
## Sec.3 Interpretation

### Sec.3.1 Rules of Interpretation

3.1.6. Words, phrases and terms neither defined in this bylaw nor in the Local Government Act or the Community Charter or the Interpretation Act shall be given their usual and customary meaning.

### Sec.3.4 Use and Term Definitions

Height, building	means the vertical distance between finished site grade and:
	a) the highest point of a building having a flat roof; or
	b) the mid-point between the eaves line and ridge of a roof having a roof pitch greater than 4-to-12 and not exceeding a roof pitch of 12-to-12, provided that, the ridge of the roof is not more than 1.5 m above the mid-point; or
	c) the highest point of a building having a roof pitch other than those identified in b) above; or
	d) the greater of the measurements referred to in a), b) and c) above in the case of a building with more than one type of roof.





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Many new houses are egregiously oversized, questionably legal and are clearly negatively impacting the privacy and natural light of adjacent homes, says a letter-writer.

**Editor:**

No Richmond resident could fail to observe the rampant demolition of older Richmond homes (464 in 2014; on track for over 500 in 2015) and their subsequent replacement by much larger houses that dwarf their neighbours.

Many new houses are egregiously oversized, questionably legal and are clearly negatively impacting the privacy and natural light of adjacent homes. Changing streetscapes are irrevocably altering the character and livability of Richmond neighbourhoods.

This is not about new house styles or who is buying them. It is about houses that are too tall, too wide and too deep for their lot size.

Richmond council is considering changes to the zoning bylaw. Purportedly, these changes will reduce the massive height and imposing front, back and side wall faces of new houses. I hope that the mayor and councillors are up to the task of analyzing critically the proposals presented to them. City planners have consulted extensively with the builders' lobby. Concessions to builders are eroding reasonable, common sense solutions, such as regulating just how far back a house can extend into its backyard, how close to the neighbours it can be, fixing a maximum height and reducing the area on second floors.

I urge council to listen to the voices of Richmond residents and homeowners in a public forum. As tempting as all that additional revenue generated for the city from permit fees and taxes on high value properties might be, and despite generous campaign contributions to politicians from the developer community, current homeowners deserve to be heard above the clamouring and complaints of builders crying foul. Strengthen the bylaw to reduce massive houses, do not water down common sense proposals, and above all, enforce the regulations.

**Elizabeth Hardacre**

**Richmond**

**PH - 376**

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## Residents deserve public forum on mega-houses

Richmond Review

June 23, 2015 08:06 AM

PH - 377



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Councillors Linda McPhail and Carol Day sit side by side on council but couldn't be further apart when it comes to policies on development. June, 2015.

Richmond City Council postponed a decision to amend the city's residential zoning bylaws, which could have stopped mega homes in their tracks.

As such, developers have at least another three months to "build big" under the existing bylaws.

At Monday evening's council ([http://www.richmond.ca/agendafiles/Open\\_Council\\_6-22-2015.pdf](http://www.richmond.ca/agendafiles/Open_Council_6-22-2015.pdf)) meeting the majority of councillors cited the need for more public consultation from all sides of the issue.

"I suggest that a little more analysis and to engage the community would be beneficial," said planning committee chair Coun. Linda McPhail.

With Coun. Ken Johnston absent, a near majority on council proceeded to direct staff to consult for four more weeks. With the item off the meeting agenda, people filed outside without having had the opportunity to speak. After a public hearing was scheduled for July 6, the earliest one can occur now is early September.

Last week, developers and residents raised several bones of contention with the proposed bylaw amendment, which was supposed to be a compromise between the two sides.

As a result, a set of new recommendations from director of planning Wayne Craig was tabled in a letter to council before Monday's meeting.

In the recommendations is the option to implement design controls on new homes, which, if implemented, "would add significant time to the processing of single-family building permits."

As such, a large group of homebuilders was on hand to witness the meeting along with many residents concerned about mega homes ruining backyards, privacy and the character of neighbourhoods.

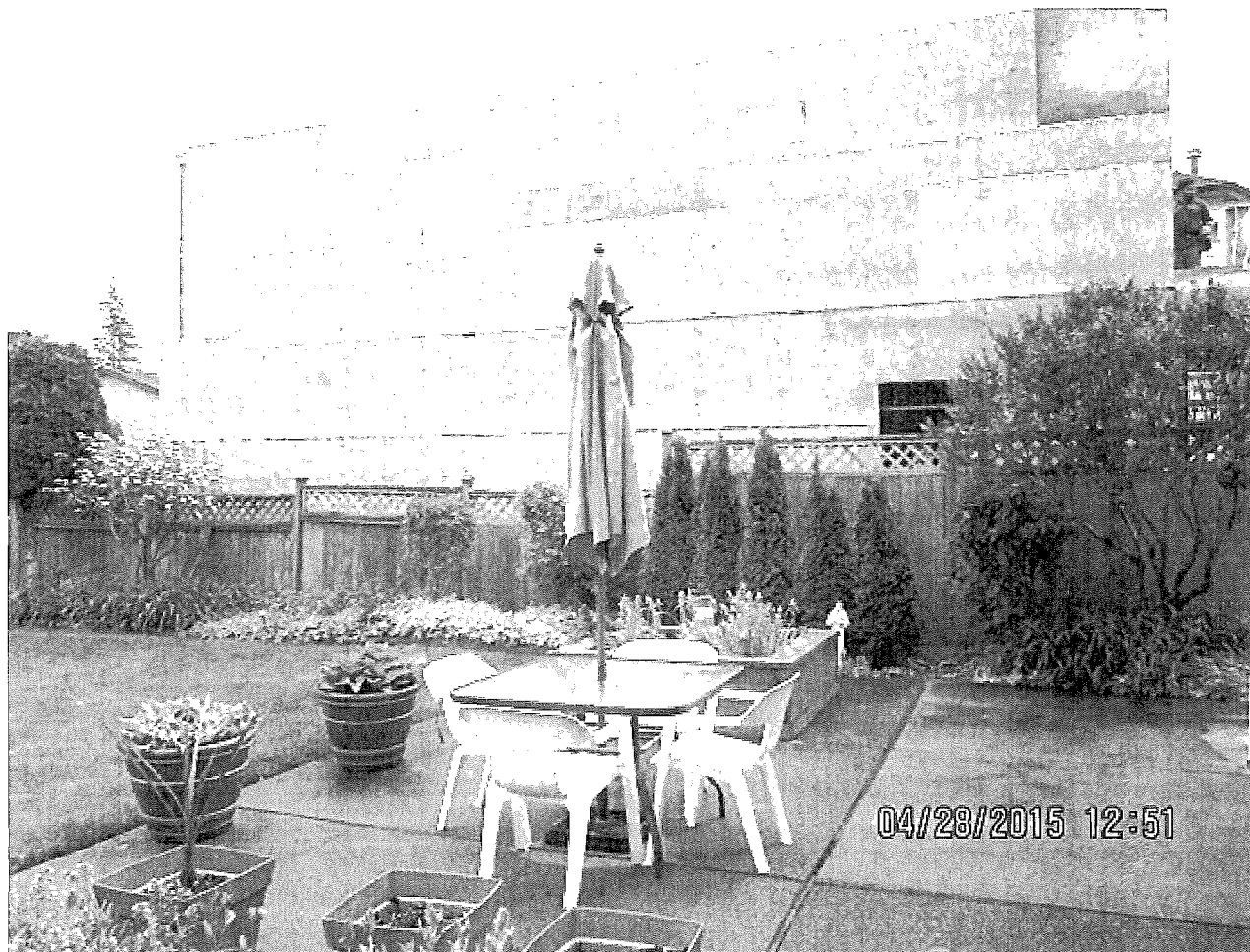
Only Coun. Carol Day opposed the postponement, citing the fact roughly 40 homes per month are being demolished.

Day said she wanted to debate the merits of the staff recommendation.

**PH - 378**

"The referral (postponement) should come after we have the opportunity to hear from the people," said Day.

The proposed bylaw amendment would reduce the height of two-storey houses by five feet, from 34 feet to 29 feet, and interior double-ceiling allowances by four feet, from 16 feet to 12 feet. Furthermore, accessory buildings will also be curtailed and home setbacks will be better managed so new walls don't loom over other properties.



The changes are meant to manage the shape of new homes and how they fit in established neighbourhoods.

The city's proposal also gave developers a few carrots in the form of extra ceiling height within the interior of a home and maintaining 34-foot high two-and-a-half storey homes.

Craig's department also gave council a series of options to approve (such as changing certain proposed measurements to setbacks) and recommended reviewing the changes after one year.

Although Coun. Chak Au voted to postpone the decision he read a letter from a concerned resident stating that 'the time for a public hearing is before, not after the bylaw is drafted.'

While raising concerns about the process he concluded "we should make a decision based on good information."

Coun. Harold Steves said he needed assurances from staff that the existing bylaw would be enforced over the summer. When he got that he too voted to postpone the debate.

Coun. Alexa Loo said if there's a summer rush to build big homes then it would mean people want them and thus it would be unfair to "cut them out ...before giving it a closer examination."

She questioned if four weeks was enough time for staff to consult and make additional changes but Deputy Chief Administrative Officer Joe Erceg interjected and stated that it was.

Councillors Bill McNulty and Derek Dang also voted to postpone any debate. As such a public workshop is planned to take place.

"Let's get this right," said McNulty.

Among the many complaints over the new stock of housing being built in the city, is design and character.

In his letter, Craig noted council can implement design guidelines to regulate the form and character of homes by mandating development permits for certain residential neighbourhoods.

This would effectively solve some of the concerns raised by developer and Urban Development Institute member Dana Westermarck; namely that a house should conform to its surroundings (and thus a one-size-fits-all bylaw is ineffective). Ergo, in Westwind a new home would likely feature pitched roofs while in Broadmoor a new home could be more of a large box-style home — said to be popular amongst new Chinese immigrants — to conform to that neighbourhood's late 1990s stock.

Craig cautioned that the legal feasibility of such a plan would need to be "comprehensively examined" and individual permits "would add significant time to the processing of single-family Building Permits."

Craig dismissed concerns from developers that the new bylaw would affect compact single-family homes. Yet, he noted to council that it has the ability to alter the bylaw at any time. He also presented an example of a bylaw amendment for council's consideration.

Au said he didn't want to be reviewing this issue every six months.

Craig reiterated that it was the opinion of city planners that the amended bylaw would be clear enough as to not require new enforcement measures, a common complaint from the Westwind Ratepayers' Association. Even still, he said it would be possible for the city to provide a new checklist of bylaw rules on the building application form.

The proposed bylaw amendment would encapsulate all single-family homes in Richmond save for about 4,000 properties that fall under a provincial contract, known as a land-use contract, which allow for even bigger homes.

Such contracts are in the process of being extinguished by the city. When that occurs all residential properties would fall under the powers of city zoning bylaws.

[@WestcoastWood](https://twitter.com/WestcoastWood) (<http://www.twitter.com/WestcoastWood>)

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### PREVIOUS STORY

[Richmond businessman goes to Federal Court to block his removal to China \(/news/richmond-businessman-goes-to-federal-court-to-block-his-removal-to-china-1.1975944\)](/news/richmond-businessman-goes-to-federal-court-to-block-his-removal-to-china-1.1975944) 

### NEXT STORY

[The dads are alright: At the Richmond News \(/news/weekly-feature/the-dads-are-alright-at-the-richmond-news-1.1974507\)](/news/weekly-feature/the-dads-are-alright-at-the-richmond-news-1.1974507) 

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### LMP NEWSPAPERS

- [Bowen Island Undercurrent \(http://www.bowenislandundercurrent.com\)](http://www.bowenislandundercurrent.com)
- [Burnaby News Leader \(http://www.burnabynewsleader.com/\)](http://www.burnabynewsleader.com/)
- [Burnaby Now \(http://www.burnabynow.com\)](http://www.burnabynow.com)
- [Delta Optimist \(http://www.delta-optimist.com\)](http://www.delta-optimist.com)
- [New West News Leader \(http://www.newwestnewsleader.com/\)](http://www.newwestnewsleader.com/)
- [North Shore News \(http://www.nsnews.com\)](http://www.nsnews.com)
- [Richmond Review \(http://www.richmondreview.com/\)](http://www.richmondreview.com/)
- [Royal City Record \(http://www.royalcityrecord.com\)](http://www.royalcityrecord.com)
- [Tri-City News \(http://www.tricitynews.com/\)](http://www.tricitynews.com/)
- [Tri-Cities Now \(http://www.thenownews.com\)](http://www.thenownews.com)



**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500,  
Amendment Bylaw 9278  
(Building Height and Massing Regulations)**

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions] by:

- (a) adding the following definition of “**height, ceiling**”, in alphabetical order:

“**Height, ceiling** means the top of the finished floor of a **storey** to the underside of the floor joist or underside of roof joist or underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss above that **storey**.”

- (b) deleting the definition of **Height, building** in its entirety and substituting the following:

“**Height, building** means the vertical distance between **finished site grade** and:

- a) for **single detached housing** with 2 and half (½) **storeys**, having a roof pitch greater than 4-to-12 and not exceeding a roof pitch of 12-to-12, the mid-point between the bottom of the **eave** line and ridge of a roof, provided that the ridge of the roof may not be more than 1.5 m above the mid-point; and
- b) for all other **buildings**, the highest point of the **building**, whether such **building** has a flat roof, pitched roof or more than one type of roof.”

2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 4.3 [Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing and Two-Unit Housing Zones] by:

- (a) deleting Section 4.3.1(c) in its entirety and marking it as “Repealed.”; and

- (b) adding the following after Section 4.3.1:

“4.3.2 Any portion of **floor area** in a **principal building** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 3.7 m shall be considered to comprise two floors and shall be measured as such for the purposes of calculating **density** in all **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing**, the following **floor area** shall be considered to comprise one floor:

- a) a maximum of 10 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 3.7 m, provided such **floor area** is exclusively for interior entry and staircase purposes.”
3. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.7.7 and 4.7.8 and substituting the following:

“4.7.7 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m;
- c) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 12.5 m or less, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 3.0 m;
- d) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 12.5 m but equal to or less than 15.5 m, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 4.5 m;
- e) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 15.5 m the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m; and
- f) the **setback** from the **rear lot line** and interior **side lot line** is greater than 1.2 m.

4.7.8 Repealed”

4. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.8.3 and 4.8.4 and substituting the following:

“4.8.3 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m;
- c) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 12.5 m or less, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 3.0 m;
- d) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 12.5 m but equal to or less than 15.5 m, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 4.5 m;
- e) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 15.5 m the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m; and

- f) the **setback** from the **rear lot line** and interior **side lot line** is greater than 1.2 m.

4.8.4 Repealed”

5. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsection 4.14.4 and substituting the following:

“4.14.4 Except as set-out in 4.14.4(a) to (c) below or otherwise specified in a **zone**, the **accessory building** or **accessory structures** shall not be higher than the permitted **height** of the **principal building** in that **zone**. The following apply to the **height** of **accessory buildings** in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** and **town housing**:

- a) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 3.0 m measured from **finished site grade** to the roof ridge for a detached **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 2.5 m for a detached **accessory building** with a flat roof;
- b) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 4.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for an **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 3.0 m for an **accessory building** with a flat roof; and
- c) the maximum **height** for an attached **garage** constructed as part of a **principal building** is 6.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for a **garage** with a pitched roof, and 4.5 m for a **garage** with a flat roof.”

6. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.1 [Single Detached (RS1/A-H, J-K; RS2/A-H, J-K)] by deleting subsection 8.1.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.

7. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.2 [Compact Single Detached (RC1, RC2)] by:

- a) deleting subsections 8.2.6.5 and marking it “Repealed.”; and
- b) deleting subsection 8.2.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”.

8. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.3 [Coach Houses (RCH, RCH1)] by:

- a) deleting Section 8.3.7.6 in its entirety and substituting the following:

“6. The maximum **height** for an **accessory building** containing a **coach house** shall be:

- a) in the RCH **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 7.4 m, whichever is less, measured to the roof ridge; and

- b) in the RCH1 **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 6.0 m above the highest elevation of the crown of the **abutting lane** measured to the roof ridge, whichever is less.”
9. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.4 [Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1, RD2)] by deleting subsection 8.4.7.3 and marking it “Repealed.”.
  10. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.13 [Residential Child Care (RCC)] by deleting subsection 8.13.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.
  11. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.14 [Single Detached with Granny Flat or Coach House – Edgemere (RE1)] by deleting subsection 8.14.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”
  12. This Bylaw may be cited as **“Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9278”**.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

SECOND READING

THIRD READING

ADOPTED

CITY OF RICHMOND
APPROVED by 
APPROVED by Director or Solicitor 

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MAYOR

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CORPORATE OFFICER



**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500,  
Amendment Bylaw 9280  
(Building Height and Massing Regulations)**

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions] by:

- (a) adding the following definition of “**height, ceiling**”, in alphabetical order:

“**Height, ceiling** means the top of the finished floor of a **storey** to the underside of the floor joist or underside of roof joist or underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss above that **storey**.”

- (b) deleting the definition of **Height, building** in its entirety and substituting the following:

“**Height, building** means the vertical distance between **finished site grade** and:

- a) for **single detached housing** with 2 and half (½) **storeys**, having a roof pitch greater than 4-to-12 and not exceeding a roof pitch of 12-to-12, the mid-point between the bottom of the **eave** line and ridge of a roof, provided that the ridge of the roof is not more than 1.5 m above the mid-point; and
- b) for all other **buildings**, the highest point of the **building**, whether such **building** has a flat roof, pitched roof or more than one type of roof.”

2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 4.3 [Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing and Two-Unit Housing Zones] by:

- (a) deleting Section 4.3.1(c) in its entirety and marking it as “Repealed.”; and

- (b) adding the following after Section 4.3.1:

“4.3.2 Any portion of **floor area** in a **principal building** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 5.0 m shall be considered to comprise two floors and shall be measured as such for the purposes of calculating **density** in all **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing**, the following **floor area** shall be considered to comprise one floor:

- a) a maximum of 10 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 5.0 m, provided such **floor area** is exclusively for interior entry and staircase purposes.”
3. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.7.7 and 4.7.8 and substituting the following:

“4.7.7 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m;
- c) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 12.5 m or less, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 3.0 m;
- d) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 12.5 m but less than 15.5 m, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 4.5 m;
- e) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 15.5 m the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m; and
- f) the **setback** from the **rear lot line** and interior **side lot line** is greater than 1.2 m.

4.7.8 Repealed”

4. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.8.3 and 4.8.4 and substituting the following:

“4.8.3 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m;
- c) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 12.5 m or less, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 3.0 m;
- d) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 12.5 m but equal to or less than 15.5 m, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 4.5 m;
- e) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 15.5 m the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m; and
- f) the **setback** from the **rear lot line** and interior **side lot line** is greater than 1.2 m.

## 4.8.4 Repealed”

5. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsection 4.14.4 and substituting the following:

“4.14.4 Except as set-out in 4.14.4(a) to (c) below or otherwise specified in a **zone**, the **accessory building** or **accessory structures** shall not be higher than the permitted **height** of the **principal building** in that **zone**. The following apply to the **height** of **accessory buildings** in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** and **town housing**:

- a) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 3.0 m measured from **finished site grade** to the roof ridge for a detached **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 2.5 m for a detached **accessory building** with a flat roof;
- b) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 4.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for an **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 3.0 m for an **accessory building** with a flat roof; and
- c) the maximum **height** for an attached **garage** constructed as part of a **principal building** is 6.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for a **garage** with a pitched roof, and 4.5 m for a **garage** with a flat roof.”

6. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.1 [Single Detached (RS1/A-H, J-K; RS2/A-H, J-K)] by deleting subsection 8.1.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.

7. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.2 [Compact Single Detached (RC1, RC2)] by:

- a) deleting subsections 8.2.6.5 and marking it “Repealed.”; and
- b) deleting subsection 8.2.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”.

8. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.3 [Coach Houses (RCH, RCH1)] by:

- a) deleting Section 8.3.7.6 in its entirety and substituting the following:

“6. The maximum **height** for an **accessory building** containing a **coach house** shall be:

- a) in the RCH **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 7.4 m, whichever is less, measured to the roof ridge; and



- b) in the RCH1 **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 6.0 m above the highest elevation of the crown of the **abutting lane** measured to the roof ridge, whichever is less.”
9. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.4 [Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1, RD2)] by deleting subsection 8.4.7.3 and marking it “Repealed.”
  10. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.13 [Residential Child Care (RCC)] by deleting subsection 8.13.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”
  11. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.14 [Single Detached with Granny Flat or Coach House – Edgemere (RE1)] by deleting subsection 8.14.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”
  12. This Bylaw may be cited as **“Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9280”**.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

SECOND READING

THIRD READING

ADOPTED

CITY OF RICHMOND
APPROVED by
<i>[Signature]</i>
APPROVED by Director or Solicitor
<i>[Signature]</i>

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MAYOR

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CORPORATE OFFICER



**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500,  
Amendment Bylaw 9282  
(Building Height and Massing Regulations – Building Envelope)**

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions]by:

- a) deleting the definition of **Residential vertical lot width envelope** and substituting the following:

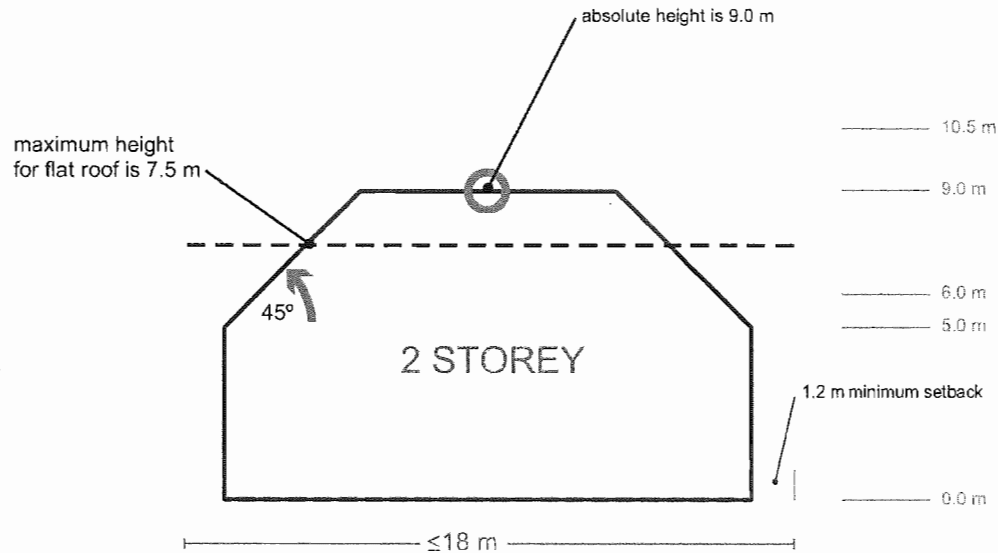
**“Residential vertical lot width envelope** means the vertical envelope within which a **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing** must be contained, as calculated in accordance with Section 4.18”

2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by adding the following after Section 4.17:

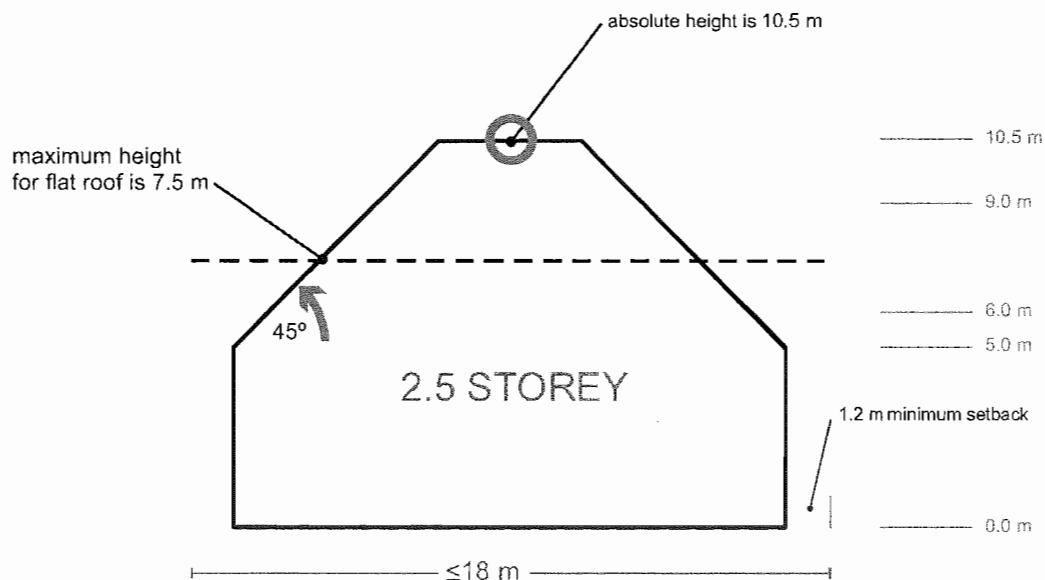
**“4.18.1 The residential vertical lot width envelope of a lot in residential zones and site specific zones that permit single detached housing or two-unit housing shall be calculated in accordance with Sections 4.18.2 to 4.18.3.**

**4.18.2 For a lot with a lot width that is less than or equal to 18.0 m:**

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of 45° from the top of the vertical 5.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



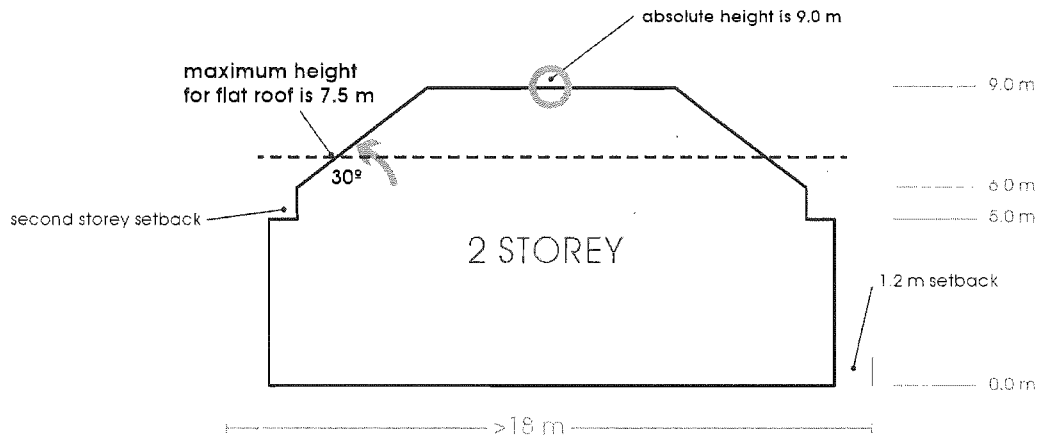
- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of 45° from the top of the 5.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



4.18.3 For a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 18.0 m:

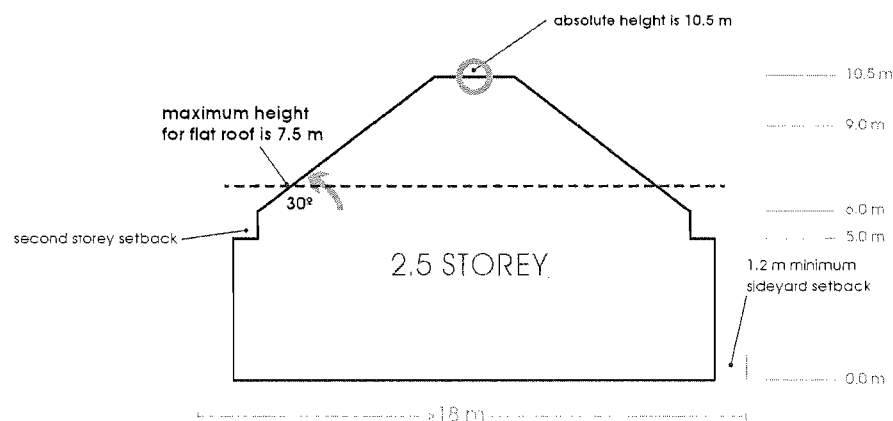
- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two storeys, the

**residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the vertical 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



(A) When lot width is greater than 18 m

- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



(B) When lot width is greater than 18 m

3. This Bylaw may be cited as “**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9282**”.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

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CITY OF RICHMOND
APPROVED by 
APPROVED by Director or Solicitor 

\_\_\_\_\_  
MAYOR

\_\_\_\_\_  
CORPORATE OFFICER



**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500,  
Amendment Bylaw 9279  
(Building Height and Massing Regulations)**

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions] by:

- (a) adding the following definition of **“height, ceiling”**, in alphabetical order:

**“Height, ceiling** means the top of the finished floor of a **storey** to the underside of the floor joist or underside of roof joist or underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss above that **storey.**”

- (b) deleting the definition of **Height, building** in its entirety and substituting the following:

**“Height, building** means the vertical distance between **finished site grade** and:

- a) for **single detached housing** with 2 and **half** (½) **storeys**, having a roof pitch greater than 4-to-12 and not exceeding a roof pitch of 12-to-12, the mid-point between the bottom of the **eave** line and ridge of a roof, provided that the ridge of the roof may not be more than 1.5 m above the mid-point; and
- b) for all other **buildings**, the highest point of the **building**, whether such **building** has a flat roof, pitched roof or more than one type of roof.”

2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 4.3 [Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing and Two-Unit Housing Zones] by:

- (a) deleting Section 4.3.1(c) in its entirety and marking it as “Repealed.”; and

- (b) adding the following after Section 4.3.1:

“4.3.2 Any portion of **floor area** in a **principal building** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 3.7 m shall be considered to comprise two floors and shall be measured as such for the purposes of calculating **density** in all **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing**, the following **floor area** shall be considered to comprise one floor:

- a) a maximum of 10 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 3.7 m, provided such **floor area** is exclusively for interior entry and staircase purposes; and
  - b) an additional maximum of 15 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** between 3.7 m and 5 m, provided the **floor area** is located at least 2.0 m from the **rear yard**.”
3. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.7.7 and 4.7.8 and substituting the following:

“4.7.7 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m;
- c) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 12.5 m or less, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 3.0 m;
- d) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 12.5 m but equal to or less than 15.5 m, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 4.5 m;
- e) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 15.5 m the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m; and
- f) the **setback** from the **rear lot line** and interior **side lot line** is greater than 1.2 m.

4.7.8 Repealed”

4. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.8.3 and 4.8.4 and substituting the following:

“4.8.3 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m;
- c) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 12.5 m or less, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 3.0 m;
- d) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 12.5 m but equal to or less than 15.5 m, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 4.5 m;

- e) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 15.5 m the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m; and
- f) the **setback** from the **rear lot line** and interior **side lot line** is greater than 1.2 m.

#### 4.8.4 Repealed”

5. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsection 4.14.4 and substituting the following:

“4.14.4 Except as set-out in 4.14.4(a) to (c) below or otherwise specified in a **zone**, the **accessory building** or **accessory structures** shall not be higher than the permitted **height** of the **principal building** in that **zone**. The following apply to the **height** of **accessory buildings** in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** and **town housing**:

- a) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 3.0 m measured from **finished site grade** to the roof ridge for a detached **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 2.5 m for a detached **accessory building** with a flat roof;
- b) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 4.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for an **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 3.0 m for an **accessory building** with a flat roof; and
- c) the maximum **height** for an attached **garage** constructed as part of a **principal building** is 6.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for a **garage** with a pitched roof, and 4.5 m for a **garage** with a flat roof.”

6. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.1 [Single Detached (RS1/A-H, J-K; RS2/A-H, J-K)] by deleting subsection 8.1.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.
7. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.2 [Compact Single Detached (RC1, RC2)] by:
  - a) deleting subsections 8.2.6.5 and marking it “Repealed.”; and
  - b) deleting subsection 8.2.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”.
8. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.3 [Coach Houses (RCH, RCH1)] by:
  - a) deleting Section 8.3.7.6 in its entirety and substituting the following:

“6. The maximum **height** for an **accessory building** containing a **coach house** shall be:



- a) in the RCH **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 7.4 m, whichever is less, measured to the roof ridge; and
  - b) in the RCH1 **zone**, 2 **storeys** or 6.0 m above the highest elevation of the crown of the **abutting lane** measured to the roof ridge, whichever is less.”
- 9. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.4 [Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1, RD2)] by deleting subsection 8.4.7.3 and marking it “Repealed.”
- 10. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.13 [Residential Child Care (RCC)] by deleting subsection 8.13.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”
- 11. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.14 [Single Detached with Granny Flat or Coach House – Edgemere (RE1)] by deleting subsection 8.14.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”
- 12. This Bylaw may be cited as “**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9279**”.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

SECOND READING

THIRD READING

ADOPTED

\_\_\_\_\_  
MAYOR\_\_\_\_\_  
CORPORATE OFFICER

CITY OF RICHMOND
APPROVED by 
APPROVED by Director or Solicitor 



**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500,  
Amendment Bylaw 9280  
(Building Height and Massing Regulations)**

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions] by:

- (a) adding the following definition of “**height, ceiling**”, in alphabetical order:

“**Height, ceiling**                      the vertical distance from top of the finished floor of a **storey** to:  
a) the underside of the floor joist;  
b) the underside of the roof joist;  
c) the underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss; or  
d) the underside of a structural deck  
above that **storey**, whichever is the greatest distance from the finished floor.”

- (b) deleting the definition of **Height, building** in its entirety and substituting the following:

“**Height, building**                      means the vertical distance between **finished site grade** and:  
a) for **single detached housing** with 2 and half (½) **storeys**, having a roof pitch greater than 4-to-12 and not exceeding a roof pitch of 12-to-12, the mid-point between the bottom of the **eave** line and ridge of a roof, provided that the ridge of the roof is not more than 1.5 m above the mid-point; and  
b) for all other **buildings**, the highest point of the **building**, whether such **building** has a flat roof, pitched roof or more than one type of roof.”

2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 4.3 [Calculation of Density in Single Detached Housing and Two-Unit Housing Zones] by:

- (a) deleting Section 4.3.1(c) in its entirety and marking it as “Repealed.”; and

- (b) adding the following after Section 4.3.1:

“4.3.2 Any portion of **floor area** in a **principal building** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 5.0 m shall be considered to comprise two floors and shall be measured as

such for the purposes of calculating **density** in all **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing**, the following **floor area** shall be considered to comprise one floor:

- a) a maximum of 10 m<sup>2</sup> of **floor area** with a **ceiling height** which exceeds 5.0 m, provided such **floor area** is exclusively for interior entry and staircase purposes.”
3. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.7.7 and 4.7.8 and substituting the following:

“4.7.7 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m;
- c) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 12.5 m or less, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 3.0 m;
- d) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 12.5 m but less than 15.5 m, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 4.5 m;
- e) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 15.5 m the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m; and
- f) the **setback** from the **rear lot line** and interior **side lot line** is greater than 1.2 m.

4.7.8 Repealed”

4. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsections 4.8.3 and 4.8.4 and substituting the following:

“4.8.3 Unless otherwise specified in a **zone**, detached **accessory buildings** up to 70.0 m<sup>2</sup> may be located within the **rear yard**, provided:

- a) the area of all detached **accessory buildings** located entirely or partially in the **rear yard** cover no more than 40% of the **rear yard**;
- b) the **setback** from the **front lot line** is greater than 20.0 m;
- c) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is 12.5 m or less, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 3.0 m;
- d) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 12.5 m but equal to or less than 15.5 m, the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 4.5 m;

- e) for a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 15.5 m the **setback** from the exterior **side lot line** is greater than 7.5 m; and
- f) the **setback** from the **rear lot line** and interior **side lot line** is greater than 1.2 m.

4.8.4 Repealed”

5. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by deleting subsection 4.14.4 and substituting the following:

“4.14.4 Except as set-out in 4.14.4(a) to (c) below or otherwise specified in a **zone**, the **accessory building** or **accessory structures** shall not be higher than the permitted **height** of the **principal building** in that **zone**. The following apply to the **height** of **accessory buildings** in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** and **town housing**:

- a) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 3.0 m measured from **finished site grade** to the roof ridge for a detached **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 2.5 m for a detached **accessory building** with a flat roof;
- b) the maximum **height** for detached **accessory buildings** greater than 10 m<sup>2</sup> is 4.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for an **accessory building** with a pitched roof, and 3.0 m for an **accessory building** with a flat roof; and
- c) the maximum **height** for an attached **garage** constructed as part of a **principal building** is 6.0 m measured from **finished grade** to the roof ridge for a **garage** with a pitched roof, and 4.5 m for a **garage** with a flat roof.”

6. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.1 [Single Detached (RS1/A-H, J-K; RS2/A-H, J-K)] by deleting subsection 8.1.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.
7. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.2 [Compact Single Detached (RC1, RC2)] by:
  - a) deleting subsections 8.2.6.5 and marking it “Repealed.”; and
  - b) deleting subsection 8.2.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”.
8. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.3 [Coach Houses (RCH, RCH1)] by:
  - a) deleting Section 8.3.7.6 in its entirety and substituting the following:

“6. The maximum **height** for an **accessory building** containing a **coach house** shall be:

- a) in the RCH zone, 2 storeys or 7.4 m, whichever is less, measured to the roof ridge; and
  - b) in the RCH1 zone, 2 storeys or 6.0 m above the highest elevation of the crown of the **abutting lane** measured to the roof ridge, whichever is less.”
- 9. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.4 [Two-Unit Dwellings (RD1, RD2)] by deleting subsection 8.4.7.3 and marking it “Repealed.”.
- 10. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.13 [Residential Child Care (RCC)] by deleting subsection 8.13.7.2 and marking it “Repealed.”.
- 11. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 8.14 [Single Detached with Granny Flat or Coach House – Edgemere (RE1)] by deleting subsection 8.14.7.6 and marking it “Repealed.”
- 12. This Bylaw may be cited as “**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9280**”.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

SECOND READING

THIRD READING

ADOPTED

JUL 27 2015

CITY OF RICHMOND
APPROVED by <i>AK/GW</i>
APPROVED by Director or Solicitor <i>R</i>

\_\_\_\_\_  
MAYOR\_\_\_\_\_  
CORPORATE OFFICER



**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500,  
Amendment Bylaw 9281  
(Building Height and Massing Regulations – Building Envelope)**

The Council of the City of Richmond, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended at Section 3.4 [Use and Term Definitions]by:

- a) deleting the definition of **Residential vertical lot width envelope** and substituting the following:

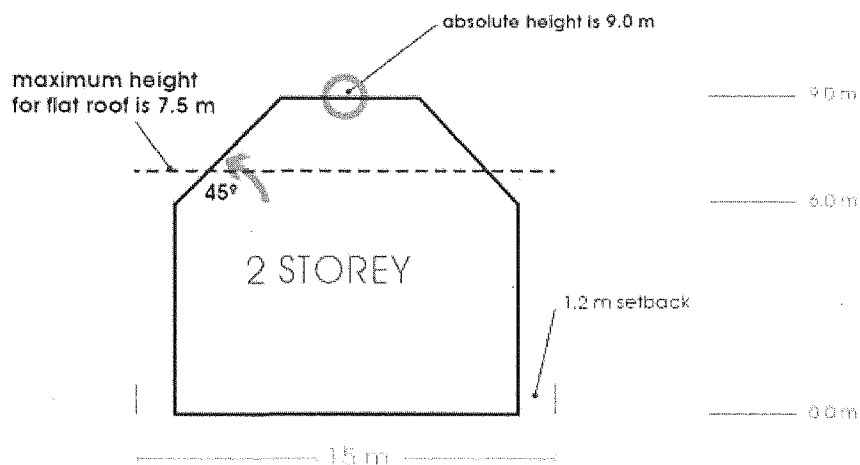
<b>“Residential vertical lot width envelope</b>	means the vertical envelope within which a <b>single detached housing</b> or <b>two-unit housing</b> must be contained, as calculated in accordance with Section 4.18”
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2. Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, as amended, is further amended by adding the following after Section 4.17:

“4.18.1 The **residential vertical lot width envelope** of a lot in **residential zones** and **site specific zones** that permit **single detached housing** or **two-unit housing** shall be calculated in accordance with Sections 4.18.2 to 4.18.4.

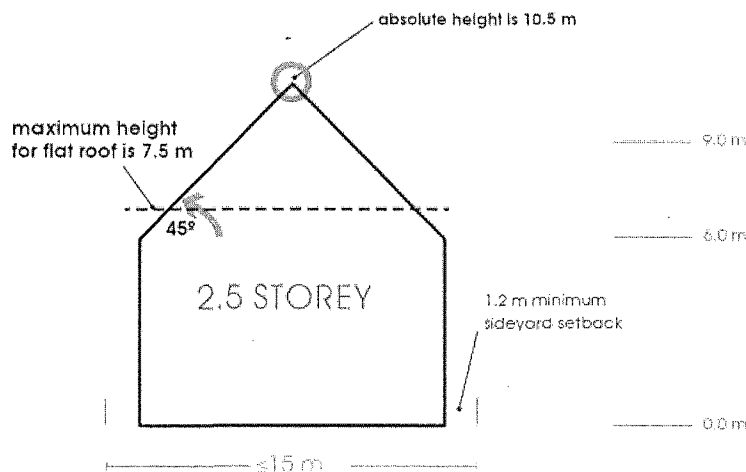
4.18.2 For a lot with a **lot width** that is 15.0 m or less:

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two **storeys**, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 6.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of 45° from the top of the vertical 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



(A) Lot width is less than and equal to 15m

- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 6.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of 45° from the top of the 6.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:

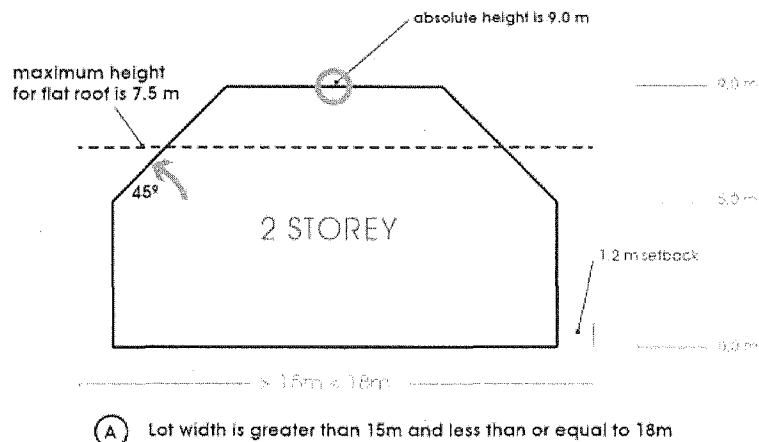


(B) Lot width is less than or equal to 15m

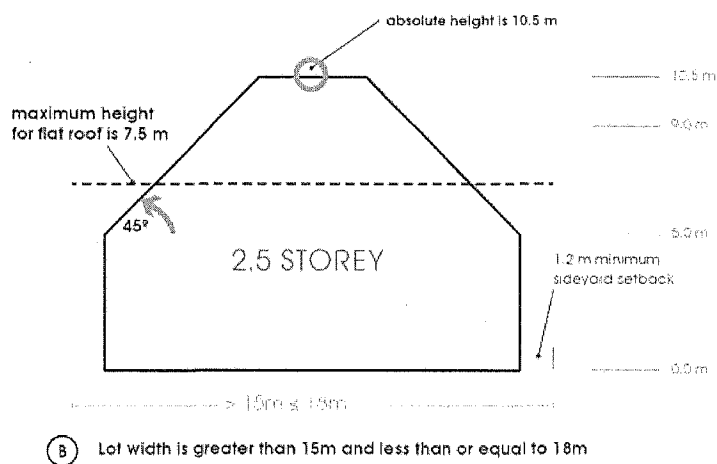
4.18.3 For a lot with a lot width that is greater than 15.0 m but less than or equal to 18.0 m:

- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated

from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $45^\circ$  from the top of the vertical 5.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half (½) storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward and upward at an angle of  $45^\circ$  from the top of the 5.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:

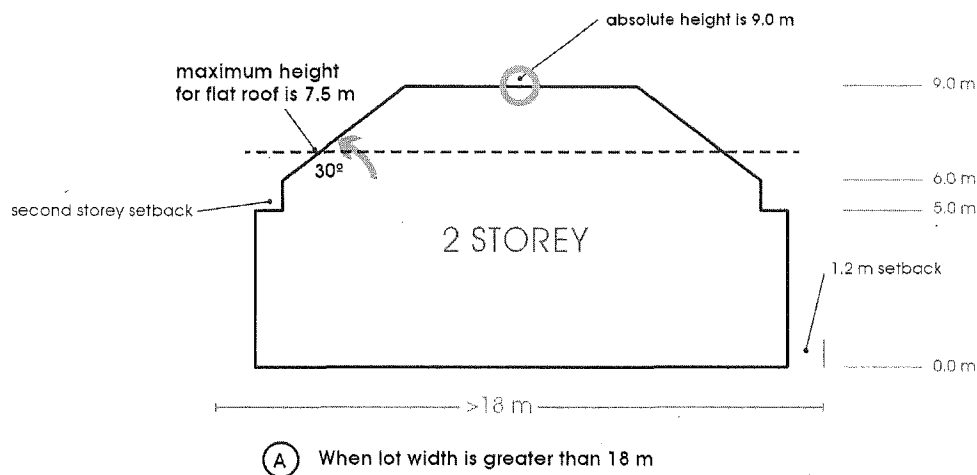


4.18.4 For a **lot** with a **lot width** that is greater than 18.0 m:

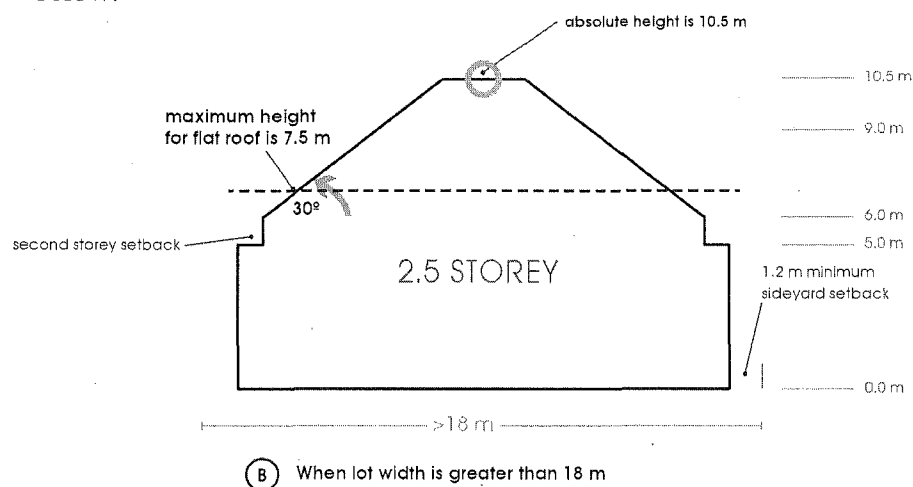
- a) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located



parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward (horizontally) by 0.6 m and upward (vertically) by 1.0 m, and then further inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the 1.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 9.0 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



- b) for **single detached housing** and **two-unit housing** with two and half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) storeys, the **residential vertical lot width envelope** shall be a vertical envelope located parallel to and 1.2 m from each **side lot line**, and formed by planes rising vertically 5.0 m, as calculated from the **finished site grade**, and then extending inward by 0.6 m and upward by 1.0 m, and then further inward and upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  from the top of the 1.0 m to the point at which the planes intersect with the maximum height plane of 10.5 m, as generally shown in the diagram below:



3. This Bylaw may be cited as “**Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9281**”.

FIRST READING

PUBLIC HEARING

SECOND READING

THIRD READING

ADOPTED

JUL 27 2015

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CITY OF RICHMOND
APPROVED by BK/CW
APPROVED by Director or Solicitor D

\_\_\_\_\_  
MAYOR

\_\_\_\_\_  
CORPORATE OFFICER

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAWS 9280 + 9281</u>

**MayorandCouncillors**

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Friday, 28 August 2015 14:37  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #840)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

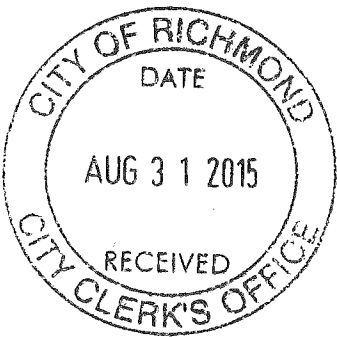
**Send a Submission Online (response #840)**

**Survey Information**

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	8/28/2015 2:36:38 PM

**Survey Response**

Your Name	Sharon MacGougan
Your Address	7411 Ash Street
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280
Comments	Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the 9 metre building height for all new houses.



To Public Hearing	
Date:	SEPT. 8 2015
Item #	6
Re: BYLAWS	9280 +
	9281

## MayorandCouncillors

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Monday, 31 August 2015 11:04  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #842)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

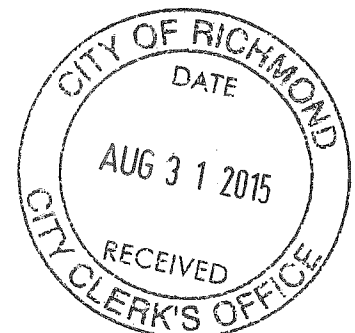
## Send a Submission Online (response #842)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	8/31/2015 11:03:42 AM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Carlos Silva
Your Address	426 - 8120 Jones Rd
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280
Comments	Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the 9 metre building height for all new houses.



## Mayor and Councillors

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

<b>To Public Hearing</b>	
Date:	SEPT. 8 2015
Item #	6
Re:	
BY LAWS 9280 + 9281	

**From:** Mayor and Councillors *cc Wayne Craig Joe Craig*  
**Sent:** Monday, 31 August 2015 16:14  
**To:** 'Lukban, Frances [VC]'  
**Subject:** RE: Meeting Re: House Heights

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of August 31, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Wayne Craig, Director, Development. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Craig at 604.276.4000.

Also, your email will be included in the September 8, 2015 Public Hearing agenda package.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**  
**Manager, Legislative Services**

City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

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**From:** Lukban, Frances [VC] [<mailto:Frances.Lukban@vch.ca>]  
**Sent:** Monday, 31 August 2015 11:27  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Subject:** Meeting Re: House Heights

To Mayor & Council,

**Please** restore the height limit of **9 metres**  
(almost thirty feet), *not* 10.5 metres, for **all** new houses.  
Please DO NOT allow any loopholes and no wasteful exception for 2.5-storey houses.

Let's keep Richmond beautiful!

---

Frances Lukban

12-1188 Mellis Drive

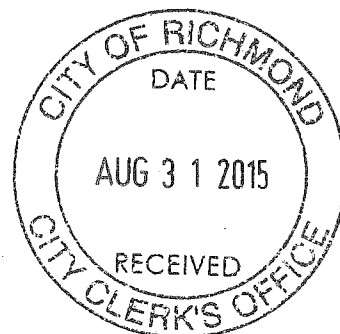
Richmond, BC V6X 1M1

604-313-0209



t: 604.707.6651  
<http://travelclinic.vch.ca>  
[Social media icons]

PH -1409



**From:** Michael Seidelman <bat1734@telus.net>  
**Sent:** Monday, 31 August 2015 16:18  
**To:** Weber, David  
**Subject:** Letter for Public Hearing

<b>To Public Hearing</b>
Date: <u>Sept 1, 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>Zoning Bylaw B500</u>
<u>Amend. 9280 &amp; 9281</u>
<u>Building height + massing</u>

Dear Mr. Weber,

I would like to submit this letter to be considered before the Public Hearing on Sept, 8th.

Sincerely,  
Michael Seidelman

Dear Council,

If you read the letters section in the Richmond News, Richmond forums on Facebook, or talk to people who grew up in Richmond but now choose to live elsewhere, you'll see that people are disillusioned with what Richmond neighbourhoods are becoming; more concrete and less green space, large out of place homes towering over their neighbours' older but completely liveable homes, and unfriendly metal gates that are anything but neighbourly.

People who grew up in Richmond who want and are able to buy a detached home are buying in other cities like Delta, Ladner or Tsawwassen where reminders of friendly neighbourhoods like those of Richmond's past allow their kids to have a sense of community that they fondly remember having in Richmond. And when they do wish to purchase a home in Richmond, they are often outbid, not by other families who wish to live in the neighbourhood, but by developers who want nothing more than to knock the home down, build a larger one, often invasive to current properties and with less green space and an unwelcome metal gate, and flip it to a new buyer at much higher a cost. And many of those kid's' parents, who wish to remain in the homes that they raised their families in, don't feel like their voices are being heard in regards to the neighbourhoods they have spent many years living in.

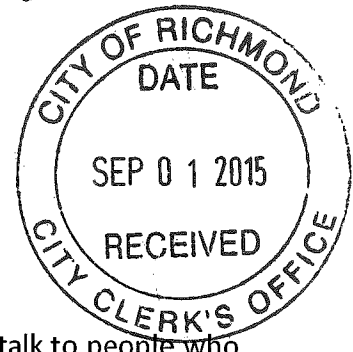
Please remember that 35-40 years ago, when the neighbourhoods were originally built, there were structural guidelines for each neighbourhood that were followed so no houses would seem out of place. Now similar guidelines are needed so the new homes that are built fit into these neighbourhoods; currently it seems like the Wild West with no thought or consideration going into new homes so they blend into the existing streets.

Please listen to what the people of Richmond are saying. They have Richmond's best interests in mind while developers care about profits first and foremost. We live in a time where any new home that is built will sell so having those homes fit into the existing neighbourhood, not take away sunlight from their neighbours or take the word "neighbour" out of the word "neighbourhood" makes sense and will sell just as quickly. Developers will still do very strong business and Richmond neighbourhoods will be better for it.

The people of Richmond are counting on you to make the right decision that reflects our concerns for the communities we live in.

Sincerely,

**PH -410**



Michael Seidelman  
A 35-year resident of Richmond

## MayorandCouncillors

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Wednesday, 2 September 2015 12:28  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #843)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

<b>To Public Hearing</b>
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280 +</u> <u>9281</u>

## Send a Submission Online (response #843)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/2/2015 12:27:37 PM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Ann Albisser
Your Address	417 12639 No.2 Road Richmond, V7E6N6
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280
Comments	Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the nine metre building height for all new houses.





## Mayor and Councillors

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

To Public Hearing	
Date:	SEPT. 8 2015
Item #	6
Re:	BYLAW #9280 + C1281

**From:** Mayor and Councillors *re Wayne Craig Joe Craig*  
**Sent:** Wednesday, 2 September 2015 15:09  
**To:** 'marionsmith@shaw.ca'  
**Subject:** FW: Comments regarding Bylaw 9280  
**Attachments:** Bylaw 9280 - Public Hearing Sept 8 2015.pdf

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of September 2, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Wayne Craig, Director, Development. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Craig at 604.276.4000.

Also, your email will be included in the September 8, 2015 Public Hearing agenda package.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

Michelle Jansson  
Manager, Legislative Services  
City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

-----Original Message-----

**From:** Marion Smith [<mailto:marionsmith@shaw.ca>]  
**Sent:** Wednesday, 2 September 2015 13:41  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Subject:** Comments regarding Bylaw 9280

Dear Mayor and Councillors:

Attached is a letter regarding recent development in the Riverdale subdivision. If you don't believe that construction is affecting our neighbourhoods, then please look at the attached map.

Regards,  
Marion Smith  
604-277-0259



PH -1413

Marion L. Smith

6580 Mayflower Drive, Richmond, BC V7C 3X6

September 2, 2015

Mayor and Council  
City of Richmond  
6911 No. 3 Road  
Richmond BC V6Y 2C1

Dear Mayor and Council:

Re: Public Hearing on Bylaw 9280, September 8, 2015

Riverdale has been a very stable neighbourhood ever since it was built in the early 1970s. Even renters have lived here for decades. However, new giant houses are sucking the life blood out of our subdivision.

All of us living here know that when one of these houses goes up next door, our properties and our lives are changed irrevocably.

Because of this, people are getting out. And this is happening, not just in our neighbourhood, but all over Richmond. When long-term residents abandon a city, that city is in crisis.

We all know what the solution is. The mass of new housing must be brought under control, in particular, limiting ceiling heights to 12 feet, double-counting rooms with higher ceilings and restricting overall height.

Sincerely,

Marion Smith

Attachments:

- Map showing recent construction in red
- Photos

## RIVERDALE SUBDIVISION



These are just four of the massive houses built in the Riverdale subdivision south of Westminster Hwy.

4840 Mariposa Crt at Riverdale Dr



4611 Foxglove Dr at Mayflower Dr



4651 Wintergreen at Riverdale Dr



6620 Clematis Dr at Coltsfoot Dr



<b>To Public Hearing</b>	
Date:	SEPT. 8 2015
Item #	6
Re:	BYLAW 9280 + 9281

**From:** Lynda Terborg <lterborg@shaw.ca>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, 2 September 2015 16:30  
**To:** Weber, David  
**Subject:** ambiguity in the bylaws - for Public Hearing September 8, 2015  
**Attachments:** CCE02092015\_0003.pdf

**Follow Up Flag:** Follow up  
**Flag Status:** Flagged

Hi David

I spoke to you this morning about a missing piece of correspondence that I cannot find on the site reporting the City Council meeting minutes of July 27<sup>th</sup>, 2015 (copy attached).

I pointed out the memorandum is also misdated as July 23, 2014. This memorandum from Wayne Craig to the Mayor and Councillors was date stamped received in your City Clerk's Office Jul 24, 2015.

This memorandum is germane to the control of building massing issues before us at the Public Hearing September 8th 2015 and was received and the content discussed at the July 27th Council meeting that passed the Bylaw Amendments under consideration.

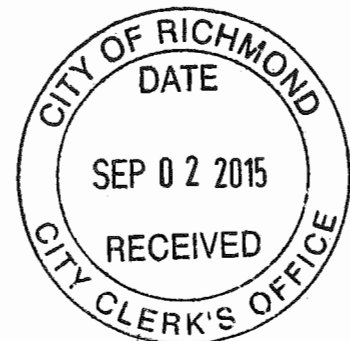
Please consider this email and the attachment a written submission to the Public Hearing and also a concern as to how this very important interpretive material in the memo can be put in the public record of the events unfolding in the deliberations.

The ambiguity of the intent of the bylaws cannot continue and the standardization for measurements must meet the intention of the bylaws proposed.

The missing memorandum in the Council meeting minutes and reports, is a direct response from Mr Erceg's to the Tuesday, July 21, 2015 Planning Committee meeting advising "that staff will be able to provide clarification with respect to ceiling height measurement prior to the next Council meeting."  
(copy of Planning meeting minutes page 12 attached).

Thank you,

Lyn ter Borg





**Planning Committee**  
**Tuesday, July 21, 2015**

---

Discussion ensued with regard to utilizing a down zoning system similar to what is used in the Corporation of Delta. In reply to queries from Committee, Mr. Konkin noted that in the Corporation of Delta, homeowners within a specific area have the opportunity to downzone the property, should there be a consensus amongst area residents; however, the process is time consuming and individual homeowners retain the ability to rezone their property back to the original zoning.


In reply to queries from Committee, Mr. Erceg noted that should the proposed amendments proceed, the proposed amendments would apply to all single-family lots in the city without Land Use Contracts. He added that the proposed amendments would provide clarity and precision to the current regulations.

It was moved and seconded

- (1) *That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9280 to amend the zoning regulations for building massing, interior ceiling height and floor area calculation, and accessory structure locations within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones be introduced and given first reading;*
- (2) *That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9281 to amend the residential vertical lot width building envelope within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones:*
  - (a) *be updated at section 4.18.2 and 4.18.3 to change the figures "12.5 m" to "15 m"; and*
  - (b) *be introduced and given first reading ; and*
- (3) *That staff report back to Planning Committee in one year on the implementation of the proposed zoning amendments to regulate building massing and accessory structures in single-family developments.*

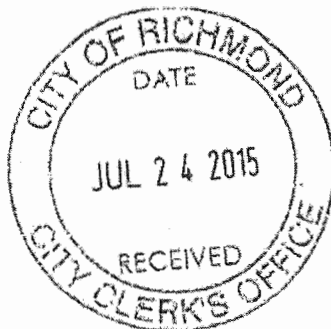
The question on the motion was not called as discussion ensued with regard to (i) the possible effect of the proposed amendments on Land Use Contracts, (ii) the possibility of restricting subjective aspects of architectural design, (iii) reviewing the proposed amendments in the future, (iv) having appropriate setbacks to adjacent properties, and (v) the definition of ceiling height.

In reply to queries from Committee, Mr. Craig noted that the proposed amendments will restrict the ability to add drop ceilings. Mr. Cooper added that the proposed measurement of ceiling height will be tied to the building's structure.

 The Chair requested further clarification in relation to the proposed measurement of ceiling height in cases of exposed beams. Mr. Erceg advised that staff will be able to provide clarification with respect to ceiling height measurement prior to the next Council meeting.



City of  
Richmond



TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

## Memorandum

Planning and Development Division  
Development Applications

To: Mayor and Councillors  
From: Wayne Craig  
Director of Development

Date: July 23, 2014  
File: 08-4430-01/2015-Vol 01

Re: **Proposed Zoning Bylaw Amendments to Regulate Building Massing and Accessory Structures in Single-Family and Two-Family Developments**

This memorandum responds to the Planning Committee motions passed at the July 21, 2015 Planning Committee meeting for the proposed Zoning Bylaw 8500 amendments to regulate single-family and two-family dwelling massing. The following motion was passed by Planning Committee:

- (1) *That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9280 to amend the zoning regulations for building massing, interior ceiling height and floor area calculation, and accessory structure locations within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones be introduced and given first reading; and*
- (2) *That Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500, Amendment Bylaw 9281 to amend the residential vertical lot width building envelope within single-family, coach house and two-unit dwelling zones:*
  - a) *be updated at section 4.18.2 and 4.18.3 to change the figures "12.5 m" to "15 m"; and*
  - b) *be introduced and given first reading; and*
- (3) *That staff report back to Planning Committee in one (1) year on the implementation of the proposed zoning amendments to regulate building massing and accessory structures in single-family developments.*

### Amendment Bylaw 9280

Proposed Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9280, as presented to Planning Committee, would introduce amendments to prohibit dropped ceilings, revise setback and height requirements for detached accessory structures, revise the maximum height regulations for 2 storey houses to limit the maximum height to 9 m and limit interior ceiling height to 5.0 m before an area with a tall ceiling would be counted twice for the purpose of floor area calculations.

During the Committee meeting, Planning Committee requested clarification regarding the measurement of interior ceiling height as proposed in Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9280, and how it would apply to various architectural details that could be constructed. In response to the questions, staff have reviewed the proposed definition of ceiling height in proposed Bylaw 9280,

PHOTOCOPIED

July 23, 2015

- 2 -

and have amended the Bylaw 9280 (attached to this memorandum) as follows, for consideration of 1<sup>st</sup> reading:

**"Height, ceiling** means the vertical distance from top of the finished floor of a storey to:

- a) the underside of the floor joist;
- b) the underside of the roof joist;
- c) the underside of the bottom chord of a structural truss; or
- d) the underside of a structural deck above that storey, whichever is the greatest distance from the finished floor."

Please refer to the cross-section sketches for various forms of construction provided in Attachment 1 for information on how interior ceiling height would be measured. Should Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9280 proceed to adoption, staff will prepare an information bulletin on interior ceiling height measurements to ensure that property owners, home designers and builders are aware of the new regulations.

#### Amendment Bylaw 9281

Planning Committee passed a motion to amend proposed Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9281 to retain the existing residential vertical lot width building envelope provisions for lots with a lot width of less than or equal to 15.0 m. Staff have revised Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9281 to reflect this change. The revised Zoning Bylaw 8500 Amendment Bylaw 9281 is provided with this memorandum for Council's consideration.

  
Wayne Craig  
Director of Development

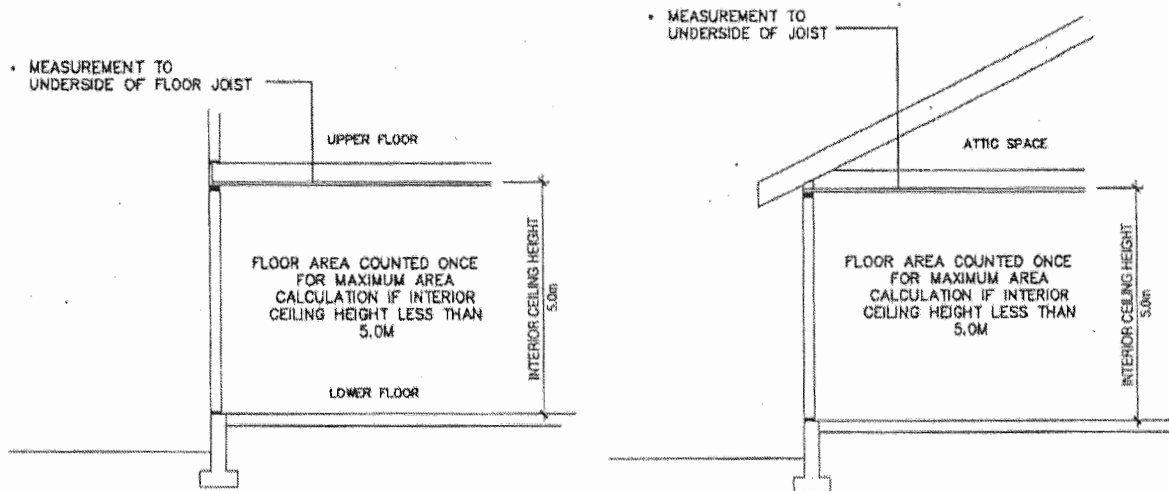
BK:rg

Attachment 1: Potential Ceiling Construction and Height Measurement

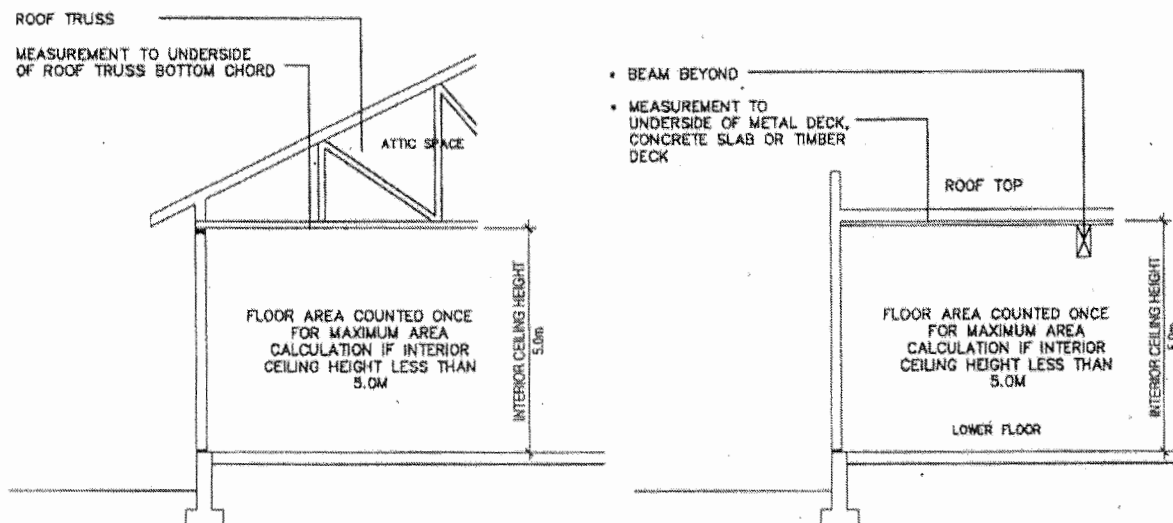


# Interior Ceiling Height Definition

## Measurement for flat ceiling situations



### ■ ceiling measurement at joist conditions

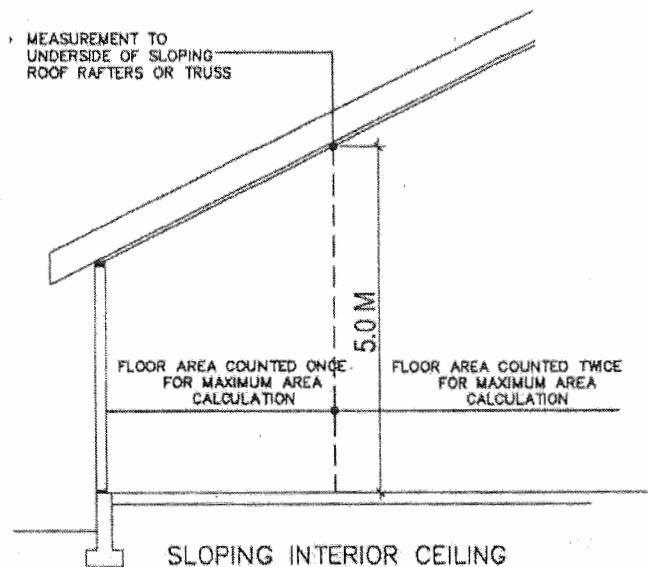


### ■ ceiling measurement at truss conditions

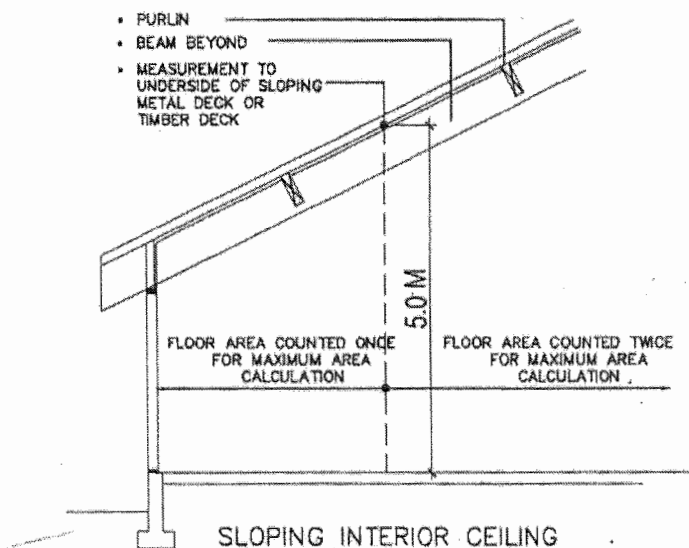
### ■ ceiling measurement at roof slab, and spanning deck conditions

# Interior Ceiling Height Definition

## Measurement for sloped ceiling situations



### ■ ceiling measurement at roof rafter condition



### ■ ceiling measurement at sloping roof deck conditions

## MayorandCouncillors

<b>To Public Hearing</b>
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280 +</u>
<u>9281</u>

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Wednesday, 2 September 2015 21:05  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #844)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

## Send a Submission Online (response #844)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/2/2015 9:04:13 PM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Christine Smerdon
Your Address	14-11491 7th Avenue
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280
Comments	<p>Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the 9 metre building height for all new houses. The bylaws exist to ensure, among other things, that homes maintain or improve the quality of life of communities. No one who lives in Richmond can seriously suggest that the large homes being built maintain or improve the quality of life of the neighbourhoods they have been forced into. And please don't bring out the one about people having the right to build their dream house. Actually, they don't have that right. Unless their dream home doesn't infringe upon the sunlight or pave over the green space or blind their neighbours with vast expanses of wall and concrete 'yards', they will have to modify their dream or build somewhere else.</p>

## Mayor and Councillors

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280+9281</u>

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 08:08  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #845)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

## Send a Submission Online (response #845)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/3/2015 8:07:06 AM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Michael Wolfe
Your Address	9731 Odlin Road
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280
Comments	Use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the nine metre building height for all new houses.

## MayorandCouncillors

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280 +</u>
<u>9281</u>

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 09:56  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #846)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

## Send a Submission Online (response #846)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/3/2015 9:55:03 AM

### Survey Response

Your Name	John Parrott
Your Address	8960 Lancelot Gate, Richmond, V7C 4S5
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	Bylaw 9280
Comments	Please use the 3.7 meter ceiling height and the 9 meter max building height for all new houses. The MONSTER houses that are frequently being built are literally killing our neighbourhoods!

## MayorandCouncillors

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 12:31  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #847)

<b>To Public Hearing</b>
<b>Date:</b> <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
<b>Item #</b> <u>6</u>
<b>Re:</b> <u>BYLAWS 9280 +</u> <u>9281</u>

## Send a Submission Online (response #847)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/3/2015 12:29:50 PM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Steffany Walker
Your Address	111 - 12633 No. 2 Road
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	same as above
Comments	How sad is Richmond going to be in five years. It will be nothing but high rises and mega houses. Richmond will be very ugly. Traffic will be horrendous. Those of us who can get out are going to get out. Those who are left will not speak to each other. To overcrowded. Not Canada anymore. How sad. No one cares anyway do they?

## MayorandCouncillors

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280 + 9281</u>

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 12:34  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #848)

## Send a Submission Online (response #848)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/3/2015 12:33:11 PM

### Survey Response

Your Name	John Montgomery
Your Address	5880 Sandpiper Court
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	Bylaw 9280
Comments	<p>The bylaw, as presently proposed, will not solve the problem that it is intended to fix. The problem, as identified in April, is the building of monster houses (very tall houses with very large footprints) that overshadow neighbouring homes and deprive neighbours of sunlight and privacy. The bylaw as proposed features ceiling and building heights which were not recommended by the Design Advisory Panel, but were lobbied for by builders. A 3500 to 4000 square foot house with 16 foot ceilings will have a very large footprint, and if built to the full height proposed for 2-1/2 story homes will be a "monster house". That's the way the math works, and it will negatively affect up to five neighbours - one on each side, and up to three behind, as well as being visually displeasing from the street. As it stands, the bylaw will do very little to address the expressed concerns of the general public, and will do very little to stop the destruction of our very desirable neighbourhoods. The Mayor and all councillors campaigned on a promise to</p>

respect these neighbourhoods, and their preservation is a core City value and objective. Nobody campaigned on a platform of doing everything possible to keep builders and developers happy. There is a very simple solution - amend the bylaws to reflect a maximum ceiling height of 3.7 meters before double counting, and a maximum structure height of 9 meters for all new houses. This is consistent with the recommendations of staff and the Advisory Design Panel, is consistent with the City's stated objectives, and is consistent with the bylaws of neighbouring cities. These amendments will not be harmful to builders or the market - there will always be a market for tastefully designed, well built homes in Richmond.



**Mayor and Councillors**

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

<b>To Public Hearing</b>	
Date:	SEPT. 8 2015
Item #	12
Re:	BYLAW 9280 + 9281

**From:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 13:26  
**To:** 'Brian Howe'  
**Subject:** RE: 9280 Public Hearing

*cc Wayne Craig  
Joe Erag*

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of September 3, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Wayne Craig, Director, Development. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Craig at 604.276.4000.

Also, your email will be included in the September 8, 2015 Public Hearing agenda package.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

Michelle Jansson  
Manager, Legislative Services  
City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

-----Original Message-----

From: Brian Howe [[mailto:Brian\\_Howe@cbu.ca](mailto:Brian_Howe@cbu.ca)]  
Sent: Thursday, 3 September 2015 13:19  
To: Mayor and Councillors  
Subject: 9280 Public Hearing

I am disturbed to see the expansion of the so-called mega homes or monster homes in Richmond. They take away from the beautiful greenery of the Garden City. I also am disturbing to see the unfairness in neighborhoods where a new mega home takes away the light and view of people in other houses. I urge you to use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the 9 metre building for all new houses. If the city of Vancouver and other cities in the area can have these kinds of sensible limitations, why cannot Richmond. Lets keep our trees and green spaces.

Brian Howe  
6233 London Rd.  
Richmond, BC

## MayorandCouncillors

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280+</u> <u>9281</u>

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 13:16  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #849)

## Send a Submission Online (response #849)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/3/2015 1:15:06 PM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Brian Howe
Your Address	6233 London Road, Richmond BC
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280
Comments	<p>I am disturbed to see the expansion of the so-called mega homes or monster homes in Richmond. They take away from the beautiful greenery of the Garden City. I also am disturbed to see the unfairness in neighbourhoods when new mega homes take away the light and the view of people in other homes. I urge you to use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the 9 metre building for all new houses. If the city of Vancouver and other cities in the area can have these kinds of sensible limitations, why cannot Richmond. Lets keep our trees and green spaces.</p>

## MayorandCouncillors

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAWS 9280T</u>
<u>9281</u>

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 13:40  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #850)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

## Send a Submission Online (response #850)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/3/2015 1:38:56 PM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Katherine Covell
Your Address	6233 London Rd
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280
Comments	Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the 9 metre building height for all new houses. Without such restrictions, you are not only contributing to the aesthetic destruction of our once beautiful garden city, you are promoting environmental devastation. Mega homes do not allow space for trees. Trees are essential to air quality and human health as well as to control erosion. Moreover, the endless destruction of existing homes has led to a crisis of construction waste in our landfills. Please do the right thing for all citizens of Richmond and immediately restrict the size of all new homes.

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

To Public Hearing	
Date:	SEPT. 8 2015
Item #	6
Re:	BYLAWS 9280 + 9281

## Mayor and Councillors

**From:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 15:31  
**To:** 'graham.johnsen@shaw.ca'  
**Subject:** FW: Sept. 8 Public Hearing regarding Zoning Bylaw 8500  
**Attachments:** Wrap letter Sept 3.pdf

re: Wayne Craig  
JCE Craig

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of September 3, 2015 to the Mayor and Councillors, in connection with the above matter, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor for their information.

In addition, your email has been referred to Wayne Craig, Director, Development. If you have any questions or further concerns at this time, please call Mr. Craig at 604.276.4000.

Also, your email will be included in the September 8, 2015 Public Hearing agenda package.

Thank you again for taking the time to make your views known.

Yours truly,

**Michelle Jansson**  
**Manager, Legislative Services**

City of Richmond, 6911 No. 3 Road, Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1  
Phone: 604-276-4006 | Email: [mjansson@richmond.ca](mailto:mjansson@richmond.ca)

**From:** Graham Johnsen [<mailto:graham.johnsen@shaw.ca>]  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 13:49  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Subject:** Sept. 8 Public Hearing regarding Zoning Bylaw 8500

**5131 HUMMINGBIRD DRIVE  
RICHMOND, BC V7E 5T7**

September 3, 2015

City of Richmond  
6911 No. 3 Road  
Richmond, BC V6Y 2C1

**Attention: Mayor and Councillors**

Dear Mesdames and Sirs:

**Re: Public Hearing for Proposed Amendments  
to Single Family Zoning Bylaw 8500**

I have two submissions for Council's consideration at the Public Hearing on Tuesday.

**1. Reduce Maximum Interior Ceiling Heights**

Consistent with community planning elsewhere in the lower mainland, I submit that the maximum interior ceiling height should be reduced from 16.4 feet to 12 feet. I believe that such an amendment to the proposed amending bylaw would be the most effective mechanism to reduce excessive massing that is so negatively impacting existing, viable neighbourhoods in our community.

**2. Limit Encroachments on Rear Yards**

The devastating effects of shading and visual assault on neighbouring lands resulting from excessive massing should be further reduced by limiting now, in this proposed amending bylaw, development in rear yards - particularly where they do not abut lanes.

We have made these submissions to staff and councillors throughout this process.

Yours truly

Graham Johnsen

## CityClerk

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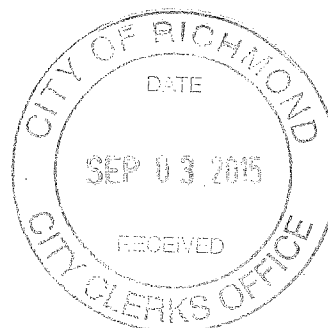
**From:** ncumming [ncumming@telus.net]  
**Sent:** Thursday, 03 September 2015 2:18 PM  
**To:** CityClerk  
**Cc:** Brodie, Malcolm; Au, Chak; Dang, Derek; Day, Carol; Johnston, Ken; Loo, Alexa; McNulty, Bill; McPhail, Linda; Steves, Harold  
**Subject:** Proposed changes to Zoning Bylaw  
**Attachments:** Richmond City Council Sept 3, 2015.pdf  
**Categories:** 12-8060-20-8500 Richmond Zoning Bylaw 8500

		INT
	DW	
	MJ	
	DB	

In preparation for the upcoming Public Hearing, please see the attached letter.

Thanks you,

Neil Cumming



Neil A. Cumming  
5771 Gannet Court  
Richmond, BC  
V7E 3W7

03 September 2015

City of Richmond  
Richmond, BC  
Attention: Members of Council

Dear Sirs/Mesdammes:

Re: Proposed Amendments to Zoning Bylaw 8500

I wish to provide members of Council with several thoughts for your consideration on the subject of the proposed amendments to the building bylaw.

#### **WHO IS BEING HEARD?**

When I addressed the Planning Committee on June 16 and followed up in writing on June 18, I mentioned that there had been inadequate consultation with the most important stakeholder group, i.e. the residents who have to live with the results of Council's decisions. To your credit, you directed staff to undertake the necessary consultation, and this resulted in the two open houses held on July 8 and 9.

I attended both events. The first was ostensibly for residents, but was attended by many representatives from the building industry. The council chamber was filled to overflowing, and many residents took the opportunity to speak their minds. It is noteworthy that the builders tried to consume much of the available time, even though their designated opportunity was the following evening. On the second evening slightly fewer people attended, but nonetheless, the chamber was almost full. Many residents saw the need to attend again to offset the aggressive lobby being advanced by the builders.

I paid particular attention to which councillors attended these open houses. I give credit to Councillor Au, who attended both sessions, and Councillor Loo, who attended the second one. The remaining councillors were conspicuously absent. I was astonished by news reports that suggested some councillors felt their presence would be improper. This was your best opportunity to inform yourselves as to the wishes of the community, and you passed it up. I have to ask how you can consider yourselves to be adequately informed when most of you failed to engage in the consultation process?

Well, let's examine what happened next. I suggested more consultation was needed. Council directed staff to do so. They did. They subsequently made recommendations to council based on what they heard. Council, most of whom did not attend the open houses, did not attend the Westwind neighbourhood meeting on April 29, 2015, and therefore have not heard from a representative cross section of residents, decided to overrule the recommendations of staff. On what basis was this decision made? Why do we have consultation if the consultees will be ignored?

I submit to you that councillors who have not engaged in the consultation process are not in a position to overrule or second guess the recommendations of staff who did.

## WHAT DID THE PEOPLE SAY?

In the few months of public discourse on this issue we have heard many things. Much of it has come from an aggressive, well-funded and well-organized lobby sponsored by the building industry. They have advanced several arguments as to why the bylaw should not be changed, or why larger, higher, denser buildings should be allowed. One comment we have heard several times, from both the lobbyists and from certain councillors, is that the opposition to large homes comes from a small but overly vocal minority of disaffected residents who do not represent the mainstream. I suggest to you that this is a false characterization. If you had attended the Westwind neighbourhood meeting you would have seen close to 200 people who felt strongly enough to come out. If you had attended the July 8 and 9 open houses you would have seen similar numbers, many of whom spoke passionately about the degradation of our neighbourhoods in the face of uncontrolled development. Add to that the hundreds of letters to the City and to the newspapers, and it is a conclusive fact that a very significant segment of Richmond's population is very concerned about what the City is allowing to happen to the quality of life their neighbourhoods.

I think it is important to recognize certain essential features of the various stakeholder groups. The building industry has been granted stakeholder status by the City, although some of us have questioned the validity of this status. Notwithstanding that uncertainty, it is an undeniable fact that the builders, by and large, may do business and employ people in their pursuits, but they are in most cases not the ones who have to live with the results of their work. They reap their rewards and move on.

Similarly, we have also heard from a number of people who express concern over the notional loss of value of their property. If the intent of these people is indeed to liquidate the value of their property, they are again by definition not the ones who must live with the results of the building bylaw. They also reap their rewards and move on.

Thirdly, we have heard that "the market" wants these larger, denser homes with high ceilings and spacious rooms. Fair enough, but I think we also need to acknowledge that these future buyers are also questionable stakeholders in this debate. They are potential future residents (or are they?), and by definition are not here yet, and therefore have no standing. There is no convincing case that existing residents should be expected to sacrifice their neighbourhood character and livability to satisfy those who are not even here yet and are at liberty to pursue their dreams elsewhere. If future buyers wish to take advantage of what Richmond has to offer, they are welcome. If they expect to achieve their goals by taking away from our livability, they are not. We owe these people nothing.

I would also offer that I have yet to see a convincing argument that allowable building characteristics in Richmond should be any different than the norm prevailing in our neighbouring municipalities.

The most important stakeholder group are we, the people who must live with the results of Council's decisions. We are not opportunists who are out to make a buck. We are the people who have lived in Richmond, raised our families in Richmond, paid our taxes in Richmond, coached our children's sports teams in Richmond, attended the community events in Richmond, and done all the things that make it a desirable community to live in and raise a family in. We are the ones who are here for the long haul and have planned to spend our retirement years here. We need to be heard, and we need you to engage in the consultation process you yourselves initiated.



## THE BIG PICTURE

Right now the City staff and Council are down in the weeds, tinkering with decimals of a meter for building dimensions. We need to raise the level of this debate to look at the big picture.

Council has made solemn commitments to the people of Richmond. They are embodied in the City's Vision Statement, and the Official Community Plan that you yourselves have endorsed:

- The most appealing, livable, well-managed community in Canada;
- Protection of single family neighbourhoods and existing housing stock;
- Assurance that changes to the physical character of single family neighbourhoods occurs in a fair, complementary manner with community consultation.

You need to deliver on those commitments.

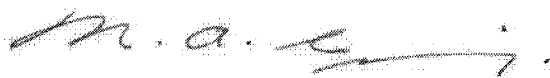
Finally, I need to acknowledge that there is a need in any thriving and progressive community for growth, renewal and improvement. It is not my intent to deny that redevelopment is necessary nor desirable. The key is proper planning, reasonable control, and respect for existing residents. While developers and residents should be at liberty to pursue their goals, they should not be achieving them by taking something away from others. The objective here should be healthy, vibrant and attractive development that enhances the appeal and livability of our neighbourhoods, and is done in a planned and coordinated way that adds to our community well-being.

Development that manifests in a way imposes negatively on existing neighbours is the root of the problem we are now facing. That is a decidedly unhealthy road to be following.

Before you vote on the proposed amendments to the building bylaw, I ask that each and every one of you look at yourselves in the mirror and ask if you are doing the right thing for those of us that must live with your decision.

Only then will Council be in a position to declare success.

Respectfully submitted,



Neil A. Cumming

## MayorandCouncillors

To Public Hearing	
Date:	SEPT. 8 2015
Item #	6
Re:	BYLAW 9280 +
	9281

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 20:15  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #851)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

## Send a Submission Online (response #851)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/3/2015 8:14:45 PM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Anna Delaney
Your Address	11331 Sealord Road, Richmond
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	Bylaw 9280
Comments	Please, please modify this bylaw and respect the collective voices of many Richmond residents across Richmond. Use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the nine metre building height for all new houses. This is more than ample to build a house. Development will NOT cease, the world will not stop spinning and neighbourhood 'feel' will be somewhat preserved.



## MayorandCouncillors

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280 + 9281</u>

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 20:37  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #852)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

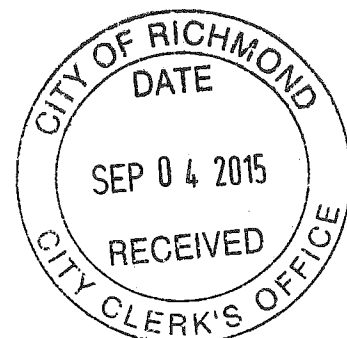
## Send a Submission Online (response #852)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/3/2015 8:36:47 PM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Sarah Gordon
Your Address	5831 Plover Court, Richmond, V7E 4K2
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280 Public Hearing
Comments	Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the nine metre building height for all new houses.



## Mayor and Councillors

TO: MAYOR & COUNCILLORS  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BVLAW # 9280 +</u>
<u>9281</u>

*pc Wayne Craig Joe Craig*  
**From:** Frank Suto <fsuto@shaw.ca>  
**Sent:** Friday, 4 September 2015 01:35  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors; Erceg, Joe; Craig, Wayne  
**Subject:** House Massing

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

With regard to house massing, I'd like to suggest moving away from mandating maximum ceiling heights.

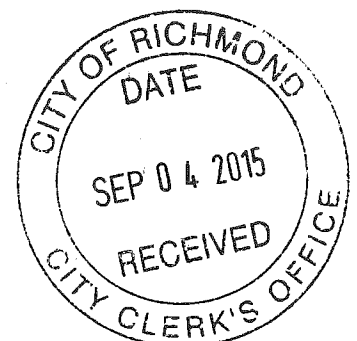
I'd like to recommend the introduction of a simple rule based on a 'standard ceiling height' (SCH) of 2.45 meters or about 8 feet with no allowances other than directly above stairs.

- The area with a ceiling height over two SCH i.e. 4.9 meters and less than three SCH i.e. 7.35 meters shall be multiplied by two for total area calculation;
- the area with a ceiling height over three SCH i.e. 7.35 meters and less than four SCH i.e. 9.8 meters shall be multiplied by three for total area calculation;
- the area with a ceiling height over four SCH i.e. 9.8 meters and less than five SCH i.e. 12.25 meters shall be multiplied by four for total area calculation;
- the area with a ceiling height over five SCH i.e. 12.25 meters and less than six SCH i.e. 14.7 meters shall be multiplied by five for total area calculation.

For areas with a cathedral ceiling the calculation shall be based on the height from the floor to the highest point of the ceiling.

This way the maximum height of the building can be defined as the distance between the ground and highest point of the roof irrespective of ceiling heights.

Regards,  
Frank Suto



## MayorandCouncillors

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Friday, 4 September 2015 07:36  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #853)

**Categories:** 12-8060-20-9280

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280+</u>
<u>9281</u>

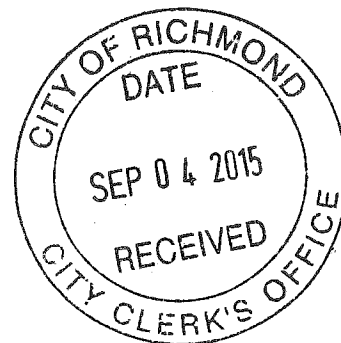
## Send a Submission Online (response #853)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/4/2015 7:34:55 AM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Peggy Ogloff
Your Address	6531 Clematis Drive
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	Bylaw 9280
Comments	Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the nine metre building height for all new houses.



## MayorandCouncillors

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280 + 9281</u>

**From:** Webgraphics  
**Sent:** Friday, 4 September 2015 08:39  
**To:** MayorandCouncillors  
**Subject:** Send a Submission Online (response #854)

## Send a Submission Online (response #854)

### Survey Information

Site:	City Website
Page Title:	Send a Submission Online
URL:	<a href="http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx">http://cms.richmond.ca/Page1793.aspx</a>
Submission Time/Date:	9/4/2015 8:38:39 AM

### Survey Response

Your Name	Ryan Odamura
Your Address	3580 Bowen Drive
Subject Property Address OR Bylaw Number	9280
Comments	Please use the 3.7metre ceiling height and 9metre building height for all new houses. I believe these heights are still too high but its a start.



**Mayor and Councillors**

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

<b>To Public Hearing</b>
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280 + 9281</u>

**From:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Sent:** Friday, 4 September 2015 08:44  
**To:** 'ANNA D.'  
**Subject:** RE: Bylaw 9280 Public Hearing

cc Wayne Craig  
Joe Craig

Dear Ms. Delaney,

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of September 3, 2015, a copy of which will be forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor. In addition, your email will be forwarded to Wayne Craig, Director, Development. If you have any further comments or concerns, you may contact Mr. Craig at 604.276.4000.

Also, your email will be included in the September 8, 2015 Public Hearing agenda package.

Thank you for taking the time to contact Richmond City Council.

Best regards,

David Weber  
Director, City Clerk's Office  
City of Richmond

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**From:** ANNA D. [mailto:sferndesign@shaw.ca]  
**Sent:** Thursday, 3 September 2015 20:56  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Subject:** Bylaw 9280 Public Hearing

Dear Mayor and Councillors,

Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the 9 metre building height for this bylaw and respect the collective voices of many Richmond residents across Richmond who have spoken on this matter.

We, the residents of Richmond matter also (although sometimes I feel secondary to the wants of developers). If 3.7/9 metre heights are adopted, development will NOT cease, the world will not stop spinning and neighbourhood 'feel' will be somewhat preserved. The developers will NOT go out of business - they will just find and build for a different client. Those clients wanting a house of a different size/configuration, will build elsewhere.

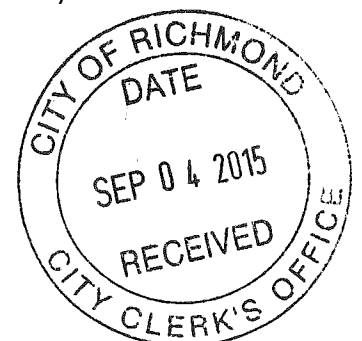
As for those homeowners claiming their homes will be of less value, they will all make money when they sell, but they may just make a little less....the greed of a few should not outweigh a decision that will affect a neighbourhood far beyond today's market.

Enough is enough - I am a frustrated and fed up Richmond resident. Please show that you care about our opinions also!

Thank you,

Anna Delaney  
11331 Seaford Road  
Richmond, BC

PH 443



**Mayor and Councillors**

TO: MAYOR & EACH  
COUNCILLOR  
FROM: CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

To Public Hearing
Date: <u>SEPT. 8 2015</u>
Item # <u>6</u>
Re: <u>BYLAW 9280 + 9281</u>

**From:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Sent:** Friday, 4 September 2015 08:45  
**To:** 'Peggy Ogloff'  
**Subject:** RE: Bylaw 9280

cc Wayne Craig  
Joe Erceg

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your email of September 4, 2015, a copy of which will be forwarded to the Mayor and each Councillor. In addition, your email will be forwarded to Wayne Craig, Director, Development. If you have any further comments or concerns, you may contact Mr. Craig at 604.276.4000.

Also, your email will be included in the September 8, 2015 Public Hearing agenda package.

Thank you for taking the time to contact Richmond City Council.

Best regards,

David Weber  
Director, City Clerk's Office  
City of Richmond

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**From:** Peggy Ogloff [<mailto:pegloff@shaw.ca>]  
**Sent:** Friday, 4 September 2015 07:30  
**To:** Mayor and Councillors  
**Subject:** Bylaw 9280

Please use the 3.7 metre ceiling height and the nine metre building height for all new houses.

Four voters:

Peggy Ogloff    Fred Ogloff    Kathryn Ogloff    Robert Ogloff  
6531 Clematis Drive



**PH -1444**